

SPECIFICATION

of work to be done and materials to be used in carrying
out the works shown on the accompanying drawings

Replacement Market Sheds

(project name)

362 Matakana Valley Road, Matakana, New Zealand

(project address)

Three Blokes Limited

(client)

Project Ref: 21015

Date: 22 February 2023

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1220 PROJECT

1 GENERAL

This general section describes the project including:

- A description of the work
- Design construction safety
- Principal's Health & Safety matters
- Site description, features and restrictions
- Design parameters for design by contractor
- Archaeological discovery

1.1 READ ALL SECTIONS TOGETHER

Read all general sections together with all other sections.

1.2 NO RESTRICTED BUILDING WORK

This project does not include Restricted Building Work.

1.3 DESIGN CONSTRUCTION SAFETY

The project designers are unaware of unusual or atypical features, which a reasonably experienced contractor may not be aware of, that may present a hazard or risk during a typical construction process. The Contractor is still required to undertake its own assessment, to determine if they consider there are any further safety matters and provide for these in carrying out the construction of the work.

1.4 LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The site of the works, the street address and the legal description are shown on the drawings.

1.5 EXPOSURE ZONE

The exposure zone is to [NZS 3604](#), Section 4 Durability, 4.2 Exposure zones and [NZBC E2/AS1](#).
The site zone is: C

1.6 WIND DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

The design wind pressures are to [NZS 3604](#), Table 5.4 Determination of wind zone, up to and including Extra High Wind Zone.
Building wind zone H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

1.7 EARTHQUAKE ZONE - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

The zone is to [NZS 3604](#), Section 5 Bracing design, 5.3 Earthquake bracing demand.
The earthquake zone 1
is:

1.8 REPORT FINDING ANY ANTIQUITIES AND ITEMS OF VALUE

Report the finding of any fossils, antiquities and other items of value, to the Contract Administrator. All to remain undisturbed until approval is given for removal.
Pre-1900, items or evidence of human activity on the site, come under the [Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014](#). If such items or evidence is discovered work must stop immediately and the Contract Administrator must be notified immediately. The site may be classified as an Archaeological Site under the Act, and the Contract Administrator or Owner must contact the Heritage New Zealand for authority to proceed.
Post-1900 items remain the property of the owner, pre-1900 items may remain the property of the owner or the Crown subject to what is found.

1231 CONTRACT

1 GENERAL

This GENERAL section refers to contract related matters.

1.1 FORM OF CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Form of contract: NZIA SCC1

1.2 PRIME COST SUMS

The following prime cost sums are included in the contract for the supply of materials by the contractor or a nominated subcontractor for incorporation into the contract works. The sums include for the net supply price including delivery to the site plus a reasonable allowance for the contractor's expense and profit/margins.

Amount	For the supply only of
\$0.00	to be advised

1.3 PROVISIONAL SUMS

The following provisional sums are included in the contract for work to be carried out by the contractor or a nominated subcontractor. The sums include for the cost of the work plus a reasonable allowance for the contractor's expense and profit/margins.

Amount	For
\$0.00	to be advised

1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to definitions and interpretation that are used in this specification.

1.1 DEFINITIONS

Hold point:	A stage of the construction where the contract administrator and any other nominated person requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may not proceed on that particular part until the contract administrator and any other nominated person has advised that work can continue. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.
Notification point:	A stage of the construction where the contract administrator and any other nominated person requires notice to be given that particular work is to be carried out. Work may continue and the contract administrator and any other nominated person may choose whether or not they wish to witness the particular work being carried out. A notice period of 2 Working Days is required unless stated otherwise.
Product:	A thing or substance produced by natural process or manufacture.
Proprietary:	Identifiable by naming the manufacturer, supplier, installer, trade name, brand name, catalogue or reference number.
Provide and fix:	"Provide" or "fix" or "supply" or "fix" if used separately mean provide and fix unless explicitly stated otherwise.
Required:	Required by the documents, the New Zealand Building Code or by a statutory authority.
Review:	Review by the contract administrator and other consultants is for general compliance only. Review does not remove the need for the contractor to comply with the stated requirements, details and specifications of the manufacturers and suppliers of individual components, materials and finishes. Neither can the review be construed as authorising departures from the contract documents.
Working day:	Working day means a calendar day other than any Saturday, Sunday, public holiday or any day falling within the period from 24 December to 5 January, both days inclusive, irrespective of the days on which work is actually carried out.
Workplace:	Workplace means the place where work is being carried out, or is customarily carried out, for a business or undertaking including any place where a worker goes, or is likely to be, while at work (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015).

1.2 PERSONNEL

Principal:	The person defined as "Principal" in the conditions of contract.
Contractor:	The person contracted by the principal to carry out the contract.
Contract administrator:	The person appointed by the principal to administer the contract on the principal's behalf. Where no person has been appointed by the principal, it means the principal or the principal's representative.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used throughout the specification:

AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturers Association
AS	Australian Standard
AS/NZS	Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWCINZ	Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries of New Zealand Inc.
BCA	Building Consent Authority
BRANZ	Building Research Association of New Zealand
BS	British Standard
COP	Code of practice
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation

HERA	Heavy Engineering Research Association
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner
MBIE	Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment
MPNZA	Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc
NZBC	New Zealand Building Code
NZS	New Zealand Standard
NZS/AS	Joint New Zealand/Australian Standard
NZTA	New Zealand Transport Agency
NUO	Network Utility Operator
OSH	Occupational Safety and Health
PCBU	Person Conducting a Business or Undertaking (under Health and Safety at Work Act 2015)
RBW	Restricted Building Work
SARNZ	Scaffolding and Rigging New Zealand Inc
SED	Specific Engineering Design
TA	Territorial Authority
TNZ	Transit New Zealand (Transit New Zealand is now New Zealand Transport Agency NZTA - some specifications are still prefixed TNZ)

1.4 DEFINED WORDS

Words defined in the conditions of contract, New Zealand Standards, or other reference documents, to have the same interpretation and meaning when used in their lower case, title case or upper case form in the specification text.

1.5 WORDS IMPORTING PLURAL AND SINGULAR

Where the context requires, words importing singular only, also include plural and vice versa.

1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Throughout this specification, reference is made to various [New Zealand Building Code](#) Compliance Documents (NZBC ___), acceptable solutions (___ AS ___) and verification methods (___ VM ___) for criteria and/or methods used to establish compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#).

Reference is also made to various standards produced by Standards New Zealand (NZS, AS/NZS, NZS/AS), overseas standards and to listed Acts, Regulations and various industry codes of practice and practice guides. The latest edition (including amendments and provisional editions) at the date of this specification applies unless stated otherwise.

It is the responsibility of the contractor to be familiar with the materials and expert in the techniques quoted in these publications.

