

AGREEMENT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE

This form is approved by The Law Association of New Zealand Inc. and by the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Inc.

DATE:

VENDOR:

Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

PURCHASER:

and/or nominee

The vendor is registered under the GST Act in respect of the transaction and/or will be so registered at settlement: Yes/~~No~~
If "Yes", Schedule 1 must be completed by the parties.

Purchase price allocation (PPA) is relevant to the parties for income tax and/or GST purposes: Vendor Yes/~~No~~
If both parties answer "Yes", use of the PPA addendum for this agreement is recommended. Purchaser/Purchaser's Nominee Yes/~~No~~

PROPERTY

Address: 30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

Estate: ~~FREEHOLD~~ ~~LEASEHOLD~~ ~~STRATUM IN FREEHOLD~~
~~STRATUM IN LEASEHOLD~~ ~~GROSS LEASE (FREEHOLD)~~ ~~GROSS LEASE (LEASEHOLD)~~

If none of the above are deleted, the estate being sold is the first option of freehold.

Legal Description:

Area (more or less): 19,235 sqm **Lot/Flat/Unit:** 2 **DP:** 79657 **Record of Title (unique identifier):** NA36B/1164

PAYMENT OF PURCHASE PRICE

Purchase price: \$ Refer to Schedule 5 attached

~~Plus GST (if any)~~ ~~OR Inclusive of GST (if any)~~
If neither is deleted, the purchase price includes GST (if any).
GST date (refer clause 13.0):

Deposit (refer clause 2.0): \$ 10% of the purchase price payable to Mackys Real Estate Limited Trust Account (01-0277-0174054-02) upon this agreement becoming unconditional in all respects.

Balance of purchase price to be paid or satisfied as follows:

(1) By payment in cleared funds on the settlement date which is: Refer to Schedule 5 attached

OR

~~(2) In the manner described in the Further Terms of Sale.~~

Interest rate for late settlement: 14% p.a.

CONDITIONS (refer clause 9.0)

| | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Finance required (clause 9.1): | Yes/No | Finance date: |
| LIM required (clause 9.3): | Yes/No | LIM date: |
| Building report required (clause 9.4): | Yes/No | Building report date: |
| Toxicology report required (clause 9.5): | Yes/No | Toxicology report date: |
| OIA consent required (clause 9.6): | Yes/No | OIA date (clause 9.8): |
| Land Act consent required (clause 9.7): | Yes/No | Land Act date (clause 9.8): |

TENANCIES

Yes/~~No~~

Particulars of any tenancies are set out in Schedule 3 or another schedule attached to this agreement by the parties.

It is agreed that the vendor sells and the purchaser purchases the property, and any chattels listed, on the terms and conditions of this agreement.

Release date: 21 April 2026

GENERAL TERMS OF SALE

1.0 Definitions, time for performance, notices, and interpretation

1.1 Definitions

- (1) Unless the context requires a different interpretation, words and phrases not otherwise defined have the same meanings ascribed to those words and phrases in the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985, the Property Law Act 2007, the Resource Management Act 1991 or the Unit Titles Act 2010.
- (2) "Accessory unit", "owner", "principal unit", "unit", and "unit plan" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Unit Titles Act.
- (3) "Agreement" means this document including the front page, these General Terms of Sale, any Further Terms of Sale, and any schedules and attachments.
- (4) "Appointee", for the purposes of clause 10, means:
 - (a) an experienced property lawyer or an experienced litigator or an expert committee (such as a committee of TLANZ) appointed by the parties; and
 - (b) where, for the purposes of clause 10.8(4), the claim for compensation is made under clause 5.2, the appointee may be an experienced registered valuer or quantity surveyor appointed by the parties; but
 - (c) if the parties cannot agree on the appointee, the appointment shall be made on the application of either party by the president.
- (5) "Associated person", "conveyancer", "offshore RLWT person", "residential land purchase amount", "RLWT", "RLWT certificate of exemption" and "RLWT rules" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Income Tax Act 2007.
- (6) "Automatic garage door facility" means an electronic facility for the opening and closing of a garage door, operated by a garage door remote control.
- (7) "Building", "building consent", "code compliance certificate", "commercial on-seller", "compliance schedule" and "household unit" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Building Act.
- (8) "Building Act" means the Building Act 1991 and/or the Building Act 2004.
- (9) "Building report date" means the building report date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (10) "Building warrant of fitness" means a building warrant of fitness supplied to a territorial authority under the Building Act.
- (11) "Cleared funds" means an electronic transfer of funds that has been made strictly in accordance with the requirements set out in the PLS Guidelines.
- (12) "Commissioner" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Tax Administration Act 1994.
- (13) "Default GST" means any additional GST, penalty (civil or otherwise), interest, or other sum imposed on the vendor (or where the vendor is or was a member of a GST group its representative member) under the GST Act or the Tax Administration Act 1994 by reason of non-payment of any GST payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement but does not include any such sum levied against the vendor (or where the vendor is or was a member of a GST group its representative member) by reason of a default or delay by the vendor after payment of the GST to the vendor by the purchaser.
- (14) "Electronic instrument" has the same meaning as ascribed to that term in the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (15) "Finance date" means the finance date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the tenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (16) "Going concern", "goods", "principal place of residence", "recipient", "registered person", "registration number", "supply", "taxable activity" and "taxable supply" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the GST Act.
- (17) "GST" means Goods and Services Tax arising pursuant to the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985 and "GST Act" means the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985.
- (18) "Key" includes any instrument, tool, or device for opening and shutting a lock to the property, whether a physical key, an electronic key, a code, a combination of these, or otherwise.
- (19) "Land Act date" means the Land Act date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, has the meaning described in clause 9.8.
- (20) "Landonline Workspace" means an electronic workspace facility approved by the Registrar-General of Land pursuant to the provisions of the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (21) "Leases" means any tenancy agreement, agreement to lease (if applicable), lease, sublease, or licence to occupy in respect of the property, and includes any receipt or other evidence of payment of any bond and any formal or informal document or letter evidencing any variation, renewal, extension, review, or assignment.
- (22) "LIM" means a land information memorandum issued pursuant to the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987.
- (23) "LIM date" means the LIM date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement, taking into account clause 1.1(50)(c).
- (24) "LINZ" means Land Information New Zealand.
- (25) "Local authority" means a territorial authority or a regional council.
- (26) "OIA consent" means consent to purchase the property under the Overseas Investment Act 2005.
- (27) "OIA date" means the OIA date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, has the meaning described in clause 9.8.
- (28) "PLS Guidelines" means the most recent edition, as at the date of this agreement, of the New Zealand Law Society Property Law Section Guidelines, issued by the New Zealand Law Society.
- (29) "President" means the president of TLANZ, or other authorised delegate.
- (30) "Proceedings" means any application to any court or tribunal or any referral or submission to mediation, adjudication or arbitration or any other dispute resolution procedure.
- (31) "Property" means the property described in this agreement.
- (32) "Purchase price" means the total purchase price stated in this agreement which the purchaser has agreed to pay the vendor for the property and the chattels included in the sale.

- (33) "Purchase price allocation" means an allocation of the purchase price, and (if applicable) any other consideration for the property and the chattels included in the sale, to the property, chattels or any part thereof that affects a person's tax position under the Income Tax Act 2007 and/or the GST Act.
- (34) "Regional council" means a regional council within the meaning of the Local Government Act 2002.
- (35) "REINZ" means the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Incorporated.
- (36) "Remote settlement" means settlement of the sale and purchase of the property by way of the purchaser's lawyer paying the moneys due and payable on the settlement date directly into the trust account of the vendor's lawyer, in consideration of the vendor agreeing to meet the vendor's obligations under clause 3.8(2), pursuant to the protocol for remote settlement recommended in the PLS Guidelines.
- (37) "Residential (but not otherwise sensitive) land" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Overseas Investment Act 2005.
- (38) "Rules" means body corporate operational rules under the Unit Titles Act.
- (39) "Secure web document exchange" means an electronic messaging service enabling messages and electronic documents to be posted by one party to a secure website to be viewed by the other party immediately after posting.
- (40) "Settlement" means (unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing) the moment in time when the vendor and purchaser have fulfilled their obligations under clause 3.8.
- (41) "Settlement date" means the date specified as such in this agreement.
- (42) "Settlement statement" means a statement showing the purchase price, plus any GST payable by the purchaser in addition to the purchase price, less any deposit or other payments or allowances to be credited to the purchaser, together with apportionments of all incomings and outgoings apportioned at the settlement date.
- (43) "Tax information" and "tax statement" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (44) "Territorial authority" means a territorial authority within the meaning of the Local Government Act 2002.
- (45) "Title" includes where appropriate a record of title within the meaning of the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (46) "TLANZ" means The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated.
- (47) "Toxicology report date" means the toxicology report date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (48) "Unit title" means a unit title under the Unit Titles Act.
- (49) "Unit Titles Act" means the Unit Titles Act 2010.
- (50) "Working day" means any day of the week other than:
 - (a) Saturday, Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday and Labour Day;
 - (b) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday;
 - (c) a day in the period commencing on the 24th day of December in any year and ending on the 5th day of January (or in the case of the LIM date, ending on the 15th day of January) in the following year, both days inclusive;
 - (d) the day observed as the anniversary of any province in which the property is situated;
 - (e) the day on which a public holiday is observed to acknowledge Matariki, pursuant to the Te Kāhui o Matariki Public Holiday Act 2022; and
 - (f) any other day that the Government of New Zealand declares to be a public holiday.

A working day shall be deemed to commence at 9.00 am and to terminate at 5.00 pm.

1.2 Unless a contrary intention appears on the front page or elsewhere in this agreement:

- (1) the interest rate for late settlement is equivalent to the interest rate charged by the Inland Revenue Department on unpaid tax under the Tax Administration Act 1994 during the period for which the interest rate for late settlement is payable, plus 5% per annum; and
- (2) a party is in default if it did not do what it has contracted to do to enable settlement to occur, regardless of the cause of such failure.

1.3 Time for Performance

- (1) Where the day nominated for settlement or the fulfilment of a condition is not a working day, then the settlement date or the date for fulfilment of the condition shall be the last working day before the day so nominated.
- (2) Any act done pursuant to this agreement by a party, including service of notices, after 5.00 pm on a working day, or on a day that is not a working day, shall be deemed to have been done at 9.00 am on the next succeeding working day.
- (3) Where two or more acts done pursuant to this agreement, including service of notices, are deemed to have been done at the same time, they shall take effect in the order in which they would have taken effect but for clause 1.3(2).

1.4 Notices

The following apply to all notices between the parties relevant to this agreement, whether authorised by this agreement or by the general law:

- (1) All notices must be served in writing.
- (2) Any notice under section 28 of the Property Law Act 2007, where the purchaser is in possession of the property, must be served in accordance with section 353 of that Act.
- (3) All other notices, unless otherwise required by the Property Law Act 2007, must be served by one of the following means:
 - (a) on the party as authorised by sections 354 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007, or
 - (b) on the party or on the party's lawyer:
 - (i) by personal delivery; or
 - (ii) by posting by ordinary mail; or
 - (iii) by email; or
 - (iv) in the case of the party's lawyer only, by sending by document exchange or, if both parties' lawyers have agreed to subscribe to the same secure web document exchange for this agreement, by secure web document exchange.
- (4) In respect of the means of service specified in clause 1.4(3)(b), a notice is deemed to have been served:
 - (a) in the case of personal delivery, when received by the party or at the lawyer's office;
 - (b) in the case of posting by ordinary mail, on the fifth working day following the date of posting to the address for service notified in writing by the party or to the postal address of the lawyer's office;

- (c) in the case of email:
 - (i) when sent to the email address provided for the party or the party's lawyer on the back page; or
 - (ii) any other email address notified subsequently in writing by the party or the party's lawyer (which shall supersede the email address on the back page); or
 - (iii) if no such email address is provided on the back page or notified subsequently in writing, the office email address of the party's lawyer's firm appearing on the firm's letterhead or website;
 - (d) in the case of sending by document exchange, on the second working day following the date of sending to the document exchange number of the lawyer's office;
 - (e) in the case of sending by secure web document exchange, on the first working day following the date of sending to the secure web document exchange.
- (5) Any period of notice required to be given under this agreement shall be computed by excluding the day of service.

1.5 Interpretation and Execution

- (1) If there is more than one vendor or purchaser, the liability of the vendors or of the purchasers, as the case may be, is joint and several.
- (2) Where the purchaser executes this agreement with provision for a nominee, or as agent for an undisclosed or disclosed but unidentified principal, or on behalf of a company to be formed, the purchaser shall at all times remain liable for all obligations on the part of the purchaser.
- (3) If any inserted term (including any Further Terms of Sale) conflicts with the General Terms of Sale the inserted term shall prevail.
- (4) Headings are for information only and do not form part of this agreement.
- (5) References to statutory provisions shall be construed as references to those provisions as they may be amended or re-enacted or as their application is modified by other provisions from time to time.
- (6) Reference to a party's lawyer includes reference to a conveyancing practitioner (as defined in the Lawyers and Conveyancers Act 2006), engaged by that party, provided that all actions of that conveyancing practitioner (including without limitation any actions in respect of any undertaking or in respect of settlement) must strictly accord with the PLS Guidelines.
- (7) This agreement may be signed by means of an electronic signature.

1.6 Use of form

- (1) Each party warrants that neither they nor their lawyer or agent has altered, removed, or added to the published text of this edition of the TLANZ/REINZ Agreement for Sale and Purchase of Real Estate. This warranty does not prohibit nor apply to:
 - (a) removal of published text by way of strikethrough (for example, ~~strikethrough~~), nor
 - (b) the addition of text to the published text in a manner which leaves the published text in place and which makes the alteration, removal, or addition reasonably identifiable.

2.0 Deposit

- 2.1 The purchaser shall pay the deposit to the vendor or the vendor's agent immediately upon execution of this agreement by both parties or at such other time as is specified in this agreement.
- 2.2 If the deposit is not paid on the due date for payment, the vendor may at any time thereafter serve on the purchaser notice requiring payment. If the purchaser fails to pay the deposit on or before the third working day after service of the notice, time being of the essence, the vendor may cancel this agreement by serving notice of cancellation on the purchaser. No notice of cancellation shall be effective if the deposit has been paid before the notice of cancellation is served.
- 2.3 The deposit shall be in part payment of the purchase price.
- 2.4 The person to whom the deposit is paid shall hold it as a stakeholder until the latest of those of the following matters which are applicable to this agreement:
 - (1) the requisition procedure under clause 6.0 is completed without either party cancelling this agreement; and/or
 - (2) where this agreement is entered into subject to any condition(s) expressed in this agreement, each such condition has been fulfilled or waived; and/or
 - (3) where the property is a unit title:
 - (a) a pre-contract disclosure statement that complies with section 146 of the Unit Titles Act, and a pre-settlement disclosure statement that complies with section 147 of the Unit Titles Act, have been provided to the purchaser by the vendor within the times prescribed in those sections; and/or
 - (b) all rights of delay or cancellation under sections 149, 149A, 151, or 151A of the Unit Titles Act that have arisen have been waived or have expired without being exercised; and/or
 - (c) this agreement is cancelled pursuant to sections 149A or 151A of the Unit Titles Act; and/or
 - (4) this agreement is:
 - (a) cancelled pursuant to clause 6.2(3)(c); and/or
 - (b) avoided pursuant to clause 9.10(5).
- 2.5 Where the person to whom the deposit is paid is a real estate agent, the period for which the agent must hold the deposit as a stakeholder pursuant to clause 2.4 shall run concurrently with the period for which the agent must hold the deposit under section 123 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, but the agent must hold the deposit for the longer of those two periods, or such lesser period as is agreed between the parties in writing as required by section 123 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, but in no event shall the deposit be released prior to the expiry of the requisition period under clause 6.0, unless the requisition period is expressly waived in writing.

3.0 Possession and Settlement

Possession

- 3.1 Unless particulars of a tenancy are included in this agreement, the property is sold with vacant possession and the vendor shall so yield the property on the settlement date.

- 3.2 If the property is sold with vacant possession, then subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall permit the purchaser or any person authorised by the purchaser in writing, upon reasonable notice:
- (1) to enter the property on one occasion prior to the settlement date for the purposes of examining the property, chattels and fixtures which are included in the sale; and
 - (2) to re-enter the property no later than the day prior to the settlement date to confirm compliance by the vendor with any agreement made by the vendor to carry out any work on the property, the chattels and the fixtures.
- 3.3 Possession shall be given and taken on the settlement date. Outgoings and incomings in respect of the settlement date are the responsibility of and belong to the vendor.
- 3.4 On the settlement date, the vendor shall make available to the purchaser keys to all exterior doors that are locked by key, electronic door openers to all doors that are opened electronically, and the keys and/or security codes to any alarms. The vendor does not have to make available keys, electronic door openers, and security codes where the property is tenanted and these are held by the tenant.

