



SPECIFICATION

of work to be done and materials to be used in carrying
out the works shown on the accompanying drawings

Replacement Planing Shed

(project name)

**362 Matakana Valley Road,
Matakana, Warkworth, New Zealand**

(project address)

Three Blokes Limited

(client)

Project Ref: 17024

Date: 28 November 2017

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1220 PROJECT

1 GENERAL

This general section describes the project including:

- Site description, features and restrictions
- Design parameters for design by contractor
- Archaeological discovery

1.1 READ ALL SECTIONS TOGETHER

Read all general sections together with all other sections.

1.2 NO RESTRICTED BUILDING WORK

This project does not include Restricted Building Work.

1.3 EXISTING SERVICES

The following are the network utility services:

Electrical:	on site
Telecommunication:	on site
Water:	From new Concrete water tanks
Stormwater:	to existing watercourse
Foul water:	Existing on site septic tank and soakage field

1.4 WIND DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

The design wind pressures are to [NZS 3604](#), Table 5.4 Determination of wind zone, up to and including Extra High Wind Zone.

Building wind zone H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

1.5 EXPOSURE ZONE

The exposure zone is to [NZS 3604](#), Section 4 Durability, 4.2 Exposure zones and [NZBC E2/AS1](#).
The site zone is: D

1.6 ANTIQUITIES AND ITEMS OF VALUE

Report the finding of any fossils, antiquities and other items of value, to the Contract Administrator. All to remain undisturbed until approval is given for removal.

Pre-1900, items or evidence of human activity on the site, come under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014. If such items or evidence is discovered work must stop immediately and the Contract Administrator must be notified immediately. The site may be classified as an Archaeological Site under the Act, and the Contract Administrator or Owner must contact the Heritage New Zealand for authority to proceed.

Post-1900 items remain the property of the owner, pre-1900 items may remain the property of the owner or the Crown subject to what is found.

1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to definitions and interpretation that are used in this specification.

1.1 DEFINITIONS

Required:	Required by the documents, the New Zealand Building Code or by a statutory authority.
Proprietary:	Identifiable by naming the manufacturer, supplier, installer, trade name, brand name, catalogue or reference number.
Provide and fix:	"Provide" or "fix" or "supply" or "fix" if used separately mean provide and fix unless explicitly stated otherwise.
Review:	Review by the contract administrator is for general compliance only. Review does not remove the need for the contractor to comply with the stated requirements, details and specifications of the manufacturers and suppliers of individual components, materials and finishes. Neither can the review be construed as authorising departures from the contract documents.
Working day:	Working day means a calendar day other than any Saturday, Sunday, public holiday or any day falling within the period from 24 December to 5 January, both days inclusive, irrespective of the days on which work is actually carried out.
Workplace:	Workplace means the place where work is being carried out, or is customarily carried out, for a business or undertaking including any place where a worker goes, or is likely to be, while at work (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015).
Hold point:	A stage of the construction where the Contract administrator requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may not proceed on that particular part until the Contract administrator or other nominated person has advised that work can continue. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.
Notification point:	A stage of the construction where the Contract administrator requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may continue and the Contract administrator may choose whether or not they wish to witness the particular work being carried out. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.

1.2 PERSONNEL

Owner:	The person defined as "owner" in the New Zealand Building Code .
Principal:	The person defined as "principal" in the conditions of contract.
Contractor:	The person contracted by the principal to carry out the contract.
Contract administrator:	The person appointed by the principal to administer the contract on the principal's behalf. Where no person has been appointed by the Principal, it means the Principal or the Principal's representative.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used throughout the specification:

AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturers Association
AS	Australian Standard
AS/NZS	Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWCINZ	Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries of New Zealand Inc.
BCA	Building Consent Authority
BRANZ	Building Research Association of New Zealand
BS	British Standard
COP	Code of practice
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
HERA	Heavy Engineering Research Association
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner
MBIE	Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment
MPNZA	Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc
NZBC	New Zealand Building Code
NZS	New Zealand Standard
NZS/AS	Joint New Zealand/Australian Standard
NZTA	New Zealand Transport Agency
NUO	Network Utility Operator
PCBU	Person Conducting a Business or Undertaking (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015)
OSH	Occupational Safety and Health
TA	Territorial Authority
TNZ	Transit New Zealand (Transit New Zealand is now New Zealand Transport Agency NZTA - some specifications are still prefixed TNZ)
RBW	Restricted Building Work
SARNZ	Scaffolding and Rigging New Zealand Inc
SED	Specific Engineering Design

1.4 DEFINED WORDS

Words defined in the conditions of contract, New Zealand Standards, or other reference documents, to have the same interpretation and meaning when used in their lower case, title case or upper case form in the specification text.

1.5 WORDS IMPORTING PLURAL AND SINGULAR

Where the context requires, words importing singular only, also include plural and vice versa.

1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Throughout this specification, reference is made to various [New Zealand Building Code](#) Compliance Documents (NZBC __), acceptable solutions (__ AS__) and verification methods (__ VM__) for criteria and/or methods used to establish compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#).

Reference is also made to various standards produced by Standards New Zealand (NZS, AS/NZS, NZS/AS), overseas standards and to listed Acts, Regulations and various industry codes of practice and practice guides. The latest edition (including amendments and provisional editions) at the date of this specification applies unless stated otherwise.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to be familiar with the materials and expert in the techniques quoted in these publications.

Documents cited both directly and within other cited publications are deemed to form part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited documents.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Documents referred to in the GENERAL sections are:

NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
NZBC F5/AS1	Construction and demolition hazards
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind loads
AS/NZS 3012	Electrical installations - Construction and demolition sites
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3404:1997	Steel structures standard
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship
NZS 6803	Acoustics - Construction Noise
Building Act 2004	
Building Regulations 1992	
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015	
Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016	
Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017	
Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995 (reprint 4 April 2016)	
New Zealand Building Code	
Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014	
Resource Management Act 1991	
Smoke-free Environments Act 1990	
WorkSafe NZ	Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry
WorkSafe NZ	Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety
WorkSafe NZ	Scaffolding in New Zealand - Good Practice Guidelines
SARNZ	Best practice guideline for scaffolding in New Zealand

1234 DOCUMENTATION

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to documentation required by the Territorial Authority/Building Consent Authority for compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#). It also includes documentation relating to:

- Substitutions
- Manufacturers documents

1.1 BUILDING CONSENT

Obtain the building consent forms and documents from the owner and keep them on site. Liaise with the BCA for all notices to be given and all inspections required during construction to ensure compliance. Return the consent form and documents to the owner on completion.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT COMPLIANCE

It is an offence under the [Building Act 2004](#)

- to carry out any work not in accordance with the building consent.
- to carry out Restricted Building Work by anyone other than a Licensed Building Practitioner licensed for that type of work.

The resolution of matters concerning building code compliance to be referred to the contract administrator for a direction and then if required to the BCA for consent.

Where any alteration is requested by the territorial authority or any other authority, do not undertake such alteration until the matter has been referred to the contract administrator for direction.

1.3 PROJECT PERSONNEL

Provide names and contact details of the contractor's key personnel and tradespersons who are involved with the project. Review the list once a month and reissue it if changes have been made.

1.4 PRODUCER STATEMENTS

When producer statements verifying construction are required, provide copies to both the Building Consent Authority and the Contract Administrator. Provide producer statements in the form required by the BCA.

1.5 DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Information may be required either as a condition of the contract documents or as a condition of the building consent. It may include the following:

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / supplier
- Manufacturer's / supplier's warranty
- Installer / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement - Construction review from an acceptable suitably qualified person

Refer to the general sections for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Refer to the building consent for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Obtain required documents from the relevant parties for delivery to the contract administrator after the final inspection has been carried out by the BCA.

1.6 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCT/MATERIAL SUPPLIERS

Where a product or material supplier is named in SELECTIONS, the product/material must be provided by the named supplier. Where more than one named supplier, any one of the named suppliers will be acceptable.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Where specifically stated in a section, substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in that section.

1.8 PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS

A substitution may be proposed where specified products are not reasonably available. A substitution may also be proposed by the contractor where the contractor considers a proposed substitution to be an alternative to the specified product. Except where a specified product is not available, the contract administrator is not bound to accept any substitutions. Where branded work sections are included in this specification, substitution of those products or systems will not be allowed.

1.9 NOTIFICATION OF SUBSTITUTIONS

Notify proposed substitution of specified products. Notification to include but not be limited to:

- Product identification
- Manufacturer's name, address, telephone number, website and email address
- Detailed comparison between the properties and characteristics of the specified product and the proposed substitution
- Statement of NZBC compliance including durability
- Details of manufacturer warranties

Plus an assessment of:

- Any changes required to the programme including any extension of time required
- Any consequential effects of the proposed substitution
- Any effect the substitution may have on Health & Safety requirements
- Allowance for time and cost for re-design and documentation (if applicable)
- Allowance for time and cost for obtaining an amendment to the Building Consent (if applicable)
- Any change in cost associated with the proposed substitution

and if requested:

- All current manufacturer's literature on the product
- Accreditations and appraisals available
- Reference standards
- Product limitations
- Samples
- List of existing installations in the vicinity of the project

1.10 ACCEPTANCE OF SUBSTITUTIONS

The Contract administrator must advise of acceptance of substitutions in writing.

1.11 CONTRACTOR VARIATION TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the contractor has sought acceptance of a substitution or a variation which is for the contractor's own convenience and the substitution or variation requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must apply for and obtain the required amendment.

The contractor must:

- Obtain approval for substitutions from the contract administrator.
- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the variation.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

1.12 PRINCIPALS VARIATION TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the principal is proposing a substitution or a variation which requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must provide to the principal information that the contractor has that is required for the amendment.

The principal will:

- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the amendment.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

1.13 MANUFACTURER'S AND SUPPLIER'S INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturers and supplier's requirements, instructions, specifications or details means those issued by them for their particular material, product or component and are the latest edition.

1.14 CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN CURRENT DOCUMENTATION

Where manufacturer's installation, application and execution requirements are referred to in this specification, the Contractor must ensure they are fully aware of this documentation. Whenever necessary obtain and keep on site the relevant latest version of such documentation and make it available to workers carrying out that part of the work.

1.15 DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED FOR BUILDING CONSENT

Documentation including manufacturer's installation instructions, specification data sheets, producer statements, BRANZ and similar appraisals may be included in the issued Building Consent. These documents have been provided only to demonstrate compliance with the NZBC.

1.16 BRANDED WORK SECTIONS

Branded sections may be included in this specification relating to specific products and systems to be installed as part of the contract works. Where branded sections are included, substitutions to the branded products and systems will not be allowed.

1.17 CROSS REFERENCED WORK SECTIONS

If any related work is cross referenced to a generic work section, but only the equivalent branded section is included in the specification, use that branded section. Confirm with the contract administrator if there is any doubt.

1237 WARRANTIES

1 GENERAL

This general section refers to the requirements for warranties/guarantees as listed in this section, as referred to within the body of this specification, and as referred to within separate specifications/documents relating to this project. It includes:

- Warranties for parts of the work required by the principal in a required form
- Installer/applicator warranties for parts of the work in the installer's/applicator's standard form
- Manufacturer/supplier warranties provided with products, appliances and the like in the manufacturer's/supplier's standard form
- Guarantees provided by contractor in the contractor's standard form

These guarantees/warranties are in addition to any warranties, implied warranties, or guarantees that are required by the Building Act, the Building Regulations, or the building consent.

1.1 PROVIDE WARRANTIES

Provide executed warranties in favour of the principal in respect of, but not limited to, materials, components, service, application, installation and finishing called for in that specified section of work. The terms and conditions of the warranty in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability under the terms of the warranty called for in that specified section of work.

- Conform to the WARRANTY AGREEMENT form included in the specification/conditions of contract.
- Commence warranties from the date of practical completion of the contract works (unless otherwise stated).
- Maintain their effectiveness for the times stated.
- Provide executed warranties prior to practical completion.

1.2 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Where installer/applicator warranties are offered covering execution and materials of proprietary products or complete installations, provide such warranties to the contract administrator. These warranties may be provided in lieu of the warranties that are otherwise required provided that these warranties are subject to similar conditions and periods.

Provide warranties in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of such warranties in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

1.3 WARRANTIES - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Where warranties are offered covering materials, equipment, appliances or proprietary products, provide all such warranties to the contract administrator.

Provide warranties in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of such warranties in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

1.4 REVIEW BY CONTRACTOR

Obtain the warranties from the installers, applicators, manufacturers and suppliers at the earliest possible date and review to ensure that they are correctly filled out and executed. Where warranties are executed as a deed, ensure that a duplicate copy is provided for execution by the owner/principal. Keep safe and secure until required for submission.

1.5 WARRANTIES - REQUIRED BY BUILDING CONSENT AUTHORITY

Obtain copies of warranties required as a condition of the building consent in the form required for submission to the BCA. Keep safe and secure until required at the time of the BCA final inspection and Code Compliance Certificate.

1.6 WARRANTIES - REQUIRED BY CONTRACT

Obtain copies of warranties listed in the contract documents. Provide all warranties at the same time. If the project has an operations and maintenance documentation provision, present the warranties with the operations and maintenance information. If no operations and maintenance documentation provision exists, present the warranties to the contract administrator in a loose-leaf binder with a contents index suitably labelled and including the project name and details. Provide a title on the binder edge "Warranties for (project name)"

2 SELECTIONS

2.1 WEATHERTIGHTNESS AND WATERTIGHTNESS WARRANTY

A warranty is required from the contractor for a minimum period of 2 years, covering the weathertightness of the complete building envelope and the watertightness of all liquid supply and disposal systems and fittings. This general warranty is in addition to any specific warranties required.

Provide this warranty in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of this warranty in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered.

Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

- Conform to the standard form WARRANTY AGREEMENT included in the contract documents.
- Commence the warranty from the date of Practical Completion.
- Maintain its effectiveness for the time stated.

3 SCHEDULES

3.1 SCHEDULE OF WORK SECTION WARRANTIES

The following work sections have warranty and guarantee requirements, refer to these sections for details:

4131N	Nuralite Tanking
4241S	Steel & Tube Profiled Metal Wall Cladding
4311SC	Steel & Tube Profiled Metal Commercial Roofing
4422	Synthetic rubber sheet membrane
4521	Aluminium Windows & Doors
4576	Commercial & Industrial Doors & Grilles
6221M	Mapei Tiling Solutions
6700R	Resene Painting General
7120	Hot & Cold Water System
7701	Electrical Basic

1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT

1 WARRANTY AGREEMENT

Contract for: Replacement Planing Shed
Contractor: Grant Dobbyn
Principal: Three Blokes Limited
Warrantor: to be advised

Warranted works: to be advised

Warranted materials: to be advised

Warranty period: to be advised years from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

The principal has entered into a contract (the contract) with the contractor for carrying out the contract works. The warranted works / materials are part of the contract works.

The contractor has agreed to arrange for the provision of a warranty in respect of the warranted works / materials for the warranty period on the terms set out in this warranty.

The warrantor has agreed to provide a warranty in respect of the warranted works / materials for the warranty period on the terms set out in this warranty.

2 IT IS HEREBY AGREED

The warrantor warrants to the principal that the warranted work performed /materials supplied shall be as required in the contract. If not specified the work shall be of good trade practice with materials and fittings of merchantable quality.

This warranty shall be in addition to and shall not derogate from any manufacturer's warranty or any warranty implied by law, attaching to any part of the warranted works.

2.1 WARRANTOR'S OBLIGATIONS

The warrantor agrees that if the warrantor is advised by the principal in writing of any defect in the warranted works / materials within the warranty period for which the warrantor is liable under the terms of this warranty, the warrantor will promptly take steps to remedy the defect / replace defective materials.

2.2 REMEDIAL WORK / REPLACEMENT OF DEFECTIVE MATERIALS

Any remedial work / replacement of defective materials which the warrantor is liable to undertake / provide under this warranty shall be carried out:

- to the standard required by the contract; and
- in a prompt and timely manner; and
- without unnecessary inconvenience to any occupants; and
- at the warrantor's cost; and
- subject to reasonable access being provided to the warrantor for the purpose of carrying out the remedial work.

2.3 REPAIR, REPLACEMENT AND/OR COMPENSATION

Where the cost of replacement of work and/or materials is out of all proportion to the consequences of the defect, or where the defect may not be reasonably capable of rectification without substantial expense which is out of all proportion to the cost of the contract works, the warrantor may:

- where the defect or defective material is reasonably rectified by repair rather than by replacement, the warrantor's obligation under this warranty shall be only to repair or otherwise make good the defect or
- propose reasonable monetary compensation in lieu of remedying the defect or
- propose a combination of both repair and compensation.

The principal must consider the warrantor's reasonable proposals and the parties must endeavour in good faith to reach agreement. Where agreement cannot be reached the dispute shall be resolved in accordance with the disputes clause in this warranty.

2.4 FAILURE BY WARRANTOR TO PERFORM REMEDIAL WORK

If the warrantor fails to promptly, adequately and satisfactorily carry out the remedial work or to propose acceptable repair/compensation, the principal may then arrange for the remedial work to be carried out by others.

If the warrantor fails to promptly, adequately and satisfactorily provide replacement materials or to propose acceptable repair/compensation, the principal may then arrange for the replacement materials to be supplied by others.

The principal must first give the warrantor 10 working days notice to carry out and complete the remedial work / supply replacement materials. If the warrantor does not complete this work / supply replacement materials within the time, the principal must then advise the warrantor in writing that the work will be carried out / materials will be supplied by others.

In such event the warrantor is not released from obligations under this warranty, which continues in full force and effect, except in respect of the defect remedied / materials supplied by the principal or by another person contracted by the principal. The reasonable cost of the remedial work carried out / materials supplied by such other persons including all reasonable costs of the principal is to be paid to the principal by the warrantor on demand.

2.5 EXCLUSIONS

The principal agrees that the warrantor is not liable for any defect or damage caused by:

- wilful act or negligence of the principal or any person other than the warrantor; or
- fire, explosion, earthquake, war, subsidence, slips, faulty materials or workmanship other than caused by the defect in the warranted work; or
- any force of nature which the warrantor could not reasonably foresee; or
- any neglect or unnecessary delay by the principal in giving notice to the warrantor of a defect in the warranted works becoming apparent; or
- design faults, errors or discrepancies, unless the warrantor undertook the design of the part of the warranted works the subject of the defect; or
- unintended use of the warranted works by the principal or any occupant thereof; or
- failure by the principal or any occupant thereof to maintain the warranted works in accordance with good practice and any manufacturer's stated or recommended instructions or requirements.

2.6 ASSIGNMENT

The principal may assign the benefit of this warranty to any person.

2.7 DISPUTES

Any dispute or difference between the principal and the warrantor arising out of or in connection with this warranty, or the subject matter of this warranty, including any question about its existence or validity, will be referred to arbitration by a sole arbitrator to be agreed upon by the parties. If the parties are unable to agree upon the identity of an arbitrator within 10 working days from the date upon which notice of the dispute is given, then the arbitrator will be appointed by the Registrar of the Building Disputes Tribunal (NZ) Ltd upon the application of either party.

2.8 NOTICES

Notices given to the warrantor are deemed to have been effectively served on the warrantor if given in accordance with the contract.

3 EXECUTED BY

Signed by the warrantor:

on this: day of
(day) (month) (year)

(And where required to be executed as a deed) signed in the presence of:

Witness signature

Name:
(print)

Address:
(print)

Occupation:
(print)

Signed by the principal:

on this: d a y o f
(day) (month) (year)

(And where required to be executed as a deed) signed in the presence of:

Witness signature

Name:
(print)

Address:
(print)

Occupation:
(print)

NOTE - Where the warrantor is not the contractor the warranty agreement must be executed by the warrantor and the principal in the manner required for execution of a deed.

Any of these parties which are a company must execute the warranty by having it signed, under the name of the company, by two or more directors. If there is only one director, it is sufficient if the warranty agreement is signed under the name of the company by that director, but the signature must be witnessed by another person. The witness must not only sign but must also add his or her occupation and address. Alternatively, companies may execute under power of attorney. Any party which is a body corporate (other than a company) must execute by affixing its seal, which must be attested in the manner provided for in the rules of, or applicable to, the body corporate.

In the case of a party who is an individual, the party must sign and the signature must be witnessed by another person. The witness must not only sign but must also add his or her occupation and address.

1240 ESTABLISHMENT

1 GENERAL

1.1 STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

Comply with all statutory obligations and regulations of regulatory bodies controlling the execution of the works.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT AUTHORITY AND NETWORK UTILITY APPROVALS

Attend on Building Consent Authority officers, statutory and network utility inspectors, as necessary to obtain approvals (in addition to building consent approval) for and the satisfactory completion of, the works.

1.3 NOTIFY NETWORK UTILITY OPERATORS

Notify all network utility operators of proposed works before commencing site operations. Ascertain location of services or confirm that none exist in the vicinity of the works. Take all necessary precautions to avoid damage to existing services.

1.4 SITE AND SOIL SURVEYS

Carry out all investigations necessary and peruse all information available to determine ground conditions and likely ground performance both on the site and adjacent to it. Also refer to the territorial authority project information memorandum (PIM).

1.5 GROUND CONDITIONS

Refer to the soils investigation report included with this specification.

1.6 HOARDINGS, GANTRIES, LIGHTING

Provide temporary fencing, hoardings, planked footways, guard rails, gantries and lighting as necessary to protect the public and others, for the proper execution of the works and to meet the requirements of territorial or other authority.

1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES

1 GENERAL

1.1 COMPLY WITH NEW ZEALAND BUILDING CODE

Refer to [New Zealand Building Code](#) clauses and approved document paragraphs for the criteria and/or methods that must be used in this section to establish compliance with the code.

1.2 COSTS RELATING TO TEMPORARY WORKS

Pay all rates/fees in respect of temporary works.

1.3 MAINTENANCE OF TEMPORARY WORKS

Maintain alter, adapt and move temporary works and services as necessary. Clear away when no longer required and make good.

1.4 SAFEGUARD THE SITE, THE WORKS AND MATERIALS

Take all precautions to prevent unauthorised access, including access outside working hours, to the site, the works and adjoining property. Safeguard the site, the works, materials and plant from damage and theft.

1.5 SITE FENCING - NON-PUBLIC AREAS

Provide and maintain a 1 metre high site fence to non-public areas. Construct using:

- warratah stakes at 1.5 metre centres fitted with safety caps
- plastic safety mesh

1.6 PROVIDE SEDIMENT AND SILT RUN OFF PROTECTION

Provide appropriate measures to prevent or minimise sediment generation and silt run off. Comply with territorial and other authority requirements relating to carrying out earthworks.

Prevent silt run off by:

- exposing only as much ground as required at any time
- providing run off channels, contour drains or earth bunds to divert clean water away from the site on to stable sealed or grassed ground
- capture silt by the use of silt fences, vegetation buffer strips, sediment ponds or earth bunds.

Provide sediment control by:

- earth bunds constructed across the slope to control and detain run off
- silt fences constructed using filter fabric stretched between posts at a maximum of 1 metre spacing.

Pump water from trenches and other areas of the site using methods to prevent sediment entering any drain or watercourse. Filter dirty water before discharging into drainage system.

1.7 PROVIDE CONCRETE WASHWATER RUN OFF PROTECTION

Provide appropriate measures to prevent cement/concrete washwater or slurry run off to; drains or waterways, landscaped areas new or remaining and adjoining public or private properties. Comply with territorial and other authority requirements relating to cement/concrete washwater.

Control run off from:

- Cement/concrete based material production, placing and finishing.
- Hosing down and cleaning of, tools and equipment, fresh material, and spilt or surplus material, pumps and mixers etc.
- Wet cutting or grinding.
- Slab watering etc.
- Water cleaning of new concrete elements, fresh used formwork etc.

Small project with relatively large exposed ground areas - prevent run off by:

- directing small amounts of washwater onto the area of ground closest to the work.
- for larger amounts provide run off channels, and small soak pits
- very small amounts of washwater with no aggregate and only a small amount of sand may be spread over existing lawns.

Spilt or surplus material:

- if possible allow to set and either use or dispose of as hardfill.
- pre-made concrete items, either use or dispose of as hardfill.

Pump washwater away from drains, waterways and adjoining property.

1.8 EXCAVATION SAFETY

To the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#).

Carry out excavation to WorkSafe NZ, [Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#). This may include, deep excavation, trenching, and areas behind unfilled retaining walls.

Carry out excavation using plant and equipment suitable for the purpose.

1.9 WATER

The principal will provide clean, fresh water for the works and make arrangements for distributing about the site.

1.10 ELECTRICITY

To AS/NZS 3012.

Nominate the person to install and be responsible for the complete temporary electrical installation.