Documents cited both directly and within other cited publications are deemed to form part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited documents.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Documents referred to in the GENERAL sections are:

NZBC F5/AS1	Construction and demolition hazards
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
AS/NZS 3012	Electrical installations - Construction and demolition sites
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship
NZS 4781	Code of Practice for Safety in Welding and Cutting
AS/NZS 5131	Structural steelwork - Fabrication and erection
NZS 6803	Acoustics - Construction Noise
Building Act 2004	
Building Regulations 1992	
Health and Safety at Work Act 2015	
Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016	
Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017	
Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995	
New Zealand Building Code	
Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014	
Resource Management Act 1991	
Smoke-free Environments Act 1990	
WorkSafe	Guidelines for the provision of facilities and general safety in the construction industry
WorkSafe	Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety
WorkSafe	Scaffolding in New Zealand - Good Practice Guidelines
WorkSafe	Managing Work Site Traffic - Good Practice Guidelines

1234 DOCUMENTATION

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to documentation required by the Territorial Authority / Building Consent Authority for compliance with the [New Zealand Building Code](#). It also includes documentation relating to:

- Substitutions
- Manufacturers' documents
- Branded work sections
- Care of construction documents
- Confidentiality of documents
- Receipt of construction documents

1.1 BUILDING CONSENT

Obtain the original building consent forms and documents from the owner and keep them on site, preserve the condition of consent forms and documents. Liaise with the building consent authority for all notices to be given and all inspections required during construction to ensure compliance. Return the consent form and documents to the owner on completion.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT COMPLIANCE

It is an offence under the [Building Act 2004](#)

- to carry out any work not in accordance with the building consent.
- to carry out Restricted Building Work by anyone other than a Licensed Building Practitioner licensed for that type of work.

The resolution of matters concerning building code compliance to be referred to the contract administrator for a direction and then if required to the BCA for consent.

Where any alteration is requested by the territorial authority or any other authority, do not undertake such alteration until the matter has been referred to the contract administrator for direction.

1.3 PROJECT PERSONNEL

Provide names and contact details of the contractor's key personnel and tradespersons who are involved with the project. Review the list once a month and reissue it if changes have been made.

1.4 DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Information may be required either as a condition of the contract documents or as a condition of the building consent. It may include the following:

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / supplier
- Manufacturer's / supplier's warranty
- Installer / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement (PS1) - Design
- Producer Statement (PS3) - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Producer Statement (PS4) - Construction review from an acceptable suitably qualified person

Refer to the general sections for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Refer to the building consent for the requirements for compliance information to be provided by the contractor.

Obtain required documents from the relevant parties for delivery to the contract administrator after the final inspection has been carried out by the BCA.

1.5 PRODUCER STATEMENTS

When producer statements verifying construction are required, provide copies to both the Building Consent Authority and the Contract Administrator. Provide producer statements in the form required by the BCA.

1.6 ACCEPTABLE PRODUCT/MATERIAL SUPPLIERS

Where a product or material supplier is named in SELECTIONS, the product/material must be provided by the named supplier. Where more than one named supplier, any one of the named suppliers will be acceptable.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified products and systems listed in a section unless specified otherwise. If a product is not available then immediately contact the contract administrator for direction.

1.8 PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitution of products or systems contained within branded work sections is not allowed. The contractor may propose substitutions to products within non branded work sections, when the contractor has determined that the proposed substitution is an alternative to the specified product. The Contract administrator is not bound to accept any substitutions. Submit a draft proposal detailing the substitution to the contract administrator before proceeding with full notification.

1.9 NOTIFICATION OF SUBSTITUTIONS

Notify the contract administrator of proposed substitution of specified products. Notification to include but not be limited to:

- Product identification
- Manufacturer's name, address, telephone number, website and email address
- Detailed comparison between the properties and characteristics of the specified product and the proposed substitution
- Statement of NZBC compliance including durability
- Details of manufacturer warranties

Plus an assessment of:

- Any changes required to the programme including any extension of time required
- Any consequential effects of the proposed substitution
- Any effect the substitution may have on Health & Safety requirements
- Allowance for time and cost for re-design and documentation (if applicable)
- Allowance for time and cost for obtaining an amendment to the Building Consent (if applicable)
- Any change in cost associated with the proposed substitution

and if requested:

- All current manufacturer's literature on the product
- Accreditations and appraisals available
- Reference standards
- Product limitations
- Samples
- List of existing installations in the vicinity of the project

1.10 ACCEPTANCE OF SUBSTITUTIONS

Acceptance of any proposed substitutions will be given in writing by the contract administrator.

1.11 CONTRACTOR AMENDMENTS TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the contractor has sought acceptance of a substitution or a variation which is for the contractor's own convenience and the substitution or variation requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must apply for and obtain the required amendment.

The contractor must:

- Obtain approval for substitutions from the contract administrator.
- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the amendment.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

1.12 PRINCIPAL AMENDMENTS TO BUILDING CONSENT

Where the principal is proposing a substitution or a variation which requires an amendment to the Building Consent, the contractor must provide to the principal information that the contractor has that is required for the amendment.

The principal will:

- Prepare and provide to the BCA all documentation required for the amendment.
- Pay all fees and other costs associated with this amendment.
- Where the amendment affects other approved plans, also amend those plans.

1.13 MANUFACTURER'S AND SUPPLIER'S INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's requirements, instructions, specifications or details mean those issued by them for their particular product, material or component and are the latest edition.

1.14 CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN CURRENT DOCUMENTATION

Where manufacturer's installation, application and execution requirements are referred to in this specification, the Contractor must ensure they are fully aware of this documentation. Whenever necessary obtain and keep on site the relevant latest version of such documentation and make it available to workers carrying out that part of the work.

1.15 DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED FOR BUILDING CONSENT

Documentation including manufacturer's installation instructions, specification data sheets, producer statements, BRANZ and similar appraisals may be included in the issued Building Consent. These documents have been provided only to demonstrate compliance with the NZBC.

1.16 BRANDED PRODUCTS / SYSTEMS

Where branded products and systems are specified, all products and components of the system must be as per the specification.

1.17 CROSS REFERENCED WORK SECTIONS

If any related work is cross referenced to a generic work section, but only the equivalent branded section is included in the specification, use that branded section. Confirm with the contract administrator if there is any doubt.

1.18 CONSTRUCTION ISSUE

Take receipt of the plans, specifications and other documents issued "for construction". Keep at least one copy on site available for use by all on site workers. Keep a record of copies provided to others including subcontractors. Protect the documents as appropriate. Obtain replacement copies for documents that have become damaged.

1.19 REVISIONS TO CONSTRUCTION ISSUE

Where revised plans and other documents are issued ensure that superseded documents are deleted from the working sets. Ensure that subcontractors are provided with amended documents.

Delete superseded documents by either:

- removing them from the working copy of the construction issue; or
- marking them as superseded

1.20 RETURN DOCUMENTS ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

On completion of the contract works:

- Keep such copies of the plans, specification and other documents as reasonably required for contractor's record purposes.
- Retrieve all other copies no longer required by parties.
- Agree method of disposal of such documents with the Contract Administrator.