Settlement

- 3.5 The vendor shall prepare, at the vendor's own expense, a settlement statement. The vendor shall tender the settlement statement to the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer a reasonable time prior to the settlement date. If the property is a unit title, the vendor's settlement statement must show any periodic contributions to the operating account that have been struck prior to the settlement date (whether or not they are payable before or after the settlement date) and these periodic contributions to the operating account shall be apportioned. There shall be no apportionment of contributions to any long-term maintenance fund, contingency fund or capital improvement fund.
- 3.6 The purchaser's lawyer shall:
- (1) within a reasonable time prior to the settlement date create a Landonline Workspace for the transaction, notify the vendor's lawyer of the dealing number allocated by LINZ, and prepare in that workspace a transfer instrument in respect of the property; and
 - (2) prior to settlement:
 - (a) lodge in that workspace the tax information contained in the transferee's tax statement; and
 - (b) certify and sign the transfer instrument.
- 3.7 The vendor's lawyer shall:
- (1) within a reasonable time prior to the settlement date prepare in that workspace all other electronic instruments required to confer title on the purchaser in terms of the vendor's obligations under this agreement; and
 - (2) prior to settlement:
 - (a) lodge in that workspace the tax information contained in the transferor's tax statement; and
 - (b) have those instruments and the transfer instrument certified, signed and, where possible, pre-validated.
- 3.8 On the settlement date:
- (1) the balance of the purchase price, interest and other moneys, if any, shall be paid by the purchaser in cleared funds or otherwise satisfied as provided in this agreement (credit being given for any amount payable by the vendor under clause 3.12 or 3.13, or for any deduction allowed to the purchaser under clause 5.2, or for any compensation agreed by the vendor in respect of a claim made by the purchaser pursuant to clause 10.2(1), or for any interim amount the purchaser is required to pay to a stakeholder pursuant to clause 10.8);
 - (2) the vendor's lawyer shall immediately thereafter:
 - (a) release or procure the release of the transfer instrument and the other instruments mentioned in clause 3.7(1) so that the purchaser's lawyer can then submit them for registration;
 - (b) pay to the purchaser's lawyer the LINZ registration fees on all of the instruments mentioned in clause 3.7(1), unless these fees will be invoiced to the vendor's lawyer by LINZ directly; and
 - (c) deliver to the purchaser's lawyer any other documents that the vendor must provide to the purchaser on settlement in terms of this agreement, including where this agreement provides for the property to be sold tenanted, all leases relating to the tenancy that are held by the vendor and a notice from the vendor to each tenant advising them of the sale of the property and directing them to pay to the purchaser as landlord, in such manner as the purchaser may prescribe, all rent or other moneys payable under the leases.
- 3.9 All obligations under clause 3.8 are interdependent.
- 3.10 The parties shall complete settlement by way of remote settlement in accordance with the PLS Guidelines. Where the purchaser considers it is necessary or desirable to tender settlement, this may be effected (in addition to any other valid form of tender) by the purchaser's lawyer providing to the vendor's lawyer a written undertaking that:
- (1) the purchaser is ready, willing, and able to settle;
 - (2) the purchaser's lawyer has certified and signed the transfer instrument and any other instruments in the Landonline Workspace for the transaction that must be signed on behalf of the purchaser; and
 - (3) the purchaser's lawyer holds in their trust account in cleared funds the amount that the purchaser must pay on settlement.

Last-Minute Settlement

- 3.11 If due to the delay of the purchaser, settlement takes place between 4.00 pm and 5.00 pm on the settlement date ("last-minute settlement"), the purchaser shall pay the vendor:
- (1) one day's interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the portion of the purchase price paid in the last-minute settlement; and
 - (2) if the day following the last-minute settlement is not a working day, an additional day's interest (calculated in the same manner) for each day until, but excluding, the next working day.

Purchaser Default: Late Settlement

- 3.12 If any portion of the purchase price is not paid upon the due date for payment, then, provided that the vendor provides reasonable evidence of the vendor's ability to perform any obligation the vendor is obliged to perform on that date in consideration for such payment:
- (1) the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the portion of the purchase price so unpaid for the period from the due date for payment until payment ("the default period"); but nevertheless, this stipulation is without prejudice to any of the vendor's rights or remedies including any right to claim for additional expenses and damages. For the purposes of this clause, a payment made on a day other than a working day or after the termination of a working day shall be deemed to be made on the next following working day and interest shall be computed accordingly; and
 - (2) the vendor is not obliged to give the purchaser possession of the property or to pay the purchaser any amount for remaining in possession, unless this agreement relates to a tenanted property, in which case the vendor must elect either to:
 - (a) account to the purchaser on settlement for incomings in respect of the property which are payable and received during the default period, in which event the purchaser shall be responsible for the outgoings relating to the property during the default period; or
 - (b) retain such incomings in lieu of receiving interest from the purchaser pursuant to clause 3.12(1).
 - (3) If the parties are unable to agree upon any amount payable under this clause 3.12, either party may make a claim under clause 10.0.

Vendor Default: Late Settlement or Failure to Give Possession

- 3.13 (1) For the purposes of this clause 3.13:
- (a) the default period means:
 - (i) in clause 3.13(2), the period from the settlement date until the date when the vendor is able and willing to provide vacant possession and the purchaser takes possession; and
 - (ii) in clause 3.13(3), the period from the date the purchaser takes possession until the date when settlement occurs; and
 - (iii) in clause 3.13(5), the period from the settlement date until the date when settlement occurs; and
 - (b) the vendor shall be deemed to be unwilling to give possession if the vendor does not offer to give possession.
- (2) If this agreement provides for vacant possession but the vendor is unable or unwilling to give vacant possession on the settlement date, then, provided that the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement:
- (a) the vendor shall pay the purchaser, at the purchaser's election, either:
 - (i) compensation for any reasonable costs incurred for temporary accommodation for persons and storage of chattels during the default period; or
 - (ii) an amount equivalent to interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the entire purchase price during the default period; and
 - (b) the purchaser shall pay the vendor an amount equivalent to the interest earned or which would be earned on overnight deposits lodged in the purchaser's lawyer's trust bank account on such portion of the purchase price (including any deposit) as is payable under this agreement on or by the settlement date but remains unpaid during the default period less:
 - (i) any withholding tax; and
 - (ii) any bank or legal administration fees and commission charges; and
 - (iii) any interest payable by the purchaser to the purchaser's lender during the default period in respect of any mortgage or loan taken out by the purchaser in relation to the purchase of the property.
- (3) If this agreement provides for vacant possession and the vendor is able and willing to give vacant possession on the settlement date, then, provided the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement, the purchaser may elect to take possession in which case the vendor shall not be liable to pay any interest or other moneys to the purchaser but the purchaser shall pay the vendor the same amount as that specified in clause 3.13(2)(b) during the default period. A purchaser in possession under this clause 3.13(3) is a licensee only.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 3.13(3), the purchaser may elect not to take possession when the purchaser is entitled to take it. If the purchaser elects not to take possession, the provisions of clause 3.13(2) shall apply as though the vendor were unable or unwilling to give vacant possession on the settlement date.
- (5) If this agreement provides for the property to be sold tenanted then, provided that the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement, the vendor shall on settlement account to the purchaser for incomings which are payable and received in respect of the property during the default period less the outgoings paid by the vendor during that period. Apart from accounting for such incomings, the vendor shall not be liable to pay any other moneys to the purchaser but the purchaser shall pay the vendor the same amount as that specified in clause 3.13(2)(b) during the default period.
- (6) The provisions of this clause 3.13 shall be without prejudice to any of the purchaser's rights or remedies including any right to claim for any additional expenses and damages suffered by the purchaser.
- (7) If the parties are unable to agree upon any amount payable under this clause 3.13, either party may make a claim under clause 10.0.

Deferment of Settlement and Possession

- 3.14 If:
- (1) this is an agreement for the sale by a commercial on-seller of a household unit; and
 - (2) a code compliance certificate has not been issued by the settlement date in relation to the household unit,
- then, unless the parties agree otherwise (in which case the parties shall enter into a written agreement in the form (if any) prescribed by the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004), the settlement date shall be deferred to the fifth working day following the date upon which the vendor has given the purchaser notice that the code compliance certificate has been issued (which notice must be accompanied by a copy of the certificate).
- 3.15 In every case, if neither party is ready, willing, and able to settle on the settlement date, the settlement date shall be deferred to the third working day following the date upon which one of the parties gives notice it has become ready, willing, and able to settle.

- 3.16 If:
- (1) the property is a unit title; and
 - (2) the settlement date is deferred pursuant to either clause 3.14 or clause 3.15; and
 - (3) the vendor considers on reasonable grounds that an extension of time is necessary or desirable in order for the vendor to comply with clause 8.3,

then the vendor may extend the settlement date:

- (a) where there is a deferment of the settlement date pursuant to clause 3.14, to the tenth working day after the date upon which the vendor gives the purchaser notice that the code compliance certificate has been issued, provided the vendor gives notice of the extension to the purchaser no later than the second working day after such notice; or
- (b) where there is a deferment of the settlement date pursuant to clause 3.15, to the tenth working day after the date upon which one of the parties gives notice that it has become ready, willing, and able to settle, provided the vendor gives notice of the extension to the purchaser no later than the second working day after such notice.

New Title Provision

- 3.17 (1) Where:
- (a) the transfer of the property is to be registered against a new title yet to be issued; and
 - (b) a search copy, as defined in section 60 of the Land Transfer Act 2017, of that title is not obtainable by the tenth working day prior to the settlement date,
- then, unless the purchaser elects that settlement shall still take place on the agreed settlement date, the settlement date shall be deferred to the tenth working day after the later of the date on which:
- (i) the vendor has given the purchaser notice that a search copy is obtainable; or
 - (ii) the requisitions procedure under clause 6.0 is complete.
- (2) Clause 3.17(1) shall not apply where it is necessary to register the transfer of the property to enable a plan to be deposited and title to the property to be issued.

4.0 Residential Land Withholding Tax

- 4.1 If the vendor does not have a conveyancer or the vendor and the purchaser are associated persons, then:
- (1) the vendor must provide the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer, on or before the second working day before the due date for payment of the first residential land purchase amount payable under this agreement, with:
 - (a) sufficient information to enable the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer to determine to their reasonable satisfaction whether section 54C of the Tax Administration Act 1994 applies to the sale of the property; and
 - (b) if the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer determines to their reasonable satisfaction that section 54C of the Tax Administration Act 1994 does apply, all of the information required by that section and either an RLWT certificate of exemption in respect of the sale or otherwise such other information that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer may reasonably require to enable the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer to determine to their reasonable satisfaction the amount of RLWT that must be withheld from each residential land purchase amount;
 - (2) the vendor shall be liable to pay any costs reasonably incurred by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer in relation to RLWT, including the cost of obtaining professional advice in determining whether there is a requirement to withhold RLWT and the amount of RLWT that must be withheld, if any; and
 - (3) any payments payable by the purchaser on account of the purchase price shall be deemed to have been paid to the extent that:
 - (a) RLWT has been withheld from those payments by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer as required by the RLWT rules; and
 - (b) any costs payable by the vendor under clause 4.1(2) have been deducted from those payments by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer.
- 4.2 If the vendor does not have a conveyancer or the vendor and the purchaser are associated persons and if the vendor fails to provide the information required under clause 4.1(1), then the purchaser may:
- (1) defer the payment of the first residential land purchase amount payable under this agreement (and any residential land purchase amount that may subsequently fall due for payment) until such time as the vendor supplies that information; or
 - (2) on the due date for payment of that residential land purchase amount, or at any time thereafter if payment has been deferred by the purchaser pursuant to this clause and the vendor has still not provided that information, treat the sale of the property as if it is being made by an offshore RLWT person where there is a requirement to pay RLWT.
- 4.3 If pursuant to clause 4.2 the purchaser treats the sale of the property as if it is being made by an offshore RLWT person where there is a requirement to pay RLWT, the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer may:
- (1) make a reasonable assessment of the amount of RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer would be required by the RLWT rules to withhold from any residential land purchase amount if the sale is treated in that manner; and
 - (2) withhold that amount from any residential land purchase amount and pay it to the Commissioner as RLWT.
- 4.4 Any amount withheld by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer pursuant to clause 4.3 shall be treated as RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer is required by the RLWT rules to withhold.
- 4.5 The purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer shall give notice to the vendor a reasonable time before payment of any sum due to be paid on account of the purchase price of:
- (1) the costs payable by the vendor under clause 4.1(2) that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer intends to deduct; and
 - (2) the amount of RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer intends to withhold.

5.0 Risk and insurance

- 5.1 The property and chattels shall remain at the risk of the vendor until possession is given and taken.

- 5.2 If, prior to the giving and taking of possession, the property is destroyed or damaged, and such destruction or damage has not been made good by the settlement date, then the following subclauses shall apply:
- (1) if the destruction or damage has been sufficient to render the property untenable and it is untenable on the settlement date, the purchaser may:
 - (a) complete the purchase at the purchase price, less a sum equal to any insurance moneys received or receivable by or on behalf of the vendor in respect of such destruction or damage, provided that no reduction shall be made to the purchase price if the vendor's insurance company has agreed to reinstate for the benefit of the purchaser to the extent of the vendor's insurance cover; or
 - (b) cancel this agreement by serving notice on the vendor in which case the vendor shall return to the purchaser immediately the deposit and any other moneys paid by the purchaser, and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its cancellation;
 - (2) if the property is not untenable on the settlement date, the purchaser shall complete the purchase at the purchase price less a sum equal to the amount of the diminution in value of the property which, to the extent that the destruction or damage to the property can be made good, shall be deemed to be equivalent to the reasonable cost of reinstatement or repair;
 - (3) if the property is zoned for rural purposes under an operative District Plan, damage to the property shall be deemed to have rendered the property untenable where the diminution in value exceeds an amount equal to 20% of the purchase price; and
 - (4) if the amount of the diminution in value is disputed, the parties shall follow the same procedure as that set out in clause 10.8 for when an amount of compensation is disputed.
- 5.3 The purchaser shall not be required to take over any insurance policies held by the vendor.

6.0 Title, boundaries and requisitions

- 6.1 The vendor shall not be bound to point out the boundaries of the property except that on the sale of a vacant residential lot which is not limited as to parcels the vendor shall ensure that all boundary markers required by the Cadastral Survey Act 2002 and any related rules and regulations to identify the boundaries of the property are present in their correct positions at the settlement date.
- 6.2
- (1) The purchaser is deemed to have accepted the vendor's title except as to objections or requisitions which the purchaser is entitled to make and notice of which the purchaser serves on the vendor on or before the earlier of:
 - (a) the tenth working day after the date of this agreement; or
 - (b) the settlement date.
 - (2) Where the transfer of the property is to be registered against a new title yet to be issued, the purchaser is deemed to have accepted the title except as to such objections or requisitions which the purchaser is entitled to make and notice of which the purchaser serves on the vendor on or before the fifth working day following the date the vendor has given the purchaser notice that the title has been issued and a search copy of it as defined in section 60 of the Land Transfer Act 2017 is obtainable.
 - (3) If the vendor is unable or unwilling to remove or comply with any objection or requisition as to title, notice of which has been served on the vendor by the purchaser, then the following provisions will apply:
 - (a) the vendor shall notify the purchaser ("a vendor's notice") of such inability or unwillingness on or before the fifth working day after the date of service of the purchaser's notice;
 - (b) upon receiving a vendor's notice under clause 6.2(3)(a), the purchaser is entitled to cancel this agreement by notice to the vendor;
 - (c) if the vendor does not give a vendor's notice the vendor shall be deemed to have accepted the objection or requisition and it shall be a requirement of settlement that such objection or requisition shall be complied with before settlement;
 - (d) if the purchaser does not on or before the fifth working day after service of a vendor's notice either:
 - (i) cancel this agreement under clause 6.2(3)(b); or
 - (ii) notify the vendor that the purchaser waives the objection or requisition,
 then either the vendor or the purchaser may (notwithstanding any intermediate negotiations) by notice to the other, cancel this agreement.
 - (4) Nothing in this clause 6.2 prevents the purchaser from waiving any objection or requisition by notice at any time before this agreement is cancelled.
- 6.3 In the event of cancellation under clause 6.2(3), the purchaser shall be entitled to the immediate return of the deposit and any other moneys paid under this agreement by the purchaser and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its cancellation. In particular, the purchaser shall not be entitled to any interest or to the expense of investigating the title or to any compensation whatsoever.
- 6.4
- (1) If the title to the property being sold is a cross-lease title or a unit title and there are:
 - (a) in the case of a cross-lease title:
 - (i) alterations to the external dimensions of any leased structure; or
 - (ii) buildings or structures not intended for common use which are situated on any part of the land that is not subject to a restricted use covenant;
 - (b) in the case of a unit title, encroachments out of the principal unit or accessory unit title space (as the case may be): then the purchaser may requisition the title under clause 6.2 requiring the vendor:
 - (c) in the case of a cross-lease title, to deposit a new plan depicting the buildings or structures and register a new cross-lease or cross-leases (as the case may be) and any other ancillary dealings in order to convey good title; or
 - (d) in the case of a unit title, to deposit an amendment to the unit plan, a redevelopment plan or new unit plan (as the case may be) depicting the principal and/or accessory units and register such transfers and any other ancillary dealings in order to convey good title.
 - (2) The words "alterations to the external dimensions of any leased structure" shall only mean alterations which are attached to the leased structure and enclosed.
- 6.5 The vendor shall not be liable to pay for or contribute towards the expense of erection or maintenance of any fence between the property and any contiguous land of the vendor but this proviso shall not enure for the benefit of any subsequent purchaser of the contiguous land; and the vendor shall be entitled to require the inclusion of a fencing covenant to this effect in any transfer of the property.