The name and designation of the person responsible is to be displayed prominently and close to the main switch or circuit breaker.

Inspect and overhaul the installation at such intervals as are prescribed by the network utility operator but not exceeding three monthly intervals.

1.11 TELEPHONE

Provide on-site temporary telephone facilities.

1.12 GENERAL SCAFFOLDING

Provide as necessary general scaffolding for the efficient execution of the works. Placement, erection and structure to be by certified suppliers/erectors and approved by the WorkSafe NZ inspectors before being used.

Comply with:

- [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#)
- [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#) (reprint 4 April 2016)
- [SARNZ - Best practice guideline for scaffolding in New Zealand](#)
- WorkSafe - [Scaffolding in New Zealand - Good Practice Guidelines](#)

1.13 MAKE GOOD EXISTING SERVICES

Make good all damage to existing roads, footpaths, grounds, sewers or other services, caused in carrying out the contract works.

1.14 CONSTRUCTION KEYING AND SECURITY

Provide locksets with temporary keying, or install with the cylinders removed.

1.15 TEMPORARY STORAGE

Provide temporary storage areas and protective covers and screens. Fillet stack and protect all framing and structural members from moisture and contamination. Completely protect finishing materials from the weather and damage and store in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements. Protect fabricated elements from the weather and damage, and store in accordance with suppliers' requirements.

1.16 PERIODIC SITE CLEANING

Carry out periodic site cleaning during the contract period. Place waste material in appropriate storage pending removal from the site.

1.17 PERIODIC RUBBISH REMOVAL

Maintain on site appropriate means for the storage and removal of construction waste material.

Where required or appropriate provide for the separate storage of recyclable waste and other materials requiring special disposal. Keep food waste separate from construction waste.

1260 PROJECT MANAGEMENT

1 GENERAL

1.1 SITE MEETINGS

Meetings to normally be held: Fortnightly

The following persons to attend:

- Principal
- Contractor
- Architect
- Engineers as required
- Services consultants when needed
- Subcontractors when needed (contractor to inform them).

Meeting place: on site
Time: 11.00 am
Day: Tuesday

1.2 SITE MEETING MINUTES

The Architect is to keep full minutes of all site meetings and arrange distribution to all those involved within 3 working days.

The minutes are to record

- Documentation and information issued and required
- Directions and variations issued
- Confirmation of contract insurances
- Programme
- General business
- Site health and safety
- Payment claim processing including costing variations

1.3 MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Communications between the parties shall be as follows: -

Directions: In writing delivered by email with a copy by post or hand
Meeting minutes: In writing delivered by email
RFI's: (Requests for information) by email or in writing to the contract administrator

1.4 DELIVERY OF COMMUNICATIONS

Communications must be: -

- delivered to the addressee by hand; or
- posted to the postal address stated in the Project Directory; or
- delivered to the street address as stated in the Project Directory; or
- sent by email to the email address stated in the Project Directory; or
- sent by facsimile to the fax number stated in the Project Directory.

The Principal, Contractor and the Contract administrator must notify the others if they change their address for delivery or transmission of communications.

1.5 RECORDS

Ensure all records specified are kept, held and collated on site in a form that makes the information easily accessible when it is needed. Distribute copies as and when necessary to those persons entitled under the contract to that information.

1.6 CONTRACT PROGRAMME

Include the proposed sequence of all significant on-site and off-site activities, including any intermediate key dates mentioned in the contract. Identify the critical path. Provide a tabulated schedule of information for each activity in order of:

- brief description
- duration in suitable time unit
- earliest start and latest finish time

- total float
- key dates for the supply of information or materials by others.

Identify the dates by which particular information, material or plant need to be supplied or arranged by the contract administrator. Also identify any constraints which may have been imposed by the programme.

Monitor the contract programme by:

- recording progress regularly on the site chart
- informing the contract administrator promptly of any circumstances affecting any part of the programme structure and timing
- reviewing the programme once a month making alterations as needed and agreed to and re-issuing the required copies.

1.7 WORKING HOURS

Work on site is not restricted. Comply with territorial authority consent conditions and noise and nuisance controls.

1.8 HEALTH AND SAFETY LEGISLATION

Refer to the requirements of the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#). Comply also with all other relevant New Zealand safety legislation.

The Contractor will ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that, each subcontractor they engage, each separate contractor named in the contract documents in relation to the Contract Works, is aware of and complies with its obligations under health and safety-related law.

For the purpose of health and safety-related law, the Contract Administrator and others involved in contract administration and observation and construction monitoring will not at any time have management or control of the Workplace.

1.9 HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS, CODES AND GUIDES

Comply with:

- Relevant New Zealand safety legislation including, Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, also [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#) as amended by that Regulation and the appropriate Health and Safety at Work Regulations.
- WorkSafe NZ publications including "Guidelines for the provision of facilities for general safety in the construction industry".
- Relevant codes of practice, guides, guidelines and standards.

Until further regulations are made under the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) to cover them, the transitional provisions of the Act continue in force until revoked or amended.

1.10 HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLEMENTATION

Take all practical steps to make the site and the contract works safe and to provide and maintain a safe working environment. Ensure that all those working on or visiting the site are aware of the rules governing site safety, are properly supervised and are not unnecessarily exposed to hazards and risks.

Co-operate, consult and co-ordinate health and safety matters with each PCBU including all subcontractors, suppliers, separate contractors, others engaged on the project and others who may be affected by the construction of the works.

Identify any significant hazards and risks.

Maintain proper procedures for dealing with any emergencies that may arise. Immediately investigate accidents, identify their cause and maintain a register of accidents and serious harm.

Provide a copy of any report which the contractor is required to make to a public authority on any accident which is associated with carrying out the contract works and results in serious harm to any person.

Refer to individual work sections for detailed requirements on this project.

1.11 SUSPENSION OF HAZARDOUS WORK

On the request of the contract administrator, acting on reasonable grounds, suspend any identified hazardous activities and proceed to eliminate, isolate or minimise them in order to comply with the Act, without prejudice to any other rights of the principal under the contract.

1.12 SITE SAFETY PERSON

Appoint a suitably qualified site safety person to co-ordinate site safety and to attend all site meetings.

1.13 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Prepare and submit to the contract administrator before commencing work on site a health and safety plan. Include in that plan all people on site and the general public, as well as the following items and any other necessary item:

- identification of existing and potential construction hazards and risks
- if required in section 1220 PROJECT, any items listed in the Design Construction Safety Report or under the clause Design Construction Safety Matters
- safety procedures to eliminate, isolate or minimise construction hazards and risks
- the equipment to be used to minimise the hazards and risks
- the maintenance of a register of hazards and risks for the site
- the name and qualifications of the site safety person
- emergency procedures
- first aid facilities and safety equipment
- the methodology for notifying, recording and investigating accidents and injuries.
- Advise contract administrator of unusual or atypical features in the Plan (exclude any features already identified in the design construction safety report or design construction safety matters (if they are required in 1220 PROJECT)).

Keep a copy of the plan in the site office

1.14 MAINTAIN HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Maintain health and safety plan and alter to accommodate changing situations and /or substitutions. Advise contract administrator of changes.

1.15 COMPLY WITH SITE SAFETY PLAN

Carry out all construction operations in accordance with the submitted health and safety plan.

1.16 INFORM WORKERS OF HAZARDS AND RISKS

Inform workers and others on the site of:

- hazards and risks they may be exposed to while working or other legitimate activities
- hazards and risks they may create while working which could harm others
- how these hazards and risks may be minimised
- emergency procedures
- the location of first aid facilities and safety equipment.

1.17 EXPLOSIVES

Do not use explosives except with the written approval of the territorial authority/WorkSafe NZ. Comply with their safety requirements and use construction blasters holding a current, appropriate Approved Handler Certificate and Controlled Substance Licence issued by WorkSafe NZ, to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations.

1.18 POWDER-ACTUATED FASTENING TOOLS

Comply with the requirements of WorkSafe NZ and the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#). Powder-actuated fastening tool operators to have the appropriate current Certificate and/or Licence and tools to have the appropriate certificate of fitness if necessary.

1.19 SMOKE FREE REQUIREMENTS

Do not smoke on site except in a designated location, in accordance with the Smoke Free Environments Act 1990. This location to be determined by the contractor with the agreement of the contract administrator.

1.20 RESTRICTIONS

Do not:

- light rubbish fires on the site
- bring dogs on to or near the site

1270 CONSTRUCTION

1 GENERAL

1.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Carry out and record regular checks of material quality and accuracy, including:

- Concrete quality and finish.
- Dimensional accuracy of structural column locations (following completion of foundations).
- All perimeter columns and frames for plumb.
- Levels of all floors relative to the site datum.
- Framing timber moisture content.

Where any material, quality or dimension falls outside specified or required tolerances, obtain written direction from the contract administrator. Where building consent approval is affected, confirm remedial action with the Building Consent Authority.

Provide all materials, plant, attendances, supervision, inspections and programming to ensure the required quality standards are met by all project personnel.

1.2 DIRT AND DROPPINGS

Remove dirt and droppings deposited on public or private thoroughfares from vehicles servicing the site to the satisfaction of the appropriate authorities and the contract administrator.

1.3 DAMAGE AND NUISANCE

Take all precautions to prevent damage and nuisance from water, fire, smoke, dust, rubbish and all other causes resulting from the construction works.

1.4 SURVEY INFORMATION

Locate and verify survey marks and datum points required to set out the works. Record and maintain their position. Re-establish and replace disturbed or obliterated marks.

1.5 SET-OUT AND DATUM

Set out the work to conform with the drawings. Establish a permanent site datum to confirm the proposed building ground floor level and its relationship to all other existing and new building levels.

1.6 USE OF SET-OUT INSTRUMENTS

Permit without charge, the use of instruments already on site for checking, setting out and levels.

1.7 CHECK DIMENSIONS

Check all dimensions both on drawings and site, particularly the correlation between components and work in place. Take all dimensions on drawings to be between structural elements before linings or finishes, unless clearly stated otherwise.

1.8 TOLERANCES

All work to be level, plumb, and true to line and face. Unless otherwise specified in specific work sections of this specification, tolerances for structural work shall comply with the following:

Concrete construction:	To NZS 3109 Concrete construction Clause 3.9 Tolerances for reinforcement Table 5.1 Tolerance for precast components Table 5.2 Tolerance for in situ construction To NZS 3114 Concrete surface finishes
Masonry construction:	To NZS 4210 Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship Clause 2.6.5 Tolerances Table 2.2 Maximum tolerances
Structural steelwork:	To NZS 3404:1997 Steel structures standard Section 14.4 Tolerances (after fabrication) Section 15.3 Tolerances (erection)
Timber framing:	To NZS 3604 Timber-framed buildings Clause 2.2 Tolerances Table 2.1 Timber framing tolerances

Refer to work sections for tolerance requirements for finishes.

1.9 EXAMINE PREVIOUS WORK

Before commencing any part of the work carefully examine the previous work on which it may depend. Report in writing to the contract administrator defects that may affect the quality of the proposed work and obtain instructions. Commencing work on any part means that previous work is accepted as being satisfactory for work of the required standard.

1.10 WORKER QUALIFICATIONS

All work to be level, plumb, and true to line and face. Employ only experienced workers familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.11 MINIMISE DELAYS DUE TO WEATHER

Use appropriate techniques and methods to prevent damage and minimise delays due to weather.

1.12 NEW PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

Materials and products to be new unless stated otherwise, of the specified standard, and complying with all cited documents.

1.13 COMPATIBILITY OF MATERIALS AND FINISHES

Ensure all parts of a construction or finish are compatible and their individual use approved by the manufacturers and suppliers of other parts of the system. Source all parts of a system from a single manufacturer or supplier.

1.14 STORING PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

Take delivery of and store products, materials and components in accordance with codes of practice and the product manufacturer's or supplier's stated requirements. Maintain the proper condition of any protective packaging, wrappings or supports during delivery, unloading and storage.

1.15 HANDLING PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

Handle products, materials and components in accordance with codes of practice and the manufacturer's or supplier's stated guidelines. Avoid distortion and any contact with potentially damaging surfaces or conditions.

1.16 SUBSTRATE CONDITIONS

Ensure substrate conditions are within the manufacturer's or supplier's stated guidelines both before and during the installation of any material, product or system. Obtain written instructions on the necessary action to rectify unsatisfactory conditions.

1.17 INSTALLING PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

Install in accordance with the manufacturer's or supplier's technical literature. Ensure that all installers are familiar with the required substrate conditions and the manufacturer's or supplier's specified preparation, fixing and finishing techniques.

1.18 COMPLY WITH STANDARDS

Comply with the relevant and/or cited Standard for any material or component. Obtain certificates of compliance when requested by the contract administrator.

1.19 CONDITION OF MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

To be in perfect condition when incorporated into the work.

1.20 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND METALS

Separate incompatible materials and metals with separation layers, sleeves or gaskets of plastic film, bituminous felt or mastic or paint coatings, installed so that none are visible on exposed surfaces.

1.21 SAMPLES AND PROTOTYPES

Where specified in the work sections, submit samples, prepare sample panels, and construct prototypes for review as to appearance, form and conformance with the drawings and specifications. Submit all information required to assist the review process, including technical data, manufacturer's literature, independent appraisals and producer statements.

Timing for the provision and review of samples, sample panels and prototypes to be included in the contract programme. Allow a minimum of 10 working days for each review. Proceed only after instructions to proceed have been issued in writing by the contract administrator.

In situ work may be incorporated in the finished work if so confirmed, otherwise allow to remove completely and replace.

1.22 CONTROL STANDARD

Obtain the contract administrator's confirmation of material, component and work samples which then become the quality control standard. Remove from the site any rejected samples. Retain confirmed samples with care on site for comparison throughout the contract. Remove from the site when no longer required.

1.23 SPARES

Collect, protect and store safely all spare materials required under the contract. Give the contract administrator an inventory of all spares.

1.24 REMOVE TEMPORARY PROTECTION

Remove all temporary markings, coverings, labels and protective wrappings unless instructed otherwise.

1.25 REPLACE DAMAGED MATERIALS

Replace all materials or component damaged during the works to the standard of and integral with the original.

1.26 COMPLETE ALL SERVICES

Ensure all services are complete and operational, with all temporary labelling removed, required labelling fixed and service instructions provided.

1.27 CLEANING BY CONTRACTOR

Clear the contract works of all construction materials, waste, dirt and debris. Clean the contract works including:

- Wipe all surfaces to remove construction dust
- Clean out service ducts and accessible concealed spaces
- Clean out all gutters and rainwater heads
- Wipe dust from both sides of glass. Take particular care when removing paint or cementitious materials to not damage the glass.
- Remove adhesive residue left by labels and other temporary protection/markings
- Clean out the interior of all cabinetry
- Wash down external concrete including driveways and concrete masonry. Take care when waterblasting to not cause damage to the surface or allow water to enter the building.
- Remove rubbish and building material from the area immediately adjacent to the contract works

1.28 MOVING PARTS

Adjust, ease and lubricate all doors, windows, drawers, hardware, appliances, controls and all moving parts to give easy and efficient operation.

1.29 SECURITY AT COMPLETION

Remove any temporary lock cylinders and complete final keying prior to handing over keys to the principal on completion of the works. Leave the works secure with all accesses locked. Account for all keys/cards/codes and hand to the principal along with an itemised schedule, retaining a duplicate schedule signed by the principal as a receipt.

2210 PREPARATION & GROUNDWORK

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

[NZS 3604](#) Timber-framed buildings
 WorkSafe NZ [Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#)

1.2 SITE SAFETY

Provide adequate support for all excavations. Cover holes and fence off open trenches and banks.

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY

If fossils, antiquities and other items of value are found refer to the general section 1220 PROJECT for actions to be taken with archaeological discovery.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 EXCAVATED CLEAN FILL

Clean, free of contamination, mineral soil from other formations in the excavation which may be selected and approved as suitable for filling by having grading and moisture content properties that will allow recompaction to 95% of maximum density.

2.2 ROCK FILL

Hard material comprising rock, broken stone, hard brick, concrete, run of pit scoria, or other comparable inert material capable of being placed and compacted as specified.

2.3 SAND FILL

Clean sand of such grading in particle size to achieve mechanical compaction to 90% maximum density.

2.4 HARD FILL

Scoria or crushed rock to GAP (General All Passing) 40 grading.

2.5 GRANULAR FILL

Approved screened crushed gravel or scoria, graded in size from 20mm to 7mm, clean. When tested with a standard sieve of 4.75 opening no material is to pass.

2.6 DRESSING COURSE

Scoria to GAP 20 grading, or "dirty footpath scoria", or equivalent "all in" graded crushed metal aggregate.

2.7 FREE-DRAINING AGGREGATE

Scoria or crushed gravel graded 50 to 14 clean.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 WASHOUT BAY FOR TRUCK

Provide a designated area for trucks to be washed down to avoid mud and dirt being carried off site.

3.2 EXCAVATION GENERALLY

Carry out excavation, using plant suitable for the purpose, to the guidelines set by the WorkSafe NZ, [Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#).

3.3 BURNING OF MATERIALS

Burning of materials is not permitted on site.

3.4 PROTECT EXISTING WORK

Protect from damage existing buildings, structures, roads, paving and services nominated on the drawings as being retained.

3.5 EROSION CONTROL

Ensure measures are in place to contain silt dislodged as a result of water infiltration and to prevent it being carried off site with stormwater.

3.6 SURFACE PREPARATION

Comply with [NZS 3604](#), section 3.5, **Site preparation**. Remove all turf, vegetation, trees, topsoil, stumps, uncontrolled fill and rubbish from the area to be built on.

3.7 STOCKPILE TOPSOIL

Stockpile excavated topsoil on site where directed. Keep separate from other excavated materials. Spread and level where directed before completion of the works.

3.8 GENERAL EXCAVATION

Trim ground to required profiles, batters, falls and levels. Remove loose material. Protect cut faces from collapse. Keep excavations free from water.

3.9 ROCK EXCAVATION

If rock is found at any level above the underside of the structural foundations, or above required base levels for site service trenches, immediately notify the owner. Obtain written instructions from the owner on the proposed approach to rock excavation, or consequent alterations to subgrade construction. Confirm any changes with the territorial authority.

3.10 FOUNDATION EXCAVATION

Take foundation excavations to depths shown. Keep trenches plumb and straight, bottoms level and free of soft spots, stepped as detailed and clean and free of water.

3.11 INADEQUATE BEARING

If bearing is not to [NZS 3604](#), 3.1.2 **Foundations** and 3.1.3 **Determination of good ground**, then excavate further and backfill with material as follows. Confirm any changes with the territorial authority.

Below slabs on grade: Hardfill compacted in 150mm layers

Below footings: 10 MPa concrete

Service trenches: Hardfill compacted in 150mm layers

If excavation exceeds the required depths, backfill and compact to the correct level with material as listed.

3.12 STANDARD OF COMPACTION

Place fill in layers of not more than 150mm and compact to achieve 95% of maximum dry density. For granular fill material, the fill shall be compacted to 80% of saturated dry density.

3.13 GRANULAR BASE FOR SLABS

To conform to [NZS 3604](#), section 7.5.3, **Granular base**. Consolidate with a vibrating roller. Blind the surface with 20mm of coarse sand or sand/cement and roll ready to receive a damp-proof membrane.

3.14 GENERAL BACKFILLING

Obtain written confirmation from the owner before using any excavated material. Compact approved backfilling in 150mm layers with the last 200mm in clean topsoil, lightly compacted and neatly finished off.

3.15 RETAINING WALLS

Backfill behind retaining walls with free draining granular material and compact in 200mm layers. Ensure any tanking membranes, protection sheets, drain coil and damp-proofing are not damaged.

3.16 SURPLUS MATERIAL

Remove surplus and excavated material from the site.

2362 FOUNDATION WALLS

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

ACRS Australian Certification Authority for Reinforcing Steels - An independent certification scheme for reinforcing steel and structural steel, by product and manufacturer/processor. Certifies compliance with Australia/New Zealand Standards.
ACRS Web site - www.steelcertification.com

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZS 3101.1	Concrete structures standard
NZS 3103	Sands for mortars and plasters
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3121	Water and aggregate for concrete
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
AS/NZS 4455.1	Masonry units, pavers, flags, and segmental retaining wall units - Masonry units
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS - MASONRY WORK

Carry out all masonry work with people competent and experienced in this type of work, under the supervision of a suitably qualified tradesperson as required in [NZS 4210](#). All work to be installed or supervised by a Registered Mason or licensed building practitioner (LBP): Licensed for Bricklaying and Blocklaying : Structural Masonry. RBW must be supervised by an LBP. Concrete workers to be experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and the techniques specified.

1.4 CONSTRUCTION CONTROL MASONRY

Supervise masonry construction to [NZS 4230](#), table 3.1, Observation Type C, admissible use and nominal strengths. Keep records of materials to [NZS 4210](#), 2.4.2.

The mason is to certify in writing to the owner that the masonry observation and work has been carried out in accordance with the relevant NZ Standards. Provide a Producer Statement - Construction (PS3).

1.5 STEEL REINFORCING COMPLIANCE

Steel reinforcing materials for concrete to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Steel to be manufactured in New Zealand, or by an overseas manufacturer holding a current valid (or equivalent) NZ S Mark or ACRS certificate for that type of steel. Confirm compliance and provide evidence if requested.

1.6 QUALITY RECORDS

Keep accurate records relating to strength and quality of materials used in the construction, and make the information available to the Building Consent Authority inspector on request.

Do not place concrete/grout until all excavations, formwork/blockwork and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 REINFORCEMENT

To [AS/NZS 4671](#), 300E deformed mild steel except for ties in plain round mild steel and as detailed. Refer to Concrete section for reinforcing for slabs.

2.2 TYING WIRE

Mild drawn steel wire not less than 1.2mm diameter.

2.3 WATER

To [NZS 3121](#). Water from a territorial authority/NUO water supply is acceptable.

2.4 MASONRY UNITS

To [AS/NZS 4455.1](#).

2.5 MORTAR

Sand to [NZS 3103](#). Chloride levels to not exceed 0.04% by dry weight of sand. Mortar to [NZS 4210](#), section 2.2, **Mortar**. Compressive strength of not less than 12.5 MPa.

2.6 GROUT

To [NZS 4210](#), section 2.3, **Grout**.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL PARAMETERS

Foundation walls to [NZS 3604](#), 6.11, **Foundation walls....** and masonry foundation walls under slabs to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5, **Concrete slab-on-ground floors**.

3.2 STORAGE

Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat. Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.3 STARTER POSITIONS

Before commencing, check the location of starter reinforcement. Do not correct misplacement by cranking bars. Where misplacement exceeds the location tolerance, obtain written direction before proceeding.

3.4 REINFORCEMENT

Reinforce walls to [NZS 3604](#), **6.11 Foundation walls....**

Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#). Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

3.5 REINFORCEMENT LAPS

To [NZS 3604](#), 6.11.7, **Foundation wall reinforcement**. Horizontal reinforcing bars lapped 500mm minimum.

To [NZS 4229](#), 6.6.3, 40 diameter laps for deformed bars.

Tie all lapping bars to each other.

3.6 COVER

Cover for reinforcement to [NZS 3604](#), 4.5.1 for minimum concrete cover and [NZS 3604](#), 4.5.3 for concrete masonry. For general purpose minimum 50mm cover, or varied to suit exposure conditions. Minimum cover 75mm for walls against earth.

3.7 BRACING

Provide adequate temporary lateral bracing to ensure stability until the final supporting construction is in place and has cured sufficiently.

3.8 BUILD IN

Build in plugs, bolts, ties, metal flashings, dowels, fastenings and fixings as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings.

3.9 FIXINGS FOR BOTTOM PLATES - NON PROPRIETARY

For bottom plates for walls, allow for cast-in galvanised M12 bolts and washer to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5.12.1, as stated in SELECTIONS or as shown on the drawings.

Locate fixings within 150mm of the ends of the plate, and maximum 1200mm centres. Set bolt 90mm into concrete or 120mm into concrete with masonry blocks; set 50mm in from outside face.

3.10 MASONRY CONSTRUCTION GENERALLY

To [NZS 4210](#) and [NZS 3604](#), **6.11 Foundation walls (concrete and concrete masonry)**.

Minimum wall widths, 140mm single storey and 190mm for 1 to 2 storeys and masonry veneer. Wall widths are also subject to minimum reinforcing cover requirements, refer COVER.

3.11 DURABILITY

Ensure that, mortar, built in components and reinforcement cover are to [NZS 4210](#), table 2.E1 Masonry durability requirements, for the location and the Exposure Zone in the general section 1220 PROJECT. To use the table, exposure zones in [NZS 3604](#) comparable with [NZS 3101.1](#) (in brackets) are;

Zone D (B2), Zone C (B1), Zone B (A2), Closed Interior (A1), Walls against earth (B2), Geothermal hotspots (U), and [NZBC E2/AS1](#) Zone E (C).