The Contract Administrator will advise whether such documents shall be:

- delivered to the Contract Administrator/Owner; or
- disposed of by normal waste disposal methods; or
- disposed of by secure document disposal methods.

1.21 CONFIDENTIALITY OF DOCUMENTS

Documents shall not be given or copied to others who do not require them for carrying out services required for the construction of the works. Documents are only to be used for the contract.

Maintain confidentiality of documents.

2 SELECTIONS

2.1 INITIAL ISSUE & REVISIONS - HARD COPIES

Initial issue: 1 at full size, electronic version
Revisions: electronic version

2.2 DOCUMENT RECEIPT - HARD COPIES

Hard copies of plans, specifications and other documents issued for construction shall be delivered by the Architect

2.3 DOCUMENT RECEIPT - ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS

Electronic documents issued for construction shall be sent to an agreed email address

1237 WARRANTIES

1 GENERAL

This general section refers to the requirements for warranties/guarantees, referred to within this specification and referred to within separate specifications/documents relating to this project. It includes:

- Warranties for parts of the work required by the principal in a required form
- Installer/applicator warranties for parts of the work in the installer's/applicator's standard form
- Manufacturer/supplier warranties provided with products, appliances and the like in the manufacturer's/supplier's standard form
- Guarantees provided by contractor in the contractor's standard form

These guarantees/warranties are in addition to any warranties, implied warranties, or guarantees that are required by the Building Act, the Building Regulations, or the building consent.

1.1 SCHEDULE SECTION

Refer to 1237S1 SCHEDULE OF WARRANTIES for work sections contained in this specification that have requirements for warranties.

1.2 PROVIDE WARRANTIES

Provide executed warranties in favour of the principal in respect of, but not limited to, materials, components, service, application, installation and finishing called for in that specified section of work. The terms and conditions of the warranty in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability under the terms of the warranty called for in that specified section of work.

- Conform to the WARRANTY AGREEMENT form included in the specification/conditions of contract.
- Commence warranties from the date of practical completion of the contract works (unless otherwise stated).
- Maintain their effectiveness for the times stated.
- Provide executed warranties prior to practical completion.

1.3 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Where installer/applicator warranties are offered covering execution and materials of proprietary products or complete installations, provide such warranties to the contract administrator. These warranties may be provided in lieu of the warranties that are otherwise required provided that these warranties are subject to similar conditions and periods.

Provide warranties in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of such warranties in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

1.4 WARRANTIES - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Where warranties are offered covering materials, equipment, appliances or proprietary products, provide all such warranties to the contract administrator.

Provide warranties in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of such warranties in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered. Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

1.5 REVIEW BY CONTRACTOR

Obtain the warranties from the installers, applicators, manufacturers and suppliers at the earliest possible date and review to ensure that they are correctly filled out and executed. Where warranties are executed as a deed, ensure that a duplicate copy is provided for execution by the owner/principal. Keep safe and secure until required for submission.

1.6 WARRANTIES - REQUIRED BY BUILDING CONSENT AUTHORITY

Obtain copies of warranties required as a condition of the building consent in the form required for submission to the BCA. Keep safe and secure until required at the time of the BCA final inspection and Code Compliance Certificate.

1.7 WARRANTIES - REQUIRED BY CONTRACT

Obtain copies of warranties listed in the contract documents. Provide all warranties at the same time. If the project has an operations and maintenance documentation provision, present the warranties with the operations and maintenance information. If no operations and maintenance documentation provision exists, present the warranties to the contract administrator in a loose-leaf binder with a contents index suitably labelled and including the project name and details. Provide a title on the binder edge "Warranties for (project name)"

1.8 WARRANTIES - SUBMISSION NZIA SCC CONTRACT

Refer to the contract conditions for any requirement relating to the time for submission for warranties and guarantees. Submit all warranties to the architect no later than the date of the contractor's advice of achieving practical completion.

2 SELECTIONS**2.1 WEATHERTIGHTNESS AND WATERTIGHTNESS WARRANTY**

A warranty is required from the contractor for a minimum period of 2 years, covering the weathertightness of the complete building envelope and the watertightness of all liquid supply and disposal systems and fittings. This general warranty is in addition to any specific warranties required.

Provide this warranty in favour of the principal. The terms and conditions of this warranty in no case negate the minimum remedies available under common law as if no warranty had been offered.

Failure to provide the warranty does not reduce liability for execution and materials for that part of the work.

- Conform to the standard form WARRANTY AGREEMENT included in the contract documents.
- Commence the warranty from the date of Practical Completion.
- Maintain its effectiveness for the time stated.

1237S1 SCHEDULE OF WARRANTIES

1 GENERAL

This schedule section identifies work sections in the specification that have requirements for warranties.

1.1 ASSOCIATED SECTIONS

Read in conjunction with:

- 1232S1 EXPLANATION OF SCHEDULE SECTIONS
- 1237 WARRANTIES
- Identified Work Sections

1.2 WARRANTIES

Refer to the following sections:

4121SB	Sika Blackseal Elastic
4171IB	IBS Rigidrap Rigid Air Barrier System
4231HH	James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet Cladding
4241S	Steel & Tube Profiled Metal Wall Cladding
4311SC	Steel & Tube Profiled Metal Commercial Roofing
4521AR	APL Residential Aluminium Windows & Doors
6221M	Mapei Tiling Solutions
6700R	Resene Painting General
7701	Electrical Basic

1.3 PROJECT WARRANTIES

Refer to section 1237 WARRANTIES for project warranties.

1.4 WARRANTIES - ADDITIONAL ITEMS

Refer to separate documentation for warranties not contained within this specification.

1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT

1 SPECIFICS

1.1 PARTIES TO THE WARRANTY AGREEMENT

Principal: Three Blokes Limited

.....

Contractor: to be advised

.....

Warrantor: to be advised

.....

1.2 BACKGROUND

The principal has entered into a contract with the contractor for carrying out the contract works. The warranted works / materials are part of the contract works. The contractor has agreed to arrange for the provision of a warranty in respect of the warranted works / materials for the warranty period on the terms set out in this warranty. The warrantor has agreed to provide a warranty in respect of the warranted Works / materials for the warranty period on the terms set out in this warranty agreement.

1.3 LOCATION

Project name: Replacement Market Sheds

.....

Project address: 362 Matakana Valley Road, Matakana

.....

1.4 WARRANTED WORKS

Warranted works: to be advised

.....

Warranty period: as scheduled _ years from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

1.5 WARRANTED MATERIALS

Warranted materials: to be advised

.....

Warranty period: as scheduled _ years from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

2 WARRANTY TERMS

2.1 WORKS ARE AS REQUIRED IN THE CONTRACT

The warrantor warrants to the principal that the warranted work performed /materials supplied shall be as required in the contract. If not otherwise specified the work shall be of good trade practice with materials and fittings of merchantable quality.