7.0 Vendor's warranties and undertakings

- 7.1 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at the date of this agreement the vendor has not:
- (1) received any notice or demand and has no knowledge of any requisition or outstanding requirement:
 - (a) from any local or government authority or other statutory body; or
 - (b) under the Resource Management Act 1991; or
 - (c) from any tenant of the property; or
 - (d) from any other party; or
 - (2) given any consent or waiver, which directly or indirectly affects the property and which has not been disclosed in writing to the purchaser.
- 7.2 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at the date of this agreement the vendor has no knowledge or notice of any fact which might result in proceedings being instituted by or against the vendor or the purchaser in respect of the property.
- 7.3 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at settlement:
- (1) The chattels included in the sale listed in Schedule 2 and all plant, equipment, systems or devices which provide any services or amenities to the property, including, without limitation, automatic garage door facility, security, heating, cooling, or air-conditioning, are delivered to the purchaser in reasonable working order, but in all other respects in their state of repair as at the date of this agreement (fair wear and tear excepted).
 - (2) All electrical and other installations on the property are free of any charge whatsoever and all chattels included in the sale are the unencumbered property of the vendor.
 - (3) There are no arrears of rates, water rates or charges outstanding on the property and where the property is subject to a targeted rate that has been imposed as a means of repayment of any loan, subsidy or other financial assistance made available by or through the local authority, the amount required to remove the imposition of that targeted rate has been paid.
 - (4) Where an allowance has been made by the vendor in the settlement statement for incomings receivable, the settlement statement correctly records those allowances including, in particular, the dates up to which the allowances have been made.
 - (5) Where the vendor has done or caused or permitted to be done on the property any works:
 - (a) any permit, resource consent, or building consent required by law was obtained; and
 - (b) where any "restricted building work" as defined in the Building Act was done on the property on or after 13 March 2012, such work was carried out or supervised by a suitably qualified person;
 - (c) to the vendor's knowledge, the works were completed in compliance with any required permits or consents; and
 - (d) where appropriate, a code compliance certificate was issued for those works.
 - (6) Where under the Building Act, any building on the property sold requires a compliance schedule:
 - (a) the vendor has fully complied with any requirements specified in any compliance schedule issued by a territorial authority under the Building Act in respect of the building;
 - (b) the building has a current building warrant of fitness; and
 - (c) the vendor is not aware of any reason, that the vendor has not disclosed in writing to the purchaser, which would prevent a building warrant of fitness from being supplied to the territorial authority when the building warrant of fitness is next due.
 - (7) Since the date of this agreement, the vendor has not given any consent or waiver which directly or indirectly affects the property.
 - (8) Any notice or demand received by the vendor, which directly or indirectly affects the property, after the date of this agreement:
 - (a) from any local or government authority or other statutory body; or
 - (b) under the Resource Management Act 1991; or
 - (c) from any tenant of the property; or
 - (d) from any other party,
 has been delivered forthwith by the vendor to either the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer, unless the vendor has paid or complied with such notice or demand. If the vendor fails to so deliver or pay the notice or demand, the vendor shall be liable for any penalty incurred.
- 7.4 If the property is or includes part only of a building, the warranty and undertaking in clause 7.3(6) does not apply. Instead the vendor warrants and undertakes at the date of this agreement that, where under the Building Act the building of which the property forms part requires a compliance schedule:
- (1) to the vendor's knowledge, there has been full compliance with any requirements specified in any compliance schedule issued by a territorial authority under the Building Act in respect of the building;
 - (2) the building has a current building warrant of fitness; and
 - (3) the vendor is not aware of any reason, that the vendor has not disclosed in writing to the purchaser, which would prevent a building warrant of fitness from being supplied to the territorial authority when the building warrant of fitness is next due.
- 7.5 The vendor warrants and undertakes that on or immediately after settlement:
- (1) If the water and wastewater charges are determined by meter, the vendor will have the water meter read and will pay the amount of the charge payable pursuant to that reading; but if the water supplier will not make special readings, the water and wastewater charges shall be apportioned.
 - (2) Any outgoing included in the settlement statement are paid in accordance with the settlement statement and, where applicable, to the dates shown in the settlement statement, or will be so paid immediately after settlement.
 - (3) The vendor will give notice of sale in accordance with the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to the territorial authority and regional council in whose district the land is situated and will also give notice of the sale to every other authority that makes and levies rates or charges on the land and to the supplier of water.
 - (4) Where the property is a unit title, the vendor will notify the body corporate in writing of the transfer of the property and the name and address of the purchaser.

8.0 Unit title and cross-lease provisions

Unit Titles

- 8.1 If the property is a unit title, sections 144 to 153 of the Unit Titles Act require the vendor to provide to the purchaser a pre-contract disclosure statement and a pre-settlement disclosure statement in accordance with the Unit Titles Act. The requirements of this clause 8 are in addition to, and do not derogate from, the requirements of that Act.
- 8.2 If the property is a unit title, then except to the extent the vendor has disclosed otherwise to the purchaser in writing prior to the parties entering into this agreement, the vendor warrants and undertakes as follows as at the date of this agreement:
- (1) The information in the pre-contract disclosure statement provided to the purchaser was complete and correct to the extent required by the Unit Titles Act.
 - (2) Apart from regular periodic contributions, no contributions have been levied or proposed by the body corporate.
 - (3) There are no unsatisfied judgments against the body corporate and no proceedings have been instituted against or by the body corporate.
 - (4) No order or declaration has been made by any Court or Tribunal against the body corporate or the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
 - (5) The vendor has no knowledge or notice of any fact which might result in:
 - (a) the vendor or the purchaser incurring any other liability under any provision of the Unit Titles Act; or
 - (b) any proceedings being instituted by or against the body corporate; or
 - (c) any order or declaration being sought against the body corporate or the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
 - (6) The vendor is not aware of proposals to pass any body corporate resolution relating to its rules nor are there any unregistered changes to the body corporate rules.
 - (7) No lease, licence, easement, or special privilege has been granted by the body corporate in respect of any part of the common property.
 - (8) No resolution has been passed and no application has been made and the vendor has no knowledge of any proposal for:
 - (a) the transfer of the whole or any part of the common property;
 - (b) the addition of any land to the common property;
 - (c) the cancellation of the unit plan;
 - (d) the deposit of an amendment to the unit plan, a redevelopment plan, or a new unit plan in substitution for the existing unit plan; or
 - (e) any change to utility interest or ownership interest for any unit on the unit plan.
- 8.3 If the property is a unit title, not less than five working days before the settlement date, the vendor will provide:
- (1) a certificate of insurance for all insurances effected by the body corporate under the provisions of section 135 of the Unit Titles Act; and
 - (2) a pre-settlement disclosure statement from the vendor, certified correct by the body corporate, under section 147 of the Unit Titles Act.
- 8.4 If the property is a unit title, then except to the extent the vendor has disclosed otherwise to the purchaser in writing prior to the parties entering into this agreement, the vendor warrants and undertakes as at the settlement date:
- (1) Other than contributions to the operating account, long-term maintenance fund, contingency fund, or capital improvements fund that are shown in the pre-settlement disclosure statement, there are no other amounts owing by the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
 - (2) All contributions and other moneys payable by the vendor to the body corporate have been paid in full.
 - (3) Since the date of this agreement, the vendor has not voted on any matter that would alter the warranties at clause 8.2(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) without the written consent of the purchaser.
- 8.5 If the property is a unit title and if the vendor does not provide the certificates of insurance and the pre-settlement disclosure statement under section 147 of the Unit Titles Act in accordance with the requirements of clause 8.3, then in addition to the purchaser's rights under sections 150, 151 and 151A of the Unit Titles Act, the purchaser may:
- (1) postpone the settlement date until the fifth working day following the date on which that information is provided to the purchaser; or
 - (2) elect that settlement shall still take place on the settlement date, such election to be a waiver of any other rights to delay or cancel settlement under the Unit Titles Act or otherwise.
- 8.6 If the property is a unit title, each party specifies that:
- (1) any email address of that party's lawyer provided on the back page of this agreement, or notified subsequently in writing by that party's lawyer shall be an address for service for that party for the purposes of section 205(1)(d) of the Unit Titles Act; and
 - (2) if that party is absent from New Zealand, that party's lawyer shall be that party's agent in New Zealand for the purposes of section 205(2) of the Unit Titles Act.
- 8.7 Unauthorised Structures – Cross-Leases and Unit Titles
- (1) Where structures (not stated in clause 6.0 to be requisitionable) have been erected on the property without:
 - (a) in the case of a cross-lease title, any required lessors' consent; or
 - (b) in the case of a unit title, any required body corporate consent,
 the purchaser may demand within the period expiring on the earlier of:
 - (i) the tenth working day after the date of this agreement; or
 - (ii) the settlement date,
 that the vendor obtain the written consent of the current lessors or the body corporate (as the case may be) to such improvements ("a current consent") and provide the purchaser with a copy of such consent on or before the settlement date.
 - (2) Should the vendor be unwilling or unable to obtain a current consent, then the procedure set out in clauses 6.2(3) and 6.3 shall apply, with the purchaser's demand under clause 8.7(1) being deemed to be an objection and requisition.

9.0 Conditions and mortgage terms

9.1 Finance condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated that finance is required on the front page of this agreement, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser arranging finance for such amount as the purchaser may require from a bank or other lending institution of the purchaser's choice on terms and conditions satisfactory to the purchaser in all respects on or before the finance date.
- (2) If the purchaser avoids this agreement for failing to arrange finance in terms of clause 9.1(1), the purchaser must provide a reasonable explanation of the steps taken by the purchaser to arrange finance, together with supporting evidence, immediately upon request by the vendor.

9.2 Mortgage terms

- (1) Any mortgage to be arranged pursuant to a finance condition shall be upon and subject to the terms and conditions currently being required by the lender in respect of loans of a similar nature.

9.3 Land Information Memorandum condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a LIM is required:
 - (a) that LIM is to be obtained by the purchaser at the purchaser's cost; and
 - (b) this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser approving that LIM by the LIM date, provided that such approval must not be unreasonably or arbitrarily withheld.
- (2) If, on reasonable grounds, the purchaser does not approve the LIM, the purchaser shall give notice to the vendor ("the purchaser's notice") on or before the LIM date stating the particular matters in respect of which approval is withheld and, if those matters are capable of remedy, what the purchaser reasonably requires to be done to remedy those matters. If the purchaser does not give a purchaser's notice the purchaser shall be deemed to have approved the LIM. If through no fault of the purchaser, the LIM is not available on or before the LIM date and the vendor does not give an extension when requested, then unless the purchaser waives this condition, this condition shall not have been fulfilled and the provisions of clause 9.10(5) shall apply.
- (3) The vendor shall give notice to the purchaser ("the vendor's notice") on or before the third working day after receipt of the purchaser's notice advising whether or not the vendor is able and willing to comply with the purchaser's notice by the settlement date.
- (4) If the vendor does not give a vendor's notice, or if the vendor's notice advises that the vendor is unable or unwilling to comply with the purchaser's notice, and if the purchaser does not, on or before the fifth working day after the date on which the purchaser's notice is given, give notice to the vendor that the purchaser waives the objection to the LIM, this condition shall not have been fulfilled and the provisions of clause 9.10(5) shall apply.
- (5) If the vendor gives a vendor's notice advising that the vendor is able and willing to comply with the purchaser's notice, this condition is deemed to have been fulfilled, and it shall be a requirement of settlement that the purchaser's notice shall be complied with, and also, if the vendor must carry out work on the property, that the vendor shall obtain the approval of the territorial authority to the work done, both before settlement.

9.4 Building report condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a building report is required, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser obtaining at the purchaser's cost on or before the building report date a report on the condition of the buildings and any other improvements on the property that is satisfactory to the purchaser, on the basis of an objective assessment.
- (2) The report must be prepared in good faith by a suitably-qualified building inspector in accordance with accepted principles and methods and it must be in writing.
- (3) Subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall allow the building inspector to inspect the property at all reasonable times upon reasonable notice for the purposes of preparation of the report.
- (4) The building inspector may not carry out any invasive testing in the course of inspection without the vendor's prior written consent.
- (5) If the purchaser avoids this agreement for non-fulfilment of this condition pursuant to clause 9.10(5), the purchaser must provide the vendor immediately upon request with a copy of the building inspector's report.

9.5 Toxicology report condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a toxicology report is required, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser obtaining at the purchaser's cost on or before the toxicology report date, a toxicology report on the property that is satisfactory to the purchaser, on the basis of an objective assessment.
- (2) The purpose of the toxicology report shall be to detect whether the property has been contaminated by the preparation, manufacture or use of drugs including, but not limited to, methamphetamine.
- (3) The report must be prepared in good faith by a suitably-qualified inspector in accordance with accepted principles and methods and it must be in writing.
- (4) Subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall allow the inspector to inspect the property at all reasonable times upon reasonable notice for the purposes of carrying out the testing and preparation of the report.
- (5) The inspector may not carry out any invasive testing in the course of the inspection without the vendor's prior written consent.
- (6) If the purchaser avoids this agreement for non-fulfilment of this condition pursuant to clause 9.10(5), the purchaser must provide the vendor immediately upon request with a copy of the inspector's report.

9.6 Overseas Investment Act consent condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that OIA consent is required, this agreement is conditional upon OIA consent being obtained on or before the OIA date on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the purchaser, acting reasonably, the purchaser being responsible for payment of the application fee. This condition is inserted for the benefit of both parties, but (subject to clause 9.6(2)) may not be waived by either party, and the vendor will take reasonable steps required to enable this condition to be fulfilled by the purchaser.
- (2) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that OIA consent is not required, or has failed to indicate whether it is required, then the purchaser warrants that the purchaser does not require OIA consent.

- 9.7 If this agreement relates to a transaction to which the Land Act 1948 applies, this agreement is conditional upon the vendor obtaining the necessary consent by the Land Act date.

- 9.8 If the Land Act date or OIA date is not shown on the front page of this agreement that date shall be the settlement date or that date 65 working days after the date of this agreement whichever is the sooner, except where the property comprises residential (but not otherwise sensitive) land in which case that date shall be the settlement date or that date 20 working days after the date of this agreement, whichever is the sooner.
- 9.9 Resource Management Act condition
If this agreement relates to a transaction to which section 225 of the Resource Management Act 1991 applies then this agreement is subject to the appropriate condition(s) imposed by that section. All condition(s) under section 225(2) of that Act are deemed to be satisfied by both parties once the survey plan has deposited.
- 9.10 Operation of conditions
If this agreement is expressed to be subject either to the above or to any other condition(s), then in relation to each such condition the following shall apply unless otherwise expressly provided:
- (1) The condition shall be a condition subsequent.
 - (2) The party or parties for whose benefit the condition has been included shall do all things which may reasonably be necessary to enable the condition to be fulfilled by the date for fulfilment.
 - (3) Time for fulfilment of any condition and any extended time for fulfilment to a fixed date shall be of the essence.
 - (4) The condition shall be deemed to be not fulfilled until notice of fulfilment has been served by one party on the other party.
 - (5) If the condition is not fulfilled by the date for fulfilment, either party may at any time before the condition is fulfilled or waived avoid this agreement by giving notice to the other. Upon avoidance of this agreement, the purchaser shall be entitled to the immediate return of the deposit and any other moneys paid by the purchaser under this agreement and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its termination.
 - (6) At any time before this agreement is avoided, the purchaser may waive any finance condition and either party may waive any other condition which is for the sole benefit of that party. Any waiver shall be by notice.