3.12 MOISTURE CONTENT

Store masonry units clear of the ground, under cover and well ventilated until placed in the work. Ensure masonry units are air dry prior to laying.

3.13 CHECK BASE CONCRETE

Ensure the base concrete is true to line and level, requiring a base mortar bed of 10mm (minimum) to 20mm (maximum). Ensure that all laitance, loose aggregate, or anything preventing bond is removed prior to laying masonry units.

3.14 TOLERANCES

Construct within the tolerances set out in [NZS 4210](#), clause 2.6.5, Tolerances, and clause 2.7.1, General. Lay masonry units with bedding of consistent thickness throughout.

3.15 PROTECTION

Protect fair-faced masonry walls, keeping them clear of mortar droppings, grout splashes, or stains of any kind.

3.16 LAY MASONRY UNITS

Ensure consistent, fully filled and tooled joints. Where walls are reinforced, prevent mortar droppings from entering the cells to be grouted. Provide clean out holes at base of wall, unless "low lift" ([NZS 4210](#)) grouting is used. Ensure reinforcement is accurately placed and tied. Lay in regular stretcher bond with all necessary special units. Cut masonry, if necessary, true and square without chipping.

Mortar joints not exceeding 10mm thick, or less than 8mm when the units are bedded in. Joints tooled concave, unless detailed otherwise.

3.17 VERTICAL CONTROL JOINTS

Locate at major changes of wall height or thickness, at openings, and at not more than the centres scheduled below to [NZS 4210](#) 2.10.1.2(c), or, as shown on the drawings. Where reinforcement passes through a control joint, provide for breaking bond using methods detailed on [NZS 4210](#), figure 2, Control joint, unless specifically detailed otherwise.

Spacing of control joints schedule

HEIGHT OF WALL	HORIZONTAL SPACING OF JOINTS
up to 800mm	24m maximum
up to 1.2m	12m maximum
up to 2m	8m maximum

3.18 PRE-GROUTING INSPECTION

Inspect walls prior to grouting. Ensure cells are clean and reinforcement is correctly placed. Where "high lift" (to [NZS 4210](#)) grouting is used, seal the clean out holes and brace to prevent blow outs.

3.19 GROUT CELLS

Grout all masonry unit cells.

Use procedures set out in [NZS 4210](#). Methods acceptable on this project are:

- high lift grouting with expansive admixture
- high lift grouting with reduced compaction, without expansive admixture
- low lift grouting.

3.20 COMPLETION

Clean off mortar splashes and concrete/grout spills as they occur, making good any damage at the same time. Clean down exposed walls and remove waste material from adjoining surfaces and floors at completion. Remove from the site materials not used.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 MASONRY UNITS

Width: 190 mm
Bond: Stretcher
Mortar joint: Concave

4.2 GROUT MASONRY

Design strength: 17.5 MPa at 28 days
Aggregate size: 13.2mm maximum

Note: if expansive agents are used the minimum strength must be 20 MPa or the design strength whichever is greater.

3101 CONCRETE WORK - BASIC

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

ACRS Australian Certification Authority for Reinforcing Steels - An independent certification scheme for reinforcing steel and structural steel, by product and manufacturer/processor. Certifies compliance with Australia/New Zealand Standards.

ACRS web site - www.steelcertification.com

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC B1/VM1	Structure
NZBC E2/AS3	External moisture
AS 1366.3	Rigid cellular plastics for thermal insulation - Rigid cellular polystyrene - Moulded (RC/PS - M)
NZS 3101.1	Concrete structures standard
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 4858	Wet area membranes
CCANZ CP 01	Code of practice for weathertight concrete and concrete masonry construction

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.4 STEEL REINFORCING COMPLIANCE

Steel reinforcing materials for concrete to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Steel to be manufactured in New Zealand, or by an overseas manufacturer holding a current valid (or equivalent) NZ S Mark or ACRS certificate for that type of steel. Confirm compliance and provide evidence if requested.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete 17.5 to 50 MPa grade, (refer to SELECTIONS), maximum aggregate size 19mm ready-mixed to [NZS 3104](#). Provide delivery dockets listing mix and despatch details.

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Bars to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Grade 300E deformed, other than for ties, stirrups and spirals, unless shown otherwise on the drawings. Welded reinforcing mesh Class E to [AS/NZS 4671](#), and 500E mesh to [AS/NZS 4671](#) as modified by NZS B1/VM1.

2.3 TYING WIRE

Mild drawn steel wire not less than 1.2mm diameter.

2.4 SPACERS AND CHAIRS

Precast concrete or purpose made moulded PVC to approval. Where concrete spacer blocks are used in exposed concrete work use blocks matching surrounding concrete.

2.5 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

0.25mm minimum polyethylene to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5.4, Damp-proof membrane.

2.6 CELLULAR POLYSTYRENE INSULATION

Proprietary expanded polystyrene (EPS) foam board to AS 1366.3.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 HANDLE AND STORE

Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat.

Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.2 INSTALL DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Apply polythene membrane to prepared basecourse with 150mm laps between sheets. Tape seal laps and penetrations with 50mm wide pressure sensitive plastic tape. Refer to drawings for perimeter details.

3.3 INSTALL CELLULAR POLYSTYRENE INSULATION/PROTECTION

Install EPS insulation/protection system to manufacturer's requirements.

3.4 CUT AND BEND REINFORCEMENT

Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#): 3.3 Hooks and bends. Minimum radii of reinforcement bends to [NZS 3109](#), table 3.1, Minimum radii of reinforcement bends. Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

Use a purpose built tool for on site bending and to deal with minor adjustments to steel reinforcement.

3.6 TOLERANCES, BENDING

To [NZS 3109](#), 3.9, Tolerances for reinforcement.

3.7 SECURE REINFORCEMENT

Secure reinforcement adequately with tying wire and place, support and secure against displacement when concreting. Bend tying wire back well clear of the formwork. Spacing as dimensioned, or if not shown, to the clear distance minimums in [NZS 3109](#), 3.6, Spacing of reinforcement.

3.8 LAPPED SPLICES

Length of laps where not dimensioned on the drawings in accordance with the SELECTIONS. Provide laps only where indicated on the drawings. Tie all lapping bars to each other. Plain bars lapped splices must be hooked. Wire mesh laps to [NZS 3101.1](#), lap one mesh square plus 50mm minimum (do not count bar extension beyond the outermost wire).

3.9 REINFORCEMENT COVER TO NZS 3101.1

Minimum cover to all reinforcing bars, stirrups, ties and spirals, as shown on drawings. Where cover is not shown on drawings provide minimum cover to [NZS 3101.1](#), table 3.6, **Minimum required cover for a specified intended life of 50 years**. Sub-soil cover to [NZS 3101.1](#), to suit soil and groundwater conditions. Fix chairs for top reinforcement in slabs at 1.0 metre centres or to ensure adequate support. Cover tolerances to [NZS 3109](#), 3.9, Tolerances for reinforcement.

3.10 CASTING IN

Build in all grounds, bolts and fixings for wall plates and bracing elements, holding down bolts, pipes, sleeves and fixings as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings, prior to pouring the concrete.

Do not use grounds exceeding 100mm in length. Location and form of conduits to be approved in writing by the Contract Administrator. Minimum cover 40mm. Do not encase aluminium items in concrete. Do not paint steel embedded items more than 25mm into the concrete encasement. Cut back form ties to specified cover and fill the cavities with mortar.

Form all pockets, chases and flashing grooves as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings.

Wrap all pipes embedded in concrete with tape to break the bond and to accommodate expansion. Do not embed pipes for conveying liquids exceeding a temperature of 50°C in concrete.

3.11 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

Locate and construct as shown on the drawings or in accordance with [NZS 3109](#), 5.6, Type B.

3.12 PRE-PLACEMENT INSPECTION

Do not place concrete until all excavations, boxing and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

3.13 SURFACE FINISHES

To [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, as scheduled or as denoted on the drawings.

3.14 CONCRETE SURFACE TOLERANCES

To [NZS 3114](#), 104, Surface tolerances and [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, with the suggested tolerances becoming the required tolerances.

3.15 PUMPING CONCRETE

Set up and supervise pump operation, placing and compaction of the mix to [NZS 3109](#), 7.4, Handling and placing and [NZS 3109](#), 7.6, Compaction Advise the ready-mix supplier of the type of pump and the slump required, in addition to the concrete grade, strength and quantity.

3.16 COMPACTION

Use power operated vibrators on foundations, vertical constructions and beams.

3.17 SAW CUTS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

Cut slabs where indicated on the drawings as required to control shrinkage cracking. Form by saw cutting the slab (blade width approximately 5 mm) to a quarter of the depth of the slab after it has hardened (saw cutting shall take place no later than 24 hours after initial set for average ambient temperatures above 20 °C, and 48 hours for average ambient temperatures below 20°C).

3.18 SAW CUTS

Cut slabs where indicated on the drawings and as required to control shrinkage cracking. Carry out cutting as soon as possible, without causing tear-out of aggregate and before shrinkage cracking has occurred, generally within 24 hours of pouring. Where saw cuts are to be made, cut out 100mm of every second wire of the mesh for a length of 50mm each side of the saw cut position. Saw cuts: 1/3rd slab depth or 30mm minimum.

3.19 SURFACE DEFECTS

Make good surface defects immediately after forms are stripped. Make good hollows or bony areas with 1:2 mortar or plaster, finished to the same tolerances as the parent concrete. Fill any tie rod holes with 1:2 mortar.

3.20 CURING OF CONCRETE

Keep damp for not less than seven days. Ensure curing of slabs commences as soon as possible after final finishing, by the use of continuous water sprays, or ponding. Alternately, apply a curing membrane. Ensure any membrane used will not affect subsequent applied finishes.

3.21 COMPLETION

Clean out saw cuts. Fill with cement grout where the floor will be covered with carpet or vinyl. Remove all unused materials and all concrete and reinforcing debris from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Brand/type: Thermakraft Thermathene Black

4.2 CELLULAR POLYSTYRENE INSULATION

Brand: Formflow
Thickness: 100 mm

4.3 REINFORCEMENT LAPS

Where reinforcement laps are not shown on the drawings, lap as follows:

Bar diameter	Grade 300E deformed
10mm	400mm
12mm	500mm
16mm	650mm

4.4 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete:

25 MPa: for slabs

4.5 SURFACE FINISHES FLOOR SLABS

Surface finish class to [NZS 3114](#): table 2, Classes of floor, exterior pavement and invert finishes.

Finish class	Location
U3	everywhere

4.6 SURFACE FINISHES PAVEMENTS AND DRIVEWAYS

Surface finish class to [NZS 3114](#): table 2, Classes of floor, exterior pavement and invert finishes.

Finish class	Location
U2 wood float finish	entry apron

3820 CARPENTRY

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and erection of timber framing, as a framed structure, or as partitioning. It includes prefabricated timber and engineered wood.

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
AS/NZS 1328.1	Glued laminated structural timber - Performance requirements and minimum production requirements
AS/NZS 1604.4	Specification for preservative treatment - Laminated veneer lumber (LVL)
AS/NZS 1604.5	Specification for preservative treatment - Glue laminated timber products
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3603	Timber structures standard
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 3622	Verification of timber properties
NZS 3640	Chemical preservation of round and sawn timber
AS/NZS 4357.0	Structural laminated veneer lumber - Specification
FTMA CoP	Frame and Truss Manufacturers Association Code of Practice
*A copy of NZS 3604 Timber-framed buildings, must be held on site.	

1.2 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:
CHH Hyrame

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: CHH
Web: www.chhwoodproducts.co.nz
Telephone: 0800585244

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.4 DIMENSIONS

All timber sizes except for battens are actual minimum dried sizes.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 TIMBER FRAMING, TREATED

Species, grade and in service moisture content to [NZS 3602](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#) and treatment to [NZS 3640](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#). Structural grade (SG) to [NZS 3604](#), [NZS 3622](#) with properties to [NZS 3603](#).

2.2 ENGINEERED WOOD

LVL members to [AS/NZS 4357.0](#), to required sizes and lengths and the manufacturer's design properties.
Treatment to [NZS 3640](#) and [AS/NZS 1604.4](#).

2.3 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS - TIMBER - NON-STRUCTURAL

H3.1 or H3.2 Radiata pine battens, minimum 20mm thickness, width and height to match timber framing studs. Temporary fix battens before being fixed into the framing with the cladding fixings.
To [NZS 3602](#), table 1, reference 1D.10, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 50-year durability performance.

2.4 NAILS

Type to [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the size and number for each particular types of joint as laid down in the nailing schedules of [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10.

2.5 BOLTS AND SCREWS

Bolts and screws of engineering and/or coach type complete with washers, to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10.

2.6 NAIL PLATES

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10. Plates to the plate manufacturer's design for the particular locations as shown on the drawings.

2.7 CONNECTORS

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10. Connectors and structural brackets to the connector manufacturer's design for particular locations shown on drawings.

2.8 CORROSION RISKS

For interior timber, treated with copper-based timber preservatives (H3.2 or higher), use a minimum of hot-dipped galvanized steel fixings and fasteners.

For exterior timber, timber in damp areas and timber subject to occasional wetting, use only stainless steel (or equivalent) fixings and connectors, when the timber is treated with; Copper Azole (CuAz, Preservative code 58), Alkaline Copper Quaternary (ACQ, Preservative code 90), Micronise Copper Azole (code 88) or Micronised Copper Quaternary (code 89).

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY

To [NZS 3604](#) except as varied in this specification. Execution to include those methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, stairs).

3.2 SEPARATION

Separate all timber framing timbers from concrete, masonry and brick by: -

- a full length bituminous damp-proof membrane overlapping timber by at least 6mm; or
- a 12mm minimum free draining air space

3.3 ATTENDANCE

Provide and fix blocks, nogs, openings and other items as required by other trades.

3.4 MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable equilibrium moisture content (EMC) for non air-conditioned or centrally heated buildings for framing to which linings are attached.

Framing at erection: 24% maximum

Framing at enclosure: 20% maximum

Framing at lining: 16% maximum

3.5 SET-OUT

Set out framing in accordance with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#) and as required to support sheet linings and claddings.

3.6 FRAMING WALLS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with lintels, sills and nogs, all fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 8, **Walls**.

3.7 FRAMING ROOFS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with valley boards, ridge boards and purlins.

Design and fit roof trusses complete with anchorage. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 9, **Posts** and 10, **Roof framing**.

3.8 FRAMING CEILINGS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with runners and battens set out to support ceiling lining. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 13, **Ceilings**. Trim for openings in ceilings and hatches to [NZS 3604](#) section 13.3, **Openings in ceilings**. Provide blocking for water tanks located in the ceiling space to [NZS 3604](#), section 13.4, **Water tanks in roof space**.

3.9 FIT CAVITY BATTENS

Fit and fix 20mm cavity battens over wall underlay or rigid air barrier, fully nail to timber studs to the requirements of the manufacturer or to [NZS 3604](#). Fit and fix related flashings. Fit and fix cavity closers to base of walls, open horizontal (or raking) junctions and over openings (windows, meters etc.).

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 EXTERIOR WALL FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Exterior walls:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Parapets:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Wall battens (not cavity):	Radiata pine	Merch	H1.2

4.2 CAVITY BATTENS

Cavity battens	Species	Grade	Treatment
Timber - Non Structural:	Radiata pine	Merchantable	H3.1

4.3 ROOF FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Rafters:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Purlins:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Ceiling joists and battens:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2

4.4 INTERIOR FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Non structural walls:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2

4.5 LAMINATED VENEER LUMBER (LVL)

Member	Brand/type	Treatment
Portals	CHH Hyframe	H 1.2

4.6 BOLTS AND SCREWS

Location	Type	Material	Finish
Closed			galvanised steel

4.7 NAIL PLATES & CONNECTORS

Location	Type	Material	Finish
Closed			galvanised steel

4131N NURALITE TANKING

1 GENERAL

- NURASEAL (formally known as PREMSEAL) for areas requiring damp-proofing (no hydrostatic pressure)

This system is designed for waterproofing the lower storey of a building which is wholly or partly below ground where there is no risk of hydrostatic water pressure.

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1 External moisture

1.2 SUPPLIER'S DOCUMENTS

Supplier's documents from NURALITE Waterproofing Limited relating to work in this section are:
 PREMSEAL Agreement Certificate 92/2789
 NURALITE Producer Statements
 NURAPLY System design and specification manual
 NURALITE Waterproofing Limited: CAD Tanking drawings

Copies of the above literature are available from NURALITE Waterproofing Limited

Web: www.nuralite.co.nz

Telephone: 0-9-579 2046 Auckland
 0800 Nuralite (0800 687 254)

Facsimile: 0-9-579 5136 Auckland

1.3 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

NURAPLY 3PT(M)/3PG/NURASEAL applicator to warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against failure of materials, waterproofing and execution.

5 years: Execution warranty
 From: Date of completion of application

Provide this warranty on the installer's standard form.

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

NURALITE applicator to provide warranty for the system under normal environmental and use conditions against failure.

20 years: Warranty
 From: Date of completion of application

Provide this warranty on the NURALITE Waterproofing Limited Materials Performance Warranty form.

1.5 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified system, or associated components and products.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Tanking to be carried out by competent workers licensed by NURALITE Waterproofing Limited and experienced with NURALITE materials system and specialist techniques. Provide on request evidence of experience prior to commencing work.

1.7 EXCAVATION CONDITIONS FOR WATERPROOFING

Ensure that excavations are free of running water during dry weather. If running water is present the Contract Administrator is to be notified before any waterproofing work is started. This specification is not suitable for high hydrostatic pressure conditions or installation below the water table.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NURASEAL WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE, SELF ADHESIVE

NURASEAL self adhesive bituminous flexible tough waterproofing system applied and joined by traditional NURALITE techniques. Thickness not less than 1.5 mm.

2.2 PRIMER

NURAFLUX or NURABOND No. 10 surface primer for the tanking system, to prepare the substrate for optimum adhesion.

2.3 TOP EDGE ANCHOR STRIP

Aluminium or stainless steel anchor strip.

2.4 FORM FLOW POLYSTYRENE PROTECTION SHEETS

Rot proof sheets used to protect the membrane from damage (particularly from backfill), refer to SELECTIONS: CONCRETE WORK: BASIC

3 EXECUTION

3.1 COMPLY

Comply with the NURALITE Waterproofing LIMITED requirements and instructions.

3.2 STORE

Store NURALITE waterproofing systems rolls and accessory materials under conditions that ensure no deterioration or damage. Store in shade or cover in hot sun. Protect liquid components from freezing.

3.3 WEATHER CONDITIONS

Apply NURALITE waterproofing systems tanking systems only in fair weather with air temperature above 5°C. Apply adhesives and make site joints only in weather conditions compatible with perfect jointing.

3.4 DE-WATERING

Maintain water level at not less than 300mm below the level of the base concrete during the progress of the tanking work and until protective loading coats and walls are complete and fully set.

3.5 DRAINAGE

Install approved drainage system to remove water from foundations. Ensure drain is protected with geotextile cloth to prevent it clogging with fines, and that it is correctly located, 150mm from the membrane and below the footing.

3.6 CHECK SUBSTRATE

Check that the substrate will allow work of the required standard with adequate safe working space for applicators. Complete any remedial work identified and allow to cure before commencing tanking application.

3.7 CURING OF NEW CONCRETE

Allow concrete and masonry to dry to the NURALITE Waterproofing LIMITED requirements before applying tanking. Minimum curing of new concrete: 28 days. This is not applicable for blockwork or site lean concrete.

3.8 ENSURE SUBSTRATE

Ensure all surfaces are clean and free from voids, spalled areas, loose particles, and sharp protrusions. Ensure no projections of sharp materials exist that will cause damage to tanking. Check that masonry joints are struck off flush.

Ensure form oils or release agents and curing compounds are completely removed.

3.9 PREPARE SUBSTRATE

Remove projections, wire-brush and remove all debris, leaving the surface dust-free, oil-free and clean, with nothing that could diminish the adhesion of primers. Fill tie holes flush and smooth with NURAFLUSH. Grind off steps or sharp protrusions caused by formwork joints.

3.10 TURN UPS

Where tanking is turned up against hardened concrete, ensure the surface is smooth and free of all sharp projections. Fill internal corners with a fillet of NURAFLUSH or Profili bitumen triangular timber fillets.

3.11 TURN DOWNS

Where NURAPLY 3PT is turned over an external corner, first grind the corner to produce a smooth 25mm radius or chamfer.

3.12 CLEAN SURFACES

Clean surfaces with a broom or oil free compressed air to remove dust, loose particles and material that could affect bonding.

3.13 DRESS OFF HARDFILL SURFACE

Dress off surface of hardfill with a 15mm layer of fine, clean sand rolled to a smooth surface. Ensure concrete surface is a smooth steel trowel U3 surface to [NZS 3114](#). Grind off any steps or sharp protrusions.

3.14 REMOVE BACK FORMS

Remove back forms to ensure no vapour pressure develops beneath the membrane.

3.15 PRIMING

Ensure concrete or masonry substrates are sufficiently cured and dry to permit the intended performance of the NURAFLEX primer. Apply NURAFLEX primer at the coverage rate recommended by NURALITE Waterproofing LIMITED.

3.16 ALLOW PRIMER TO DRY

Allow the primer to dry. Do not prime more than can be covered in one working day. Prevent contamination of the primed surface prior to application of the tanking system.

3.17 NURASEAL APPLICATION METHOD

Apply the NURALITE waterproofing system with laps and joints and reinforcing pieces at junctions to provide a waterproof finish.

3.18 CONSOLIDATE NURASEAL JOINTS

Pressure join laps in NURASEAL rolls and roll to consolidate, minimum side lap 75mm, minimum end lap 100mm.

3.19 NURASEAL FLOOR TO WALL JUNCTION

Protrude the specified under slab vapour barrier 150mm beyond the perimeter of the footing. When NURASEAL is applied to base of wall, bring this portion of vapour barrier up the wall. Overflash with a second strip of 150mm NURASEAL.

3.20 SEALING EDGES WITH ANCHOR STRIPS

At edges of the membrane, adhere firmly on to the substrate and anchor strip on all top edges of tanking.

3.21 ADDITIONAL THICKNESS

Provide a double layer of tanking around pipes and penetrations and at all junctions and changes of direction. Seal edges to NURALITE Waterproofing LIMITED requirements.

3.22 SECTIONAL COMPLETION

As sections of tanking are completed, arrange for inspection of the work before covering with protective sheets, walls, or slabs.

3.23 PROTECT VERTICAL SURFACES

Protect vertical surfaces from damage before covering with protective sheets.

3.24 PROTECT HORIZONTAL SURFACES

Protect the horizontal tanking from damage during laying by ensuring applicators wear soft soled shoes. Except for inspection purposes do not allow traffic on the tanking after installation and before protection sheets have been laid.

3.25 INSTALL FORMFLOW PROTECTION SHEETS

Neatly scribe and fit sheets, spot fixing them with Tixoplast adhesive, to NURALITE requirements for this work, to fully protect the whole of the tanking as backfill is placed.

3.26 SUPERVISION OF BACKFILLING

Supervise backfilling operations to ensure no damage is caused to the waterproofing system. Refer to the appropriate drainage section for subsoil drainage and backfilling.

3.27 COMPLETION

Clean up as the work proceeds. Leave this work in a sound, coherent, voidless and impermeable smooth condition, completely waterproof, free of any defect and with protection sheets firmly in place. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 SINGLE LAYER NURASEAL TANKING SYSTEM

Location: Below ground retaining walls
Supplier: NURALITE Waterproofing LIMITED
Brand: NURASEAL

Accessories

4.2 PROTECTION SHEET

Location: Below ground retaining walls
Brand/type: Formflow
Thickness: 100 mm

4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

NZMRM New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc.

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

Wall underlay the same meaning as defined in [NZBC E2/AS1](#), covering kraft based and synthetic wall underlays, sometimes called, wall wraps, building wraps or building papers.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZS/AS 1530.2	Methods for fire tests on building materials, components and structures - Test for flammability of materials
NZS 2295	Pliable, permeable building underlays
AS/NZS 2904	Damp-proof courses and flashings
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS/NZS 4200.1	Pliable building membranes and underlays
AS/NZS 4347.0	Damp-proof courses and flashings - Methods of test - General introduction, list of methods and test specimen requirements
AS/NZS 4389	Roof safety mesh
AS/NZS 4534	Zinc and zinc/aluminium-alloy coatings on steel wire
NZMRM CoP	NZ metal roof and wall cladding Code of Practice

1.3 INSTALLATION SKILL LEVELS

Installers to be familiar with the manufacturer's technical literature and the [NZMRM CoP](#) NZ metal roof and wall cladding Code of Practice.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 POLYETHYLENE DPC

Polyethylene film to [AS/NZS 2904](#) and to the appropriate test methods set out in [AS/NZS 4347.0](#). Thickness 500 microns minimum, manufactured for use as a damp-proof course and concealed flashings to doors and windows.