2.2 WARRANTY ADDITIONAL TO OTHER OBLIGATIONS

This warranty shall be in addition to and shall not derogate from any manufacturer's warranty or any warranty implied by law, or any contract defects liability obligations, attaching to any part of the warranted works.

2.3 WARRANTOR TO REMEDY DEFECTS

The warrantor agrees that if within the warranty period, the warrantor is advised by the principal in writing of any defect in the warranted works / materials for which the warrantor is liable under the terms of this warranty, the warrantor will promptly take steps to remedy the defect / replace defective materials.

2.4 CARRYING OUT REMEDIAL WORK / REPLACEMENT OF DEFECTIVE MATERIALS

Any remedial work / replacement of defective materials which the warrantor is liable to undertake / provide under this warranty shall be carried out:

- to the standard required by the contract,
- in a prompt and timely manner,
- without unnecessary inconvenience to any occupants,
- at the warrantor's cost,
- subject to reasonable access being provided to the warrantor for the purpose of carrying out the remedial work.

2.5 WHERE COST OF REPLACEMENT IS OUT OF PROPORTION TO THE DEFECT

Where the cost of replacement of work and/or materials is out of all proportion to the consequences of the defect, or where the defect may not be reasonably capable of rectification without substantial expense which is out of all proportion to the cost of the contract works, the warrantor may:

- where the defect or defective material is reasonably rectified by repair rather than by replacement, the warrantor's obligation under this warranty shall be only to repair or otherwise make good the defect; or
- propose reasonable monetary compensation in lieu of remedying the defect; or
- propose a combination of both repair and compensation.

2.6 PRINCIPAL SHALL CONSIDER REASONABLE PROPOSALS

The principal must consider the warrantor's reasonable proposals and the parties shall endeavour in good faith to reach agreement. Where agreement cannot be reached, the dispute shall be resolved in accordance with the disputes clause in this warranty.

2.7 FAILURE BY WARRANTOR TO PERFORM REMEDIAL WORK

If the warrantor fails to promptly, adequately and satisfactorily carry out the remedial work or to propose acceptable repair/compensation, the principal may then arrange for the remedial work to be carried out by others.

If the warrantor fails to promptly, adequately and satisfactorily provide replacement materials or to propose acceptable repair/compensation, the principal may then arrange for the replacement materials to be supplied by others.

The principal shall first give the warrantor 10 working days notice, or such other reasonable time as agreed by the principal, to carry out and complete the remedial work / supply replacement materials. If the warrantor does not complete this work / supply replacement materials within the time, the principal shall then advise the warrantor in writing that the work will be carried out / materials will be supplied by others.

In such an event the warrantor is not released from obligations under this warranty, which continues in full force and effect, except in respect of the defect remedied / materials supplied by the principal or by another person contracted by the principal. The reasonable cost of the remedial work carried out by such other persons including all reasonable costs of the principal is to be paid to the principal by the warrantor on demand.

2.8 WARRANTOR NOT LIABLE FOR

The principal agrees that the warrantor is not liable for any defect or damage caused by any of the following:

- Wilful act or negligence of the principal or any person other than the warrantor.
- Fire, explosion, earthquake, war, subsidence, slips, faulty materials or workmanship other than caused by the defect in the warranted work.
- Any force of nature which the warrantor could not have reasonably foreseen.
- Any neglect or unnecessary delay by the principal in giving notice to the warrantor of a defect in the warranted works becoming apparent.
- Design faults, errors or discrepancies, unless the warrantor undertook the design of the part of the warranted works that is the subject of the defect.
- Use of the Warranted Works by the Principal or other person in any manner or for any purpose not being the intended manner of use or purpose of the Warranted Works.
- Failure by the principal or other persons to maintain the warranted works in accordance with good practice and any manufacturer's stated or recommended instructions or requirements.
- Fair wear and tear.

2.9 WARRANTY MAY BE ASSIGNED

The principal may assign the benefit of this warranty to any person.

2.10 DISPUTES

Any dispute between the principal and the warrantor arising out of this warranty is to be referred to arbitration before a sole arbitrator. If within 15 Working Days of notice of dispute, the principal and the warrantor cannot agree upon a single arbitrator, either party may request the president of the Arbitrators and Mediators Institute of New Zealand Incorporated (AMINZ) to appoint an arbitrator.

3 SIGNATORIES**3.1 SIGNED BY THE WARRANTOR**

.....
Signed Date

.....
Print name of person(s) authorised to sign

.....
Signed by witness, include occupation and address Date

3.2 SIGNED BY THE PRINCIPAL

.....
Signed Date

.....
Print name of person(s) authorised to sign

.....
Signed by witness, include occupation and address Date

3.3 NOTE

The warranty shall be executed by the warrantor and the principal in the manner required for execution of a deed. In the case of a natural person, the person shall sign and their signature shall be witnessed by another person, a witness must not be a party to the deed.
Sign the warranty on behalf of a company by having 2 or more directors sign, or if there is only 1 director, by that director whose signature must be witnessed, or if the constitution of the company so provides, a director, or other person or class of person(s) whose signature(s) must be witnessed, or by 1 or more attorneys appointed by the company in accordance with section 181 of the Companies Act 1993.

Execute the warranty on behalf of a body corporate (other than a company) by affixing its seal, which shall be attested in the manner provided for in the rules of, or applicable to, the body corporate. If signing for another type of entity for example an incorporated society, trust, school board etc. follow the protocol required for the execution of a deed.

1238 AS BUILT DOCUMENTATION

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to common requirements for the preparation, submission and review of as built documentation referred to within this specification and referred to within separate specifications/documents relating to this project. Detailed requirements for as built documentation for particular parts of the work may be included in specific work sections.

1.1 SCHEDULE SECTION

Refer to 1238S1 SCHEDULE OF AS BUILT DOCUMENTATION for work sections contained in this specification that have requirements for as built documentation.

1.2 AS BUILT DOCUMENT REQUIREMENTS

Where requirements for the as built documents and records are not stated in a specific section, they shall include:

As built drawings recording:

- The actual positions as constructed of all sewer, stormwater, sanitary plumbing, piped and ducted services, electrical and mechanical services.
- Inverts and locations of services at key points within the building and at the property lines.
- Dimension services in relation to the structure and building grid lines.
- Ductwork, piping, conduit and equipment, including such items provided for future use.
- Depth of various elements of foundations in relationship to the ground floor level
- Field changes of dimensions
- Other significant deviations and changes which are concealed in construction and cannot be identified by visual inspection
- Access doors and panels

Records of:

- Products and materials selected for alternatives specified
- Approved substitutions and accepted alternatives
- Other approved changes and deviations to items specified.

1.3 PROVISIONAL AS BUILT DOCUMENTS

Prior to practical completion provide provisional/draft as built documents in sufficient detail to allow the principal to operate, maintain, adjust and re-assemble the contract works and to allow for review by the reviewer. Where no named reviewer has been nominated, submit the as built documentation to the contract administrator. Submit in hard copy and electronic form.