10.0 Claims for compensation

- 10.1 If the purchaser has not purported to cancel this agreement, the breach by the vendor of any term of this agreement does not defer the purchaser's obligation to settle, but that obligation is subject to the provisions of this clause 10.0.
- 10.2 The provisions of this clause apply if:
- (1) the purchaser claims a right to compensation (and in making such a claim, the purchaser must act reasonably, but the vendor taking the view that the purchaser has not acted reasonably does not affect the purchaser's ability or right to make such a claim) for:
 - (a) a breach of any term of this agreement;
 - (b) a misrepresentation;
 - (c) a breach of section 9 or section 14 of the Fair Trading Act 1986;
 - (d) an equitable set-off, or
 - (2) there is a dispute between the parties regarding any amounts payable:
 - (a) under clause 3.12 or clause 3.13; or
 - (b) under clause 5.2.
- 10.3 To make a claim under this clause 10.0:
- (1) the claimant must serve notice of the claim on the other party as early as is reasonably practicable and in any event no later than on or before the last working day prior to the settlement date, time being of the essence (except for claims made after the settlement date for amounts payable under clause 3.12 or clause 3.13, in respect of which the claimant may serve notice of the claim on the other party at any time after a dispute arises over those amounts); and
 - (2) the notice must:
 - (a) state the particular breach of the terms of this agreement, or the claim under clause 3.12, clause 3.13 or clause 5.2, or for misrepresentation, or for breach of section 9 or section 14 of the Fair Trading Act 1986, or for an equitable set-off; and
 - (b) state a genuine pre-estimate of the loss suffered by the claimant; and
 - (c) be particularised and quantified to the extent reasonably possible as at the date of the notice.
- 10.4 If the claimant is unable to give notice under clause 10.3 in respect of claims under clause 10.2(1) or clause 10.2(2)(b) on or before the date that notice is due under clause 10.3(1) by reason of the conduct or omission of the other party, the notice may be served on or before the working day immediately preceding the last working day on which settlement must take place under a settlement notice served by either party under clause 11.1, time being of the essence.
- 10.5 If the amount of compensation is agreed, it shall be deducted from or added to the amount to be paid by the purchaser on settlement.
- 10.6 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) but the vendor disputes that the purchaser has a valid or reasonably arguable claim, then:
- (1) the vendor must give notice to the purchaser within three working days after service of the purchaser's notice under clause 10.3, time being of the essence; and
 - (2) the purchaser's right to make the claim (on the basis that such claim is valid or reasonably arguable) shall be determined by an appointee. The appointee's costs shall be met by the party against whom the determination is made or otherwise as determined by the appointee.
- 10.7 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) and the vendor fails to give notice to the purchaser pursuant to clause 10.6, the vendor is deemed to have accepted that the purchaser has a valid or reasonably arguable claim.
- 10.8 If it is accepted, or determined under clause 10.6, that the purchaser has a right to claim compensation under clause 10.2(1) but the amount of compensation claimed is disputed, or if the claim is made under clause 10.2(2) and the amount of compensation claimed is disputed, then:
- (1) an interim amount shall be paid on settlement by the party required to a stakeholder until the amount of the claim is determined;
 - (2) if the parties cannot agree on a stakeholder, the interim amount shall be paid to a stakeholder nominated on the application of either party by the president;

- (3) the interim amount must be a reasonable sum having regard to the circumstances, except that:
- (a) where the claim is under clause 3.13 the interim amount shall be the lower of the amount claimed, or an amount equivalent to interest at the interest rate for late settlement for the relevant default period on such portion of the purchase price (including any deposit) as is payable under this agreement on or by the settlement date;
 - (b) neither party shall be entitled or required to undertake any discovery process, except to the extent this is deemed necessary by the appointee under clause 10.8(4) for the purposes of determining that the requirements of clauses 10.3(2)(b)-(c) have been met.
- (4) if the parties cannot agree on the interim amount, the interim amount shall be determined by an appointee. The appointee's costs shall be met equally by the parties, or otherwise as determined by the appointee.
- (5) the amount of the claim determined to be payable shall not be limited by the interim amount;
- (6) the stakeholder shall lodge the interim amount on an interest-bearing call deposit with a bank registered under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 in the joint names of the vendor and the purchaser;
- (7) the interest earned on the interim amount net of any withholding tax and any bank or legal administration fees and commission charges shall follow the destination of the interim amount; and
- (8) apart from the net interest earned on the interim amount, no interest shall be payable by either party to the other in respect of the claim for compensation once the amount of the claim has been determined, provided that if the amount determined is in excess of the interim amount, the party liable to make payment of that excess shall pay interest to the other party at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount of that excess if it is not paid on or before the third working day after the date of notification of the determination, computed from the date of such notification until payment.
- 10.9 Where a determination has to be made under clause 10.6(2) or clause 10.8(4) and the settlement date will have passed before the determination is made, the settlement date shall be deferred to the second working day following the date of notification to both parties of the determination. Where a determination has to be made under both of these clauses, the settlement date shall be deferred to the second working day following the date on which notification to both parties has been made of both determinations. However, the settlement date will only be deferred under this clause 10.9 if, prior to such deferral, the purchaser's lawyer provides written confirmation to the vendor's lawyer that but for the resolution of the claim for compensation, the purchaser is ready, willing, and able to complete settlement.
- 10.10 The procedures prescribed in clauses 10.1 to 10.9 shall not prevent either party from taking proceedings for specific performance of this agreement.
- 10.11 A determination under clause 10.6 that the purchaser does not have a valid or reasonably arguable claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) shall not prevent the purchaser from pursuing that claim following settlement.
- 10.12 Where a determination is made by an appointee under either clause 10.6 or clause 10.8, that appointee:
- (1) shall not be liable to either party for any costs or losses that either party may claim to have suffered in respect of the determination; and
 - (2) may make an order that one party must meet all or some of the reasonable legal costs of the other party, and in making such an order the appointee may without limitation take into account the appointee's view of the reasonableness of the conduct of the parties under this clause.
- 10.13 Where the appointee is determined by the president, the president shall not be liable to either party for any costs or losses that either party may claim to have suffered in respect of that determination.

11.0 Notice to complete and remedies on default

- 11.1 (1) If the sale is not settled on the settlement date, either party may at any time thereafter serve on the other party a settlement notice.
- (2) The settlement notice shall be effective only if the party serving it is at the time of service in all material respects ready, willing, and able to proceed to settle in accordance with this agreement, or is not so ready, willing, and able to settle only by reason of the default or omission of the other party.
- (3) If the purchaser is in possession, the vendor's right to cancel this agreement will be subject to sections 28 to 36 of the Property Law Act 2007 and the settlement notice may incorporate or be given with a notice under section 28 of that Act complying with section 29 of that Act.
- 11.2 Subject to clause 11.1(3), upon service of the settlement notice the party on whom the notice is served shall settle:
- (1) on or before the twelfth working day after the date of service of the notice; or
 - (2) on the first working day after the 13th day of January if the period of twelve working days expires during the period commencing on the 6th day of January and ending on the 13th day of January, both days inclusive,
- time being of the essence, but without prejudice to any intermediate right of cancellation by either party.
- 11.3 (1) If this agreement provides for the payment of the purchase price by instalments and the purchaser fails duly and punctually to pay any instalment on or within one month from the date on which it fell due for payment then, whether or not the purchaser is in possession, the vendor may immediately give notice to the purchaser calling up the unpaid balance of the purchase price, which shall upon service of the notice fall immediately due and payable.
- (2) The date of service of the notice under this clause shall be deemed the settlement date for the purposes of clause 11.1.
- (3) The vendor may give a settlement notice with a notice under this clause.
- (4) For the purposes of this clause a deposit is not an instalment.
- 11.4 If the purchaser does not comply with the terms of the settlement notice served by the vendor then, subject to clause 11.1(3):
- (1) Without prejudice to any other rights or remedies available to the vendor at law or in equity, the vendor may:
 - (a) sue the purchaser for specific performance; or
 - (b) cancel this agreement by notice and pursue either or both of the following remedies, namely:
 - (i) forfeit and retain for the vendor's own benefit the deposit paid by the purchaser, but not exceeding in all 10% of the purchase price; and/or
 - (ii) sue the purchaser for damages.
 - (2) Where the vendor is entitled to cancel this agreement, the entry by the vendor into a conditional or unconditional agreement for the resale of the property or any part thereof shall take effect as a cancellation of this agreement by the vendor if this agreement has not previously been cancelled and such resale shall be deemed to have occurred after cancellation.

- (3) The damages claimable by the vendor under clause 11.4(1)(b)(ii) shall include all damages claimable at common law or in equity and shall also include (but shall not be limited to) any loss incurred by the vendor on any bona fide resale contracted within one year from the date by which the purchaser should have settled in compliance with the settlement notice. The amount of that loss may include:
- (a) interest on the unpaid portion of the purchase price at the interest rate for late settlement from the settlement date to the settlement of such resale;
 - (b) all costs and expenses reasonably incurred in any resale or attempted resale; and
 - (c) all outgoings (other than interest) on or maintenance expenses in respect of the property from the settlement date to the settlement of such resale.
- (4) Any surplus money arising from a resale shall be retained by the vendor.
- 11.5 If the vendor does not comply with the terms of a settlement notice served by the purchaser, then, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies available to the purchaser at law or in equity the purchaser may:
- (1) sue the vendor for specific performance; or
 - (2) cancel this agreement by notice and require the vendor forthwith to repay to the purchaser any deposit and any other money paid on account of the purchase price and interest on such sum(s) at the interest rate for late settlement from the date or dates of payment by the purchaser until repayment.
- 11.6 The party serving a settlement notice may extend the term of the notice for one or more specifically stated periods of time and thereupon the term of the settlement notice shall be deemed to expire on the last day of the extended period or periods and it shall operate as though this clause stipulated the extended period(s) of notice in lieu of the period otherwise applicable; and time shall be of the essence accordingly. An extension may be given either before or after the expiry of the period of the notice.
- 11.7 Nothing in this clause shall preclude a party from suing for specific performance without serving a settlement notice.
- 11.8 A party who serves a settlement notice under this clause shall not be in breach of an essential term by reason only of that party's failure to be ready, willing, and able to settle upon the expiry of that notice.

12.0 Non-merger

- 12.1 The obligations and warranties of the parties in this agreement shall not merge with:
- (1) the giving and taking of possession;
 - (2) settlement;
 - (3) the transfer of title to the property;
 - (4) delivery of the chattels (if any); or
 - (5) registration of the transfer of title to the property.

13.0 Goods and Services Tax and Purchase Price Allocation

- 13.1 If this agreement provides for the purchaser to pay (in addition to the purchase price stated without GST) any GST which is payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement, then:
- (1) the purchaser shall pay to the vendor the GST which is so payable in one sum on the GST date;
 - (2) where the GST date has not been inserted on the front page of this agreement the GST date shall be the settlement date;
 - (3) where any GST is not so paid to the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor:
 - (a) interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount of GST unpaid from the GST date until payment; and
 - (b) any default GST;
 - (4) it shall not be a defence to a claim against the purchaser for payment to the vendor of any default GST that the vendor has failed to mitigate the vendor's damages by paying an amount of GST when it fell due under the GST Act; and
 - (5) any sum referred to in this clause is included in the moneys payable by the purchaser on settlement pursuant to clause 3.8(1).
- 13.2 If the supply under this agreement is a taxable supply, the vendor will deliver a tax invoice to the purchaser on or before the GST date or such earlier date as the purchaser is entitled to delivery of an invoice under the GST Act.
- 13.3
- (1) Without prejudice to the vendor's rights and remedies under clause 13.1, where any GST is not paid to the vendor on or within one month of the GST date, then whether or not the purchaser is in possession, the vendor may immediately give notice to the purchaser calling up any unpaid balance of the purchase price, which shall upon service of the notice fall immediately due and payable.
 - (2) The date of service of the notice under this clause shall be deemed the settlement date for the purposes of clause 11.1.
 - (3) The vendor may give a settlement notice under clause 11.1 with a notice under this clause.
- 13.4 Each party warrants that their response to the statement on the front page regarding purchase price allocation being relevant to the vendor or purchaser/purchaser's nominee for income tax and/or GST purposes is correct.

14.0 Zero-rating

- 14.1 The vendor warrants that the statement on the front page regarding the vendor's GST registration status in respect of the supply under this agreement and any particulars stated by the vendor in Schedule 1 are correct at the date of this agreement and will remain correct at settlement.
- 14.2 The purchaser warrants that any particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1 are correct at the date of this agreement.
- 14.3 Where the particulars stated on the front page and in Schedule 1 indicate that:
- (1) the vendor is and/or will be at settlement a registered person in respect of the supply under this agreement;
 - (2) the recipient is and/or will be at settlement a registered person;
 - (3) the recipient intends at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies; and
 - (4) the recipient does not intend at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the recipient or a person associated with the recipient under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act,
- GST will be chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act.
- 14.4 If GST is chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act, then on or before settlement the purchaser will provide the vendor with the recipient's name, address, and registration number if any of those details are not included in Schedule 1 or they have altered.

- 14.5 (1) If any of the particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1:
- (a) are incomplete; or
 - (b) alter between the date of this agreement and settlement, the purchaser shall notify the vendor of the particulars which have not been completed and the altered particulars as soon as practicable before settlement.
- (2) The purchaser warrants that any added or altered particulars will be correct as at the date of the purchaser's notification.
- (3) If the GST treatment of the supply under this agreement should be altered as a result of the added or altered particulars, the vendor shall prepare and deliver to the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer an amended settlement statement, if the vendor has already tendered a settlement statement, and a credit note or a debit note, as the case may be, if the vendor has already issued a tax invoice.
- 14.6 If
- (1) the particulars in Schedule 1 state that part of the property is being used as a principal place of residence at the date of this agreement; and
 - (2) that part is still being so used at the time of the supply under this agreement,
- then, the supply of that part will be a separate supply in accordance with section 5(15)(a) of the GST Act.
- 14.7 If
- (1) the particulars stated in Schedule 1 indicate that the recipient intends to use part of the property as a principal place of residence by the recipient or a person associated with the recipient under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act; and
 - (2) that part is the same part as that being used as a principal place of residence at the time of the supply under this agreement,
- then the references in clauses 14.3 and 14.4 to "the property" shall be deemed to mean the remainder of the property excluding that part and the references to "the supply under this agreement" shall be deemed to mean the supply under this agreement of that remainder.
- 14.8 If the particulars stated on the front page and in Schedule 1 indicate in terms of clause 14.3 that GST will be chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act, but any of the particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1 should alter between the date of this agreement and settlement, such that GST no longer becomes chargeable on the supply at 0%, then:
- (1) the purchase price shall be plus GST (if any), even if it has been expressed as being inclusive of GST (if any) on the front page of this agreement; and
 - (2) if the vendor has already had to account to the Inland Revenue Department for the GST which is payable in respect of the supply under this agreement and did so on the basis that in accordance with clause 14.3 the GST would be chargeable at 0%, the purchaser shall pay GST and any default GST to the vendor immediately upon demand served on the purchaser by the vendor (and where any GST or default GST is not so paid to the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount unpaid from the date of service of the vendor's demand until payment).

15.0 Supply of a Going Concern

- 15.1 If there is a supply under this agreement to which section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act does not apply but which comprises the supply of a taxable activity that is a going concern at the time of the supply, then, unless otherwise expressly stated in this agreement:
- (1) each party warrants that it is a registered person or will be so by the date of the supply;
 - (2) each party agrees to provide the other party by the date of the supply with proof of its registration for GST purposes;
 - (3) the parties agree that they intend that the supply is of a taxable activity that is capable of being carried on as a going concern by the purchaser; and
 - (4) the parties agree that the supply made pursuant to this agreement is the supply of a going concern on which GST is chargeable at 0%.
- 15.2 If it subsequently transpires that GST is payable in respect of the supply and if this agreement provides for the purchaser to pay (in addition to the purchase price without GST) any GST which is payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement, then the provisions of clause 13.0 of this agreement shall apply.

16.0 Limitation of Liability

- 16.1 If a person enters into this agreement as trustee of a trust and is not a beneficiary of the trust, then that person will be known as an "independent trustee" and clauses 16.2 and 16.3 will apply.
- 16.2 The liability of an independent trustee under this agreement is limited to the extent of the indemnity from the assets of the trust available to the independent trustee at the time of enforcement of that indemnity.
- 16.3 However, if the entitlement of the independent trustee to be indemnified from the trust assets has been lost or impaired (whether fully or in part) by reason of the independent trustee's act or omission (whether in breach of trust or otherwise), then the limitation of liability in clause 16.2 does not apply, and the independent trustee will be personally liable up to the amount that would have been indemnified from the assets of the trust had the indemnity not been lost.

17.0 Counterparts

- 17.1 This agreement may be executed and delivered in any number of counterparts (including scanned and emailed PDF counterparts).
- 17.2 Each executed counterpart will be deemed an original and all executed counterparts together will constitute one (and the same) instrument.
- 17.3 This agreement shall not come into effect until each person required to sign has signed at least one counterpart and both vendor and purchaser have received a counterpart signed by each person required to sign.
- 17.4 If the parties cannot agree on the date of this agreement, and counterparts are signed on separate dates, the date of the agreement is the date on which the last counterpart was signed and delivered to all parties.

18.0 Agency

- 18.1 If the name of a licensed real estate agent is recorded on this agreement, it is acknowledged that the sale evidenced by this agreement has been made through that agent whom the vendor has appointed as the vendor's agent according to an executed agency agreement.

- 18.2 The scope of the authority of the agent under clause 18.1 does not extend to making an offer, counteroffer, or acceptance of a purchaser's offer or counteroffer on the vendor's behalf without the express authority of the vendor for that purpose. That authority, if given, should be recorded in the executed agency agreement.
- 18.3 The vendor shall be liable to pay the agent's charges including GST in accordance with the executed agency agreement.

19.0 Collection of Sales Information

- 19.1 Once this agreement has become unconditional in all respects, the agent referred to in clause 18.0 may provide certain information relating to the sale to REINZ.
- 19.2 This information includes the sale price, address and other details about the property. The information is stored on a secure password protected network under REINZ's control.
- 19.3 REINZ combines this information with other property and market information and uses it itself or makes it available to real estate agencies and valuers, and other third parties (or service providers to any of them) for the following purposes:
- (1) provision of appraisals and valuations to prospective vendors or purchasers of properties in the same area as the property;
 - (2) publication of reports and guidance on the real estate market nationally or in particular locations; and
 - (3) research, statistical, and predictive analysis for internal use or publication.
- 19.4 The information provided to REINZ under clause 19.1 does not specifically identify either of the parties to this agreement but may be combined with other information in the databases maintained by REINZ or other recipients, resulting in it becoming personal information under the Privacy Act 2020. Either party is therefore entitled to request access to and correction of any personal information held by REINZ by contacting REINZ at info@reinz.co.nz or by post or telephone.

20.0 COVID-19 / Pandemic Provisions

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that the Government of New Zealand or a Minister of that Government may, as a result of public health risks arising from a Pandemic, order restrictions on personal movement pursuant to the COVID-19 Public Health Response Act 2020 (or other legislation), and the effect of such restrictions may be that personal movement within or between particular regions is unlawful for the general population of those regions.
- 20.2 Where such a legal restriction on personal movement exists either nationally or in the region or district where the property is located:
- (1) The date for satisfaction of any condition that has not yet been satisfied or waived will be the later of:
 - (a) the date that is 10 working days after the restriction on personal movement in the region or district in which the property is located is removed; or
 - (b) the date for satisfaction of the condition as stated elsewhere in this agreement.
 - (2) The settlement date will be the later of:
 - (a) the date that is 10 working days after all conditions are satisfied or waived; or
 - (b) the date that is 10 working days after the date on which the restriction on personal movement in the region or district in which the property is located is removed; or
 - (c) the settlement date as stated elsewhere in this agreement.
 - (3) Nothing in the previous provisions of this clause is to have the effect of bringing forward a date specified in this agreement.