2.2 BITUMINOUS IMPREGNATED DPC

Heavy Kraft impregnated with high grade bitumen and coated with higher heat resistant bitumen to [AS/NZS 2904](#) and to the appropriate test methods set out in [AS/NZS 4347.0](#).

2.3 DAMP PROOF MEMBRANE - CONCRETE FLOOR

Polyethylene sheet with minimum thickness of 0.25mm to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5.6, **Polyethelene (polythene) sheet damp-proof membranes.**

2.4 ABSORBENT SYNTHETIC WALL UNDERLAY - POLYPROPYLENE

Absorbent, breathable spun bonded polypropylene type building membrane, coated with a breathable water resistant film.

2.5 SYNTHETIC NON-WOVEN ROOFING UNDERLAY

A non-woven roofing underlay, consisting of two spun-bonded polyolefin fabric layers bonded to a micro porous inner layer, designed for use as a water absorbent, breathable, water resistant roofing underlay for sloped roofs; with flammability index tested to [NZS/AS 1530.2](#), [AS/NZS 2295](#)

2.6 WINDOW DOOR SEALING SYSTEM

Proprietary window and door flashing tape and accessories to E2/AS1, paragraph 4.3.11, **Flexible flashing tape**, paragraph 9.1.5, **Wall underlays to wall openings**.

2.7 SAFETY MESH

Galvanized or PVC coated safety mesh [AS/NZS 4389](#).

2.8 ADHESIVE TAPE

Adhesive tapes to compliment the underlay. Pressure sensitive tapes for joining foil insulation and vapour barriers.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#) Table 23 Properties of Roof Underlays and Wall Underlays; and manufacturers technical literature.

Note: Care should be taken not to expose the underlay to continuous wet and windy conditions.

3.2 STORAGE

Store wall and roofing underlays and accessory materials, under conditions that ensure no deterioration or damage. Store rolls in an upright position on a smooth floor and protected from sunlight, UV radiation and moisture.

3.3 INSPECTION

Before starting work, check that the framing will allow work of the required standard. Carry out remedial work identified before laying underlay.

3.4 POLYETHYLENE DPC TO TIMBER

Lay polyethylene DPC under treated and untreated timber, including LOSP treated timber, of all timber framed walls on concrete and concrete masonry, in a single layer with 50mm overlaps at joints to provide a waterproof barrier.

3.5 BITUMINOUS DPC TO TIMBER

Lay bituminous DPC under timber of all timber framed walls on concrete, in a single layer with 50mm overlaps at joints to provide a waterproof barrier.

NOTE: Do not use bituminous DPC under LOSP treated timber.

3.6 DPC TO MASONRY

Lay DPC along base of cavity and fix top edge to studs with galvanized clouts. Turn DPC out over concrete rebate under bottom course of veneer.

3.7 DPC BETWEEN DISSIMILAR MATERIALS

Lay DPC between dissimilar materials where required.

3.8 DPM TO CONCRETE FLOOR

Lay DPM under concrete floor substrate over sand binding, in a single layer with 150mm overlaps at joints to provide a waterproof barrier.

3.9 WALL UNDERLAY

Fix horizontally to outside face of substrate in true alignment, with succeeding sheets overlapping 150mm to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), clause 9.1.7, **Wall underlay** and refer to manufacturer for requirement for fastenings. Fix to manufacturers requirements. Scribe neatly around penetrations and openings to leave no gaps. Tape all penetrations. Keep clean, undamaged and without visible weather deterioration until closed in.

3.10 METAL CLADDING ON TIMBER CAVITY BATTENS

Fix strip of underlay to face of batten before fixing the metal cladding.

3.11 INSTALL SAFETY MESH

Lay and fix safety mesh to [AS/NZS 4389](#).

3.12 ROOF UNDERLAY

Lay vertically over purlins on wire netting with a 150mm side lap. Fix securely to purlins with galvanized fixing clips. Lay underlay to avoid excessive dishing between purlins. When used vertically limit individual runs to 10 metres for bituminous based roofing underlays, 7 metres for fire retardant underlays and 20 metres for synthetic roofing underlays. Do not lay vertically on roof pitches under 10°.

Lay horizontally across the rafter/trusses starting at the gutter line with succeeding sheets in true alignment and lapping 150mm. Scribe around and fit neatly to all penetrations. Avoid prolong exposure by installing the roof immediately. UV exposure maximum 7 days.

3.13 COMPLETION

Clean up as the work proceeds. Leave work to the standard required by following procedures. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 DPM - CONCRETE FLOOR

Location: under slab
 Brand / type: Thermakraft Thermathene / polyethylene DPM
 Thickness: 0.25 mm

4.2 WALL UNDERLAY

Location: walls
 Brand / type: Thermakraft / Covertec 403

4.3 ROOFING UNDERLAY

Location: roof
 Brand / type: Thermakraft / Thermobar 344

4.4 SAFETY MESH

Location: roof
 Brand / type: ausmesh / safety netting
 Finish: galvanised

4230 WALL CLADDING

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS/NZS 1491	Finger jointed structural timber
AS/NZS 2269.0	Plywood - Structural - Specification
AS/NZS 2908.2	Cellulose-cement products - Flat sheets
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 3617	Profiles of weatherboards fascia boards and flooring
NZS 3631	New Zealand timber grading rules
BRANZ BU 601	Sealants for cladding joints

1.2 PERFORMANCE

Accept responsibility for the weathertight performance of the completed cladding system, including all penetrations.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 WALL UNDERLAYS

For flexible wall underlays refer to 4161 Underlays, foil and DPC.

2.2 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS

Radiata pine battens, minimum 20mm thickness, width and height to match timber framing studs. Treatment to [NZBC B2/AS1](#) and [NZS 3602](#), table 1, reference 1D.10, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 50-year durability performance.

2.3 EXTERIOR CAVITY CLOSER/VERMIN-PROOFING

Perforated uPVC, aluminium or stainless steel trays with upstands. Upstand one side 10mm and the other 75mm. Length and width to suit cavity.

2.4 BOARD AND BATTEN

In long lengths to profile detailed with species and grading to the requirements of [NZS 3602](#) but with all knots excluded. Treated to [NZS 3602](#), table 2A, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 15-year durability performance.

2.5 TIMBER FASCIAS AND BARGE BOARDS

Dressing grade to [NZS 3631](#) and treated to [NZS 3602](#), table 2, reference 2A.3, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 15-year durability performance. Finger jointed timber to [AS/NZS 1491](#).

2.6 NAILS, SCREWS AND FASTENINGS

Metal, size and pattern, to cladding manufacturer's requirements and complying with the relevant aspects of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, Durability.

2.7 FLASHINGS

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 4.0 **Flashings**. Material, grade and colour as detailed and scheduled. Ensure that materials used for flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials and fixings.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable moisture content to [NZS 3602](#) for:
Equilibrium moisture content (EMC)

- Framing: 20% at closing in
- Weatherboards: 14% at time of fixing

- Exterior joinery and trim: 14%

3.2 EXECUTION METHODS AND PRACTICES

To [NZS 3604](#) except as varied in this specification. Execution to include those methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, stairs).

3.3 PENETRATIONS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay/rigid air barrier to openings finished and dressed off with flashing tape ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

3.4 INSTALL DRAINED CAVITY

20mm Minimum thickness drained cavity to [NZBC E2/AS1: 9.0](#) Wall claddings, where required. Fix vertical cavity battens to wall framing studs. The battens are fixed by the cladding fixings which will penetrate the wall framing studs over the wall underlay. Seal the top of the cavity. Install cavity closer/vermin-proofing at base of walls, open horizontal (or raking) junctions, over openings (windows, meters etc). Do not use horizontal cavity battens. Use cavity spacers where fixing is required between cavity battens.

3.5 FIXINGS TO TIMBER CLADDINGS

Fixings to vertical board and batten to be silicone bronze rose head 75 mm annular grooved nail at 480 mm centres, to ensure minimum 35mm penetration of stud.

3.6 INSTALL EXTERIOR TIMBER FINISHINGS

Install timber fascias, barge boards, facings, beads, trim and enclosures level, true to line and face, with all end grain sealed and joints mitred.

3.7 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Install flashings, covers and soakers as detailed on the drawings and to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

3.8 USE OF SEALANTS

Selection and use of sealants to follow BRANZ BU 601: Sealants for cladding joints.

3.9 COMPLETE

Ensure the work is complete with all flashings, finishings and trim properly installed so the cladding system is completely weathertight. Replace damaged or marked elements. Remove unused materials from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 CAVITY BATTENS

Timber species: radiata pine
Treatment: H3.1 (non-structural)

4.2 TIMBER FASCIAS AND BARGE BOARDS

Species and grade: macrocarpa
Treatment: untreated
Width: 180 mm

4.3 EXTERIOR FINISHING TIMBER BOARD AND BATTENS

Species and grade: Macrocarpa
Treatment: untreated

4.4 NAILS, SCREWS AND FASTENINGS

Cladding	Fixing/fastening (metal/finish)	Fixing/fastening (type, gauge and length)	Centres (general and edge)
board and batten	silicone bronze	75 mm rose head annular grooved	480 mm

4241S STEEL & TUBE PROFILED METAL WALL CLADDING

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BMT	Base metal thickness
NZMRM	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
AS/NZS 2728	Prefinished/pre painted sheet metal products for interior/exterior building applications - Performance requirements
AS 3566	Self-drilling screws for the building and construction industries
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZMRM CoP	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Code of Practice

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

Steel & Tube's literature, including:

NZ Steel: Specifiers and Builders Guide
 NZ Steel: Installers Guide
 Product Technical Statements
 Design Solutions

Copies of the above literature are available from Steel & Tube

Web: www.steelandtube.co.nz
 Email: info@steelandtube.co.nz
 Telephone: Freephone 0800 333 247

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty in accordance with published supplier's guidance on materials, environments and building types:

15 years minimum	For perforation
15 years minimum	For coating

- Provide warranties on Steel & Tube's standard **Warranty Plus** format.
- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

5 years	Workmanship
From:	Date of installation

- Provide warranties on Steel & Tube's standard **Warranty Plus** warranty form
- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR for additional requirements.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified Steel & Tube products, or associated components and products.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Installers to be Steel & Tube Approved Installers. A list of recommended installers can be obtained at www.steelandtube.co.nz, or by telephoning Freephone 0800 333 247 or from the local Steel & Tube sales office.

1.8 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

1.9 FIXINGS, WIND

Design and use the fixings/fixing pattern appropriate for the wind design parameters and NZ Metal Roof and Wall Cladding - Code of Practice. Refer to Steel & Tube Roofing Solutions Product Guide for the selected profile. Allow for specific loadings at corners and the periphery of the cladding, where localised pressure factors apply. Fixing pattern to also take into account fixing method and girt/frame spacing.

1.10 CO-ORDINATE

Set cladding to vertical plumb lines and maintain verticality. Set all exposed fixings with horizontal string lines. Carefully set out sheets with side laps away from the main line of sight, and with the widths of end sheets the same. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and to keep fastenings in line.

1.11 SPREAD OF FIRE

To [NZBC C/AS1-AS7,5.8.2 a](#)) **Exterior surface finishes.**

1.12 PERFORMANCE

Install roofing material and associated flashings and accessories to form a weather tight and durable system.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRE-FINISHED ALUMINIUM/ZINC ALLOY COATED STEEL

Formability G550 steel sheet coated to [AS/NZS 2728](#).
Coating class: AZ 150

2.2 FASTENERS GENERALLY

Minimum Category 5 and durability not less than the roofing material being fixed. Screw fasteners to be head stamped identifying the manufacturer and class.

2.3 FIXING SCREWS

To AS 3566. Screws appropriate to the cladding material and the supporting structure, as required by **Steel & Tube** and with a durability no less than the material fixed. Screws into timber to penetrate by minimum 30mm.

2.4 RIVETS

Sealed aluminium, minimum diameter 4mm for use with zinc coated, zinc/aluminium coated or aluminium cladding.

2.5 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

Material, grade and colour as detailed and scheduled. Ensure that materials used for flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials and fixings. Where flashings are required but are not detailed, design to **Steel & Tube's** approved design solutions.

2.6 FLASHINGS

To [NZBC E2 /AS1, 4.0 Flashings](#).

Formable grade 0.55 BMT for galvanized, aluminium/zinc-coated and pre-painted steel, and 0.90 for aluminium (or 0.7mm for small aluminium flashings) to the same standards as the profiled sheets, notched where across profile or provided with a soft edge.

2.7 WALL AND PARAPET FLASHINGS

To [NZBC E2/AS1, 4.0 Flashings](#).

Supplied by the cladding manufacturer to match or to suit the cladding.

2.8 CLOSURE STRIPS

Non-bituminous compressible, profiled foam strips to fit the sheet profile, or pre notched perforated metal closures.

Brand/Type: Ecofoam

2.9 WIRE NETTING

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

2.10 WALL UNDERLAY

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

2.11 SEALANT

Steel & Tube neutral curing silicone or MS polymer sealant and used as directed.

2.12 LAP SEALING TAPE

Closed cell self adhesive Trimseallap tape.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 INSPECTION**

Inspect the wall framing and supporting structure to ensure that it is complete and fully braced ready for cladding.

3.2 STORAGE

Stack cladding and accessories on clean, level areas of the site and protect from mechanical damage, wind damage and contamination. Loosely cover dry sheeting, with any wet sheeting fillet or cross stack to allow air to circulate. Remove strippable protective film, if applied, prior to prolonged exposure to sunlight.

3.3 FRAMING TIMBER MOISTURE

For transverse flashings the framing moisture content to be a maximum of 18%.. Transverse flashings can be temporarily tacked in place and final fixing done when moisture content is acceptable.

3.4 HANDLING

Avoid distortion and contact with damaging substances, including cement. Do not drag sheets across each other and other materials. Protect edges and surface finishes from damage.

3.5 SEPARATION

Isolate dissimilar materials in close proximity as necessary by painting the surfaces or fitting separator strips of compatible materials. Place isolators between metals and treated timber and cement based materials. Do not use unpainted lead sheet or copper in contact with or allow water run-off onto galvanized and aluminium/zinc-coated metals.

3.6 SET-OUT

Set cladding to vertical plumb lines and maintain verticality. Set all exposed fixings with horizontal string lines. Carefully set out sheets with side laps away from the main line of sight, and with the widths of end sheets the same. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and to keep fastenings in line.

3.7 AVOID END LAPS

End laps are not permitted, except where specifically detailed.

3.8 FIXING GENERALLY

Install and fix in accordance with the [NZMRM CoP](#). Use only screws as specified by **Steel & Tube**. Paint colour matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.9 FIX UNDERLAYS

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

3.10 PENETRATIONS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and

- door frames and other penetrations
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

3.11 MARKING AND CUTTING

Cut only by shearing tools. Do not use black lead pencils for marking Zinalume®, galvanized, Colorsteel® or Colorcote® products.

3.12 FIX SHEETS

Fix sheets in place using the fastening system specified by **Steel & Tube** making due allowance for dynamic local wind pressures on the building and thermal movement in the sheet. Where battens are installed fasten cladding through battens to primary structure. Ensure fixings penetrate 30mm into primary timber structure.

3.13 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Flash to penetrations, cap corners and edges, using sealant and rivets to detail, to **Steel & Tube's** requirements and to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

3.14 COMPLETE

Ensure the work is complete with all flashings, finishing and trim properly installed so the cladding system is completely weathertight.

3.15 SEPARATION

Separate metal sheeting from CCA treated timber with wall underlay or other suitable isolation material.

3.16 COMPLETION

Replace all damaged or marked elements. Leave this work complete with all necessary flashings and capping all properly installed as the work proceeds so the finished cladding is completely weathertight. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.steelandtube.co.nz

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 COATING SYSTEM - EXPOSURE ZONE D (CAT 4)

Project Exposure Zone D to [NZS 3604](#), C 4 to ISO 9223.

Profile/location:	Plumbdek roofing
Base material:	zinalume
Coating system:	colour steel Endura
Coating colour:	to be selected

Cladding

4.2 STEEL & TUBE - PLUMBDEK, LOW RIB TRAPEZOIDAL CLADDING

BMT/material:	0.55 mm
Framing material:	timber
Pan fixing:	12-11x32 category 5 dual point with neos

4.3 FLASHINGS - GENERALLY

BMT/material:	0.55 mm
Coating system:	To match cladding
Paint colour:	To match cladding

4.4 CLOSURE STRIPS

Brand:	Ecofoam™ or pre-notched perforated metal closers to match plumbdek profile
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4311SC STEEL & TUBE PROFILED METAL COMMERCIAL ROOFING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of **Steel & Tube®** profiled metal roofing for commercial and industrial buildings, complete with accessories.

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BMT	Base metal thickness
NZMRM	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc.
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC G12/AS1	Water Supplies
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
NZS 2295	Pliable, permeable building underlays
NZS 3403	Hot-dip galvanised corrugated steel sheet for building purposes
AS/NZS 2728	Pre-finished/pre-painted sheet metal products for interior/exterior building applications - Performance requirements
AS 3566	Self-drilling screws for the building and construction industries
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS/NZS 4200.1	Pliable building membranes and underlays - Materials
AS/NZS 4200.2	Pliable building membranes and underlays - Installation requirements
AS/NZS 4534	Zinc and zinc/aluminium-alloy coatings on steel wire
NZMRM CoP	NZ Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents related to this section are:

Steel & Tube® literature, including:

Product Guide
Product Technical Statements
Design Guide
NZ Steel: Specifiers and Builders Guide
NZ Steel: Installers Guide

Copies of the above literature are available from **Steel & Tube®**

Web: www.steelandtube.co.nz
Email: info@steelandtube.co.nz
Telephone: Freephone 0800 333 247

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty in accordance with published supplier's guidance on materials, environments and building types:

15 years minimum	For perforation
15 years minimum	For coatings

Warranty period and conditions for Colorcote® coatings are product specific and dependent on the project location and exposure zone. Obtain confirmation of warranty details from Pacific Coilcoaters web site www.colorcote.co.nz/about-us/warranties

Provide warranties in **Steel & Tube®** standard **Warranty Plus** format.
Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:
Warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against weatherproofing failure.

5 years: For workmanship
Form: Roofing installers standard form
Provide warranties in **Steel & Tube®** standard **Warranty Plus** format.

- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

Include a copy of the **Steel & Tube®** maintenance requirements with the warranty.
Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR for additional requirements.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified **Steel & Tube®** products, or associated components and products.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Roofers to be **Steel & Tube®** Approved Installers. A list of approved installers can be obtained from the **Steel & Tube®** website, by telephone or from the local **Steel & Tube®** sales office.

Web: www.steelandtube.co.nz
Email: info@steelandtube.co.nz
Telephone: Freephone 0800 427 663

1.8 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Manufacturer's, importer's or distributors warranty
- Installer's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the installer
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

1.9 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone H (refer to NZS3604, table 5.4)

1.10 FIXINGS, WIND

Design and use the fixings/fixing pattern appropriate for the wind design parameters and [NZMRM CoPNZ](#) 'Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice'. Refer to **Steel & Tube®** 'Product Technical Statements' for the selected profile. Allow for specific loadings at corners and the periphery of the roof, where localised pressure factors apply. Fixing pattern to also take into account fixing method and purlin spacing.

1.11 PERFORMANCE

Install roofing material and associated flashings and accessories in accordance with the [NZMRM CoP](#) NZ 'Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice' to form a weather tight and durable roofing system, including all penetrations through the roof and junctions with walls and parapets.

1.12 DRINKING WATER

Roofing for collecting potable water to NZBCG12/AS1.

1.13 CO-ORDINATE

Co-ordinate to ensure substrate and preparatory work is complete and other work programmed in the order required for access and completion of the roof. Ensure that all necessary members are positioned so that flashing can be fastened at both edges through the roof profile or cladding to the primary structure.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRE-FINISHED ALUMINIUM/ZINC ALLOY COATED STEEL

Grade G550 steel sheet coated to [AS/NZS 2728](#)
Coating class: AZ 150

2.2 FASTENERS GENERALLY

Fixings and fasteners are to be compatible with all materials, the environment and meeting the requirements of the NZ Building Code. Installation is to be in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#) and/or the NZ 'Metal Roof and Wall Cladding - Code of Practice'. Minimum Category 4 and durability not less than the roofing material being fixed. Screw fasteners to be head stamped identifying the manufacturer and class.

2.3 FIXING SCREWS

To AS 3566. Screws appropriate to the roofing material and the supporting structure, as required by the roofing manufacturer and with a minimum Category 4 durability and not less than the material being fixed. Screws into timber to penetrate by minimum 30mm.

2.4 RIVETS

Sealed aluminium, minimum diameter 4mm, for use with zinc coated, zinc/aluminium coated or aluminium roofing.

2.5 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.

Grade 0.55mm BMT for galvanized, aluminium/zinc-coated and pre-painted steel, and 0.90mm for aluminium (or 0.70mm for small aluminium flashings) to the same standards as the profiled sheets, notched where across profile or provided with a soft edge. Where flashings are required but are not detailed, design to **Steel & Tube®** approved recommendations and designs.

2.6 FLASHINGS TO VERGE, RIDGE AND HIP

To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.

Supplied by the roofing manufacturer to match or to suit the roofing.

2.7 BOOT FLASHINGS

EPDM proprietary pipe flashing laid on 45° bias to roofing, with over-flashing (soaker flashing) if required.

A boot flashing should be positioned so that it dams a roofing pan no more than 50%, if this cannot be avoided use an over-flashing back to the ridge and fix the boot flashing to that.

2.8 SEALANT

Neutral curing silicone or MS polymer sealant as required by **Steel & Tube®** and used as directed.

2.9 CLOSURE STRIPS

Compressible, profiled, closed cell foam strips to fit the sheet profile.

2.10 LAP SEALING TAPE

Closed cell self-adhesive 'Trimseal™' lap tape.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

Inspect the roof framing and supporting structure to ensure that it is complete and fully braced ready for roofing and free from any misalignments or protrusions that could adversely affect the roofing.

3.2 FRAMING TIMBER MOISTURE

For transverse flashing the timber framing moisture content to be a maximum of 18%. Transverse flashing can be temporarily tacked in place and final fixing carried out when moisture content is acceptable.

3.3 STORAGE

On delivery, visually inspect sheets for damage and accept only packs of undamaged roofing.

Reject all damaged material, as 'touch-ups' are not acceptable. Stack roofing and accessories on clean, level areas of the site and protect from mechanical damage, wind damage and contamination. Loosely cover dry sheeting, with any wet sheeting fillet or cross stack to allow air to circulate. Remove strippable protective film, if applied, prior to prolonged exposure to sunlight.

3.4 HANDLING

Avoid distortion and contact with damaging substances, including cement. Do not drag sheets across each other or other materials. Protect edges and surface finishes from damage; keep material undercover until the product is to be installed. Use soft, flat soled shoes when fixing and for all other work on the roof.

3.5 SEPARATION

Place isolators between dissimilar metals and separate roofing from treated timber and cement based materials. Do not use unpainted lead sheet or copper in contact with, or allow water run-off onto, galvanized or Zincalume® materials.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF PROFILED ROOFING - GENERALLY

Install and fix roofing in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#) and [NZMRM CoP](#) NZ 'Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice' recommendations. Refer to **Steel & Tube®** Product Technical Statements for fixing patterns and details for each selected profile and area of the roof. Use only fixings as recommended by **Steel & Tube®**, and paint colour-matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.7 SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

Ensure supporting structure is in accordance with drawings and with sufficient fixing points for roofing, flashing and safety mesh. Provide a fall for roof drainage minimum as required by selected profile.

3.8 PURLIN SPACING / SPANS

Maximum purlin spacing to be in accordance with **Steel & Tube®** 'Product Technical Statements' for the selected profile. Fix sheets to every purlin.

3.9 SET-OUT

Carefully set out with consideration of the position of side laps to take account of the line of sight. Ensure all sheets are square and over-sailing the gutter true to line. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and string lines along purlin centres to keep fastenings in line.

3.10 END LAPS

Install in continuous lengths without end laps. End laps are not generally permitted, except where specifically detailed. Where end laps are unavoidable, seal both ends of the lap with sealing tape or sealant and 4mm sealed rivets at maximum 50mm centres, to detail in [NZMRM CoP](#) NZ (Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice).