1.4 AS BUILT DOCUMENT REVIEW

As built document review indicates only that the reviewer is satisfied that the documents are legible. The review is not a check of the accuracy or completeness of the documents, however the reviewer may comment on any aspect of the documentation and require the documents to be revised and resubmitted. Review of as built documents does not relieve the contractor of responsibility for their correctness.

Where no time is stated in a specific section, allow 10 working days for review by the reviewer.

Where a large amount of documentation is involved more time will be necessary.

1.5 COMPLETE AS BUILT DOCUMENTS

Prior to the end of the defects notification/liability period, provide complete as built documents reflecting any review requirements, with all Information of good quality and properly titled, numbered, cross-referenced and dated. Provide documents in sufficient detail to allow the principal to operate, maintain, adjust and re-assemble the contract works. Submit in hard copy and electronic form to the contract administrator.

1.6 AS BUILT DOCUMENTS - ELECTRONIC COPY

Provide an electronic copy of the as built documents in the following format:

Drawings: PDF format (in addition provide DWG files if available)
Other documents: PDF format

1240 ESTABLISHMENT

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to site establishment including:

- Notices and approvals
- Inspections
- Site preparation
- Temporary construction

1.1 STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

Comply with all statutory obligations and regulations of regulatory bodies controlling the execution of the works.

1.2 BUILDING CONSENT AUTHORITY AND NETWORK UTILITY APPROVALS

Attend on building consent authority officers, statutory and network utility inspectors, as necessary to obtain approvals, including those required for the completion of the works.

1.3 NOTIFY NETWORK UTILITY OPERATORS

Notify all network utility operators of proposed works before commencing site operations. Ascertain location of services or confirm that none exist in the vicinity of the works. Take all necessary precautions to avoid damage to existing services.

1.4 CARRY OUT INSPECTIONS

Visit the site and determine access and existing conditions that may affect the Contractors ability to carry out the work.

1.5 SITE AND SOIL SURVEYS

Carry out all investigations necessary and peruse all information available to determine ground conditions and likely ground performance both on the site and adjacent to it. Also refer to the territorial authority project information memorandum (PIM).

1.6 GROUND CONDITIONS

Refer to the geotechnical / soils report included with this specification.

1.7 TEMPORARY BUILDINGS

Provide as necessary temporary sheds, offices, lunch rooms, sanitary accommodation and other temporary buildings required for storage, management of the works, for the use of workers while on site and as required by Acts and Regulations.

1.8 TEMPORARY SITE FENCING

Provide and maintain a temporary site fence, 2 metres high from ground level on the side accessible to the public. Construct to comply with [NZBC F5/AS1](#) Construction and demolition hazards.

1.9 SITE - SAFETY SIGNAGE

Provide hazard board and other safety signage as required.

1.10 SITE - PROJECT SIGN

Obtain approval to, provide and erect a timber framed sign board. Sign to be, fully painted with vinyl lettering or fully printed, and displaying:

- Title of contract
- Principal's name
- Contractor's name
- If the contractor wishes, names of subcontractors.

1.11 FIRST AID EQUIPMENT

Provide first aid equipment.

1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to temporary works and services required for the construction of the contract works. It includes

- Temporary works and services including temporary fencing and hoardings
- Scaffolding
- General care and protection
- Rubbish removal

1.1 COSTS RELATING TO TEMPORARY WORKS

Pay all rates/fees in respect of temporary works.

1.2 MAINTENANCE OF TEMPORARY WORKS

Maintain alter, adapt and move temporary works and services as necessary. Clear away when no longer required and make good.

1.3 SAFEGUARD THE SITE, THE WORKS AND MATERIALS

Take reasonable precautions to prevent unauthorised access, including access outside working hours, to the site, the works and adjoining property. Safeguard the site, the works, materials and plant from damage and theft.

1.4 SITE FENCING

Provide and maintain a site fence, 2 metres high from ground level on the side accessible to the public. Construct to comply with [NZBC F5/AS1](#) Construction and demolition hazards. Construct as required for public areas and as shown on the drawings.

Construct the fence with:

- galvanized chain link netting with a 50mm x 50mm maximum grid size
- posts at 2.5 metre centres maximum
- gap at the bottom of the fence no greater than 100mm

1.5 SITE FENCING - NON-PUBLIC AREAS

Provide and maintain a 1 metre high site fence to non-public areas. Construct using:

- warratah stakes at 1.5 metre centres fitted with safety caps
- plastic safety mesh

1.6 PROVIDE SEDIMENT AND SILT RUN OFF PROTECTION

Provide appropriate measures to prevent or minimise sediment generation and silt run off. Comply with territorial and other authority requirements relating to carrying out earthworks.

Prevent silt run off by:

- exposing only as much ground as required at any time
- providing run off channels, contour drains or earth bunds to divert clean water away from the site on to stable sealed or grassed ground
- capture silt by the use of silt fences, vegetation buffer strips, sediment ponds or earth bunds.

Provide sediment control by:

- earth bunds constructed across the slope to control and detain run off
- silt fences constructed using filter fabric stretched between posts at a maximum of 1 metre spacing.

Pump water from trenches and other areas of the site using methods to prevent sediment entering any drain or watercourse. Filter dirty water before discharging into drainage system.

1.7 PROVIDE CONCRETE WASHWATER RUN OFF PROTECTION

Provide appropriate measures to prevent cement/concrete washwater or slurry run off to; drains or waterways, landscaped areas new or remaining and adjoining public or private properties. Comply with territorial and other authority requirements relating to cement/concrete washwater.

Control run off from:

- Cement/concrete based material production, placing and finishing.
- Hosing down and cleaning of, tools and equipment, fresh material, and spilt or surplus material, pumps and mixers etc.
- Wet cutting or grinding.

- Slab watering etc.
- Water cleaning of new concrete elements, fresh used formwork etc.

Small project with relatively large exposed ground areas - prevent run off by:

- directing small amounts of washwater onto the area of ground closest to the work.
- for larger amounts provide run off channels, and small soak pits
- very small amounts of washwater with no aggregate and only a small amount of sand may be spread over existing lawns.

Large project and those without suitable ground area - prevent run off by:

- plan and implement washwater control measures based on the expected volumes, allow for the timely removal and safe disposal of liquids and solids.
- Limit the volume of water used for washing down to the extent required.
- Control the flow of washwater so that it is directed to proper catchments.
- providing watertight bunds, pits or tanks, filtered washwater is not to be discharged to drains.

Spilt or surplus material:

- if possible allow to set and either use or dispose of as hardfill.
- pre-made concrete items, either use or dispose of as hardfill.

Pump washwater away from drains, waterways and adjoining property.

1.8 EXCAVATION SAFETY

To the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#).

Carry out excavation to [WorkSafe, Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#). This may include deep excavation, trenching, and areas behind unfilled retaining walls.

Carry out excavation using plant and equipment suitable for the purpose.

1.9 SCAFFOLDING

Provide scaffolding for the efficient execution of the works.