April 2026

FURTHER TERMS OF SALE

Further Terms continued on Appendix page



(GST Information – see clause 14.0)

This Schedule must be completed if the vendor has stated on the front page that the vendor is registered under the GST Act in respect of the transaction evidenced by this agreement and/or will be so registered at settlement. Otherwise there is no need to complete it.

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Section 1 Vendor | |
| 1(a) The vendor's registration number (if already registered): 096-578-865 | |
| 1(b) (i) All of the property is being used as a principal place of residence at the date of this agreement. | Yes/No/NA |
| (ii) The supply of all of the property will be a taxable supply. | Yes/No/NA |
| (iii) Part of the property is being used as a principal place of residence at the date of this agreement | Yes/No/NA |
| (iv) That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop") | |
| (v) The supply of that part described in 1(b)(iv) will be a taxable supply. | Yes/No/NA |
| Section 2 Purchaser | |
| 2(a) The purchaser is registered under the GST Act and/or will be so registered at settlement. | Yes/No |
| 2(b) The purchaser intends at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies. | Yes/No |
| If the answer to either or both of questions 2(a) and 2(b) is "No", go to question 2(e) | |
| 2(c) The purchaser's details are as follows: | |
| (i) Full name: | |
| (ii) Address: | |
| (iii) Registration number (if already registered): | |
| 2(d) The purchaser intends at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the purchaser or by a person associated with the purchaser under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act (connected by blood relationship, marriage, civil union, de facto relationship or adoption). | Yes/No |
| OR The purchaser intends at settlement to use part of the property (and no other part) as a principal place of residence by the purchaser or by a person associated with the purchaser under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act. That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop") | Yes/No |
| 2(e) The purchaser intends to direct the vendor to transfer title to the property to another party ("nominee"). | Yes/No |
| If the answer to question 2(e) is "Yes", then please continue. Otherwise, there is no need to complete this Schedule any further. | |
| Section 3 Nominee | |
| 3(a) The nominee is registered under the GST Act and/or is expected by the purchaser to be so registered at settlement. | Yes/No |
| 3(b) The purchaser expects the nominee at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies. | Yes/No |
| If the answer to either or both of questions 3(a) and 3(b) is "No", there is no need to complete this Schedule any further. | |
| 3(c) The nominee's details (if known to the purchaser) are as follows: | |
| (i) Full name: | |
| (ii) Address: | |
| (iii) Registration number (if already registered): | |
| 3(d) The purchaser expects the nominee to intend at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the nominee or by a person associated with the nominee under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act (connected by blood relationship, marriage, civil union, de facto relationship or adoption). | Yes/No |
| OR The purchaser expects the nominee to intend at settlement to use part of the property (and no other part) as a principal place of residence by the nominee or by a person associated with the nominee under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act. That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop") | Yes/No |

SCHEDULE 2

List all chattels included in the sale

(Strike out or add as applicable. If necessary complete on a separate schedule or the further terms of sale)

| | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Stove () | Rangehood () | Wall/under bench oven () | Cooktop/hob () |
| Dishwasher () | Kitchen waste disposal () | Smoke detectors () | Bathroom extractor fans () |
| Security alarm () | Heat pump () | Heated towel rail () | Garage door remote control () |
| Garden shed () | Light fittings | Window coverings | Fixed floor coverings |
| Automatic garage door facility | | | |

Both parties should check that Schedule 2 (list of chattels) includes an accurate list of all items which are included with the sale and purchase (in addition to, or as part of any building).

SCHEDULE 3

Residential Tenancies

Name of Tenant(s):

Rent:

Term:

Bond:

Pet Bond:



Commercial/Industrial Tenancies

(If necessary complete on a separate schedule)

1. Name of Tenant(s): Refer to Schedule 5 attached

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

2. Name of Tenant(s):

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

3. Name of Tenant(s):

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

WARNING AND DISCLAIMER

- This agreement is a standard form document. It is therefore likely that amendments and additions may need to be made in order to suit the circumstances of each of the vendor and the purchaser, and to suit the particular property involved. It is also important that you are certain that any amendments made correctly reflect your understanding of what has been agreed. **You should always get legal advice before you sign the agreement and throughout the buying and selling process.**
- TLANZ and REINZ accept no liability whatsoever in respect of this document and any agreement which may arise from it.
- The vendor should check the correctness of all warranties made under clause 7, clause 8, and elsewhere in this agreement.
- In the case of a unit title, before the purchaser enters into the agreement, the vendor **must** provide to the purchaser a pre-contract disclosure statement under section 146 of the Unit Titles Act.
- The transaction may have tax implications for the parties and it is recommended that both parties seek their own professional advice regarding the tax implications of the transaction before signing, including:
 - the GST treatment of the transaction, which depends upon the GST information supplied by the parties and could change before settlement if that information changes; and
 - the income tax treatment of the transaction, including any income tax implications of purchase price allocation.

PROFESSIONAL ADVICE SHOULD BE SOUGHT REGARDING THE EFFECT AND CONSEQUENCES OF ANY AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

Acknowledgements

Where this agreement relates to the sale of a residential property and this agreement was provided to the parties by a real estate agent, or by a licensee on behalf of the agent, the parties acknowledge that they have been given the guide about the sale of residential property approved by the Real Estate Authority and a copy of the agency's in-house complaints and dispute resolution process.

The person or persons signing this agreement acknowledge that either:

- they are signing in a personal capacity as the 'vendor' or 'purchaser' named on the front page, or
- they have authority to bind the party named as 'vendor' or 'purchaser' on the front page.

WARNING *(This warning does not form part of this agreement)*

Before signing, each party should read this entire contract and should obtain all relevant professional advice.

This is a binding contract. Once signed, you will be bound by the terms of it and there may be no, or only limited, rights to terminate it.

Signature of Purchaser(s):

Signature of Vendor(s):

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

Name: Ross Douglas Boon

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

Name: Heather Hilda Marion Boon

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney*

Delete the options that do not apply

If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

*If this agreement is signed under:

- a Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation** (available from TLANZ: 4098WFP or REINZ); or
- an Enduring Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation and non-suspension of the enduring power of attorney** (available from TLANZ: 4997WFP or REINZ).

Also insert the following wording for the Attorney's Signature above:

Signed for [full name of the donor] by his or her Attorney [attorney's signature].

AGREEMENT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE

VENDOR:

Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

Contact Details:

VENDOR'S LAWYERS:

Firm: MWIS

Individual Acting: Andrew Golightly

Email: andrewg@mwis.co.nz

Contact Details:

Ph: 021 430 700

Email address for service of notices (clause 1.4):

PURCHASER:

Contact Details:

PURCHASER'S LAWYERS:

Firm:

Individual Acting:

Email:

Contact Details:



Email address for service of notices (clause 1.4):

SALE BY LICENSED REAL ESTATE AGENT: Mackys Real Estate Limited - Whangarei
a Member of the Bayleys Realty Group

Manager: Mr Tony Alistar Grindle

Salesperson: Nigel Ingham

nigel.ingham@bayleys.co.nz (021 562 919)

Second Salesperson:

Contact Details: Ph: 09 470 0960

BITN_contracts@bayleys.co.nz

84 Walton Street

Whangarei 0110

Licensed Real Estate Agent under Real Estate Agents Act 2008

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TLANZ/REINZ Agreement for Sale and Purchase of Real Estate, Eleventh Edition 2022 (4) – Tax Purchase Price Allocation Changes - Addendum

This addendum sets out further terms and a schedule concerning the allocation of the purchase price for tax purposes. As set out in further detail in this document, key aspects of this addendum are:

1. Up front instructions regarding use of the addendum.
2. An interpretation provision regarding terms used in the Income Tax Act 2007 and definitions of “Agreed allocation”, “Assets”, “Tax asset classes” and “Tax position”.
3. Clause 21.0 dealing with purchase price allocation (which may be relevant not only for income tax purposes but also for GST purposes).
4. Schedule 4 that can be used by the parties to record an agreed allocation of the purchase price, if such an allocation is agreed at the date of the agreement (and again this may be relevant not only for income tax purposes but also for GST purposes).

**ADDENDUM TO AGREEMENT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE
FURTHER TERMS OF SALE AND SCHEDULE – TAX PURCHASE PRICE ALLOCATION**

This addendum provides for the parties to deal with the allocation, for tax purposes, of the purchase price under the agreement to which this addendum relates. The addendum should be added to relevant agreements entered into on or after 1 July 2021.

This addendum does not need to be used where:

- (a) the sale is of residential land (as defined in the Income Tax Act 2007) and associated chattels only, and the purchase price (inclusive of GST, if any) is less than \$7,500,000; or
- (b) the sale is not, or is not limited to, residential land and associated chattels, and the purchase price (inclusive of GST, if any) is less than \$1,000,000;

and also does not need to be used in various other circumstances.

Before signing the agreement, the parties should seek professional advice regarding the tax treatment of the transaction.

VENDOR: Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

PURCHASER:

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

INSTRUCTIONS

If the parties have agreed an allocation of the purchase price to the assets or classes of asset included in the transaction, use Schedule 4 to record the agreed allocation. Clause 21.2 will then apply to the agreed allocation. This is the recommended and preferred approach.

If the parties do not agree an allocation on or before the date of the agreement and the default purchase price allocation rules under section GC 21 of the Income Tax Act 2007 would apply in the absence of an agreed allocation, then clause 21.3 will require an agreed allocation. That agreed allocation will need to be determined either by the parties or by a suitably qualified third party expert.

FURTHER TERMS OF SALE

The following Further Terms of Sale are added to, and form part of, the agreement to which this addendum relates:

21.0 Purchase Price Allocation

Definitions

21.1 In this clause 21 and in Schedule 4:

- (1) *Unless the context requires a different interpretation, words and phrases not otherwise defined in the agreement have the same meanings ascribed to those words and phrases in the GST Act and the Income Tax Act 2007.*
- (2) *“Agreed allocation” means an allocation of the purchase price to the assets, or to classes of asset included in the assets, that is agreed by the parties and recorded in writing, using Schedule 4 or otherwise, and includes an allocation agreed by the parties in accordance with clause 21.4.*
- (3) *“Assets” means the property or assets comprising the property and any chattels and other assets included in the transaction described in this agreement.*
- (4) *“Tax asset classes” means the following classes of purchased property referred to in sections GC 20(1)(a) and GC 21(1)(a) of the Income Tax Act 2007:*
 - (a) *trading stock other than timber or the right to take timber (which includes land whose disposal would produce income for the relevant party under any of sections CB 6A to CB 15 and CZ 39 of the Income Tax Act 2007);*
 - (b) *timber or the right to take timber;*
 - (c) *depreciable property other than buildings;*
 - (d) *buildings that are depreciable property;*
 - (e) *financial arrangements; and*
 - (f) *property for which the disposal does not give rise to assessable income for the vendor or deductions for the purchaser or (if applicable) purchaser’s nominee.*
- (5) *“Tax position”, in relation to any person, includes the person’s tax position for income tax purposes and for GST purposes (as applicable) and their completion of any related tax returns and other documents.*

Effect of agreed allocation

21.2 *In relation to any agreed allocation, each party confirms and agrees that:*

- (1) *the agreed allocation allocates the purchase price, or is sufficient to determine the allocation of the purchase price, to each tax asset class included in the transaction for the party; and*
- (2) *the agreed allocation reflects the relative market value of each tax asset class included in the transaction, proportional to the other tax asset class or classes included in the transaction, as at the date of this agreement (but this clause 21.2(2) does not apply if and to the extent that the tax asset class is, or includes, low value depreciable property to which section GC 20(3) of the Income Tax Act 2007 applies); and*
- (3) *the party must determine their tax position in a manner consistent with the agreed allocation.*

Requirement to agree allocation

21.3 *If:*

- (1) *there is no agreed allocation as at the date of this agreement; and*
- (2) *without an agreed allocation, the purchase price allocation rules under section GC 21 of the Income Tax Act 2007 would apply; and*
- (3) *for the purposes of that section, in relation to each of the vendor and the purchaser (or, if applicable, purchaser's nominee), the transaction includes two or more tax asset classes for which the relevant party uses different income tax treatments,*

then the parties must agree an allocation of the purchase price in accordance with clause 21.4.

21.4 *If this clause 21.4 applies (in accordance with clause 21.3):*

- (1) *the parties must agree and record in writing an allocation of the purchase price, which shall be an agreed allocation to which clause 21.2 applies, by the settlement date or as soon as practicable after the settlement date, but no later than 60 working days after that date;*
- (2) *the parties must not notify any allocation of the purchase price to the Commissioner, and must not file any return of income in relation to their tax position for any of the assets included in the transaction, until there is an agreed allocation;*
- (3) *the agreed allocation will be determined either by the parties or by an experienced registered valuer or other suitably-qualified professional expert ("expert") appointed in accordance with clause 21.4(5);*
- (4) *to facilitate the parties' determination of the agreed allocation:*
 - (a) *if neither party has proposed an allocation as at the date of this agreement, the vendor must propose an allocation to the purchaser by no later than 5 working days after the date of this agreement; and*
 - (b) *following the proposal of an allocation by either party, the parties must use reasonable endeavours to determine the agreed allocation; and*
- (5) *if the agreed allocation has not been determined by the parties by the settlement date, or the parties have agreed to refer the matter to an expert:*
 - (a) *the agreed allocation will be determined by an expert, and the parties will be deemed to have agreed to that allocation;*
 - (b) *the parties must use all reasonable endeavours to appoint, and refer the matter to, an agreed expert by no later than 5 working days after the settlement date;*
 - (c) *if no agreed expert has been appointed within that timeframe, the appointment will be made, on the application of both parties or either party no later than 10 working days after the settlement date, by the president.*
 - (d) *if an expert is appointed, the parties must co-operate with and promptly provide any information or documents required by the*

expert and the expert's costs will be met equally by the parties, unless the expert determines otherwise;

- (e) *where a determination is made by the expert, the expert shall not be liable to either party for costs or losses that either party may claim to have suffered in respect of that determination; and*
- (f) *where the expert is appointed by the president, the president shall not be liable to either party for any costs or losses that either party may claim to have suffered in respect of that determination.*

Adjustments and other matters

21.5 *If there is any adjustment to the purchase price after the parties have an agreed allocation, that agreed allocation will be amended as follows and clause 21.2 will apply to the amended allocation:*

- (1) *if the adjustment relates to one asset or class of asset, the adjustment will be made to the amount allocated to that asset or class of asset; and*
- (2) *if the adjustment relates to all or any two or more assets or classes of asset, a pro rata adjustment will be made to the amounts allocated to the relevant assets or classes of asset.*

21.6 *For the purposes of this clause 21.0 and Schedule 4:*

- (1) *if the total consideration for the assets includes any consideration in addition to the purchase price, references to the purchase price are to be read as references to the total consideration; and*
- (2) *where the purchaser directs the vendor to transfer the assets to a nominee, the purchaser must ensure that the nominee complies with the provisions of this clause 21.0 as if the nominee were a party to this agreement.*

SCHEDULE

The following schedule is added to, and forms part of, the agreement to which this addendum relates:

SCHEDULE 4
(Agreed Purchase Price Allocation – see clause 21.2)

The table in this Schedule may be used by the parties for the purpose of recording an agreed allocation of the purchase price to the assets and/or classes of asset included in the transaction evidenced by the agreement, for income tax and/or GST purposes.

The asset/asset class description for allocating the purchase price (e.g. “land, building, fit out/chattels”, or “farm, farm equipment, dwelling/curtilage, chattels”, or “land, timber”) will depend upon the nature of the assets included in the transaction and the purpose(s) of the purchase price allocation. For income tax purposes, if the assets included in the transaction include two or more tax asset classes for either party, that party should ensure that the purchase price allocation in the table is sufficient to determine the amount of the purchase price allocated to each tax asset class.

If the purchase price on the front page of the agreement is “plus GST (if any)”, the amounts in the table are “plus GST (if any)” unless otherwise expressly stated. If the purchase price on the front page is “inclusive of GST (if any)”, the amounts in the table are “inclusive of GST (if any)” unless otherwise expressly stated.

| Description of Asset/Asset Class | Amount Allocated |
|---|------------------------------|
| Land | \$ Balance of purchase price |
| Buildings | \$ 54,194 |
| Air conditioning | \$ 3,341 |
| Building Fitout | \$ 85,335 |
| Building Portable | \$ 23,895 |
| Polyhouse | \$ 7,319 |
| Fences | \$ 2,753 |
| | \$ |
| | \$ |
| | \$ |
| Total amount | \$ |

WARNING: If the parties do not agree an allocation of the purchase price to the assets and/or classes of asset included in the transaction on or before the date of the agreement, as provided for in this Schedule, an agreed allocation determined by the parties or an expert may be required under clauses 21.3 and 21.4.

Appendix

22.0 Vendor and Purchaser Acknowledgements

22.1 The Vendor and Purchaser both acknowledge that before signing this agreement they were

- (i) Recommended by the licensee to seek advice, and
- (ii) Made aware by the licensee that they may need to seek technical and other advice

The Vendor and Purchaser also confirm that they were given a reasonable opportunity to obtain that advice or have included a provision in this Agreement to obtain that information, or have decided not to do so of their own accord.

22.2 The Vendor and purchaser both acknowledge that before signing this agreement they have been made aware of the Agents in-house complaints and disputes resolution process. The vendor and the purchaser have also been advised that they may access the Real Estate Agents Authority complaints process and additional information at www.reea.govt.nz without first using the in-house process and that any use of the in-house process does not preclude the making a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority.