3.11 FIXING GENERALLY

Install and fix in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#), the [NZMRM CoP](#) requirements, and to **Steel & Tube®** recommendations. Paint colour matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.12 MARKING AND CUTTING

Cut only using shearing tools. Do not use black lead pencils for marking aluminium/zinc coated products; use ink pen, chalk line or coloured pencil only. Remove all cutting and drilling debris from the roof as work proceeds.

3.13 FIX SHEETS

Fix sheets in place using the fastening system required by **Steel & Tube®** for specified profiles, making due allowance for dynamic local wind pressures on the building and thermal movement in the sheet.

3.14 THERMAL MOVEMENT

Roof fixing and jointing to conform to **Steel & Tube®** requirements for thermal movement. [NZBC E2](#) /AS1: 8.4.10 'Allowance for expansion', note specific design is required for lengths exceeding 18 metres.

3.15 STOP ENDS AND DOWNTURNS

Form stop-ends at the upper end of sheets. Form downturns at the gutter line where the roof pitch is less than 8 degrees. Form using purpose made tools.

3.16 FLASHING

Flash roof to parapets, walls and penetrations to detail. Where no detail is provided flash to [NZMRM CoP](#) recommendations and **Steel & Tube®** requirements. Cut accurately and fix using sealant and rivets to detail and to **Steel & Tube®** requirements to form a weatherproof cover. For highly visible flashing, plan joints/junction to take account of the aesthetic requirements.

3.17 USE OF SEALANTS

Select and use sealants only as recommended by **Steel & Tube®**. Apply sealant in two narrow beads transversely across flashing intersections, close to the two edges. Avoid exposing sealant on outside surfaces.

3.18 FLASHING PENETRATIONS

Flash all penetrations through the roof. Fit pipe flashing with a proprietary collar flashing to manufacturer's requirements, with other penetrations flashed as detailed to provide a weathertight installation. Ensure that all flashing is located to avoid any ponding of water.

3.19 INSTALL RIDGING

Install ridging by fastening to the purlins through the leading edge of the roofing. Do not fasten transverse flashing to timber with moisture content >18%.

3.20 COMPLETION

Replace damaged or marked elements. Do not attempt to repair coatings by applying colour match paint to pre-finished surfaces. Leave this work complete with all necessary flashing, under-cloaks, valleys, ridges and hips all properly installed as the work proceeds so the finished roof is completely weathertight. Remove trade rubbish and unused materials from the roof and surrounds daily during the work. Sweep down at the end of each day, and clean out spouting, gutters and rainwater pipes on completion of the roof. Remove debris, unused materials and components from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.steelandtube.co.nz

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 COATING SYSTEM - EXPOSURE ZONE D (CAT 4)

Project Exposure Zone D to [NZS 3604](#), C 4 to ISO 9223.

Profile/location:	Plumbdek
Base material:	zincalume
Coating system:	colour steel Endura
Coating colour:	to be selected

Roofing

4.2 STEEL & TUBE - PLUMBDEK, LOW RIB TRAPEZOIDAL ROOFING

BMT/material:	0.55 mm
Framing material:	timber
Fixing:	12 x 65 category 5 Dual Point with neoprene washers
Fixing pattern:	Refer to Steel & Tube Plumbdek™ literature for details

4.3 CLOSURE STRIP

Brand:	Ecofoam™ or pre-notched perforated metal closer to match plumbdek profile
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4422 SYNTHETIC RUBBER SHEET MEMBRANE

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Documents referred to in this section are:

NZBC E2/AS1 External moisture

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.2 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

20 years: For waterproofing membrane

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.3 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

5 years: For membrane installation

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

Roofing to be carried out by competent workers licensed by membrane system manufacturer and experienced with the materials and in the techniques specified.

1.5 PERFORMANCE

Accept responsibility for the weather/water-tight performance of the completed system, including all penetrations through the membrane and junctions with walls and parapets.

1.6 TEST

Flood test horizontal areas where practical with a minimum 50mm depth of water for 24 hours. Make good any watertightness deficiencies when the surface is completely dry.

1.7 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Manufacturer's, importer's or distributors warranty
- Installer's / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 BUTYL RUBBER SHEET

Single ply membrane compounded from vulcanised isobutylene isoprene copolymer. Thickness 1mm, colour black

2.2 APPROVED COMPONENTS

"As approved" means that the following materials are compatible to the membrane and are part of the system required by the membrane manufacturer for each specific location and substrate.

- Adhesives:As approved
- Primer:As approved
- Sealants:As approved
- Solvents:As approved
- Seam/lap tapes:As approved

2.3 TAPES

Flashing, overlay and moulding tapes to the membrane manufacturer's requirements to suit the specific location.

2.4 CAPPINGS AND FLASHINGS

As detailed and as required by the membrane manufacturer.

2.5 EDGE TRIM

Metal or timber to the membrane manufacturer's details to suit the specific location.

2.6 OUTLETS

As supplied and required by the membrane manufacturer.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 GENERALLY**

All work and materials to the membrane manufacturer's requirements and complying with the relevant requirements of [NZBC E2/AS1](#).]

3.2 STORAGE

Take delivery of sheet in rolls undamaged and include for site handling facilities where required. Stack off the ground on a level surface and with accessories.

3.3 WEATHER

Apply coverings in a dry atmospheric condition and only when the air temperature is above 8°C.

3.4 ACCEPTANCE OF SUBSTRATE

Confirm that the substrate, including wall and parapet junctions, penetrations, battens, fillets, sumps, outlets, rebates and projections, will ensure work of the required standard. Ensure the substrate fall complies with [NZBC E2/AS1](#), including correct fall to rainwater outlets to avoid ponding.

3.5 FALLS

Exposed exterior membrane minimum falls.

1 : 100 minimum For gutters (to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 8.5.1 c.)

3.6 PRELIMINARY WORK

Ensure that preliminary work, including fixing of vents and outlets to levels, is complete and properly constructed to enable the system to work as intended. This work and the substrate to be smooth, clean and dry.

3.7 PLYWOOD SUBSTRATE

Confirm plywood substrate is C-D, H3 CCA treated T&G flooring ply, C face up, with sheets butted, glued and screwed in a staggered pattern to the plywood manufacturers' specification. Ensure a 5mm expansion gap at the perimeter of roof/deck.

Ensure that all edges of plywood sheets are fully supported, rigid, with joints flush, no lumps or hollows, smooth, clean, dry and free of debris.

Plywood and the timber substructure to have a maximum moisture content of 20% when the membrane is adhered.

Tape plywood joints with 25mm self-adhesive tape (apply after priming if required by manufacturer).

3.8 APPLY PRIMER FOR BUTYL MEMBRANE

Apply an even layer of primer/adhesive over the whole base and allow to dry before applying covering.

3.9 RELAX SHEETS

Run out sheets and allow to relax for 20 minutes before using. Do not lay sheets in lengths exceeding 25 metres. Do not stretch sheets or tapes in laying.

3.10 APPLY ADHESIVE

Apply adhesive to both the exposed membrane and the exposed substrate, one half at a time. Do not thin adhesive with solvent.

3.11 LAY SHEETS

Lay sheets across the roof slope and lap long edges to full width of selvage, to manufacturer's requirements. Smooth down and roll to remove entrapped air. Adhesive bond and seal to the membrane manufacturer's requirements and roll or rub down as the work proceeds.

3.12 MOVEMENT JOINTS

To manufacturer's requirements and details.

3.13 INSPECT

Inspect and test joints on completion.

3.14 UPSTANDS AND DOWNTURNS

Form upstands and downturns. Upstands not less than 100mm at openings and 150mm elsewhere.

3.15 PENETRATIONS AND JUNCTIONS

Confirm that openings, penetrations and junctions have been prepared ready for the installation of the membrane. Required work includes the following:

- neatly finished to all sides of openings and to all wall and parapet junctions
- installation of membrane flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements and/or wall cladding/lining).
- completion of membrane flashings after final fix of penetrating elements etc (those required to be completed as a second fix due to staged installation of penetrating elements and/or wall cladding/lining).

3.16 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal all debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

3.17 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair damaged or marked membrane. Replace damaged or marked membrane where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Leave work in a sound and waterproof condition to the standard required for following procedures.

3.18 PROTECTION

- Provide access boards for later operations.
- Protect the membrane until completion of the contract works.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 BUTYL SYNTHETIC RUBBER SHEET MEMBRANE

Location/substrate:	internal gutter / plywood
Brand/type:	Ardex / butanol
Thickness:	1 mm
Colour:	black

4.2 OUTLETS

Scupper outlet:	10276 scupper
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4511 EXTERIOR TIMBER WINDOWS & DOORS

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind loads
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4211	Specification for performance of windows
NZS 4223.3	Glazing in buildings - Human impact safety requirements

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

SLS	Serviceability limit state
ULS	Ultimate limit state

1.3 PERFORMANCE - STRUCTURAL/WEATHER-TIGHTNESS

The structural and weather-tight performance of the completed window installation, the glazing and infill panels is the responsibility of the window manufacturer.

1.4 WIND - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Design the installation to the wind zone parameters of [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4.
Refer to SELECTIONS for wind zone.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 EXTERIOR TIMBER

Solid timber to [NZS 3602](#) to profiles detailed. Moisture content 16% ex factory.

2.2 SASHES

Solid/finger jointed timber to profiles detailed and complete with weather-seals and weather hoods as necessary.

2.3 EXTERIOR FACINGS AND SCRIBERS

Treated H3.1 unless durable heart wood, to profiles detailed/scheduled.

2.4 GLASS

Refer to glazing sections for glass type and thickness. To [NZS 4223.3](#).

2.5 PANELS

Refer to SELECTIONS for type.

2.6 INTERIOR TIMBER

To [NZS 3602](#). Moisture content 10-14%.

2.7 STANDARD DOORS

Frames to profile as detailed and dimensioned.

2.8 STANDARD DOORSETS, SLIDING

Frames to profile as detailed and dimensioned.

2.9 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

Ensure that materials used for head, jamb and sill flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials.

2.10 WINDOW AND DOOR FURNITURE

to be selected.

2.11 METAL FASTENINGS

Galvanized steel or non-corrodible metal.

2.12 SCREWS

Stainless steel or non-corrodible metal. Length sufficient to penetrate into the background support up to the shank. Screws for fixing hinges, hardware or furniture to match the item being attached.

2.13 NAILS

Length sufficient to penetrate into the background support at least half the nail length, except if into radiata pine then three-fifths their length.

2.14 SASH STAYS

Aluminium, nylon-bearing friction stays - 2 per sash. Size and gauge to suit sash size and weight.

2.15 HINGES

Size and gauge to carry door size and weight. Refer to SELECTIONS for type, size and material.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERALLY

Execution to include those methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, and stairs).

3.2 DO NOT DELIVER

Do not deliver any elements which cannot be unloaded immediately into suitable storage conditions.

3.3 HANDLE

Handle, unload and store elements without distortion and avoiding pre-finished surfaces rubbing together, and contact with mud, moisture and other damaging materials.

3.4 PROTECT

Protect all elements against damage to arrises and glazing beads. Store frames and doors flat and away from moisture or direct sunlight.

3.5 FABRICATE DOORSETS

Fabricate doorsets in the factory with doors hung, provision for furniture made, finishes applied and fully operable.

3.6 FABRICATE DOORS

Fabricate doors in the factory, with provision for door furniture.

3.7 CHECK ALL OPENINGS

Check all openings on site for size and standard of execution before installing window or door frames.

3.8 CONFIRM PREPARATION OF EXTERIOR WALL OPENINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames. Do not proceed with the window and door installation until required preparatory work has been completed.

Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay/building wrap to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames to [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.5](#) Wall underlay to wall openings.
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those which are required to be installed prior to frames).

3.9 FABRICATION GENERALLY

Manufacture and fabricate frames, doors and sashes as detailed. Install hinges, stays and running gear as scheduled.

3.10 FABRICATION SASHES

Solid/finger-jointed timber to profiles detailed, complete with weather seals and weather hoods as necessary and as detailed.

3.11 HINGES

Fit hinges to doors to support the door size and weight

3 hinges	Doors up to 2.2 metres
4 hinges	Doors 2.2 - 2.6 metres
5 hinges	Doors 2.6 - 5.0 metres

Fit minimum 2 hinges per window sash

3.12 FACTORY FINISHING

Before delivery to site:

- Prepare assemblies scheduled for clear finish.
- Prime rebates and concealed faces of beads of assemblies scheduled for clear finish with an alkyd wood primer.
- Brace square and provide protection to assemblies during delivery to site. Where factory glazed, indicate the presence of transparent glasses with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type.

3.13 ON SITE FINISHING

Before installation:

- Prime all rebates and concealed faces of beads of assemblies scheduled for clear finish with an alkyd wood primer.
- Re-prime/seal any subsequently cut edge.
- Refer to painting section/s for finishing.

3.14 FIXING FRAMES

Fit flashings to frame and framing as required. Fix and assemble frames rigidly in place, plumb, level and true to line and face without distortion and with all opening sashes fully and easily operating. Fit facings, scribes, draught-stopping and sealants.

3.15 DISTORTION

Do not distort frames when wedging or other packing, or when tightening fixings. If necessary adjust packing and fixings to eliminate binding. Do not cut, plane or sand frames to remedy distortion.

3.16 FIXINGS

Fix frames so that nail heads are covered by applied stops and beads. Punch all nail heads below timber surfaces which will be visible in completed work. Ensure that at least one frame fixing is adjacent to each hanging point.

3.17 EXTERNAL DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES AND SASHES

Fabricate as detailed. Jamb, head and sill liners as detailed. Wedge and rigidly fix in place without distortion, plumb, and true to line and face, complete with full length sill tray, jamb and cap flashings and with all doors and sashes operating freely. Fit hardware.

3.18 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Install flashings to heads, jambs and sills of frames as required by the window manufacturer and as detailed on the drawings. Finish head flashings to match window finish.

Place all flashings so that the head flashing weathers the jamb flashings, which in turn weathers over the upstand of the sill flashing. Ensure that sill flashings drain to the outside air.

Except where window/door frames are recessed, ensure that head flashings over-sail jamb facings by 15mm at each end. Refer to 4821 FLASHINGS section for supply and installation.

3.19 COMPLETE AIR SEAL

To [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.6](#) Air seals. Form an air-tight seal by means of proprietary expanding foam, compressible foam strips, or sealants used with backing rods. Ensure that in combination with the internal linings a complete air seal is created.

3.20 FIX HARDWARE

Fix all sash hardware and furniture as scheduled.

3.21 SAFETY STAYS

Factory fit safety stays to all windows scheduled for safety stays and to all windows where safety stays are required to comply with [NZBC F4/AS1 4.0](#), Opening windows.

3.22 PROPRIETARY ELEMENTS

Fix in accordance with the door manufacturer's requirements.

3.23 INSTALLATION GENERALLY

Frames finished to match the width of lined walls. Wedge frames into opening and nail through into the studs. Locate all wedges and fixing at hinge positions and opposite, with one fixing in the vicinity of the lock. Fixings concealed behind planted stops.

Hang doors on hinges, sliding or bi-fold gear as specified and to operate freely. Fit all hardware and door furniture.

3.24 TIMBER STUD WALLS - TIMBER FRAMES

Wedge into opening and nail through into the studs. All wedges and fixing to be at hinge positions and opposite, with one fixing in the vicinity of the lock.

3.25 REMOVE DOORS

Remove doors from the frames if necessary to protect them, or for re-finishing, store safely and near completion refit them, all without any damage.

3.26 INSTALL PANELS

Prime rebates and beads; install sealant backing strips or silicone. Install dry beading to outside of panels as selected. Do not mitre corners of beads.

3.27 INSTALL FURNITURE

Install latches, locks and door furniture as scheduled.

3.28 COMPLETION

Check and adjust operation of all doors, hardware and furniture. Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Adjust operation of equipment and moving parts not working correctly. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 WIND - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone: H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

4.2 EXTERIOR TIMBER FRAME, DOOR & SASHES

Location:	refer to the drawings
Timber species:	macrocarpa
Grade:	heart wood
Treatment:	none
Finish:	clear

4.3 HINGES, WINDOWS

Pin:	Fixed pin
Material:	Stainless steel

4521 ALUMINIUM WINDOWS AND DOORS

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

SLS	Serviceability limit state
ULS	Ultimate limit state
WANZ	Windows Association of New Zealand
PQAS	Powder Coating Quality Assurance System

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
NZBC H1/VM1	Energy efficiency
NZBC H1/AS1	Energy efficiency
AS/NZS 1580.108.1	Methods of test for paints and related materials - Determination of dry film thickness on metallic substrates - Non destructive methods
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind loads
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
AS/NZS 1734	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - flat sheets, coiled sheet and plate
AS/NZS 1866	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Extruded rod, bar, solid and hollow shapes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS 3715	Metal finishing - Thermoset powder coatings for architectural applications
BS 3900	Methods of tests for paints, Part C5: Determination of film thickness
NZS 4211	Specification for performance of windows
NZS 4223.3	Glazing in buildings - Human impact safety requirements
AS/NZS 4680	Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles
WANZ Installation Guide:	The WANZ Guide to Window Installation as described in E2/AS1 Amendment 6.
WANZ PQAS	Powder Coating Quality Assurance System
WANZ SFA 3503-03	Anodic Oxide coatings on wrought aluminium for external architectural application (2005).
BRANZ BU 337	Protecting Window Glass from Surface Damage
AAMA 2604	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for high performance organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels.
AAMA 2605	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for superior performing organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels.
US Federal Specification	
TT-S-001543A	Sealing compound, silicone rubber base (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)
TT-S-00230C	Sealing compound, elastomeric type, single component (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)

1.3 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

5 years: For fabrication

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

1.4 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

2 years: For installation

- Provide this warranty in the installer/applicator standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

Work to be carried out by trades people experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.6 COMPLIANCE

Windows and doors to be manufactured and installed to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

1.7 CERTIFICATION

Provide evidence of a certificate by a laboratory accredited by International Accreditation of New Zealand that the windows and doors offered comply with the requirements of [NZS 4211](#).

1.8 PERFORMANCE - WINDOWS

To [NZS 4211](#), including:

- deflection, opening sashes, air infiltration, water penetration, ultimate strength, torsional strength of sashes, marking.

Refer to SELECTIONS.

1.9 PERFORMANCE - STRUCTURAL/WEATHER-TIGHTNESS

The structural and weather-tight performance of the completed joinery, the glazing and infill panels is the responsibility of the window manufacturer.

1.10 WIND - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Design the installation to the wind zone parameters of [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4.
Refer to SELECTIONS for wind zone.

1.11 CERTIFY COATINGS - POWDER COATING

Certify on request, compliance with this specification and support with control and sampling records.
Test for film thickness to BS 3900, part C5, method No. 4, using method (b) or to AS/NZ 1580.108.1 for certifying thickness and method (a) where any dispute arises as to the thickness provided.
The coating should be applied by an applicator who can certify that the coating has been applied in accordance with the specification.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 ALUMINIUM EXTRUSIONS

Alloy designation to comply with [AS/NZS 1866](#). Branded and extruded for anodising or powder coating.

2.2 ALUMINIUM SHEET AND STRIP

Complying with [AS/NZS 1734](#) of suitable thickness. Rolled for anodising or powder coating.
Alloy designation: 5251 - H16 or 5005 - H16

2.3 STAINLESS STEEL SHEET AND STRIP

Type: 316 austenitic steel
Finish grade: 2B (satin lustre)

2.4 GLASS

Refer to the glazing section for glass types and installation.

2.5 REVEALS - TIMBER PAINTED

Timber reveals for paint finish with all sides primed grooved for wall linings or flush finished for architraves.

2.6 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10 **Windows and Doors**. Material, grade and colour of head flashings to match the window frames. Ensure that materials used for head, jamb and sill flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials.

2.7 SILL PAN FLASHING

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10.5 Window and Door Sills. Flashing for direct fix claddings to collect and drain water that may penetrate through the window or door unit. Size to extend from the inner most point of the aluminium frame out over the external face of the cladding.

2.8 WANZ SUPPORT ANGLE

Support angle, for use below the sill pan, for deeper claddings to transfer the weight of the window back to the frame. Size to suit cladding thickness.

2.9 GLAZING GASKETS

Thermoplastic rubber. Do not stretch glazing gaskets during installation. Measure and cut gaskets 5-10% over length before installation.

2.10 HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Hinges, stays, catches, fasteners, latches, locks and furniture as offered by the window and door manufacturer. Refer to SELECTIONS for type and finish. Key alike all lockable window hardware able to be keyed alike.

2.11 SAFETY STAYS

Stainless steel non releasable restrictors to limit window opening to [NZBC F4/AS1](#), Table 2, Acceptable opening sizes for barriers.

2.12 STRUCTURAL SEALANT

Silicone chemically curing sealant specifically formulated and tested or approved equivalent with not less than a $\pm 40\%$ movement factor complying with US Federal Specification TT S 001543A.

2.13 WEATHERING/INSTALLATION SEALANT

Building sealant used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for weather sealing aluminium frames to the cladding, complying with US Federal Specification TT S 0011534A, or a one-part polyurethane moisture curing, elastic joint sealant of medium modulus ($\pm 25\%$ movement) to US Federal Specification TT S 00230C.

2.14 FOAM TAPE

Foam tape to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10.7 **Closed cell foam tape**.

2.15 POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM - HIGH DUTY

Polyester powder coating in accordance with [WANZ PQAS](#) and AAMA 2604.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DO NOT DELIVER

Do not deliver to site any elements which cannot be unloaded immediately into suitable conditions of storage.

3.2 UNLOAD WINDOW JOINERY

Unload, handle and store elements in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 AVOID DISTORTION

Avoid distortion of elements during transit, storage and handling.

3.4 PREVENT DAMAGE

Prevent prefinished surfaces rubbing together, and contact with mud, plaster and cement. Keep paper and cardboard wrappings dry.

3.5 PROPRIETARY ELEMENTS

Fix in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.6 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings to BRANZ BU 337 and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades. Remove protection on completion.

3.7 ADDITIONAL PROTECTION

Supply and fix additional protection as necessary to prevent marking of surfaces which will be visible on completed work.

3.8 SUPPLY OF FIXINGS

Use only fixings and fastenings recommended by the manufacturer of the component being fixed and to comply with the ULS wind pressure stated in SELECTIONS. Ensure fixings and fastenings exposed to the weather are of aluminium, or Type 316 stainless steel or if not exposed to the weather may they be hot-dip galvanized steel with a coating weight of 610 g/m² complying with [AS/NZS 4680](#).

3.9 INSTALLATION FIXING

To [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.1.10.8](#), **Attachments for windows and doors**. Fix windows/doors through reveal to frame with a pair of 75 x 3.15mm minimum galvanised jolt head nails or a pair of 8 gauge x 65mm minimum stainless steel screws. Fix at a maximum of 450 centres along all reveals and a maximum of 150mm from reveal ends. Ensure fixings do not penetrate metal flashings. Install packers between reveals and framing at fixing points, except at the head.

3.10 FABRICATION

Fabricate frames as detailed on shop drawings. Install glazing, hinges, stays and running gear as scheduled. Provide temporary bracing and protection. Temporarily secure all opening elements for transportation.

3.11 TIMBER REVEALS

Before fixing to aluminium frames, ensure that timber reveals which are being painted have been primed on all surfaces.

3.12 HARDWARE GENERALLY

Factory fit all required and scheduled hardware. Account for all keys and deliver separately to the site manager.

3.13 SAFETY STAYS

Factory fit safety stays to all windows scheduled for safety stays and to all windows where safety stays are required to comply with [NZBC F4/AS1 4.0](#), Opening windows.

3.14 CORROSION PROTECTION

Before fixing, apply suitable barriers of bituminous coatings, stops or underlays between dissimilar metals in contact, or between aluminium in contact with concrete.

3.15 CONFIRM PREPARATION OF EXTERIOR WALL OPENINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames. Do not proceed with the window and door installation until required preparatory work has been completed.

Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay/building wrap to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames to [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.5](#) **Wall underlays to wall openings**.
- Full height 20mm jamb battens to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) figure 72A (direct fix only)
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those which are required to be installed prior to frames).

3.16 INSTALLATION

Fix to comply with the reviewed shop drawings and installation details including flashings and bedding compounds, pointing sealants and weathering sealants.

3.17 INSTALLATION DIRECT FIX

Install to window manufacturers details and drawings including sill pans to window and door units.

3.18 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Install flashings to heads, jambs and sills of frames as supplied and required by the window manufacturer and as detailed on the drawings. Finish head flashings to match window finish.

Place all flashings so that the head flashing weathers the jamb flashings, which in turn weathers over the upstand of the sill flashing. Ensure that sill flashings drain to the outside air.