Comply with:

- [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#)
- [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#)
- Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016
- [Worksafe - Scaffolding in New Zealand - Good Practice Guidelines](#)

1.10 WATER

Provide clean, fresh water for the works and make arrangements for distributing about the site.

1.11 ELECTRICITY

To AS/NZS 3012.

Nominate the person to install and be responsible for the complete temporary electrical installation.

The name and designation of the person responsible is to be displayed prominently and close to the main switch or circuit breaker.

Inspect and overhaul the installation at such intervals as are prescribed by the network utility operator but not more than three monthly intervals.

1.12 TELEPHONE

Provide on-site temporary telephone facilities.

1.13 COMPUTER FACILITIES

Provide on-site temporary computer facilities complete with an email and internet connection capable of sending, receiving and printing site communications.

1.14 PRINTER

Provide on-site temporary printing facilities capable of printing A4 and A3 colour prints.

1.15 IMAGING

Keep available devices able to take and send quality printable digital photographs.

1.16 LOCATE AND PROTECT SURVEY MARKS

Review information provided relating to survey marks. Physically locate and protect survey marks. Where required use a licensed cadastral surveyor to reinstate survey marks disturbed during construction.

1.17 LOCATE EXISTING SERVICES

Review information provided relating to underground and above ground services. Physically locate the position of all such services. Arrange with the network utility operator for all necessary exploratory work, location, protection, isolation, off-setting, reinstatement or alterations required. Record any alterations made to such utilities.

1.18 PROTECT EXISTING SERVICES

Protect existing services and parts of service systems, whether indicated or not, that are to remain in place during the execution of the works. Provide temporary caps or covers to prevent the ingress of dust and other contaminants into the systems, ducts, pipes etc. Reinstatement where required and repair any damage resulting from carrying out the contract works.

1.19 PROTECT EXISTING LANDSCAPE ELEMENTS

Protect existing trees, fences, gates, walls, gardens and other designated landscape features which are to remain in position during the execution of the works. Construct a temporary fence at the outer edge of the drip line of trees to be protected. Comply with territorial authority requirements.

1.20 MAKE GOOD - SITE

Make good all damage to existing roads, footpaths, grounds, services, landscape elements and site features caused in carrying out the contract works.

1.21 TEMPORARY PROTECTION

Provide and maintain temporary protection as required to protect products during transport, storage and handling. Provide temporary protection as required to protect the work in progress and the finished work. Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for removal of protection.

1.22 SPECIAL PROTECTION GENERAL

Refer to individual work sections for any special protection requirements.

1.23 CONSTRUCTION KEYING AND SECURITY

Provide locksets with temporary keying, or install with the cylinders removed.

1.24 TEMPORARY STORAGE

Provide temporary storage areas and protective covers and screens to meet the requirements of the products to be stored.

1.25 PERIODIC RUBBISH REMOVAL

Maintain on site appropriate means for the storage and removal of construction waste material. Where required or appropriate provide for the separate storage of recyclable waste and other materials requiring special disposal.

1260 PROJECT MANAGEMENT

1 GENERAL

This general section relates to project management requirements including:

- Meetings
- Reporting
- Cost control
- Communicating and records
- Confidentiality
- Programming
- Hold points and notification points
- Working hours
- Health and safety

1.1 PURPOSE OF SITE MEETINGS

The purpose of site meetings is to:

- Ensure that the Contractor has all information required to construct the work
- To address and clarify aspects of construction of the work including quality
- To address issues relating to project delivery including, site progress and cost.

1.2 SITE MEETING ATTENDANCE

The following persons to attend:

- Principal
- Contractor
- Architect
- Engineer if required
- Services consultants when needed
- Subcontractors when needed (contractor to inform them)

1.3 REPORTING

The following reports are required to be presented at site meetings:

Contractor: A detailed status report

1.4 SITE MEETING MINUTES

The contract administrator is to keep full minutes of all site meetings and arrange distribution to all those involved within 3 working days.

The minutes are to record

- Documentation and information issued and required
- Directions and variations issued
- Confirmation of contract insurances
- Programme items
- General business
- Site health and safety
- Payment claim processing including costing variations

1.5 CONTRACTORS DETAILED STATUS REPORT

A contractor's detailed status report is to address the following:

- Progress performance, addressing actual progress against the programme and any variance from the programme.
- Procurement progress on parts of the work being undertaken under a monetary allowance including the time by which direction must be given on monetary allowances to conform to the programme.
- Details of measures being taken to get work back on programme where there has been a delay and details of any future events that will or are likely to affect compliance with the programme.
- Compliance with the issued Building Consent and notification of any work or inspections that have not been passed by the BCA inspector.
- Compliance with the issued Resource Consent and any compliance issues.
- Site health and safety including any notifiable incidents.
- Details of any discrepancies in the contract documents that require clarification or determination
- A list of information requests by the contractor, the date when they were made, the person

who they were directed to and the date by which a response is required.

- A variation report including progress on agreed variations, variations to be agreed and anticipated variations and the time implication of variations.
- Variation costing and the adjusted contract price including an assessment of the cost of known and potential variations.
- Review of sums not yet directed for expenditure.

1.6 CASH FLOW ESTIMATES

The contractor is required to submit to the contract administrator a detailed cash flow estimate of all payments to which the contractor considers they will be entitled to under the contract. Where no time is stated in the conditions of contract, provide the cash flow estimate within 20 working days of the date of award of the contract. The contractor shall subsequently submit such revised cash flow estimates at 3 month intervals.

1.7 MEASUREMENT

Give reasonable notice to the contract administrator before covering up work which requires to be measured.

1.8 DAYWORK VOUCHERS

To be signed by the contractor's representative as confirming the labour, times and materials used, before being supplied to the contract administrator.

1.9 MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Communications between the parties shall be as follows: -

Directions:	In writing delivered by email with a copy by post or hand
Meeting minutes:	In writing delivered by email
RFI's:	(Requests for information) by email or in writing to the contract administrator

1.10 DELIVERY OF COMMUNICATIONS

Deliver communications to the addresses listed in the contract agreement by means as allowed. Where such addresses are not included in the contract agreement:

- deliver to the addressee by hand; or
- post to the postal address stated in the project directory; or
- deliver to the street address as stated in the Project Directory; or
- send by email to the email address stated in the Project Directory; or
- where agreed, deliver via a file hosting service or an electronic project management system.

1.11 SERVICE OF NOTICES

Serve notices to the addresses listed in the contract agreement by means as allowed.

1.12 CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The principal, contractor and the contract administrator must notify the others if they change their address for delivery or transmission of communications.

1.13 RECORDS

Ensure all records specified are kept, held and collated on site in a form that makes the information easily accessible when it is needed. Distribute copies as and when necessary to those persons entitled under the contract to that information.

1.14 PROGRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Take digital photographs recording progress. Refer to SELECTIONS.