Schedule 5

The Purchaser shall specify one of the following purchase structures by deleting the option(s) not applicable and completing the relevant details for the option that forms part of the Purchaser's offer.

OPTION A: LEASEBACK

If Option A Leaseback is exercised, this agreement is conditional on the Vendor and the Purchaser agreeing on the terms of any Agreement to Lease and /or Deed of Lease , and following which, also on the execution of an Agreement to Lease and/or Deed of Lease with the tenant(s).

This condition shall be satisfied within 15 working days of the date of this agreement. This condition is for the benefit of the Vendor and the purchaser.

Purchase Details

Price: \$ _____ + GST (if any)

Settlement: _____

Tenancy Schedule

| Item | AgSpares Limited | APS Limited |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Initial Term (selected) | 2 years / 3 years / 5 years / Other: _____ | 2 years / 3 years / 5 years / Other: _____ |
| Rights of Renewal (selected) | ___ rights of ___ years each / None | ___ rights of ___ years each / None |
| Commencement Date | Settlement Date | Settlement Date |
| Net Rental (selected) | \$148,800 p.a. + GST and outgoings \$ _____ p.a. + GST and outgoings | \$34,800 p.a. + GST and outgoings \$ _____ p.a. + GST and outgoings |
| Leased Area (selected) | As shown on the plan attached to the draft agreement to lease Reduced area to be agreed | As shown on the plan attached to the draft agreement to lease Reduced area to be agreed |

Refer to draft agreement to Lease(s)

OPTION B: VACANT POSSESSION

The Property is to be sold with vacant possession on settlement.

Price: \$ _____ + GST (if any)

Settlement: _____



**RECORD OF TITLE
UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 2017
FREEHOLD**

**Guaranteed Search Copy issued under Section 60 of the Land
Transfer Act 2017**




R. W. Muir
Registrar-General
of Land

Identifier **NA36B/1164**
Land Registration District **North Auckland**
Date Issued 08 September 1976

Prior References
NA255/263

Estate Fee Simple
Area 1.9235 hectares more or less
Legal Description Lot 2 Deposited Plan 79657
Registered Owners
Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon

Interests

6951307.1 Notification that a building consent issued pursuant to Section 72 Building Act 2004 identifies inundation flooding as a natural hazard - - 18.7.2006 at 9:00 am
12763491.4 Mortgage to Kiwibank Limited - 6.7.2023 at 3:59 pm



APPROVED

REGISTERED OWNERS

Examined E. A. EDEN, Esq. Chief Surveyor

Approved as to Survey 13/12/76

Deposited 13/12/76 day of DECEMBER 1976

File Received 5 APR 1976

Instructions 1179057

188 FORM V 83

NEW C.T. ALLOCATED:
LOT 1 36 B/1163
LOT 2 36 B/1164

Total Area 4.0971 ha
Comprised in C.T. 255. - 20% A.L.

L. KENNETH LEONARD SIMPSON, of WHANGAREI, Registered Surveyor and holder of an annual practising certificate hereby certify that this plan has been made from surveys executed by me or under my direction; that both plan and survey are correct and have been made in accordance with the regulations under the Surveyors Act 1966

Dated at WHANGAREI this 29th day of FEBRUARY 1976. Signed: *[Signature]*

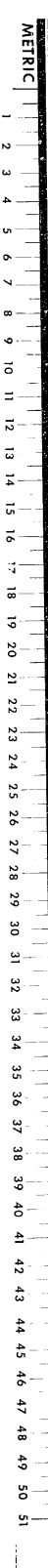
Field Book 6612 p. 111 - 112 Traverse Book p. 2

Reference Plans

LOCAL AUTHORITY WHANGAREI COUNTY
Surveyed by Ken Simpson, Shaun Co
Scale 1:1500
Date February 1976

LOTS 1, 2 BEING SUBDN OF THE LAND ON D.P. 11053

LAND DISTRICT NORTH AUCKLAND
SURVEY BLK. & DIST. VIII, PURUA
NZMS SHEET NO.



AGREEMENT TO LEASE

This form is approved by The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated and the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Incorporated
GENERAL address of the premises: 30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

DATE:

LANDLORD: Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

TENANT: APS Equipment Limited

GUARANTOR: Darren John Boon and Jonathan Richard Boon

DRAFT

THE LANDLORD agrees to grant and the Tenant agrees to take a lease of the premises and the carparks (if any) described in the First Schedule together with the right to use the common areas of the property for the term from the commencement date and at the annual rent (subject to review and adjustment if applicable) as set out in the First Schedule.

THE LANDLORD AND TENANT agree

- (1) as set out in the First, Second and Third Schedules
- (2) that the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels contained in the premises are those described in the Fourth Schedule.

THE GUARANTOR (and if more than one jointly and severally), in consideration of the Landlord entering into this Agreement at the Guarantor's request, agrees with the Landlord to guarantee to the Landlord the obligations of the Tenant and to sign the Lease as a guarantor.

SIGNED by the Landlord:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
*Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

SIGNED by the Tenant:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
*Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

SIGNED by the Guarantor:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
*Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

*If this Agreement is signed under:

- (i) a Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation** (available from The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated: 4098WFP or REINZ); or
- (ii) an Enduring Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation and non-suspension of the enduring power of attorney** (available from The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated: 4997WFP or REINZ).

Also, insert the following wording for the Attorney's Signature above:

Signed by [full name of the donor] by his or her Attorney [attorney's signature].

WARNINGS (These warnings do not form part of this contract)

1. This contract is binding on all parties upon signing. All parties should seek legal advice **before signing**.
2. Before signing this contract, the Tenant should make sure that the status of the property under the Resource Management Act 1991 is satisfactory for the Tenant's intended use of it.
3. The parties should agree upon and record the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels and their condition in the Fourth Schedule.
4. The parties are advised to insert a clause requiring inclusion of a report of the condition of the premises as at the commencement of the Lease.

FIRST SCHEDULE

1. **PREMISES:** That part of the Landlords premises at 30 Pipiwai Rd, Kamo, Whangarei being described as Lot 2 Deposited Plan 7965 and as inspected and approved by the Tenant shown in red on the plan attached, being approximately 3,681 sqm of area
(Specify description of the Landlord's premises including the record of title, the address and show area on a plan.)

as shown on the plan(s) (if any) in the Eighth Schedule of the Lease
2. **CAR PARKS:** All car parks contained within the Premises leased area

car parks as shown on the plan(s) (if any) in the Eighth Schedule of the Lease
3. **TERM:** 2 years
4. **COMMENCEMENT DATE:** 1 May 2026
5. **RIGHTS OF RENEWAL:** 1 of 2 years
6. **RENEWAL DATES:** 1 May 2028
7. **RENEWAL NOTICE PERIOD:**
(clause 34.1 of the Lease)
(Specify period. If no period is specified, the notice period for the purposes of clause 34.1 of the Lease is 3 months.)
8. **FINAL EXPIRY DATE:** 30 April 2030
9. **ANNUAL RENT:**
(Subject to review and adjustment if applicable)
- | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Premises | \$ \$34,800 | plus GST |
| Car Parks | \$ included | plus GST |
| TOTAL | \$ \$34,800 | plus GST |
10. **MONTHLY RENT:** \$ \$2,733.33 plus GST
11. **RENT PAYMENT DATES:** The 1st day of each month commencing on the 1 day of May 2026
12. **RENT REVIEW AND ADJUSTMENT DATES:**
(Specify review or adjustment type and insert dates for initial term, renewal dates and renewal terms. Unless dates are specified, there will be no reviews or adjustments. Where there is a conflict in dates, the market rent review date will apply.)
- Market rent review dates:
 - CPI rent adjustment dates:
 - Fixed rent adjustment dates: On each anniversary of the Commencement Date

13. LOWER AND UPPER RENT LIMITS FOR A MARKET RENT REVIEW AND CPI ADJUSTMENT DATE:
(clauses 2.1(d), 2.5(d), 34.1(a) and 34.1(b) of the Lease)

(Select one of (1), (2) or (3) by deleting the other two or delete all three and complete (4).)

Option (4) should be used where the parties agree upper limits apply, and/or lower and upper limits apply in some other manner than (1), (2) or (3). If no option is deleted/completed, then option (1) applies.)

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the annual rent payable as at the commencement date of the then current lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period, unless the rent or adjustment date is a renewal date in which case the annual rent payable will not be less than the annual rent payable as at the commencement date of the immediately preceding lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period.

OR

~~(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the rent payable immediately prior to the relevant review or adjustment date.~~

OR

~~(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the rent payable as at the commencement date of the initial lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period.~~

OR

(4) Other:

14. INTERIM RENT:
(clause 2.3 of the Lease)

(Delete one: If clause 2.3(b) is deleted or there is no deletion, clause 2.3(a) of the Lease applies. If clause 2.3(a) is deleted, clause 2.3(b) of the Lease applies.)

(1) Clause 2.3(a) of the Lease applies (current rent is interim rent).

OR

~~(2) Clause 2.3(b) of the Lease applies (interim rent is determined by registered valuer(s) certificates).~~

15. FIXED RENT ADJUSTMENT:
(clause 2.7 of the Lease)

(Specify for each fixed rent adjustment date either % or amount of increased rent.)

2.5%

16. PROPORTION OF OUTGOINGS:
(clause 3.1 of the Lease)

19% \$ plus GST

17. OUTGOINGS:
(clause 3 of the Lease)

- (1) Rates or levies payable to any local authority.
- (2) Charges for water, gas, electricity, telecommunications and other utilities or services, including line charges and increases in charges attributable to increase in consumption of those utilities or services from the premises, but excluding any capital charges.
- (3) Rubbish collection and recycling charges.
- (4) Fire and Emergency levies and the maintenance charges in respect of all fire detection and firefighting equipment.
- (5) Insurance premiums and related valuation fees, and any excess applied to the cost of repairs under clause 24.4 of the Lease.
- (6) Service maintenance contract charges for air conditioning, lifts, other building services, security services, and roller doors and automatic doors, but excluding charges for inherent defects and renewal or replacement of building services.
- (7) Cleaning, maintenance and repair charges ~~including charges for repainting the exterior of the building and~~ fences, decorative repairs and the maintenance and repair of building services to the extent that such charges do not comprise part of the cost of a service maintenance contract, but excluding charges for structural repairs to the building (more than minor repairs to the roof of the building or fences are structural repairs), repairs due to defects in design or construction, inherent defects and renewal or replacement of building services.
- (8) The provisioning of toilets and other shared facilities.
- (9) The cost of maintenance of lawns, gardens and planted areas including plant hire and replacement.
- (10) Yard, car parking area and accessway maintenance and repair charges and minor repairs to those areas (including repairs to potholes) but excluding charges for repaving or resealing.
- ~~(11) Body Corporate charges for any insurance premiums under any insurance policy effected by the Body Corporate and related valuation fees.~~
- ~~(12) Management expenses and, in the case of a body corporate, includes reasonable management administration expenses (subject to clauses 3.9 and 3.10 of the Lease).~~
- (13) The costs incurred and payable by the Landlord in supplying to the territorial authority a building warrant of fitness and obtaining reports as required by sections 108 and 110 of the Building Act 2004 but excluding the costs of upgrading or other work to make the building comply with the Building Act 2004.

18. DEFAULT INTEREST RATE: 14% per annum
(clause 5.1 of the Lease)

19. BUSINESS USE:
(clause 16.1 of the Lease)

Office sales, service & support

- 20. LANDLORD'S INSURANCE:** (clause 24.1 of the Lease)
- (Delete or amend extent of cover as appropriate.)
- (Delete either (a) or (b): if neither option is deleted, then option (a) applies.)
- (Delete option (i) and complete option (ii) if required. If option (i) is not deleted and option (ii) is completed, then option (ii) applies.)
- (1) Cover for the building against damage and destruction by fire, flood, explosion, lightning storm, earthquake, and volcanic activity; on the following basis:
- (a) Full replacement and reinstatement (including loss, damage or destruction of windows and other glass);
- OR**
- ~~(b) Indemnity to full insurable value (including loss, damage or destruction of windows and other glass).~~
- (2) Cover for the following additional risks:
- (a) (i) 24 months
- OR**
- (ii) ~~months~~ indemnity in respect of consequential loss of rent and outgoings.
- (b) Loss, damage or destruction of any of the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels.
- (c) Public liability.
- 21. INSURANCE EXCESS:** (clauses 24.3 to 24.5 of the Lease)
- (Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the maximum amount for the purpose of clauses 24.3 to 24.5 of the Lease is \$5,000.)
- \$ To be confirmed plus GST
- 22. FAIR PROPORTION OF RENT:** (clause 29.2 of the Lease)
- (Delete option (1) and complete option (2) if required. If option (1) is not deleted and Option (2) is completed, then option (2) applies.)
- (1) 50%
- OR**
- (2)
- 23. NO ACCESS PERIOD:** (clause 29.6 of the Lease)
- (Delete option (1) and complete option (2) if required. If option (1) is not deleted and option (2) is completed, then option (2) applies.)
- (1) 9 months
- OR**
- (2)
- 24. BANK GUARANTEE:** (clause 38.1(a) of the Lease)
- (Delete either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" or neither is deleted, clauses 38.2 to 38.9 of the Lease do not apply, unless a bank guarantee is required upon an assignment.)
- YES / NO
- 25. BANK GUARANTEE AMOUNT:** (clause 38.2 of the Lease)
- (Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the bank guarantee amount is equivalent to three months' rent plus GST.)
- Total amount: \$ N/A plus GST
- 26. RENTAL BOND:** (clause 38.9(a) of the Lease)
- (Delete either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" or neither is deleted, clauses 38.10 to 38.19 of the Lease do not apply, unless a rental bond is required upon an assignment.)
- YES / NO

27. **RENTAL BOND AMOUNT:** Total amount: \$ N/A plus GST
(clause 38.10 of the Lease)

(Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the rental bond amount is equivalent to three months' rent plus GST.)

28. **SEISMIC RATING:**
(clause 39.1 of the Lease)

(Insert % and description of relevant standard. If left blank, or either % or standard is not inserted, clauses 39.1 to 39.3 of the Lease do not apply.)

29. **MORTGAGEE'S CONSENT:** (1) ~~The Landlord is not required to obtain the consent of any mortgagee of the property in respect of the Tenant's interest under the Lease.~~
(clause 46.1 of the Lease)

(Delete one. If option (2) is deleted or neither is deleted, then option (1) applies.)

OR

(2) The Landlord must obtain the consent of any mortgagee of the property in respect of the Tenant's interest under the Lease.

30. **LIMITED LIABILITY TRUSTEE:**
(clause 50.1 of the Lease)

31. **EMAIL ADDRESSES:** (1) For the Landlord:
(clause 47.2(c) of the Lease)

(2) For the Tenant:

November 2024

32. **DEPOSIT:** \$ N/A plus GST
(advance rent)

SECOND SCHEDULE

DEFINITIONS, NOTICES AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 Definitions

- (1) Unless the context requires a different interpretation, words and phrases not otherwise defined have the same meaning as in section 4 of the Property Law Act 2007 and the Lease.
- (2) "Agreement" means this document including the front page, any further terms and any schedules and attachments.
- (3) "Working day" means any day of the week other than:
 - (a) Saturday, Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday, and Labour Day;
 - (b) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday;
 - (c) a day in the period commencing on the 24th day of December in any year and ending on the 5th day of January in the following year, both days inclusive;
 - (d) the day observed as the anniversary of any province in which the premises are situated;
 - (e) the day on which a public holiday is observed to acknowledge Matariki, pursuant to the Te Kāhui o Matariki Public Holiday Act 2022; and
 - (f) any other day that the Government of New Zealand declares to be a public holiday.

A working day shall be deemed to commence at 9.00 am and to terminate at 5.00 pm.

- (4) Any act done pursuant to this Agreement by a party after 5.00 pm on a working day, or on a day which is not a working day, shall be deemed to have been done at 9.00 am on the next succeeding working day.
- (5) Where two or more acts (including service of notice) done pursuant to this Agreement are deemed to have been done at the same time, they shall take effect in the order in which they would have taken effect but for clause 1.1(5).

1.2 Notices

All notices must be in writing and must be served by one of the following means:

- (1) In the case of a notice under sections 245 or 246 of the Property Law Act 2007, in the manner prescribed by section 353 of that Act; and
- (2) In all other cases, unless otherwise required by sections 352 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007:
 - (a) in the manner authorised by sections 354 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007, or
 - (b) by personal delivery, or by posting by registered or ordinary mail, or by email.
- (3) In respect of the means of service specified in clause 1.2(2), a notice is deemed to have been served:
 - (a) In the case of personal delivery, when received by the addressee.
 - (b) In the case of posting by mail, on the second working day following the date of posting to the addressee's last known address in New Zealand.
 - (c) in the case of email, when sent to the email address specified in the First Schedule, or another address notified by one party to the other and acknowledged by the addressee orally or by return email or otherwise in writing except that return emails generated automatically will not constitute an acknowledgement.
- (4) In the case of a notice to be served on the Tenant, if the Landlord is unaware of the Tenant's last known address in New Zealand, any notice placed conspicuously on any part of the premises will be deemed to have been served on the Tenant on the day on which it is affixed.
- (5) A notice will be valid if given by any director, general manager, lawyer or other authorised representative of the party giving the notice.
- (6) Where two or more notices are deemed to have been served at the same time, they will take effect in the order in which they would have been served but for clause 1.1(5).
- (7) Any period of notice required to be given under this Agreement shall be computed by excluding the date of service.