Except where window/door frames are recessed, ensure that head flashings over-sail unit by 20mm minimum plus any jamb scribe width at each end.

3.19 COMPLETE AIR SEAL

To [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.6](#) Air seals. Form an air-tight seal by means of a proprietary expanding foam or sealants used with backing rods, applied between the window / door reveal and structural framing to a depth of 10 - 20mm, to provide a continuous air tight seal to the perimeter of the window or door.

3.20 FIX HARDWARE

Fix all sash and door hardware and furniture as scheduled.

3.21 SEAL FRAMES ON SITE

Seal frames to each other and to adjoining structure and finishes, all as required by the window manufacturer and to make the installation weathertight. In very high and extra high or greater wind zones, seal between the window head and the head flashing. Do not seal the junction between the sill member and the cladding or sill flashing which must remain open.

3.22 PREPARE JOINTS

Ensure joints are dry. Remove loose material, dust and grease. Prepare joints in accordance with the sealant manufacturer's requirements, using required solvents and primers where necessary. Mask adjoining surfaces which would be difficult to clean if smeared with sealant.

3.23 BACK UP

When using back-up materials do not reduce depth of joint for sealant to less than the minimum required by the manufacturer of the sealant. Insert polyethylene rod or tape back-up behind joints being pointed with sealant.

3.24 SEALANT FINISH

Tool sealant to form a smooth fillet with a profile and dimensions required by the sealant manufacturer. Remove excess sealant from adjoining surfaces, using the cleaning materials nominated by the sealant manufacturer and leave clean.

3.25 REMOVE TRADE DEBRIS

Remove trade debris by appropriate means on a floor by floor basis as each floor is completed and again before any work is covered up by others. Arrange for general removal.

3.26 TRADE CLEAN

Trade clean window frames, operable windows and doors, glass and other related surfaces inside and out at the time of installation to remove marks, dust and dirt, to enable a visual inspection of all surfaces.

3.27 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades.

3.28 SAFETY

Indicate the presence of transparent glasses for the remainder of the contract period, with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type. Indicators other than whiting must not be applied to the glass surface. Masking tape must not be used for this purpose.

3.29 IN SITU TOUCH-UP TO POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM

In situ touch-up of polyester or fluoropolymer coated aluminium is only permitted only to minor surface scratching. Otherwise replace all damaged material.

3.30 REMOVE

At the appropriate stage of the project, remove safety indicators and protective coverings and wipe down all joinery thoroughly.

3.31 REPLACE

Replace damaged, cracked or marked elements.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 WIND - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

4.2 TIMBER REVEALS

Timber species:	Radiata pine
Grade/treatment:	H3.1
Thickness:	19 mm
Reveals:	flush finish for architraves
Finish:	paint

4.3 ORGANIC POWDER COATING FINISH

Type:	Polyester organic powder coating high duty
System integrity:	10 years
Thickness:	Average of 80 microns with a minimum of 50 microns
Colour:	to be selected

4.4 FLASHINGS

Material/type:	powder coated aluminium to match joinery
Pattern:	Formed to suit details provided

4576 COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL DOORS & GRILLES

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC C/AS1-AS7	Protection from fire
AS 1530.4	Methods of fire tests on building materials, components and structures - Fire-resistance tests of elements of building construction
AS/NZS 1170.2	Structural design actions - Wind loads
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings

1.2 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:
1 years:

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

1.3 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer warranty:
1 years:

- Provide this warranty on the installer standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

Installers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the installation of these doors and approved by the manufacturer.

1.5 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

1.6 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Provide the following general operation and maintenance information as electronic PDF format documents:

- operating instructions for the doors and associated opening equipment
- Maintenance schedules to satisfy warranty terms including inspection, lubrication, adjustment and cleaning
- Electrical wiring diagrams for control equipment

Provide this information prior to practical completion.

1.7 COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Manufacturer's, importer's or distributors warranty
- Installer's warranty
- Producer Statement - Design from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Producer Statement - Construction from the installer
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent conditions.

1.8 RESPONSIBILITY FOR PERFORMANCE

Accept responsibility for the structural and limited weathertight performance of the completed door installation.

1.9 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Design the installation to the wind zone parameters of [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4.
Refer to general section 1220 PROJECT for details.

1.10 IN SITU TOUCH-UP

In situ touch-up of coating is only permitted after receiving written direction from the contract administrator. Replace damaged material not able to be restored to as new condition.

2 PRODUCTS**2.1 DOOR**

Proprietary door complete with a label stating manufacturer, serial number, wind classification and certification details. Refer to SELECTIONS for type and finishing details.

2.2 MOTORISED DOOR OPENER

Purpose built electric motor assembly, complete with alternative method of operation required in the event of power failure.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

Take delivery of materials and goods and store on site and protect from damage.
Move/handle goods in accordance with manufacturer's requirements.
Reject and replace goods that are damaged or will not provide the required finish

3.2 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check that the trimmed and lined openings are formed and constructed to suit the required door units. Do not proceed until openings are properly formed to the required standard.

3.3 MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENT FOR INSTALLATION

Install door, track and operating equipment complete with all specified and necessary accessories and hardware to the manufacturer's requirements.

3.4 COMMISSIONING

Door installer to carry out a manual verification of the operation of the door.
Electrician to connect power supply, set limits and commission the door.
Door installer to verify operation of the door

3.5 ADJUSTMENT

Lubricate bearings and sliding parts and adjust doors to operate easily, free of warp, twist or distortion.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

Carry out start up procedures and verify proper operation of the door. Demonstrate the operation of the door to the principal/principal's representative. Set security features to principal's requirements. Reset security features at practical completion of the contract works.

3.7 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal all debris, unused and temporary materials and elements from the site.

3.8 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Adjust operation of equipment and moving parts not working correctly. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

4 SELECTIONS**4.1 ROLLER SHUTTER DOOR**

Location: refer to the drawings
Operation type: motorised with manual backup
Finish: powder coated

4.2 MOTOR - LIGHT COMMERCIAL

Location: refer to the drawings
Type: Single phase
Use: Small low usage doors

4.3 POWER FAILURE OVERRIDE

Location: refer to the drawings
Type: manual hand chain

5113G GIB® PLASTERBOARD LININGS

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

AWCINZ Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries New Zealand

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC C/AS2-AS6	Protection from fire
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
AS/NZS 2588	Gypsum plasterboard
AS/NZS 2589	Gypsum linings - Application and finishing
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS/NZS 4600	Cold-formed steel structures
ISO 5660.1	Reaction-to-fire tests - Heat release, smoke production and mass loss rate - Part 1: Heat release rate (cone calorimeter method)
ISO 5660.2	Reaction-to-fire tests - Heat release, smoke production and mass loss rate - Part 2: Smoke production rate (dynamic measurement)
BRANZ Technical Paper P21	BRANZ Technical Paper P21: A wall bracing test and evaluation procedure (2010)
NASH	Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing Part 1 2010 Design Criteria

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

- GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014)
- GIB® Fire Rated Systems (Oct 2012)
- GIB Aqualine® Wet Area Systems (March 2007)

BRANZ Appraisal 427 (2007) - GIB Aqualine® Wet Area Systems

GreenTag Certification [WWLCG001-001-A-2015](#) - GreenTag™ GreenRate/Level B for:

- GIB® Standard (10mm & 13mm)
- GIB Fyreline®(10mm, 13mm, 16mm &19mm)

Copies of the above literature are available at

Company: Winstone Wallboards

Web: www.gib.co.nz

Telephone: 0800 100 442

1.4 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified GIB® systems, GIB® system components, GIB® plasterboard, associated GIB® products or GIB® accessories.

1.5 INSTALLER WORK SKILLS AND QUALIFICATIONS

GIB® plasterboard fixers and plasterers to be experienced competent workers, familiar with GIB® plasterboard lining systems installation and finishing techniques. Submit evidence of experience on request. For example:

- National Certificate of Interior Systems; or
- Certified Business member of AWCINZ.

1.6 INSPECTIONS AND ACCEPTANCE

Allow for inspection of the finished plasterboard surface:

- before applying sealer and
- before applying finish coatings or decorative papers,

so that after assessment of the type and/or angle of illumination and its effect on the completed decorative treatment, group approval and acceptance of the surface can be given.

1.7 FIRE RATING REQUIREMENTS

Provide the GIB® fire resistant rated garage boundary wall systems. Refer to SELECTIONS for system/FRR.

1.8 SURFACE FIRE PROPERTIES - UNFINISHED BOARD

All GIB® unfinished plasterboard sheet materials achieve a Group Classification of, Group 1-S to [NZBC C/AS2-AS6](#), Table 4.1, following testing in accordance with ISO 5660.1 and ISO 5660.2.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GIB® PLASTERBOARD

Gypsum plaster core encased in a face and backing paper formed for standard and water resistance use to [AS/NZS 2588](#). Refer to SELECTIONS for location, type, thickness and finish.

GIB® Standard plasterboard

GIB Fyrelite® fire resistant plasterboard

GIB Aqualine® wet area plasterboard

2.2 SCREWS

GIB® Grabber® drywall type screws as follows:

Grabber® type	Used for fixing:
High Thread	GIB Ezybrace® or Standard systems to timber
Self Tapping	Standard systems to light gauge steel or timber
Dual Thread Screws	GIBFix®, GIB Ezybrace®, or Standard systems, to light gauge steel or timber
Wafer Head Needle Tip	Light gauge metal to timber not directly under plasterboard
Pancake Head Drill Tip	Light gauge metal to light gauge metal directly under plasterboard

Refer to GIB® requirements for appropriate details.

2.3 NAILS

GIB® Nails (gold passivated).

Size: 30mm, 40mm

2.4 TAPE ON TRIMS AND EDGES

GIB® Levelline® Tape on Trim

2.5 METAL ANGLE TRIMS

GIB® galvanized steel slim angle trims.

2.6 ADHESIVE

Timber frame and/or steel frame:

GIBFix® One ultra low VOC water based wallboard adhesive

GIBFix® All-Bond solvent based wallboard adhesive

2.7 JOINTING COMPOUND

Bedding compound:	GIB Tradeset®, GIB Lite Blue®, GIB MaxSet®, GIB ProMix® All Purpose, GIB Plus 4®
Finishing compound:	GIB ProMix® All Purpose, GIB® Trade Finish®, GIB® Trade Finish® Lite, GIB ProMix® Lite, GIB® U-Mix, GIB Plus 4®, GIB Trade Finish® Multi
Cove:	GIB-Cove® Bond

2.8 JOINTING TAPE

GIB® paper jointing tape.

2.9 GAP FILLER

GIB® Gap Filler ultra low VOC multi-purpose acrylic flexible filler

3 EXECUTION

3.1 STORAGE

Store GIB® plasterboard sheets and accessories in dry conditions stored indoors out of direct sunlight in neat flat stacks on either an impervious plastic sheet or clear of the floor with no sagging and avoiding damage to ends, edges and surfaces. Reject damaged material. Refer to GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014).

3.2 LEVELS OF PLASTERBOARD FINISH

Provide the selected plasterboard surfaces to the pre decorative levels of finish specified in [AS/NZS 2589](#).

3.3 CONFIRM LEVELS OF PLASTERBOARD FINISH ACCEPTANCE

Before commencing work, agree in writing upon the surface finish assessment procedure towards ensuring that the quality of finish expectations are reasonable and are subsequently obtained and acceptable.

Do not apply decorative treatment until it is agreed in writing by the contractor, subcontractors and decorator that the specified plasterboard Level of Finish has been achieved.

"Levels of plasterboard finish" is a tool for specifying the required quality of finish when installing and flush stopping GIB® plasterboard **prior** to the application of a range of decorative finishes under various lighting conditions. Refer to [AS/NZS 2589](#).

3.4 SUBSTRATE

Do not commence work until the substrate is plumb, level and to the standard required by the sheet manufacturer's requirements. Refer to GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014).

3.5 TIMBER FRAME MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable moisture content to [AS/NZS 2589](#) for timber framing at lining: 18% or less for plasterboard linings. Refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) and GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014).

3.6 PROTECTION

Protect surfaces; cabinetwork, fittings, equipment and finishes already in place from the possibility of water staining and stopping damage. Refer to GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014).

3.7 LINING WALLS AND CEILINGS GENERALLY

Form to GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014). Ensure bulk insulation thickness shall not exceed that of the wall framing.

3.8 BOARD ORIENTATION

Minimise joints by careful sheet layout using the largest sheet sizes possible, and generally fixing horizontally. Where part sheets are required for various stud heights they should be positioned so the cut sheet is as low as possible to keep joints below eye level.

3.9 FORM WET AREA SYSTEMS

Form to GIB Aqualine® Wet Area Systems requirements.

3.10 INSTALL TAPE-ON TRIMS

Install to GIB® Goldline™ Tape-on trims literature and/or GIB® Ultraflex high impact corner mould literature.

3.11 FINISHING GENERALLY

To GIB® Site Guide (Dec 2014) and [AS/NZS 2589](#).

3.12 COMPLETION

Replace damaged sheets or elements. Clean down completed surfaces to remove irregularities and finally sand down with fine paper to the sheet manufacturer's requirements, to leave completely smooth and clean. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site. Leave work to the standard required by following procedures.

4 SELECTIONS

Plasterboard

4.1 GIB® STANDARD SYSTEMS WALLS

Location	Plasterboard type / Lining requirements	Thickness	Finish Level
walls	GIB® Standard plasterboard	10mm	

4.2 GIB® WATER RESISTANT SYSTEMS WALLS

Location	Plasterboard type / Lining requirements	Thickness	Finish Level
wet area walls	GIB Aqualine® plasterboard	10mm	

4.3 GIB® STANDARD SYSTEMS CEILINGS

Location	Plasterboard type / Lining requirements	Thickness	Finish Level
ceilings	GIB® Standard plasterboard	13mm	

4.4 GIB® FIRE RATED SYSTEMS

Refer to GIB® Residential Garage Boundary Walls.

Location / Type	Plasterboard type / Lining requirements	FRR / System specification	Finish Level
inter tenancy partition	1 layer 10 mm Fyreline	GBT60a	3

6221M MAPEI® TILING SOLUTIONS

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC D1/AS1	Access routes
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC E3/AS1	Internal moisture
AS 3740	Waterproofing of wet areas within residential buildings
AS 3958.1	Ceramic tiles - Guide to the installation of ceramic tiles
AS 4586	Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials
NZS 4121	Design for access and mobility - Buildings and associated facilities
BRANZ	Good practice guide: Tiling

1.2 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Mapei New Zealand Ltd documents relating to this part of the work:

Mapei® catalogue - Products for Ceramics and Stone Products

Mapei® product Technical Data Sheets

[BRANZ Appraisal 484](#) - Mapegum WPS, Mapelastic, Mapelastic Smart and AquaDefense Wet Area Membranes

[BRANZ Appraisal 485](#) - Mapelastic and Mapelastic Smart External Waterproofing Membranes

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: Mapei New Zealand Ltd

Web: www.mapei.co.nz

Email: enquiries@mapei.co.nz

Telephone: 09 921 1994

1.3 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a tile manufacturer/supplier warranty:

2 years: For tiling products

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a Mapei® products manufacturer/supplier warranty:

15 years: For Mapelastic AquaDefense, Mapelastic Smart and Mapegum WPS

10 years: For other Mapei® tiling products

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

2 years: For workmanship

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Installers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified. Mapei® waterproof systems must only be installed by Mapei® approved applicators.

1.7 DEFLECTION CRITERIA FOR SUSPENDED FLOORS

Check that the floor is rigid enough for the tiling. Deflection of suspended floors should not exceed 1/360th of the span under dead load and live load.

1.8 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified Mapei® systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

1.9 TEST - SURFACES REQUIRING SLIP RESISTANCE TESTING

Test samples for slip resistance to comply with [NZBC D1/AS1](#), 2.1, Slip resistance. Refer to SELECTIONS for surface to be tested, minimum test value required and test method. Provide test results to contract administrator, including a statement that the surface complies with nominated test requirements.

1.10 INTERNAL / EXTERNAL MOISTURE

Wet area membranes under tiled areas to AS 3740, [NZBC E2/AS1](#), [NZBC E3/AS1](#) and to BRANZ Good Tiling Practice.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 TILES

Refer to SELECTIONS for option.

2.2 TROWEL APPLIED SMOOTHING AND LEVELLING COMPOUND - QUICK SETTING

Planitop Fast 330, quick-setting, fibre-reinforced trowel applied levelling mortar of cementitious binders, aggregate, synthetic resin and additives for thicknesses from 3 to 30mm. For interior and exterior application.

2.3 SCREED - 24 HOUR CURE

Mapecem, a fast setting and drying (24 hour cure) hydraulic binder for shrinkage-compensated screeds.

2.4 SCREED - 4 DAY CURE

Topcem, a fast setting and drying (4 day cure) hydraulic binder for shrinkage-compensated screeds.

2.5 CONCRETE/SAND & CEMENT SCREED ADMIXTURE - IMPROVED ADHESION

Planicrete, a synthetic rubber latex for cement mixes.

2.6 GENERAL PURPOSE PRIMER

Primer G, a synthetic resin-based primer in water dispersion.

2.7 GENERAL PURPOSE RUBBER MODIFIED CEMENTITIOUS ADHESIVE

Adeflex R, a premium grade deformable rubber modified cement based adhesive, for interior and exterior installation (upper North Island only) of ceramic tiles and natural stone.

2.8 POLYMER-MODIFIED MULTI-PURPOSE CEMENTITIOUS GROUT

Ultracolor Plus, a fast setting and drying, high performance, polymer-modified, anti-efflorescence, water-repellent grout for joints from 2mm to 10mm, with DropEffect and anti-mould with BioBlock technology.

2.9 MULTI-PURPOSE SILICON SEALANT

Mapesil AC and Primer FD, a solvent-free, acetic cross-linking mildew-resistant silicon sealant with an associated adhesive enhancing primer.

2.10 WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE SYSTEM - INTERIOR USE

Mapegum WPS, a fast drying, synthetic resin-based liquid elastic membrane for interior waterproofing. To reinforce protection layers, anti-fracture and cementitious smoothing and levelling layers use Mapetex Sel waterproof reinforcing mesh. To waterproof edges and expansion joints use Mapeband, Mapeband PE 120 or Mapeband SA

2.11 GROUT & TILE CLEANING AGENT

Keranet, an acid-based general tile cleaner.

2.12 STRIPS AND WEATHERBARS

Unless otherwise specified edge strips, floor finish divider strips and weather bars shall be aluminium.

2.13 EXPANSION JOINT, METAL AND RUBBER

Clear anodised aluminium/brass with metal anchor to set into in-situ concrete, cement screed/bed and complete with rubber infill.

2.14 EXPANSION JOINT, METAL AND COMPOUND

Aluminium/brass angles with high density foam rubber insert and jointing compound.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

Take delivery of materials and goods and store on site and protect from damage.
Protect finished surfaces, edges and corners from damage.
Move/handle goods in accordance with manufactures requirements.
Reject and replace goods that are damaged or will not provide the required finish

3.2 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.
Check that maximum variation in the plane of the substrate is no greater than $\pm 4\text{mm}$ in 2 lin.m. before commencing tiling.

3.3 CHECK TILES

Check tiles to ensure that they are as specified, from the same batch, of a consistent colour and pattern and sufficient to complete the work. Reject tiles that vary widely in colour or pattern. Reject tiles that are damaged.

3.4 CONFIRM LAYOUT

Before commencing work confirm the proposed layout of tiles and expansion joints and other visual considerations of the finished work.

3.5 SETTING OUT

Before commencing the setting out confirm the number and location of cut tiles. Minimise in number with no cut tiles less than half size and only at the perimeter of the work.

3.6 BACKGROUND MATERIALS

Ensure that the installation of background materials and substrate materials meets relevant standards and the manufacturer's instructions. Inspect background and substrate materials for any conditions unsuitable for tiling over. Do not commence work until the affected area is rectified.
Confirm any specific preparation required for the adhesive being used.

3.7 PREPARATION OF BACKGROUNDS

Prepare backgrounds in accordance with AS 3958.1, section 4 and in accordance with the Mapei® instructions for the selected substrate.

3.8 FALLS

Form screeds in areas where water is used in significant amounts with a deviation from plane of not more than 5mm over 3 metres. Unless otherwise specified form screeds with the following falls:

Unless stated otherwise provide minimum fall gradients to BRANZ Good Practice Guide - Tiling, clause 6.6 Falls in floors.

1 : 60 minimum For paving over ground

3.9 WATERPROOFING WET AREAS

Areas to be waterproofed shall be in accordance with [NZBC E3/AS1](#), AS 3740 and BRANZ Good Practice Guide -Tiling Section 7: Waterproofing interior wet areas, as shown on the drawings or stated in SELECTIONS.

3.10 SERVICES AND ACCESSORIES

Ensure that all services and accessories are in place and located to suit the tile layout, and that the substrate, background and adjoining surfaces (with the preparation called for in this section) are of the quality necessary to allow tiling of the required standard.

3.11 DO NOT START

Do not start laying tiles until concrete floors are cured, moisture content of floors is such that shrinkage is complete, thermal movement has been accommodated and the levels and surface finish will allow for tile laying of the required standard.

3.12 SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE

Do not carry out tiling where the substrate temperature is below 5°C or above 40°C.

3.13 MOISTURE CONTENT

Ensure the floor is dry and if in doubt check for moisture content by hygrometer. Do not proceed with tiling work until readings for the whole area show 75% relative humidity or less.

3.14 APPLICATION GENERALLY

Prepare backgrounds as described in AS 3958.1, Section 4. Suitably prepare backgrounds and substrates in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions to receive the bedded finish. Remove all dirt, dust, grease, oil, loose particles and any other form of contamination or deleterious material. Ensure that substrates are sound and dry.

Installation to be in accordance with AS 3958.1, Section 5, including setting out, fitting, movement joints, sealants, tile finish and joints, and grouting.

Application of primers/ sealers, undertile membranes, waterproofing, adhesives grouts and sealants to comply with MAPEI® technical data sheets and application details for specific products.

3.15 SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

Refer to 6192 FLOORING SUBSTRATE PREPARATION for preparation of substrates for laying of ceramic tiles and natural stone.

3.16 LEVELLING COMPOUNDS

Prepare for and apply levelling compounds to MAPEI® technical data sheets and application details for specific product.

3.17 PRIMERS/SEALERS

Apply primers to MAPEI® technical data sheets and application details for specific product.

3.18 WET AREA MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING

Apply wet area waterproofing systems in accordance with MAPEI® technical data sheets and requirements.

3.19 SETTING OUT

Setting out, cutting and fitting of tiles to be as described in AS 3958.1, clauses 5.4.2 and 5.4.3. Set out tiling as shown on the drawings. Confirm bond and pattern before installing. Provide even and correct falls to floor tiles where required, including falls to floor wastes. Ensure that a level finish is provided at wall lines. Where falls are not required ensure that the tiles are laid level.

3.20 TILE FINISH AND JOINTS

Provide tile finish and joints, including tolerances, as described in AS 3958.1, clause 5.4.6. Joint widths to be suited to tile and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

3.21 MOVEMENT JOINTS

Install movement joints with a minimum joint width of four times the expected movement. Provide a 9 to 10mm minimum joint width for exterior joints at 3.6m maximum spacings and a 12mm minimum joint width for 4.8m maximum spacings. Increase joint width by 1.5mm for each 10°C over or below a 35°C temperature range.

Provide movement control joints:

- to coincide with control joints in the substrate / structure.
- where substrate material changes.
- where tiles are restrained by building elements.
- where flexing of the structure will occur.
- to the perimeter of tiles that abut another material.
- where tile surfaces change in plane.
- where tile type changes.
- radiating from an external corner of an L-shaped tiled area

Provide movement joints at 4.5m spacing to tiled floors exposed to direct sunlight and at 6m maximum spacing for shaded internal tiled floors (reduce these spacings by 15 to 20% for flexible organic adhesives).

Provide movement joints at 3 to 4.5m centres along the length of internal and external walls (reduce these spacings by 15 to 20% for flexible organic adhesives) and at storey heights.

3.22 APPLY ADHESIVE

Apply and float thick or thin bed of cement based adhesive to 6mm maximum and 3mm minimum bed thickness to the tile manufacturer's requirements. Rib surface with a notched trowel, press tiles and place with 3mm grout joints and to obtain adequate coverage by adhesive on the back of each tile to AS 3958.1.

3.23 GROUTING

Apply grout to tiling in accordance with Mapei® technical data sheets and application details for specific product and as described in AS 3958.1, clause 5.7.

3.24 SEALING

Apply sealants to tiling in accordance with Mapei® technical data sheets and application details for specific product.