1.15 CONFIDENTIALITY - PUBLICITY

Unless specifically agreed photographs and other images of the work are not to be used by the contractor, subcontractors, material suppliers and others involved in the construction of the works.

Photographs taken for record purposes may be kept but must not be passed to other persons.

1.16 CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

Where required as a condition of the contract arrange for workers to provide a confidentiality agreement. Workers who have not provided such an agreement shall be excluded from the site.

1.17 PROGRAMME

Include the proposed sequence of all significant on-site and off-site activities, including any intermediate key dates mentioned in the contract. Identify the critical path. Provide a tabulated schedule of information for each activity in order of:

- brief description
- duration in suitable time unit
- earliest start and latest finish time
- total float
- key dates for the supply of information or materials by others.

Identify the dates by which particular information, material or plant need to be supplied or arranged by the contract administrator. Also identify any constraints which may have been imposed by the programme.

Supply copies of the programme to the following:

Contract administrator	1
Architect	1
Principal	1
Site supervisor	1

Monitor the programme by:

- recording progress regularly on the site chart
- informing the contract administrator promptly of any circumstances affecting any part of the programme structure and timing
- reviewing the programme once a month making alterations as needed and agreed to and re-issuing the required copies.

1.18 WORKING HOURS

Work on site is not restricted. Comply with territorial authority consent conditions and noise and nuisance controls.

1.19 HEALTH AND SAFETY LEGISLATION

Refer to the requirements of the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#). Comply also with all other relevant New Zealand safety legislation.

The Contractor will ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that, each subcontractor they engage and each separate contractor is aware of and complies with its obligations under health and safety-related law.

For the purpose of health and safety-related law, the contract administrator and others involved in contract administration and observation and construction monitoring will not at any time have management or control of the Workplace.

1.20 HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS, CODES AND GUIDES

Comply with:

- Relevant New Zealand safety legislation including, Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, also [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#) as amended by that Regulation and the appropriate Health and Safety at Work Regulations.
- [WorkSafe](#) publications including "Guidelines for the provision of facilities for general safety in the construction industry".
- Relevant codes of practice, guides, guidelines and standards.

Until further regulations are made under the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) to cover them, the transitional provisions of the Act continue in force until revoked or amended.

1.21 HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLEMENTATION

Take all practical steps to make the site and the contract works safe and to provide and maintain a safe working environment. Ensure that all those working on or visiting the site are aware of the rules governing site safety, are properly supervised and are not unnecessarily exposed to hazards and risks.

Co-operate, consult and co-ordinate health and safety matters with each PCBU including all subcontractors, suppliers, separate contractors, others engaged on the project and others who may be affected by the construction of the works.

Identify any significant hazards and risks.

Maintain proper procedures for dealing with any emergencies that may arise. Immediately investigate accidents, identify their cause and maintain a register of accidents and serious harm. Provide a copy of any report which the contractor is required to make to a public authority on any accident which is associated with carrying out the contract works and results in serious harm to any person.

Refer to individual work sections for detailed requirements on this project.

1.22 SUSPENSION OF HAZARDOUS WORK

On the request of the contract administrator, acting on reasonable grounds, suspend any identified hazardous activities and proceed to eliminate, isolate or minimise them in order to comply with the Act, without prejudice to any other rights of the principal under the contract.

1.23 SITE SAFETY PERSON

Appoint a suitably qualified site safety person to co-ordinate site safety and to attend all site meetings.

1.24 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Prepare and submit a health and safety plan to the contract administrator before commencing work on site. Include in that plan all people on site and the general public, as well as the following items and any other necessary items:

- identification of existing and potential construction hazards and risks
- Any design construction safety matters identified in section 1220 PROJECT and/or any separate project design construction safety report.
- safety procedures to eliminate, isolate or minimise construction hazards and risks
- the equipment to be used to minimise the hazards and risks
- the maintenance of a register of hazards and risks for the site
- the name and qualifications of the site safety person
- emergency procedures
- first aid facilities and safety equipment
- the methodology for notifying, recording and investigating accidents and injuries.

Advise the contract administrator of unusual or atypical features in the Plan in addition to any features already identified in section 1220 PROJECT and/or any separate project design construction safety report. Keep a copy of the plan in the site office.

1.25 MAINTAIN HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Maintain health and safety plan and alter to accommodate changing situations and /or substitutions. Advise contract administrator of changes.

1.26 COMPLY WITH SITE SAFETY PLAN

Carry out all construction operations in accordance with the submitted health and safety plan.

1.27 INFORM WORKERS OF HAZARDS AND RISKS

Inform workers and others on the site of:

- hazards and risks they may be exposed to while working or other legitimate activities
- hazards and risks they may create while working which could harm others
- how these hazards and risks may be minimised
- emergency procedures
- the location of first aid facilities and safety equipment.

1.28 EXPLOSIVES

Do not use explosives except with the written approval of the territorial authority/[WorkSafe](#). Comply with their safety requirements and use construction blasters holding a current, appropriate Approved Handler Certificate and Controlled Substance Licence issued by [WorkSafe](#), to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations.

1.29 POWDER-ACTUATED FASTENING TOOLS

Comply with the requirements of [WorkSafe](#) and the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#). Powder-actuated fastening tool operators to have the appropriate current Certificate and/or Licence and tools to have the appropriate certificate of fitness if necessary.

2 SELECTIONS

2.1 SITE MEETINGS

Frequency: fortnightly
Start date: to be advised
Time: 10.00am
Venue: site
Convener: Architect

2.2 PROGRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Position: as required to show the progress
Frequency: weekly
Copies required: electronic
Recipient: Architect

1270 CONSTRUCTION

1 GENERAL

1.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Carry out and record regular checks of material quality and accuracy, including:

- Concrete quality and finish.
- Dimensional accuracy of structural column locations (following completion of foundations).
- All perimeter columns and frames for plumb.
- Levels of all floors relative to the site datum.
- Framing timber moisture content.

Where any material, quality or dimension falls outside specified or required tolerances, obtain written direction from the contract administrator. Where building consent approval is affected, confirm remedial action with the Building Consent Authority.

Provide all materials, plant, attendances, supervision, inspections and programming to ensure the required quality standards are met by all project personnel.

1.2 NOTICE

Give notice to the contract administrator and any other nominated person of hold points and notification points. Refer to work sections and 1260 PROJECT MANAGEMENT for hold points and notification points required.

1.3 NOTIFIABLE WORK

Lodge notice of the intention to commence any notifiable work and any work that will at any time include any notifiable work, in accordance with [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#).

1.4 LIMIT CONSTRUCTION NOISE

Minimise the effects of noise generation by including in the planning of the work such factors as placing of plant, programming the sequence of operations and other management functions. Limit construction noise to comply with the requirements of [NZS 6803](#), the requirements of the Resource Management Act sections 326, 327 and 328 and the [Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995](#) clause 11.

1.5 ACCEPTABLE NOISE LEVELS

Refer to [NZS 6803](#) Tables 2 and 3 for the upper limits of construction work noise received in residential zones, dwellings in rural areas, industrial areas and commercial areas, note also the allowed adjustments. Do not exceed these limits or any limits imposed by regional councils or territorial authorities.