1.3 Interpretation

- (1) Headings are for information only and do not form part of this Agreement.
- (2) The terms, conditions and covenants contained in this Agreement will not merge insofar as they either have not been fulfilled at the time of the execution of the Lease or are not reflected in the Lease but will remain in full force and effect.

1.4 If there is more than one Landlord or Tenant, the liability of the Landlords or the Tenants as the case may be is joint and several.

1.5 Where the Tenant executes this Agreement with provision for a nominee or on behalf of a company to be formed, the Tenant will remain liable for all the obligations on the part of the Tenant hereunder until such time as the Tenant and the Guarantor have signed the Lease.

1.6 This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Communication of execution of this Agreement may be made by each party transmitting by email to the other party or their respective agents a counterpart of this Agreement executed by the party sending the email.

1.7 This Agreement may be executed by an electronic method and a party doing so represents and warrants to the other party that the means of creating the electronic signature complies with section 228 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017.

DEPOSIT

2.1 The Tenant must pay as a deposit an advance rental payment of the amount specified in the First Schedule. The deposit must be paid to the Landlord or the Landlord's agent immediately upon execution of this Agreement by all parties and/or at such other time as is specified in this Agreement. The person to whom the deposit is paid holds it as a stakeholder until this Agreement is unconditional or is avoided.

- 2.2** The Landlord is not entitled to cancel this Agreement for non-payment of the deposit unless the Landlord has first given to the Tenant three working days' notice in writing of intention to cancel and the Tenant has failed within that time to remedy the default. No notice of cancellation is effective if the deposit has been paid before the notice of cancellation is served.
- 2.3** Without prejudice to any of the Landlord's rights or remedies, including any right to claim for additional expenses and damages, if the deposit or any portion thereof is not paid upon the due date for payment, the Tenant must pay to the Landlord interest at the default interest rate on the portion of the deposit so unpaid for the period from the due date for payment until payment. Unless a contrary intention appears on the front page or elsewhere in this Agreement, the default interest rate is equivalent to the interest rate charged by the Inland Revenue Department on unpaid tax under the Tax Administration Act 1994 during the period for which the default interest is payable, plus 5 per cent per annum.

LEASE PAYMENTS

- 3.1** The Tenant must pay the annual rent by equal monthly payments in advance as from the commencement date specified in the First Schedule.
- 3.2** The Tenant must pay the Goods and Services Tax payable by the Landlord in respect of the rent and other payments payable by the Tenant pursuant to the Lease.
- 3.3** In addition to the rent, the Tenant must pay the outgoings specified in the First Schedule, and, where any outgoing is not separately assessed in respect of the premises, then the Tenant must pay such proportion thereof as is specified in the First Schedule, or, if no proportion is specified, then a fair proportion.

LEASE

- 4.1** The Tenant must enter into a formal lease with the Landlord to be prepared by the Landlord's lawyer using the current The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated Deed of Lease form amended in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement ("Lease"). Each party will pay their own costs of the negotiation and preparation of the Lease and any deed recording a rent review or renewal.
- 4.2** Unless otherwise set out in the Third Schedule, it is agreed that the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels contained in the premises as more particularly described in the Fourth Schedule are in a good state of repair.
- 4.3** Notwithstanding that the Lease may not have been executed, the parties will be bound by the terms, covenants and provisions contained in this Agreement and in the Lease as if the Lease had been duly executed.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 5.1** Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, if a party considers that there is a dispute in respect of any matters arising out of, or in connection with this Agreement, then that party must immediately give notice to the other party setting out details of the dispute. The parties must endeavour in good faith to resolve the dispute between themselves within five (5) working days of the receipt of the notice, failing which the parties must endeavour in good faith within a further ten (10) working days to appoint a mediator and resolve the dispute, time being of the essence.
- 5.2** Neither party will commence legal proceedings against the other except for injunctive relief before following the procedure set out in clause 5.1.

NO ASSIGNMENT

- 6.1** The Tenant must not assign or agree to assign this Agreement or the Tenant's interest under this Agreement and the Tenant must not register any caveat against the land in respect of its interest under this Agreement. The Tenant is not entitled to exercise the right of assignment contained in the Lease until such time as the Tenant has signed the Lease.

AGENT

- 7.1** If the name of a licensed real estate agent is recorded on this Agreement, it is acknowledged that the lease evidenced by this Agreement has been made through that agent whom the Landlord appoints as the Landlord's agent to effect the Lease. The Landlord must pay the agent's charges including GST for effecting such Lease.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 8.1** If any person enters into this Agreement as trustee of a trust, then:
- (1) That person warrants that:
 - (a) that person has power to enter into this Agreement under the terms of the trust; and
 - (b) that person has properly signed this Agreement in accordance with the terms of the trust; and
 - (c) that person has the right to be indemnified from the assets of the trust and that right has not been lost or impaired by any action of that person including entry into this Agreement; and
 - (d) all of the persons who are trustees of the trust have approved entry into this Agreement.
 - (2) If that person has no right to or interest in any assets of the trust except in that person's capacity as a trustee of the trust, that person's liability under this Agreement will not be personal and unlimited but will be limited to the actual amount recoverable from the assets of the trust from time to time ("the limited amount"). If the right of that person to be indemnified from the trust assets has been lost or impaired as a result of fraud or gross negligence, that person's liability will become personal but limited to the extent of that part of the limited amount which cannot be recovered from any other person.
- 8.2** Notwithstanding clause 8.1, a party to this Agreement that is named in the First Schedule as a limited liability trustee, that person's liability will not be personal and unlimited but limited in accordance with clause 8.1(2).

THIRD SCHEDULE

FURTHER TERMS (if any)

See attached

DRAFT



THIRD SCHEDULE

The Lease will be in the most recent ADLS deed of lease as attached, with the modifications required by this agreement including the following provisions of this Third Schedule.

1 Damage or destruction preventing use of Premises

1.1 Without prejudice to any other provision of the lease which may apply to give the Landlord or the Tenant the right to terminate the lease, the Tenant will be entitled to terminate the lease by written notice to the Landlord if the Premises are not able to be used and enjoyed by the Tenant for a period of three months or longer, as a result of:

- (a) damage to or destruction of the Premises;
- (b) damage to or destruction of buildings on the property or neighbouring properties, which make the Premises unsafe;
- (c) failure of supply or inconsistent supply of essential public utilities to the Premises (such as electricity, water, sewage); or
- (d) a requirement or restriction imposed by, or any action of, central or local government.

1.2 Termination by the Tenant under clause 1 will not affect the rights of either party against the other in respect of any prior breach of this lease.

1.3 During any period the Tenant is unable to fully use and enjoy the Premises as a result of an event specified in clause 1.1(a), 1.1(b) 1.1(c) or 1.1(d) a fair proportion of the rent and outgoings shall cease to be payable as from the date the Tenant's use and enjoyment is affected until such time as the Tenant is able to fully use and enjoy the Premises again.

2 Structural/capital works, maintenance or repairs

2.1 The Tenant will not be required to undertake or contribute towards the cost of any works (unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works):

- (e) of a structural or capital nature, unless such works are required as a consequence of the Tenant's particular use of the Premises;
- (f) to remedy any defects in design or construction unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works;
- (g) to renew or replace building services (unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works);
- (h) which relate to seismic strengthening; or
- (i) to ensure the Premises or any building on the property complies with the Building Code, unless such works are required as a consequence of the Tenant's particular use of the Premises or the Tenant's Works).

3 Tenant's Obligations

3.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, nothing shall oblige the Tenant to;

- (a) Carry out or pay for or contribute towards the costs of repairs, maintenance, or rebuilding of the exterior of the building (including the roof) or the structure of the building or any other improvements (not being signage affixed by the Tenant) made to the property; or
- (b) Remedy any defects in any drains, services or amenities located within the property attributable to or arising as a consequence of any fault in the design or construction of the building or other improvements to the property; or
- (c) Do any act or pay any money or bear any expense as a consequence of any breach of the Landlord's obligations under this Lease or any negligence of the Landlord or any reckless action of the Landlord.

4 Costs

- 4.1 Each party shall pay their own costs of and incidental to the preparation of the deed of lease and any variation or renewal or any deed recording a rent review.

5 Relaxation of Make Good/Reinstatement

- 5.1 On the expiry date or earlier termination of the lease the Tenant will be required to yield up the Premises to the Landlord in accordance with the Lease provided that the Tenant:
- (a) may in its discretion and with prior notification to the Landlord remove any or all of the Tenant's partitions, fittings, fixtures and improvements ("Tenant's fitout") from the Premises provided that the Tenant may not remove any such items which are integral parts of the building or the building services;
 - (b) may in its discretion remove or alter any other items installed in the Premises that are indicative of the Tenant's business so as to "de-identify" the Premises, including without limitation removing or altering any cabinetry, display units, shelving areas and signage marked or identified in any way with any of the Tenant's brands, trade names or marks; and
 - (c) must remove all its chattels, equipment and signage.
 - (d) must make good any damage caused to the Premises and any remaining Tenant's fitout by such removal or alteration under clause 5.1 (a), (b) or (c).
- 5.2 If the Tenant leaves any of the Tenant's fitout on the Premises pursuant to clause 5.1 for more than fourteen days after the expiration or sooner termination of this lease it shall be deemed to have become the property of the Landlord.

Subject to the Tenant observing and performing the terms in clause 5.1 the Landlord shall have no further claim whether at law or in equity against the Tenant for any matter arising from the removal or abandonment of the Tenant's fitout.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

LANDLORD'S FIXTURES, FITTINGS AND CHATTELS (if any)

(Clause 4.2)

DRAFT



DATED: _____

BETWEEN

Landlord: Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion
Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

Ph: _____

Email: _____

AND

Tenant: APS Equipment Limited

Ph: _____

Email: _____

DRAFT

AGREEMENT TO LEASE

© This form is copyright to
The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated

General address of the premises:
30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

Landlord's lawyer (indicate individual acting):

Tenant's lawyer (indicate individual acting):

Deposit paid to: _____

Amount: \$ _____

Date paid: _____

LEASE NEGOTIATED BY:

Mackys Real Estate Limited - Whangarei

Licensed Real Estate Agent

Office: a Member of the Bayleys Realty Group

Address: 84 Walton Street

Whangarei 0110

Telephone: Ph: 09 470 0960

Manager: Mr Tony Alistar Grindle

Salesperson: Nigél Ingham (021 562 919)

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AGREEMENT TO LEASE

This form is approved by The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated and the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Incorporated
GENERAL address of the premises: 30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

DATE:

LANDLORD: Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

TENANT: APS Group NZ Ltd trading as AgSpares

GUARANTOR: Jason Gregory Boon and Jonathan Richard Boon

THE LANDLORD agrees to grant and the Tenant agrees to take a lease of the premises and the carparks (if any) described in the First Schedule together with the right to use the common areas of the property for the term from the commencement date and at the annual rent (subject to review and adjustment if applicable) as set out in the First Schedule.

THE LANDLORD AND TENANT agree

- (1) as set out in the First, Second and Third Schedules
- (2) that the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels contained in the premises are those described in the Fourth Schedule.

THE GUARANTOR (and if more than one jointly and severally), in consideration of the Landlord entering into this Agreement at the Guarantor's request, agrees with the Landlord to guarantee to the Landlord the obligations of the Tenant and to sign the Lease as a guarantor.

SIGNED by the Landlord:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

SIGNED by the Tenant:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

SIGNED by the Guarantor:

~~Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Attorney*~~
Delete the options that do not apply
If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity

*If this Agreement is signed under:

- (i) a Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation** (available from The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated: 4098WFP or REINZ); or
- (ii) an Enduring Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation and non-suspension of the enduring power of attorney** (available from The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated: 4997WFP or REINZ).

Also, insert the following wording for the Attorney's Signature above:

Signed by [full name of the donor] by his or her Attorney [attorney's signature].

WARNINGS (These warnings do not form part of this contract)

1. This contract is binding on all parties upon signing. All parties should seek legal advice **before signing**.
2. Before signing this contract, the Tenant should make sure that the status of the property under the Resource Management Act 1991 is satisfactory for the Tenant's intended use of it.
3. The parties should agree upon and record the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels and their condition in the Fourth Schedule.
4. The parties are advised to insert a clause requiring inclusion of a report of the condition of the premises as at the commencement of the Lease.

FIRST SCHEDULE

1. **PREMISES:** That part of the Landlords premises at 30 Pipiwai Rd, Kamo, Whangarei being described as Lot 2 Deposited Plan 7965 and as inspected and approved by the Tenant shown in red on the plan attached, being approximately 15,554 sqm of area
(Specify description of the Landlord's premises including the record of title, the address and show area on a plan.)

as shown on the plan(s) (if any) in the Eighth Schedule of the Lease
2. **CAR PARKS:** All car parks contained within the Premises leased area

car parks as shown on the plan(s) (if any) in the Eighth Schedule of the Lease
3. **TERM:** 2 years
4. **COMMENCEMENT DATE:** 1 May 2026
5. **RIGHTS OF RENEWAL:** 1 of 2 years
6. **RENEWAL DATES:** 1 May 2028
7. **RENEWAL NOTICE PERIOD:**
(clause 34.1 of the Lease)
(Specify period. If no period is specified, the notice period for the purposes of clause 34.1 of the Lease is 3 months.)
8. **FINAL EXPIRY DATE:** 30 April 2030
9. **ANNUAL RENT:**
(Subject to review and adjustment if applicable)
- | | | |
|-----------|--------------|----------|
| Premises | \$ \$148,800 | plus GST |
| Car Parks | \$ included | plus GST |
| TOTAL | \$ \$148,800 | plus GST |
10. **MONTHLY RENT:** \$ \$12,400 plus GST
11. **RENT PAYMENT DATES:** The 1st day of each month commencing on the 1 day of May 2026
12. **RENT REVIEW AND ADJUSTMENT DATES:**
(Specify review or adjustment type and insert dates for initial term, renewal dates and renewal terms. Unless dates are specified, there will be no reviews or adjustments. Where there is a conflict in dates, the market rent review date will apply.)
1. Market rent review dates:
 2. CPI rent adjustment dates:
 3. Fixed rent adjustment dates: On each anniversary of the Commencement Date

**13. LOWER AND UPPER RENT LIMITS
FOR A MARKET RENT
REVIEW AND CPI ADJUSTMENT DATE:**
(clauses 2.1(d), 2.5(d), 34.1(a) and 34.1(b) of
the Lease)

(Select one of (1), (2) or (3) by deleting the other two or delete all three and complete (4).)

Option (4) should be used where the parties agree upper limits apply, and/or lower and upper limits apply in some other manner than (1), (2) or (3). If no option is deleted/completed, then option (1) applies.)

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the annual rent payable as at the commencement date of the then current lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period, unless the rent or adjustment date is a renewal date in which case the annual rent payable will not be less than the annual rent payable as at the commencement date of the immediately preceding lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period.

OR

~~(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the rent payable immediately prior to the relevant review or adjustment date.~~

OR

~~(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, the annual rent payable as from the relevant market rent review date and the relevant CPI rent adjustment date will not be less than the rent payable as at the commencement date of the initial lease term after the expiry of any rent free or rent reduced period.~~

OR

(4) Other:

14. INTERIM RENT:
(clause 2.3 of the Lease)

(Delete one: If clause 2.3(b) is deleted or there is no deletion, clause 2.3(a) of the Lease applies. If clause 2.3(a) is deleted, clause 2.3(b) of the Lease applies.)

(1) Clause 2.3(a) of the Lease applies (current rent is interim rent).

OR

~~(2) Clause 2.3(b) of the Lease applies (interim rent is determined by registered valuer(s) certificates).~~

15. FIXED RENT ADJUSTMENT:
(clause 2.7 of the Lease)

(Specify for each fixed rent adjustment date either % or amount of increased rent.)