3.25 CLEAN TILES

Upon completion of setting and grouting, thoroughly sponge and wash the tiles to leave them completely clean and without blemish. Use Mapei Keranet to clean tiles of cementitious residue as necessary and Mapei Kerapoxy Cleaner to remove residues of epoxy grout from tile surfaces. Finally polish glazed tiles with a clean dry cloth.

3.26 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal all debris, unused materials and elements from the site. Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.mapei.co.nz.

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 TEST FOR MINIMUM SLIP RESISTANCE REQUIREMENTS

Test key	Access route	Location/surface to be tested .	Minimum test value required
LW	Level access wet	wet areas	39 SRV

Test Key – identifying required test method

LW	SRV classification of not less than 39 from the wet pendulum test method of AS 4586, Appendix A using the Slider 96 rubber.
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4.2 CERAMIC TILES

Location: refer to the drawings
Colour: to be selected

4.3 MAPEI® LEVELLING COMPOUNDS

Location: as required
Type: Mapei®cem

4.4 MAPEI® PRIMERS/SEALERS

Location: as required
Type: Mapei® Primer G

4.5 MAPEI® ADHESIVES

Location: as required
Type: Mapei® Adeflex R

4.6 MAPEI® GROUT

Location: as required
Type: Mapei® Ultracolour Plus
Colour: to be selected

4.7 MAPEI® - MAPEGUM WPS WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE SYSTEMS

Membrane: Mapegum WPS
Reinforcement: Mapetex Sel waterproof reinforcing mesh

6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the general matters related to **Resene** painting work.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR

Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

MPNZA Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc.

SIPDS Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

[Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#)

[AS/NZS ISO 9001](#) Quality management systems - Requirements

MPNZA Health and Safety Programme

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents related to this section are:

Resene Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets (SIPDS)
(hard copy or at www.resene.co.nz)

Resene Product Data Sheets
(hard copy or at www.resene.co.nz)

Resene Putting your safety first

Copies of the above literature are available from Resene

Telephone: 0800 RESENE (0800 737 363)

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Warrant this work under normal conditions of use against failure referring to the Resene Promise of Quality in the Resene One-Line specifications and product data manual.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified Resene coating system, or associated components and products. Do not combine paints from different manufacturers in a paint system.

If in the applicator's own expertise and judgement an amendment to this specification is required, or where a substrate preparation, or required painting system is not covered in this specification, this shall be brought to the attention of the contract administrator and any amendment agreed before work proceeds any further.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Painters to be experienced competent workers, familiar with the materials and the techniques specified and with the Resene coating systems and be members of the Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc.

The applicator is to have the necessary skill, experience and equipment to undertake the work. The applicator remains responsible for ensuring proper completion of the work.

Painters to be selected from the Resene Eco.Decorator programme. The Resene Eco.Decorator programme is designed to recognise a nationwide network of environmentally responsible, quality focussed painting contractors.

Refer to www.resene.co.nz/ecodecorator.htm for a list of Eco.Decorators in your area.

1.8 PRIOR TO WORK COMMENCING

Before any work commences painters should verify, with Architects or specifying authority, that their paint matches a previously supplied standard card or panel. Differently coloured paints will vary in price, opacity and durability. Resene normally only specify two coats of colour but with certain colours, such as yellows and oranges, three coats may be needed. Refer to SELECTIONS for location and type.

1.9 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Refer to the general section 1239 OPERATION & MAINTENANCE for provision of the following general operation and maintenance information as electronic PDF format documents:
Maintenance guide for Resene paint finishes www.resene.co.nz/comn/services/maintenance.htm.
Provide this information prior to practical completion.

1.10 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Refer to and comply with the requirements of the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) including the obligation to:

- Eliminate hazards and if hazards cannot be eliminated or isolated, then minimise the hazards in this work by using the proper equipment and techniques as required by the MPNZA Health and Safety Programme.
- Supply protective clothing and equipment.
- Inform the contractor as well as the employees and others on site of those hazards and put in place procedures for dealing with emergencies.

1.11 SAFETY DATA SHEETS

Obtain from Resene (phone 0800 RESENE, or www.resene.co.nz) the safety data sheet for each product used and comply with the required safety procedures. Keep sheets on site.

1.12 RESENE INSPECTION

Permit representatives of Resene to inspect the work in progress and to take samples of their products from site if requested. Resene will take care when inspecting the work, but does not accept any responsibility for the proper completion of the work before or after such inspection.

1.13 INSPECTION OF THE WORK

Inspection of the whole of the work at each of the stages set out in SELECTIONS may be made. Agree on a programme that will facilitate such inspection, including notification when each part and stage of the work is ready for inspection.

2 PRODUCTS**2.1 MATERIALS GENERALLY**

Do not combine paints from different manufacturers in a paint system.

Use only Resene products (which are guaranteed for consistency and performance under [AS/NZS ISO 9001](#) and APAS) prepared, mixed and applied as directed in the Resene One-Line Specifications and Product Data Manual. This specification has been written using where practical and available both low/no VOC and Environmental Choice approved products.

2.2 DARK COLOURS

Darker colours in areas of high sun exposure place significant stress on the coating and substrate. Resene 'CoolColour' technology reduces heat absorption of a wide range of colours. Contact your local Resene Representative or visit www.resene.co.nz for more information or visit www.resene.co.nz/coolcolour. View a list of Resene colours that can be made using Resene CoolColour technology at www.resene.co.nz/colourlibrary.

2.3 THINNERS/ADDITIVES

Use only if and when expressly directed by Resene for their particular product in a particular application. Always wear gloves when handling any solvents including turpentine as harmful chemicals may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 EXECUTION**

To conform to required trade practice, which shall be deemed to include those methods, practices and techniques contained in the Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc. Specification manual.

3.2 TREATED SURFACES

Where surfaces have been treated with preservatives or fire retardants, check with the treatment manufacturer that coating materials are compatible with the treatment and do not inhibit its performance. If they are not compatible, obtain instructions before proceeding.

3.3 BACK PAINTING

Co-ordinate with cladding and/or lining installer as to who will do the work and timing.

Exterior

For exterior cladding and trim that require on site finishing, paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the cladding (generally, bottom plate overhang and horizontal flashings) to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed.

Refer to appropriate exterior paint sections SELECTION clauses for claddings to be back painted.

Interior

For lining and trim that require on site finishing and/or back painting (usually wet areas), paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the lining, to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed, or if no front finish, seal to manufacturer's requirements.

Refer to appropriate interior paint sections SELECTION clauses for linings to be back painted.

3.4 ANCILLARY SURFACES

The descriptions of areas in schedules and elsewhere are of necessity simplified. Coat ancillary exposed surfaces to match similar or adjacent materials or areas, except where a fair-faced natural finish is required or items are completely prefinished. In cases of doubt obtain written instructions before proceeding.

3.5 HARDWARE

Do not paint hinges or hardware that cannot be removed. Before commencing work carefully remove hardware, fixtures and fittings, set aside where they cannot be damaged or misplaced and replace on completion. Refer to SELECTIONS for hardware, fixtures and fittings for removal.

3.6 PROTECTION

Supply, lay and fix drop sheets, coverings and masking necessary to protect adjoining, fixtures, fittings and spaces from paint drops, spots, spray and damage.

3.7 SURFACE PREPARATION

Refer to the Resene Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets (SIPDS) and product data manual for surface preparation sheets (or obtain them by phoning 0800 RESENE, or at www.resene.co.nz) listed in the materials systems schedule clauses. Carry out the preparatory work required by them for each of the substrates.

3.8 SHARP EDGES, CRACKS AND HOLES

Remove and/or repair sharp edges, cracks and holes if present, as outlined in the preamble of the Resene One-Line specifications and product data manual.

Elastomeric sealants, if used, should not be painted. The paint film will not match the flexibility of the sealant and may severely limit its effectiveness.

3.9 REMEDIAL WORK

If any substrate or surface, that even with the preparation work called for in this section, cannot be brought up to a standard that will allow painting or clear finishing of the required standard then do not proceed until remedial work is carried out.

3.10 GAP FILLING

Make good cracks, holes, indented and damaged surfaces. Use suitable gap fillers to match the surface being prepared. Any special priming requirements of the fillers must be satisfied. Allow to dry or set before sanding back level with the surface. Prime or seal timber before using putty.

Exterior and wet areas: Use only Portland cement base or water-insoluble organic base gap fillers.

3.11 OFF-SITE WORK

Carry out this work under cover in a suitable environment with suitable lighting. Store items, both before and after coating, in a clean, dry area protected from the weather and mechanical damage, properly stacked and spaced to allow air circulation and to prevent sticking. Specific instructions for transport to site to avoid damage to the factory applied paint system may be required particularly for metallic top coat paints.

3.12 PRIMING JOINERY

Pre-treat any cut surfaces of preservative treated timber before priming. Ensure L.O.S.P. treated joinery has dried sufficiently to lose solvent odour. Pre-treat bare timber with Resene TimberLock (see Data Sheet D48) to improve the durability of subsequent coats.

Liberally coat end grain, allow to soak in and then recoat.

3.13 CONCEALED JOINERY SURFACES

Where off-site coatings are specified they must be applied to surfaces including those concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.14 CONCEALED METAL SURFACES

Apply primer to suit the coating system to surfaces which will be concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.15 EXTERNAL DOORS

Prime or seal and paint bottom edges before hanging.

3.16 BEAD GLAZING

Stained, varnished, or painted joinery to have the first two coats of a suitable primer and one undercoat, applied to rebates and beads before glazing.

3.17 PUTTY FRONTING - LINSEED GLAZING PUTTIES

According to the putty manufacturer's instructions allow putty to set, then prime with Resene Wood Primer (see Data Sheet D40) or Resene Enamel Undercoat (see Data Sheet D44). Fully protect the putty by completing the Resene coating system as soon as it is sufficiently firm. Glazing putties not based on linseed oil to be over coated according to the putty manufacturer's instruction.

3.18 PAINTING GENERALLY

Comply with the Resene SIPDS Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets or Resene One-Line specifications and product data manual data sheets and the additional requirements of this work section.

Ensure large wall areas that require more than one container of paint per coat, have enough paint boxed (mixed) together to complete the final coat. This will not apply if a single factory batch of paint, rather than shop tinted paint, is applied.

3.19 MIXING

Although generally supplied ready to use, all paints must be thoroughly mixed to lift any settled pigment and ensure the paint is homogeneous.

3.20 ENVIRONMENT

Defer painting of exterior surfaces until weather conditions are favourable - warm dry days without frost or heavy dews. Avoid painting in direct sunlight any surfaces that absorb heat excessively. As far as possible apply paint in the temperature range 15°C to 25°C. If temperatures fall outside the range of 10°C and 35°C do not paint unless paints with the necessary temperature tolerance have been specified. Resene Hot Weather Additive can be added to most Resene waterborne top coats to extend open time when application is undertaken at elevated temperatures or conditions that will cause rapid loss of water from the applied wet film. Do not apply solvent borne paint if moisture is present on the surface.

3.21 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

Painting work to generally follow the following sequences:

- Back painting and pre-installation painting, then post-installation exposed-face painting
- Complete surface preparation before commencing painting.
- Apply primers, sealers, stains, undercoats, paints and clear coatings in the sequences laid down by Resene.
- Allow the full drying time between coats laid down by Resene.

- Do not expose primers, undercoats and intermediate coats beyond Resene's recommendations before applying the next coat.
- Finish broad areas before painting trim.
- Ensure batch numbers of tins are matched for whole areas.
- Internally, paint ceilings before walls and walls before joinery, trim and other items.

3.22 APPLICATION

Select brush, roller, or pad and apply coatings to the requirements of Resene to obtain a smooth, even coating of the specified thickness, uniform gloss and colour.

3.23 LIGHTLY SAND

Lightly sand primers, sealers, undercoats and intermediate coats to remove dust pick-up, protruding fibres and coarse particles. A more thorough sanding to provide a mechanical key for the new paint system may be required depending upon the condition or age of the existing paint system..

3.24 DEFECTIVE WORK

Correct defective work immediately and recoat as required, following precisely the Resene system being applied. The same applies to transportation damage to site of factory painted items.

3.25 EACH COAT

Each coat of paint and the completed paint system to have the following qualities and properties:

- Uniform finish, colour, texture, sheen and hiding power and the proper number of coats applied.
- No blemishes such as runs, sags, crinkling, fat edges, entrained paint skins, hairs, dust, bare or starved patches, cracks, significant brush marks, ladder marks and blistering.
- Proper covering of corners, crannies, thin edges, cracks, end grain and other difficult places of application.

3.26 CLEAN

Clean adjoining surfaces, glass and fittings of any paint contamination. Clean off glass indicators at the completion of the building works. Clean glass inside and out to a shining finish. Use the Resene Washwise on site 'paint equipment clean-up water' reclamation system to minimise the environmental impact of cleaning paint application tools.

3.27 LEAVE

Leave the whole of this work uniform in gloss and colour, of correct thickness, free from painting defects, clean and unmarked and to the standard required by following procedures.

3.28 REMOVE

Remove drop sheets, coverings and masking to leave surrounding surfaces and areas clean, tidy and undamaged. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

3.29 REPLACE

Replace hardware without damage to it or the adjoining surface and leave hardware properly fitted and in working order.

3.30 DISPOSAL OF PAINTS AND THINNERS

Note: The use and disposal of paint and thinners represents a significant environmental hazard. Ensure all paint and thinners are disposed of in the following manner:

- When requested hand over part used paint containers to client for maintenance touch ups.
- Recycle leftover paint at a Resene ColorShop as part of the Resene "Paintwise programme". Contact your local Resene ColorShop for details or view information online at www.resene.co.nz/paintwise.htm.
- Donate left over paint to local community groups.
- Solvent based paints, paint thinners, turpentine, mineral spirits and solvents require special disposal procedures. Do not pour down sewer or stormwater drains, sinks or into the ground. If they cannot be recycled they must be disposed of in a refuse dump licensed to take toxic waste.

3.31 MAINTENANCE

Good maintenance of coating systems involves a routine of regular cleaning as well as regular inspections. Regular inspections of the coating systems are recommended to identify breakdown, accidental damage to or undesirable deterioration of the paint.

Wash down of exterior coatings should be undertaken on an annual basis using Resene Paint Prep and Housewash (see Data Sheet D812).

Refer the Resene Caring for your paint finish brochure and the Resene website,
www.resene.co.nz/comn/services/maintenance.htm.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 SELECTIONS

Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR and 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR for selections.

6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the surface preparation, painting and clear finishing of new and existing exterior substrates using **Resene** architectural and decorative coating systems.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for general matters related to painting work.
Refer to 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR for interior paint systems.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PAINT TYPES GENERALLY/ THINNERS AND ADDITIVES

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 NEW EXTERIOR MACROCARPA JOINERY

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 7/1
1st coat:	Sikkens Cetol HLSe colour : light oak
2nd coat:	Sikkens Cetol HLSe colour : light oak
3rd coat:	Sikkens Cetol HLSe colour : light oak

4.2 RESENE NEW EXTERIOR TIMBER WEATHERBOARDS - STAIN

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 4/1
1st coat:	Resene Waterborne Woodsman D57a, Waterborne Stain
2nd coat:	Resene Waterborne Woodsman D57a, Waterborne Stain

6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the surface preparation, painting and clear finishing of new and existing interior substrates using **Resene** architectural and decorative coating systems.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for general matters related to painting work.
Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR for exterior paint systems.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PAINT TYPES GENERALLY/ THINNERS AND ADDITIVES

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 INTERIOR FINISHES

Room name	Ref	Substrate	RESENE Spec Number	Colour
Lunchroom	G01	Ceiling-Plasterboard	15i 1.5	to be selected
		Walls - Plasterboard	15i 1.4	to be selected
		Trim - Timber	3i 1.4	to be selected
		Doors - Clear Finish	3i 1.3	clear
WC and Lobby	G02	Ceiling - Plasterboard	15i 1.5	to be selected
		Walls - Plasterboard	15i 1.4	to be selected
		Trim - Timber	3i 1.4	to be selected
		Doors - Paint Finish	3i 1.4	to be selected

4.2 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, WALLS - DRY AREAS (LEVEL 4 FINISH)

Surface Prep: Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1: 1/1
 Fire rating: Group 1-S. Test Report FH4967
 1st coat: Resene Broadwall D403, Waterborne Wallboard Sealer
 2nd coat: Resene Zylone Sheen D302, Waterborne Low Sheen
 3rd coat: Resene Zylone Sheen D302, Waterborne Low Sheen

4.3 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, WALLS - WET AREAS

Surface Prep: Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1A: 1/1
 Fire rating: Group 1-S. Test Report 7-593235-CO
 1st coat: Resene Sureseal D42, solvent-borne Pigmented Sealer (NEC)
 2nd coat: Resene SpaceCote Low Sheen Kitchen & Bathroom D311K Waterborne Enamel
 3rd coat: Resene SpaceCote Low Sheen Kitchen & Bathroom D311K Waterborne Enamel

4.4 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, CEILINGS - DRY AREAS (LEVEL 4 FINISH)

Surface Prep: Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1: 1/1
 Fire rating: Group 1-S, Test Report FH4967
 1st coat: Resene Broadwall D403, Waterborne Wallboard Sealer
 2nd coat: Resene Ceiling Paint D305, Waterborne Flat
 3rd coat: Resene Ceiling Paint D305, Waterborne Flat

Where durable easily cleaned coating is required substitute 2nd & 3rd coats with:

4.5 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, CEILINGS - WET AREAS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1A: 1/1
Fire rating:	Group 1-S, Test Report 7-593235-CO
1st coat:	Resene Sureseal D42, solvent-borne Pigmented Sealer (NEC)
2nd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Flat Kitchen & Bathroom D314K, Waterborne Enamel
3rd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Flat Kitchen & Bathroom D314K, Waterborne Enamel

4.6 RESENE NEW INTERIOR TIMBER JOINERY - SKIRTING

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 9/1
1st coat:	Resene Quick Dry D45, Waterborne Acrylic Primer Undercoat
2nd coat:	Resene Spacecote low sheen D311, Waterborne Enamel
3rd coat:	Resene Spacecote low sheen D311, Waterborne Enamel

4.7 RESENE NEW INTERIOR TIMBER JOINERY - CLEAR COAT

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 10/1
1st coat:	Resene Aquaclear Satin D59, Waterborne Urethane Varnish
2nd coat:	Resene Aquaclear Satin D59, Waterborne Urethane Varnish
3rd coat:	Resene Aquaclear Satin D59, Waterborne Urethane Varnish

7120 HOT & COLD WATER SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

This section relates to piped potable water supply systems from the network utility supply authority water main to designated points and appliances, the installation of hot water heating appliances, distributing piped hot water to other appliances, and the installation of valves.

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZBC C/AS1-AS7	Protection from fire
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC G12/VM1	Water supplies
NZBC G12/AS1	Water supplies
NZBC H1/AS1	Energy Efficiency
AS/NZS 2492	Cross Linked Polyethylene (PE-X) pipe for pressure applications
AS/NZS 2537.2	Mechanical joining fittings for use with crosslinked Polyethylene (PE-X) for pressure applications - Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Crosslinked Polyethylene (PE-X) - Fittings
AS/NZS 2642.1	Polybutylene pipe systems - Polybutylene (PB) pipe extrusion compounds
AS/NZS 2642.2	Polybutylene pipe systems - Polybutylene (PB) pipe for hot and cold water applications
AS/NZS 2642.3	Polybutylene pipe systems - Mechanical jointing fittings for use with polybutylene (PB) pipes for hot and cold water applications
AS/NZS 2845.1	Water supply - Backflow prevention devices - Materials, design and performance requirements
AS 2845.3	Water supply - Backflow prevention devices - Field testing and maintenance
AS/NZS 3500.1	Plumbing and drainage - Water services
AS/NZS 3500.4	Plumbing and drainage - Heated water services
AS/NZS 3500.5	Plumbing and drainage - Housing installations
NZS 3501	Specification for copper tubes for water, gas and sanitation
AS/NZS 4130	Polyethylene (PE) pipes for pressure applications
NZS 4305	Energy efficiency domestic type hot water systems
NZS 4602	Low pressure copper thermal storage electric water heaters
NZS 4607	Installation of thermal storage electric water heaters: valve-vented systems
NZS 4617	Tempering (3-port mixing) valves
AS/NZS 5601.1	Gas installations - general installations
DIN 8077	Polypropylene (PP) Pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT - Dimensions
DIN 8078	Polypropylene (PP) Pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT - General quality requirements and testing.
Gas (Safety and Measurement) Regulations 2010	
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	
NZ Backflow Testing Standard: NZ Backflow Testing Standard 2011, Field testing of backflow prevention devices and verification of air gaps	

1.2 QUALIFICATIONS

Plumbers to be experienced competent workers, familiar with the materials and the techniques specified. Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying plumber under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

1.3 WARRANTY

Provide warranty for:

2 years: For the supply and installation of the plumbing system and fixtures

- Provide the warranty in the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

1.4 TESTING - TO NZBC G12/AS1

Test to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 7.5, **Watertightness**, for hot and cold water.

- Test to a pressure of 1500 kpa for period not less than 15 minutes.

Confirm the timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and the apparatus needed. Slowly fill service pipes with water to exclude air. Test and ensure there is no measurable loss of pressure for the minimum period. Slowly fill distribution pipes with water to exclude air. Ensure that with draw-off taps closed the system must remain water-tight.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 POLYBUTYLENE PIPE

Polybutylene tubing to [AS/NZS 2642.1](#), [AS/NZS 2642.2](#) and [AS/NZS 2642.3](#) complete with fittings and accessories brand-matched with durability to [NZBC B2/AS1](#) Durability, table 1 and [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 1.

2.2 VALVES

Pressure reducing or limiting valve, filter, non-return valve, cold water expansion valve, pressure relief or temperature valve, pressure relief valve and isolating valves to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

2.3 TEMPERING VALVE

Tempering valve to [NZS 4617](#) to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

2.4 ELECTRIC HOT WATER CYLINDER, MAINS PRESSURE

To [NZS 4305](#), ceramic-coated steel thermal storage cylinder, insulated and complete with required fittings.

2.5 PROTECTIVE TAPE

Plasticised PVC tape system with primer, mastic fixing and outer coating.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY

Generally carry out the whole of this work and tests to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.2 HANDLE AND STORE

Handle and store pipes, fittings and accessories to avoid damage. Store on site, under cover on a clean level area, stacked to eliminate movement and away from work in progress.

Store tapware in a shelved, dry and securely locked area. Retain tapware in the manufacturer's original packaging, complete with all fixings and installation instructions. Label each unit separately with its space/fixture number to match.

3.3 CORE HOLES AND SLEEVES

Review location and fit core holes and sleeves as needed throughout the structure in conjunction with the boxing, reinforcing and placing of concrete. Strip core holes and make good after installation of pipework.

3.4 CONCEAL

Conceal pipework within the fabric of the building unless detailed otherwise. Satin finish chrome plate exposed work, complete with matching ferrule at the surface penetration.

3.5 CORROSION

Separate all metals subject to electrolytic action from each other and from treated timber, concrete and other lime substances by space, painting of surfaces, taping, or separator strips.

3.6 THERMAL MOVEMENT

Accommodate movement in pipes resulting from temperature change by the layout of the pipe runs, by expansion joints and by sleeving through penetrations.

3.7 PIPE SIZE

Flow rates to each outlet to be no less than those given in [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 3, Acceptable flow rates to sanitary fixtures. Pipe size as determined in [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 4, Tempering valve and nominal pipe diameters.

3.8 ELECTROLYTIC ACTION

Avoid electrolytic action by eliminating contact or continuity of water between dissimilar metals.

3.9 EXCAVATE

Excavate for the water main to a firm, even trench base in straight runs. Allow to backfill.

3.10 JOINTING POLYBUTYLENE PIPE

Aluminium clamped, seal ring compression or push fit "O" ring seal jointing to pipe system manufacturer's requirements.

3.11 POTABLE WATER SUPPLY PIPEWORK INSTALLATION

From connection point, run pipes complete with all fittings, support and fixing, joins and install to manufacturers specifications. Size the pipes and branches in straight runs to deliver the acceptable flow rate to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 3, Acceptable flow rates to sanitary fixtures at each outlet. Allow for the expected concurrent use of adjoining fixtures and size the piping layout to eliminate loss of pressure at any point by simultaneous draw-off. Pipework support spacing to be firmly fixed and buffered to eliminate noise and hammer, with preformed tee-connection take-offs and branches, with machine made 3 diameter bends, complete with necessary valves and fittings. Conceal pipework and pressure test before the wall linings are fixed.

3.12 HOT WATER PIPEWORK

Use a take-off spigot to give separate branches to each fitting, lay out pipes with support spacing to [NZBC G12/VM1](#) or [NZBC G12/AS1](#), table 7 Water supply pipework support spacing. Fix firmly and buffer to eliminate noise and hammer, with preformed tee-connection take-offs and branches, and preformed 3 diameter bends, complete with all necessary valves and fittings

Lag all pipes with rigid insulation to the manufacturer's requirements and G12/VM1 or G12/AS1.

3.13 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING

Earth metallic water supply pipe and metallic sanitary fixtures to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 9.0.

3.14 IN-LINE FILTER

Install an in-line filter immediately adjacent to the main isolating valve at the point of entry to the building, in an accessible position to allow for easy cleaning.

3.15 HOT WATER CYLINDER INSTALLATION GENERALLY

Install hot water cylinders complete to the manufacturer's requirements, restrained and to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 6. 11, Water heater installation. Valve-vented systems to [NZS 4607](#).

3.16 INSTALL ELECTRIC HOT WATER CYLINDERS AND BOILING CYLINDERS

Install where shown complete with all the necessary fittings to the cylinder manufacturer's requirements and in accordance with [NZBC G12/AS1](#): 6.11. Valve-vented systems to [NZS 4607](#).

3.17 INSTALL HOT WATER CYLINDER OVERFLOW TRAY

Install drained overflow tray to hot water cylinder to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

3.18 INSTALL TEMPERING VALVE

Install 1 metre minimum from outlet of hot water cylinder and to manufacturer's instructions. Install copper pipework for 1 metre minimum downstream of tempering valve prior to connection of non-metallic pipework.

3.19 PENETRATIONS

Provide and fit collars and escutcheon plates to match the pipework at all penetrations through constructions.

3.20 INSTALLING APPLIANCE ISOLATING VALVES - CONCEALED

Install isolating valves for appliances in accessible positions. Locate in adjacent cupboards and position to allow for easy connection and operation.

3.21 LABEL

Label all pipework with permanent adhesive markers at 3 metre minimum intervals.

3.22 CLEAN IN-LINE FILTER

Clean all in-line filters on completion of works.

3.23 COMPLETION

Replace damaged or marked elements. Leave work to the standard required by following procedures. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 ELECTRIC HOT WATER CYLINDER, MAINS PRESSURE

Brand: Rheem
Model size: 31204515 (45l)

7430 DRAINAGE

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and laying of gravity foul water (sewage), stormwater and groundwater drainage.

1.1 DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO

Documents referred to in this section are:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E1/AS1	Surface water
NZBC G13/AS2	Foul Water
NZBC G13/AS3	Plumbing and Drainage
AS/NZS 1254	PVC-U pipes and fittings for Stormwater and Surface Water applications
AS/NZS 1260	PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent applications
AS/NZS 2032	Installation of PVC pipe systems
AS/NZS 2033	Installation of Polyethylene pipe systems
AS 2439.1	Perforated Plastics Drainage and Effluent Pipes and Fittings - Perforated drainage pipe and associated fittings
AS/NZS 2566.1	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Structural Design
AS/NZS 2566.2	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Installation
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
AS/NZS 3500.2	Plumbing and drainage - Sanitary plumbing and drainage
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 5065	Polyethylene and polypropylene pipes and fittings for drainage and sewerage applications
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	

1.2 AS BUILT DOCUMENTS

Supply a 1:100 scale as-built drawing of drains and fittings to the territorial authority and to the owner on completion.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Drainlayers to be experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified. Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying drainlayer under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE

17.5 MPa prescribed mix to [NZS 3104](#).

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Plain round and/or deformed steel bars, Grade 300 to [AS/NZS 4671](#).

2.3 PVC-U PIPES

PVC-U pipes bends, junctions, fittings and joints to [AS/NZS 1254](#) and [AS/NZS 1260](#). Underground PVC-U pipe to be Classified as follows:

Classification	Use
SN4 - SN6	Domestic & light load areas
SN8 - SN10	Commercial & Industrial medium load areas
SN16	Public roads & high load areas

2.4 PERFORATED PIPE

Perforated corrugated coil high density polyethylene subsoil drainage pipe to AS 2439.1 with polypropylene filter sock over, for groundwater drainage.

2.5 STRIP DRAIN CHANNEL

Proprietary, modular, variable invert, PVC or precast concrete drainage channel sections and drainage sump, embedded in site concrete and fitted with selected metal gratings.

2.6 TRENCH BACKFILLING MATERIAL - AS/NZS 3500.2

Bedding & surround: Crushed rock or gravel screenings of nominal size of 7 - 10 mm.

Backfill material: Excavated material from the trench (free from rock, hard matter and organic material) containing no soil lumps larger than 75 mm.

2.7 DRAINAGE MATERIAL

Free draining crushed stone, 7 mm to 20 mm in size.

2.8 FILTER FABRIC

Polymeric fabric formed from a plastic yarn or a long chain synthetic polymer composed of at least 85% by weight of propylene, ethylene, amide, ester or vinylidene chloride. Fibres to be rot proof, chemically stable and have low water absorbency. The filter network, (woven or non-woven) must be dimensionally stable and resistant to delamination.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATE

Excavate for drains to a firm even base with correct gradients set in straight runs.

Trenches running parallel, below and close to foundations of buildings to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#) to be separated to:

- [NZBC E1/AS1](#), 3.9.7, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for stormwater and subsoil drains.
- [NZBC G13/AS2](#), 5.6, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for foul water drains.

3.2 MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS

All drainage installations to the pipe and fitting manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 DRAINAGE GENERALLY - AS/NZS 3500.2 & NZBC E1/AS1

Carry out drainage work and tests to [AS/NZS 3500.2](#), as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#) (foul water), [NZBC E1/AS1](#) (stormwater). Lay uPVC pipe systems to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2032](#), NZS 2566.1 and [AS/NZS 2566.2](#). Lay polyethylene pipes and fittings to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2033](#) and NZS 2566.1.

3.4 LAY FOUL WATER DRAINS

Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients, to discharge into the existing septic system. Set inspection fittings on a concrete base.

3.5 LAY STORMWATER DRAINS

Confirm the required location of downpipes and finished ground levels before commencing pipework. Set downpipe bends in concrete with the concrete brought up to protect the top of the bend from damage. Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients to discharge into the network utility operator's stormwater system.

3.6 FILTER FABRIC TO DRAINAGE MATERIAL

Where details require drainage material to be encapsulated in filter fabric to prevent fines from blocking the aggregate. Place fabric and carefully hold in place by pinning and/or by controlled use of aggregate as ballast. After drain installation and required backfilling, complete encapsulation with fabric. Ensure filter fabric is correctly placed, sufficiently overlapped and pinned and/or secured.

3.7 LAY PERFORATED GROUNDWATER PIPING TO BASEMENT WALLS

Ensure any required waterproofing and protection sheets are in place before starting work. Lay perforated groundwater drainage piping with filter sock, firmly on a bed of drainage material screeded to the required gradient. The pipe must not excessively elongate during installation. Lay in straight runs to 1:150 gradients with invert of the highest horizontal point 50 mm minimum below floor slab level, discharging into surface water drainage system. Carry drainage material up and over the pipes without disturbing them. Fill with drainage material to full height of wall. Carry the high end of all lines up to the surface in capped, solid pipe to provide for flushing out.

3.8 INSTALL STRIP DRAIN CHANNEL

Excavate trench and form site concrete base to fall. Set interlocking channel sections, sumps and accessories in place, all in accordance with the channel manufacturer's requirements. Check falls and install gratings and covers.

3.9 INSTALL FOUL WATER INSPECTION CHAMBERS - NZBC G13/AS2

Construct as detailed on a poured concrete footing to [NZBC G13/AS2](#), 5.7 **Access points**. Provide all necessary haunching to channels. Fit a cast iron cover and frame.

3.10 SOAKHOLES OR TRENCHES

Dispose of stormwater on site as shown on the drawings to suit local geology and soil structure.

3.11 CONCRETE ENCASEMENT

Concrete encase shallow drains and drains under driveways, on a 100mm deep 17.5 MPa concrete bed reinforced with three 10mm mild steel bars. Surround pipes with a polythene membrane to allow movement and encase in 100mm 17.5 MPa concrete.

3.12 FIELD TEST

Field test drains for watertightness (PVC-U to [AS/NZS 2032](#) or AS/NZS 2566. 2 Appendix N) to the satisfaction of the territorial authority inspector.

3.13 PLACING & COMPACTING TRENCH BACKFILLING MATERIAL FOR PVC-U PIPE

Place and rake in bedding material so as to support the pipe once laid. Embedment material shall be placed uniformly along and around the pipe to ensure uniform density of side support and overlay with no distortion, dislodgment or damage to the pipeline. Following placement, the embedment material shall be compacted in layers to uniformly support the pipe. Trench fill material shall be placed on the pipe embedment and compacted to fill the trench, with care taken to avoid impact loading of the pipe.

3.14 CLEAN OUT SUBSOIL DRAIN INSTALLATION

Clean and flush out the whole subsoil drain installation and remove silt and debris before handing over.

4 SELECTIONS**4.1 PERFORATED GROUNDWATER DRAINAGE PIPING**

Pipe brand/type: DN 110 HDPE
 Diameter: 110mm
 Sock brand/type: Pre-fitted thermal bonded polypropylene filter sock:

4.2 CHANNEL DRAIN

Location: D. 01
 Type: Allproof BB LT bolted bracket level threshold with black glass filled nylon grate

7701 ELECTRICAL BASIC

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the wiring for domestic and small scale commercial installations, including:

- power
- lighting
- security system
- complete with componentry
- electrically-powered fittings
- fire rated sealers, liners and accessories

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

CFL	compact fluorescent lamp
ELV	extra low voltage
GLS	general lighting service
IP	international (ingress) protection classification
LCD	liquid crystal display
LED	light emitting diode
MCB	miniature circuit breaker
NUO	Network Utility Operator
PCB	printed circuit board
PIR	passive infrared
RCBO	residual current-operated circuit breaker with over current protection
RCCB	residual current-operated circuit breakers
RCD	residual current device
SIA	security integration architecture
TPS	tough plastic sheathed
TCF	Telecommunications Carriers' Forum

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F6/AS1	Visibility in escape routes
NZBC F7/AS1	Warning systems
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC G9/AS1	Electricity
AS/NZS 1125	Conductors in insulated electric cables and flexible cord
AS/NZS 1768	Lightning protection
AS/NZS 2201.1	Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance
AS 2293.1	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - System design, installation and operation
AS 2293.3	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - Emergency escape luminaires and exit signs
AS/NZS 3000	Electrical installations (known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules)
AS/NZS 3008.1.2	Electrical installations - Selection of cables - Cables for alternating voltages up to and including 0.6/1 kV - Typical New Zealand installation conditions
AS/NZS 3100:2009	Approval and test specification-general requirements for electrical equipment
AS/NZS 3112	Approval and test specification - Plugs and socket-outlets
AS/NZS 3113	Approval and test specification - Ceiling roses
AS/NZS 3190	Approval and test specification - Residual current devices (current-operated earth-leakage devices)
AS/NZS 3350.1	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances - General requirements
AS/NZS 3439.3	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Particular requirements for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies intended to be installed in places where unskilled persons have access for their use - Distribution boards
AS 3786	Smoke alarms
NZS 4514	Interconnected smoke alarms for houses
AS/NZS 5000.2	Electric cables - Polymeric insulated - for working voltages up to and including 450/750v
AS/NZS 60598.2.2:2001	Luminaires - Particular requirements - Recessed luminaires
IEC 61643	Components for low voltage surge protection devices
Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010 (Reprint as at 4 April 2016)	
TCF Premises Wiring Code of Practice 2011	

1.3 WARRANTY

Warrant the complete electrical installation under normal environmental and use conditions against failure of materials and execution.

1 year: Warranty period

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

1.4 COMPLY

Comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, [AS/NZS 3000](#), [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#) and [TCF Premises Wiring Code of Practice](#) for listed and prescribed work and with the utility network operator's requirements. Apply for the service connection. Arrange for the required inspections of listed work. Pay all fees.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

Carry out work under the supervision of an electrical licensed supervisor.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS - SECURITY SYSTEM

Installation by an installer licensed under the Private Investigators and Security Guards Act. Installation of all security equipment to comply with [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance.

1.7 SAFETY OF INSTALLATION - DESIGN BY ELECTRICIAN

Before installation work commences provide a Certified Design. The Certified Design is to comply with the Electrical (Safety) Regulations (2010), regulations 58. It must be signed by the designer of the installation.

1.8 ELECTRICAL CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Supply a certificate of compliance (CoC) to the owner, and if required the NUO, as required by the Electricity (Safety) Regulations (2010), prior to connection.

- Arrange for the NUO to inspect before the meter installation, listed work inspection, polarity check and supply becoming live.
- Arrange for an inspector to inspect as required by regulation 70.

1.9 ELECTRICAL SAFETY CERTIFICATE

Provide an Electrical Safety Certificate (ESC), as required by the Electrical (Safety) Regulations 2010, to the owner and when required the BCA. To be provided no later than 20 working days after connection and prior to Practical Completion.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CABLES

Tough plastic sheathed copper conductors to [AS/NZS 5000.2](#), stranded above 1.0mm², and to [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#). Minimum sizes as below. Increase sizes if the method of installation, thermal insulation, cable length or load will reduce the cable rating below that of the MCB rating, or produce an excessive voltage drop.

Lighting circuits:	Commercial: 1.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs
Power circuits:	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for unenclosed or unfilled cavity construction
	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for insulated construction, or filled cavity, or lengths over 30 metres
Hot water cylinder circuits:	Single phase: 2.5mm ² on 20 amp MCBs

Heat resistant cable for final connections to all heated appliances, and high temperature cable in ambient conditions that may be above 35°C.

2.2 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Flush surface mount boards manufactured to [AS/NZS 3439.3](#) and installed in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). Manufactured from engineering grade resin with a glow wire rating of 850°C, complete with neutral and earth busbars, and insulated comb phase bar. Distribution boards to have 20% spare capacity for future additions and alterations.

2.3 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

General requirements including main switch 63A or 100A. Residual current protection 30mA, ensure RCCBs' meet Type A and comply with [AS/NZS 3190](#). MCBs to 4.5kA or 6kA rated.

2.4 WALL BOXES

Standard grid size or equivalent to be manufactured from plastic or metal, with 2 or more gang size to be metal with steel inserts for accessory securing screws. Screw fixed.

2.5 SWITCH UNITS

Single pole switches to be 16 amp minimum rated, double pole or intermediate to be 16 amp minimum rated. All switches to be 230 volt a.c. polycarbonate flushplate units. Refer to drawings/schedules for number of switches per unit, dimmer units, neon (indicator or toggle) units and 2 way units.

2.6 HOT WATER SYSTEM SWITCH

One way 20 amp switch complete with cable clamp for flexible PVC conduit to element enclosure.

2.7 SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS

10 amp, 230 volt flat 3 pin socket outlets fitted with safety shutters and manufactured to [AS/NZS 3100](#), [AS/NZS 3112](#) and [AS/NZS 3113](#), single or multi gang as detailed.

2.8 SMOKE ALARMS

Type 1 domestic smoke alarm to [NZBC F7/AS1](#). 1.2 **Descriptions of alarm systems.** Alarm to AS 3786. A wired 230 volt ionised smoke detector type.

2.9 SURGE PROTECTION

Protection for the buildings appliances with IEC 61643 Class II surge protection devices fitted to the switchboard. For variable electronic equipment fit IEC 61643 Class III surge protection to switched socket outlets.

2.10 CEILING ROSES

White plastic mounting base with screwed cover, manufactured to [AS/NZS 3113](#). Terminal type. Cylindrical section TPS for suspended fittings.

2.11 LIGHT FITTINGS

Fluorescent and High Intensity Discharge fittings with low loss control gear and power factor corrected to 0.95 minimum. Control gear suitable for dimming if this is required. All fittings complete with lamps; Incandescent GLS lamps pearl, coiled-coil 230v rated, bayonet cap; Fluorescent triphosphor 2700K; CFL; halogen ELV 12v dichroic reflector with cover glass unless detailed otherwise; integral/non-integral LEDs, reflectors, lenses, heatsinks and drivers - 3,000K to 4,000K, CRI >80, L70.

2.12 EMERGENCY LIGHT FITTINGS

Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings to AS 2293.3. Exit, recessed, ceiling or wall mounted. Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.13 CONTROL PANEL

Control panel system with a minimum of one installer code, one master code, 6 zones minimum and 6 user codes. The installer to select codes to suit installation.

2.14 DETECTORS

There are two main types of detectors:

- Standard passive infrared sensors: Install in stable environments with no wind flow and no direct bright sunlight.
- Passive infrared/ microwave sensors: Install in area where environmental stability is an issue.

2.15 AUDIBLE DEVICES

Internal sirens can be either a 12V Piezo Siren or a Horn speaker with a sound pressure level of no less than 95dB.

External siren can be either a stainless steel design or have hardened plastic casing. Both designs to be fully weatherproof but not limited to IP66 Rating. The siren box to contain a strobe diffuser in either blue or red. The siren shall contain a horn speaker, 12v speaker or an electronic siren. The external siren box to have both a cover and rear wall tamper mechanism.

2.16 CABLING

Security alarm wiring to NZS/AS 1125 for cables.

Security alarm wiring to be multi stranded and not single stranded, minimum 0.5mm².

2.17 PERIPHERALS

Fit anti-tamper devices to detectors, control panels and equipment housings, programmed to give a tamper indication when the system is unset and a tamper alarm when the system is set.

Standard keypad manufactured of moulded hardened plastic with either a LED or LCD screen, to match the style of the wiring accessories in diameter, colour and aesthetics.

2.18 COMMUNICATIONS

Digital dialler to be built into the PCB of all control panels, with the options for both monitoring and remote dial in windows based software. Digital dialler to comply with all the industry standard communication formats including contact I.D and SIA, and NZ Telepermit certification.

Remote software able to upload / download programming changes and or history events and change status of the security alarm with the ability to be turned off if required.

2.19 FIRE RATED SEALERS AND LINERS

Sealants, collars, wraps, expanding foam, mortars and liners, used to seal around pipe, conduit and sleeve penetrations through fire and acoustic walls and floors. Refer to SELECTIONS for type.

2.20 WALL BOXES AND SWITCH UNITS - FIRE RATED

Proprietary intumescent pad for plastic electrical sockets installed in plasterboard lined fire rated partitions providing an acoustic barrier and fire protection. Refer to SELECTIONS for type.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Fit to [AS/NZS 3000](#) and board manufacturer's requirements. Recess into wall or surface mount and ensure fire containment properties of the enclosure are maintained.

3.2 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

Install MCBs at distribution board to AS/NZS3000 to protect each final sub circuit.

3.3 EARTH BONDS

Bond together and to earth all plumbing fittings not adequately isolated, to [AS/NZS 3000](#), the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010 and the fitting manufacturer's requirements.

3.4 MAIN EARTH

Provide a plastic toby box to contain and protect the earth electrode. Fix the connecting earth wiring closely and securely against wall surfaces.

3.5 EARTH LEAKAGE PROTECTION

Install RCD protection to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.6 RCD - SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS

Install 30mA RCDs at the distribution board.

Install fixed wired RCD protected outlets (SRCD) in the following areas:

- Wet areas: bathrooms, laundries, kitchens.
- Where intended for use with cleaning equipment.
- Hand-held tools subject to movement in use, i.e. work-shops, garages.

3.7 SET-OUT

The position of outlets and equipment shown on drawings is indicative of requirements. Confirm documents and site conditions are not in conflict with other services or features. Resolve conflicts and discrepancies before proceeding with work affected. Confirm on site the exact location, disposition and mounting heights of all outlets, fittings, equipment, penetrations, and use of exposed wiring. Fix outlet items level, plumb and in line.

3.8 CABLING

Install wiring systems to [AS/NZS 3000](#). All cabling run concealed. No TPS cable laid directly in concrete. Locate holes in timber framing for the passage of cables at the centre line of the timber member. Install cable in conduits where required to pass through concrete or underground. In walls run cabling horizontally and vertically in straight lines. In ceilings either run cabling along ceiling framing or attached to catenary wires. Clip cabling to ceiling framing/catenary wires.

3.9 CABLING CIRCUITS

Install all circuits with the appropriately rated cable and circuit protection. Install with a maximum of 8 light switch units or 4 double or single switched socket units on any circuit. Minimum 2 lighting circuits per floor. Separate circuits for all electric heating appliances. Kitchen sockets to be on at least two different circuits.

3.10 LIGHT FITTINGS

Install light fittings in locations and at heights specified and confirmed by the owner, in accordance with the fitting manufacturer's requirements.

3.11 EXTRA LOW VOLTAGE LIGHTING

Use electronic, transformers (halogen) or drivers (LED) for ELV lamps, one transformer/driver per lamp. Locate to manufacturer's requirements and as close as practicable to the lamp. Ensure transformers/drivers and rear of light fittings are adequately ventilated and appropriately clear of any building elements, to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.12 RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS - CLEARANCE TO INSULATION

Non-residential applications;

The clearance between insulation and recessed downlights;

- Leave 100mm gap to [AS/NZS 3000](#), figure 4.9
- Provide larger gaps where required by the downlight manufacturer

Residential applications;

- Ensure new recessed downlights are one of the new classes classified in [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); CA 80, CA 135, IC and IC - F.
- Classification type CA 80, CA 135, to [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); insulation can abut the sides (wrapping around the sides)
- Classification type IC and IC - F, to [AS/NZS 60598.2.2](#); insulation can abut and cover over the

- top of the downlight
- Provide larger gaps where required by the light manufacturer
- In a retrofit situation where the insulation is non-approved or unknown, ensure 100mm clearance from the insulation to [AS/NZS 3000](#), figure 4.9.

3.13 EMERGENCY LIGHTING

Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings to AS 2293.1 and [NZBC F6/AS1](#). Fit emergency light fittings to manufacturer's specifications. Refer to plans for position of fittings.

3.14 ELECTRIC HOT WATER SYSTEM

Wire as a separate circuit through a wall-mounted isolating switch, with the cable from switch to element encased in flexible PVC conduit, clamp fixed at each end. Hot water cylinders, thermostats and 3000 watt element supplied and fitted under the hot and cold water system section.

3.15 SMOKE ALARMS

Install Type 1 domestic smoke alarm system to [NZBC F7/AS1 3.0 Domestic smoke alarms](#), NZS 4514 and to the alarm manufacturer's requirements. Fit neatly and without damage to the surrounding finish.

3.16 SURGE PROTECTION

Install surge protection devices to manufacturer's requirements and in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and AS/NZS 1768. When fitting IEC 61643 Class II protection at the switchboard, protect the device by a dedicated MCB.

3.17 ELECTRIC POWERED FITTINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Install and wire fittings and equipment to individual fittings and equipment manufacturer's requirements. Refer to the drawings for required layouts and locations for equipment. Refer to SELECTIONS for schedules of fittings.

3.18 OUTDOOR/EXTERIOR SERVICES

Install all wiring systems in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations:

Provide circuits and connections for exterior installations, including ELV 12/24 Volt path lighting and electronic irrigation systems. Refer to drawings for connection points. Where underground, ensure appropriate protection, such as thickness of sheathing, conduit, depth of cabling, and proximity to other services.

Use the appropriate rated fittings for power control and power supply. Weather protected switches to IP56, and sockets to IP53 as a minimum. Install to manufacturer's specifications using recommended fittings and sealants to maintain the products integrity.

Earth leakage protection to be provided for in areas where there is increased risk to human safety in the form of either RCDs at the distribution board, or socket outlet. RCDs are recommended for visible awareness of protection.

3.19 LABELLING

Include label under each controller, switch and circuit breaker on distribution boards. Include a warning notice if light dimmers are used in the installation. List the rating of each circuit.

3.20 SECURITY SYSTEM

Install to the system manufacturer's requirements, control panel, detectors and associated equipment fitted neatly and without damage to surrounding finishes. Installation of security equipment to [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance. All 230v mains power connections to the security panel are to be in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). The 230V power is to be switched using a dedicated single gang Isolator switch or similar.

3.21 SEAL ALL PENETRATIONS

Seal all penetrations, including in and around conduits and sleeves, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. For fire and/or acoustic rated elements, maintain the rating with the seal systems.

3.22 PROVIDE CABLE SLEEVES

Provide PVC sleeves formed from pipe sections, unless fire and/or acoustic systems require sleeves for other building elements and/or different material for the sleeve.

3.23 INSTALL WALL BOXES AND SWITCH UNITS - FIRE RATED

Install proprietary fire rated wall boxes and switch units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.24 COMPLETION

Leave installation operating correctly, with equipment clean and operational.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 SELECTIONS - FITTINGS AND HARDWARE

Confirm selections of all outlet fittings and hardware with the owner in writing before ordering. Refer to the lighting and electrical plans