2.5%

16. PROPORTION OF OUTGOINGS:
(clause 3.1 of the Lease)

81 % \$ plus GST

- 17. OUTGOINGS:**
(clause 3 of the Lease)
- (1) Rates or levies payable to any local authority.
 - (2) Charges for water, gas, electricity, telecommunications and other utilities or services, including line charges and increases in charges attributable to increase in consumption of those utilities or services from the premises, but excluding any capital charges.
 - (3) Rubbish collection and recycling charges.
 - (4) Fire and Emergency levies and the maintenance charges in respect of all fire detection and firefighting equipment.
 - (5) Insurance premiums and related valuation fees, and any excess applied to the cost of repairs under clause 24.4 of the Lease.
 - (6) Service maintenance contract charges for air conditioning, lifts, other building services, security services, and roller doors and automatic doors, but excluding charges for inherent defects and renewal or replacement of building services.
 - (7) Cleaning, maintenance and repair charges ~~including charges for repainting the exterior of the building and fences, decorative repairs and the maintenance and repair of building services to the extent that such charges do not comprise part of the cost of a service maintenance contract, but excluding charges for structural repairs to the building (more than minor repairs to the roof of the building or fences are structural repairs), repairs due to defects in design or construction, inherent defects and renewal or replacement of building services.~~ for
 - (8) The provisioning of toilets and other shared facilities.
 - (9) The cost of maintenance of lawns, gardens and planted areas including plant hire and replacement.
 - (10) Yard, car parking area and accessway maintenance and repair charges and minor repairs to those areas (including repairs to potholes) but excluding charges for repaving or resealing.
 - ~~(11) Body Corporate charges for any insurance premiums under any insurance policy effected by the Body Corporate and related valuation fees.~~
 - ~~(12) Management expenses and, in the case of a body corporate, includes reasonable management administration expenses (subject to clauses 3.9 and 3.10 of the Lease).~~
 - (13) The costs incurred and payable by the Landlord in supplying to the territorial authority a building warrant of fitness and obtaining reports as required by sections 108 and 110 of the Building Act 2004 but excluding the costs of upgrading or other work to make the building comply with the Building Act 2004.
- 18. DEFAULT INTEREST RATE:** 14% per annum
(clause 5.1 of the Lease)
- 19. BUSINESS USE:**
(clause 16.1 of the Lease)
Agricultural machinery dismantling & parts supply

- 20. LANDLORD'S INSURANCE:** (clause 24.1 of the Lease)
- (Delete or amend extent of cover as appropriate.)
- (Delete either (a) or (b): if neither option is deleted, then option (a) applies.)
- (Delete option (i) and complete option (ii) if required. If option (i) is not deleted and option (ii) is completed, then option (ii) applies.)
- (1) Cover for the building against damage and destruction by fire, flood, explosion, lightning storm, earthquake, and volcanic activity; on the following basis:
- (a) Full replacement and reinstatement (including loss, damage or destruction of windows and other glass);
- OR**
- ~~(b) Indemnity to full insurable value (including loss, damage or destruction of windows and other glass).~~
- (2) Cover for the following additional risks:
- (a) (i) 24 months
- OR**
- (ii) ~~months~~ indemnity in respect of consequential loss of rent and outgoings.
- (b) Loss, damage or destruction of any of the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels.
- (c) Public liability.
- 21. INSURANCE EXCESS:** (clauses 24.3 to 24.5 of the Lease)
- (Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the maximum amount for the purpose of clauses 24.3 to 24.5 of the Lease is \$5,000.)
- \$ To be confirmed **plus GST**
- 22. FAIR PROPORTION OF RENT:** (clause 29.2 of the Lease)
- (Delete option (1) and complete option (2) if required. If option (1) is not deleted and Option (2) is completed, then option (2) applies.)
- (1) 50%
- OR**
- (2)
- 23. NO ACCESS PERIOD:** (clause 29.6 of the Lease)
- (Delete option (1) and complete option (2) if required. If option (1) is not deleted and option (2) is completed, then option (2) applies.)
- (1) 9 months
- OR**
- (2)
- 24. BANK GUARANTEE:** (clause 38.1(a) of the Lease)
- (Delete either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" or neither is deleted, clauses 38.2 to 38.9 of the Lease do not apply, unless a bank guarantee is required upon an assignment.)
- YES / NO
- 25. BANK GUARANTEE AMOUNT:** (clause 38.2 of the Lease)
- (Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the bank guarantee amount is equivalent to three months' rent plus GST.)
- Total amount: \$ N/A **plus GST**
- 26. RENTAL BOND:** (clause 38.9(a) of the Lease)
- (Delete either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" or neither is deleted, clauses 38.10 to 38.19 of the Lease do not apply, unless a rental bond is required upon an assignment.)
- ~~YES~~ / NO

27. **RENTAL BOND AMOUNT:** Total amount: \$ N/A plus GST
(clause 38.10 of the Lease)

(Insert amount. If no amount is inserted, the rental bond amount is equivalent to three months' rent plus GST.)

28. **SEISMIC RATING:**
(clause 39.1 of the Lease)

(Insert % and description of relevant standard. If left blank, or either % or standard is not inserted, clauses 39.1 to 39.3 of the Lease do not apply.)

29. **MORTGAGEE'S CONSENT:** (1) ~~The Landlord is not required to obtain the consent of any mortgagee of the property in respect of the Tenant's interest under the Lease.~~
(clause 46.1 of the Lease)

(Delete one. If option (2) is deleted or neither is deleted, then option (1) applies.)

OR

(2) The Landlord must obtain the consent of any mortgagee of the property in respect of the Tenant's interest under the Lease.

30. **LIMITED LIABILITY TRUSTEE:**
(clause 50.1 of the Lease)

31. **EMAIL ADDRESSES:** (1) For the Landlord:
(clause 47.2(c) of the Lease)

(2) For the Tenant:

November 2024

32. **DEPOSIT:** \$ N/A plus GST
(advance rent)

SECOND SCHEDULE

DEFINITIONS, NOTICES AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 Definitions

- (1) Unless the context requires a different interpretation, words and phrases not otherwise defined have the same meaning as in section 4 of the Property Law Act 2007 and the Lease.
- (2) “Agreement” means this document including the front page, any further terms and any schedules and attachments.
- (3) “Working day” means any day of the week other than:
 - (a) Saturday, Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign’s Birthday, and Labour Day;
 - (b) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday;
 - (c) a day in the period commencing on the 24th day of December in any year and ending on the 5th day of January in the following year, both days inclusive;
 - (d) the day observed as the anniversary of any province in which the premises are situated;
 - (e) the day on which a public holiday is observed to acknowledge Matariki, pursuant to the Te Kāhui o Matariki Public Holiday Act 2022; and
 - (f) any other day that the Government of New Zealand declares to be a public holiday.

A working day shall be deemed to commence at 9.00 am and to terminate at 5.00 pm.

- (4) Any act done pursuant to this Agreement by a party after 5.00 pm on a working day, or on a day which is not a working day, shall be deemed to have been done at 9.00 am on the next succeeding working day.
- (5) Where two or more acts (including service of notice) done pursuant to this Agreement are deemed to have been done at the same time, they shall take effect in the order in which they would have taken effect but for clause 1.1(5).

1.2 Notices

All notices must be in writing and must be served by one of the following means:

- (1) In the case of a notice under sections 245 or 246 of the Property Law Act 2007, in the manner prescribed by section 353 of that Act; and
- (2) In all other cases, unless otherwise required by sections 352 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007:
 - (a) in the manner authorised by sections 354 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007, or
 - (b) by personal delivery, or by posting by registered or ordinary mail, or by email.
- (3) In respect of the means of service specified in clause 1.2(2), a notice is deemed to have been served:
 - (a) In the case of personal delivery, when received by the addressee.
 - (b) In the case of posting by mail, on the second working day following the date of posting to the addressee’s last known address in New Zealand.
 - (c) in the case of email, when sent to the email address specified in the First Schedule, or another address notified by one party to the other and acknowledged by the addressee orally or by return email or otherwise in writing except that return emails generated automatically will not constitute an acknowledgement.
- (4) In the case of a notice to be served on the Tenant, if the Landlord is unaware of the Tenant’s last known address in New Zealand, any notice placed conspicuously on any part of the premises will be deemed to have been served on the Tenant on the day on which it is affixed.
- (5) A notice will be valid if given by any director, general manager, lawyer or other authorised representative of the party giving the notice.
- (6) Where two or more notices are deemed to have been served at the same time, they will take effect in the order in which they would have been served but for clause 1.1(5).
- (7) Any period of notice required to be given under this Agreement shall be computed by excluding the date of service.

1.3 Interpretation

- (1) Headings are for information only and do not form part of this Agreement.
- (2) The terms, conditions and covenants contained in this Agreement will not merge insofar as they either have not been fulfilled at the time of the execution of the Lease or are not reflected in the Lease but will remain in full force and effect.

1.4 If there is more than one Landlord or Tenant, the liability of the Landlords or the Tenants as the case may be is joint and several.

1.5 Where the Tenant executes this Agreement with provision for a nominee or on behalf of a company to be formed, the Tenant will remain liable for all the obligations on the part of the Tenant hereunder until such time as the Tenant and the Guarantor have signed the Lease.

1.6 This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Communication of execution of this Agreement may be made by each party transmitting by email to the other party or their respective agents a counterpart of this Agreement executed by the party sending the email.

1.7 This Agreement may be executed by an electronic method and a party doing so represents and warrants to the other party that the means of creating the electronic signature complies with section 228 of the Contract and Commercial Law Act 2017.

DEPOSIT

2.1 The Tenant must pay as a deposit an advance rental payment of the amount specified in the First Schedule. The deposit must be paid to the Landlord or the Landlord’s agent immediately upon execution of this Agreement by all parties and/or at such other time as is specified in this Agreement. The person to whom the deposit is paid holds it as a stakeholder until this Agreement is unconditional or is avoided.

- 2.2** The Landlord is not entitled to cancel this Agreement for non-payment of the deposit unless the Landlord has first given to the Tenant three working days' notice in writing of intention to cancel and the Tenant has failed within that time to remedy the default. No notice of cancellation is effective if the deposit has been paid before the notice of cancellation is served.
- 2.3** Without prejudice to any of the Landlord's rights or remedies, including any right to claim for additional expenses and damages, if the deposit or any portion thereof is not paid upon the due date for payment, the Tenant must pay to the Landlord interest at the default interest rate on the portion of the deposit so unpaid for the period from the due date for payment until payment. Unless a contrary intention appears on the front page or elsewhere in this Agreement, the default interest rate is equivalent to the interest rate charged by the Inland Revenue Department on unpaid tax under the Tax Administration Act 1994 during the period for which the default interest is payable, plus 5 per cent per annum.

LEASE PAYMENTS

- 3.1** The Tenant must pay the annual rent by equal monthly payments in advance as from the commencement date specified in the First Schedule.
- 3.2** The Tenant must pay the Goods and Services Tax payable by the Landlord in respect of the rent and other payments payable by the Tenant pursuant to the Lease.
- 3.3** In addition to the rent, the Tenant must pay the outgoings specified in the First Schedule, and, where any outgoing is not separately assessed in respect of the premises, then the Tenant must pay such proportion thereof as is specified in the First Schedule, or, if no proportion is specified, then a fair proportion.

LEASE

- 4.1** The Tenant must enter into a formal lease with the Landlord to be prepared by the Landlord's lawyer using the current The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated Deed of Lease form amended in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement ("Lease"). Each party will pay their own costs of the negotiation and preparation of the Lease and any deed recording a rent review or renewal.
- 4.2** Unless otherwise set out in the Third Schedule, it is agreed that the Landlord's fixtures, fittings and chattels contained in the premises as more particularly described in the Fourth Schedule are in a good state of repair.
- 4.3** Notwithstanding that the Lease may not have been executed, the parties will be bound by the terms, covenants and provisions contained in this Agreement and in the Lease as if the Lease had been duly executed.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 5.1** Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, if a party considers that there is a dispute in respect of any matters arising out of, or in connection with this Agreement, then that party must immediately give notice to the other party setting out details of the dispute. The parties must endeavour in good faith to resolve the dispute between themselves within five (5) working days of the receipt of the notice, failing which the parties must endeavour in good faith within a further ten (10) working days to appoint a mediator and resolve the dispute, time being of the essence.
- 5.2** Neither party will commence legal proceedings against the other except for injunctive relief before following the procedure set out in clause 5.1.

NO ASSIGNMENT

- 6.1** The Tenant must not assign or agree to assign this Agreement or the Tenant's interest under this Agreement and the Tenant must not register any caveat against the land in respect of its interest under this Agreement. The Tenant is not entitled to exercise the right of assignment contained in the Lease until such time as the Tenant has signed the Lease.

AGENT

- 7.1** If the name of a licensed real estate agent is recorded on this Agreement, it is acknowledged that the lease evidenced by this Agreement has been made through that agent whom the Landlord appoints as the Landlord's agent to effect the Lease. The Landlord must pay the agent's charges including GST for effecting such Lease.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 8.1** If any person enters into this Agreement as trustee of a trust, then:
- (1) That person warrants that:
 - (a) that person has power to enter into this Agreement under the terms of the trust; and
 - (b) that person has properly signed this Agreement in accordance with the terms of the trust; and
 - (c) that person has the right to be indemnified from the assets of the trust and that right has not been lost or impaired by any action of that person including entry into this Agreement; and
 - (d) all of the persons who are trustees of the trust have approved entry into this Agreement.
 - (2) If that person has no right to or interest in any assets of the trust except in that person's capacity as a trustee of the trust, that person's liability under this Agreement will not be personal and unlimited but will be limited to the actual amount recoverable from the assets of the trust from time to time ("the limited amount"). If the right of that person to be indemnified from the trust assets has been lost or impaired as a result of fraud or gross negligence, that person's liability will become personal but limited to the extent of that part of the limited amount which cannot be recovered from any other person.
- 8.2** Notwithstanding clause 8.1, a party to this Agreement that is named in the First Schedule as a limited liability trustee, that person's liability will not be personal and unlimited but limited in accordance with clause 8.1(2).

THIRD SCHEDULE

FURTHER TERMS (if any)

See attached

DRAFT



THIRD SCHEDULE

The Lease will be in the most recent ADLS deed of lease as attached, with the modifications required by this agreement including the following provisions of this Third Schedule.

1 Damage or destruction preventing use of Premises

1.1 Without prejudice to any other provision of the lease which may apply to give the Landlord or the Tenant the right to terminate the lease, the Tenant will be entitled to terminate the lease by written notice to the Landlord if the Premises are not able to be used and enjoyed by the Tenant for a period of three months or longer, as a result of:

- (a) damage to or destruction of the Premises;
- (b) damage to or destruction of buildings on the property or neighbouring properties, which make the Premises unsafe;
- (c) failure of supply or inconsistent supply of essential public utilities to the Premises (such as electricity, water, sewage); or
- (d) a requirement or restriction imposed by, or any action of, central or local government.

1.2 Termination by the Tenant under clause 1 will not affect the rights of either party against the other in respect of any prior breach of this lease.

1.3 During any period the Tenant is unable to fully use and enjoy the Premises as a result of an event specified in clause 1.1(a), 1.1(b) 1.1(c) or 1.1(d) a fair proportion of the rent and outgoings shall cease to be payable as from the date the Tenant's use and enjoyment is affected until such time as the Tenant is able to fully use and enjoy the Premises again.

2 Structural/capital works, maintenance or repairs

2.1 The Tenant will not be required to undertake or contribute towards the cost of any works (unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works):

- (e) of a structural or capital nature, unless such works are required as a consequence of the Tenant's particular use of the Premises;
- (f) to remedy any defects in design or construction unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works;
- (g) to renew or replace building services (unless they are Tenant's Works or are from the Tenant's Works);
- (h) which relate to seismic strengthening; or
- (i) to ensure the Premises or any building on the property complies with the Building Code, unless such works are required as a consequence of the Tenant's particular use of the Premises or the Tenant's Works).

3 Tenant's Obligations

3.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Lease, nothing shall oblige the Tenant to;

- (a) Carry out or pay for or contribute towards the costs of repairs, maintenance, or rebuilding of the exterior of the building (including the roof) or the structure of the building or any other improvements (not being signage affixed by the Tenant) made to the property; or
- (b) Remedy any defects in any drains, services or amenities located within the property attributable to or arising as a consequence of any fault in the design or construction of the building or other improvements to the property; or
- (c) Do any act or pay any money or bear any expense as a consequence of any breach of the Landlord's obligations under this Lease or any negligence of the Landlord or any reckless action of the Landlord.

4 Costs

- 4.1 Each party shall pay their own costs of and incidental to the preparation of the deed of lease and any variation or renewal or any deed recording a rent review.

5 Relaxation of Make Good/Reinstatement

- 5.1 On the expiry date or earlier termination of the lease the Tenant will be required to yield up the Premises to the Landlord in accordance with the Lease provided that the Tenant:
- (a) may in its discretion and with prior notification to the Landlord remove any or all of the Tenant's partitions, fittings, fixtures and improvements ("Tenant's fitout") from the Premises provided that the Tenant may not remove any such items which are integral parts of the building or the building services;
 - (b) may in its discretion remove or alter any other items installed in the Premises that are indicative of the Tenant's business so as to "de-identify" the Premises, including without limitation removing or altering any cabinetry, display units, shelving areas and signage marked or identified in any way with any of the Tenant's brands, trade names or marks; and
 - (c) must remove all its chattels, equipment and signage.
 - (d) must make good any damage caused to the Premises and any remaining Tenant's fitout by such removal or alteration under clause 5.1 (a), (b) or (c).
- 5.2 If the Tenant leaves any of the Tenant's fitout on the Premises pursuant to clause 5.1 for more than fourteen days after the expiration or sooner termination of this lease it shall be deemed to have become the property of the Landlord.

Subject to the Tenant observing and performing the terms in clause 5.1 the Landlord shall have no further claim whether at law or in equity against the Tenant for any matter arising from the removal or abandonment of the Tenant's fitout.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

LANDLORD'S FIXTURES, FITTINGS AND CHATTELS (if any)

(Clause 4.2)

DRAFT



DATED: _____

BETWEEN

Landlord: Ross Douglas Boon and Heather Hilda Marion
Boon as trustees of the Kaiwera Trust

Ph: _____

Email: _____

AND

Tenant: APS Group NZ Ltd trading as AgSpares

Ph: _____

Email: _____

DRAFT

AGREEMENT TO LEASE

© This form is copyright to
The Law Association of New Zealand Incorporated

General address of the premises:
30 Pipiwai Road, Kamo, Whangarei District

Landlord's lawyer (indicate individual acting):

Tenant's lawyer (indicate individual acting):

Deposit paid to: _____

Amount: \$ _____

Date paid: _____

LEASE NEGOTIATED BY:

Mackys Real Estate Limited - Whangarei

Licensed Real Estate Agent

Office: a Member of the Bayleys Realty Group

Address: 84 Walton Street

Whangarei 0110

Telephone: Ph: 09 470 0960

Manager: Mr Tony Alistar Grindle

Salesperson: Nigel Ingham (021 562 919)

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