1.6 PROVIDE INFORMATION TO NEIGHBOURS

Provide information to neighbours of any noise generation from the site liable to constitute a problem. Explain to them the means being used to minimise excessive noise and establish with them the timings most suitable for the noise generating work to be carried on.

Discuss with any complainant the measures being used to minimise noise. Where possible modify these measures to accommodate particular circumstances. Finally, determine the sound level at the location under discussion using methods and observation reporting as laid down in [NZS 6803](#). If the noise level is above the upper limits of [NZS 6803](#), table 2 and table 3, cease the noise generating operation and remedy the problem.

1.7 ROADWAY AND FOOTPATH

Keep the adjacent footpath and road clear at all times. Where work must be carried out in the roadway or footpath, obtain required consents from the territorial authority. Where temporary use is made of the footpath or roadway for deliveries and the like ensure that public safety is protected and the goods and materials moved as soon as practicable. Sweep, wash and otherwise clean the roadway/footpath and restore it to its previous condition.

1.8 VEHICLE CROSSING

Make good damage that has occurred as a result of carrying out the contract works. Where there has been significant damage, contact the territorial authority and obtain instructions for making good. Pay the territorial authority costs associated with making good.

1.9 TRAFFIC SAFETY

The management of traffic safety on-site and related traffic off-site, to [WorkSafe Managing Work Site Traffic - Good Practice Guidelines](#). Movement on- and off-site also to territorial authority and/or NZTA requirements.

1.10 DIRT AND DROPPINGS

Remove dirt and droppings deposited on public or private thoroughfares from vehicles servicing the site to the satisfaction of the appropriate authorities and the contract administrator.

1.11 DAMAGE AND NUISANCE

Take precautions to prevent damage and nuisance from water, fire, smoke, dust, rubbish and all other causes resulting from the construction works.

1.12 SMOKE FREE REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the Smoke Free Environments Act 1990 smoking is not allowed on site.

1.13 RESTRICTIONS

Do not:

- light rubbish fires on the site.
- bring dogs on to or near the site.
- bring radios/audio players on to the site.

1.14 SURVEY INFORMATION

Locate and verify survey marks and datum points required to set out the works. Where these do not exist or cannot be located advise the contract administrator who will arrange for the required points to be established.

Record and maintain their position. Re-establish and replace disturbed or obliterated marks.

1.15 DATUM

Establish a permanent site datum to confirm the proposed levels and their relationship to all other existing and new levels.

1.16 SET-OUT

Set out the work to conform with the drawings.

1.17 USE OF SET-OUT INSTRUMENTS

Permit without charge, the use of instruments already on site for checking, setting out and levels.

1.18 CHECK DIMENSIONS

Check all dimensions both on drawings and site, particularly the correlation between components and work in place. Take all dimensions on drawings to be between structural elements before linings or finishes, unless clearly stated otherwise.

1.19 TOLERANCES

All work to be level, plumb, and true to line and face. Unless otherwise specified in specific work sections of this specification, tolerances for structural work shall comply with the following:

Concrete construction:	To NZS 3109 Concrete construction Clause 3.9 Tolerances for reinforcement Table 5.1 Tolerance for precast components Table 5.2 Tolerance for in situ construction To NZS 3114 Concrete surface finishes
Masonry construction:	To NZS 4210 Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship Clause 2.6.5 Tolerances Table 2.2 Maximum tolerances
Structural steelwork:	To NZS 3404.1 Steel structures standard Section 14.4 Tolerances (after fabrication) Section 15.3 Tolerances (erection)
Timber framing:	To NZS 3604 Timber-framed buildings Clause 2.2 Tolerances Table 2.1 Timber framing tolerances

Refer to work sections for tolerance requirements for finishes.

1.20 EXAMINE PREVIOUS WORK

Before commencing any part of the work carefully examine the previous work on which it depends, to ensure it is of the required standard.

1.21 REPORT DEFECTIVE PREVIOUS WORK

Refer defects to the contractor to be remedied, if the remedy is outside the scope of the contract documents the contractor shall obtain direction from the contract administrator. Do not carry out work over previous work that is defective and will affect the required standard.

1.22 EXECUTION GENERALLY

Construct the work in accordance with the documents issued for construction including any direction that may have been given by the contract administrator that varies the construction document.

1.23 EXECUTION - NO DETAIL IS PROVIDED

The documents issued for construction will not include all details relating to every material, junction and interface with other materials.

Where the detail provided is of a general nature, or where no detail is provided, refer to the manufacturer's documents for information relating to installation and execution of that part of the work.

Where there is more than one method or detail appropriate to the part of the work in question, refer the options to the Contract Administrator for direction as to which detail or method to use.

1.24 EXECUTION - ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION IS REFERRED TO

Where a NZBC Acceptable Solution is referred to in the specification but not shown on the plans, obtain a copy of that Acceptable Solution and make it available to the workers carrying out that part of the work.

1.25 MINIMISE DELAYS DUE TO WEATHER

Use appropriate techniques and methods to prevent damage and minimise delays due to weather.

1.26 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair defective, damaged and marked elements, or replace them where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Adjust operation of equipment and moving parts not working correctly. Refer to individual work sections for any special requirements.

1.27 HOT WORK

Generally, to [NZS 4781](#) Code of Practice for Safety in Welding and Cutting, includes but not limited to: Welding; flame cutting; disc cutting; grinding; bitumen blowers; blow lamps; brazing; burning off; soldering; use of hot air guns.

Note - where the standard refers to the use of asbestos, alternative fire-resistant materials are to be used.

1.28 COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL

Manage fire risk to adjacent combustible materials by isolating hot work at a safe distance away, or store combustible materials away from fire hazards. Additional precautions may be necessary if combustible material cannot be separated from hot work, refer to [NZS 4781](#), 6.1.4.

1.29 HOT WORK PERMIT

A hot work permit, issued by the main contractor, is required when it is not possible to isolate hot work from adjacent fire hazards. Refer to example in [NZS 4781](#), Appendix A.

1.30 FIRE SYSTEMS

Fire systems should remain operational where possible while welding or cutting work is performed. Where required, shield fire systems to [NZS 4781](#) clause 6.4.

1.31 DURING SUSPENDED WORK

Maintain a fire watch at least 30-minutes after hot works are suspended e.g. during lunch breaks or overnight, to [NZS 4781](#), clause 6.2.7.

For hot works in confined spaces, prevent potential ignition of flammable gases, to [NZS 4781](#) clause 6.5.

1.32 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

The work is to be carried out by workers and / or supervisors who are experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and the techniques specified. Workers must also be familiar with the manufacturers' and suppliers' installation and application instructions and standard details provided by them in relation to the use of the products for this project. If requested provide evidence of qualification / experience.

1.33 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – RESTRICTED BUILDING WORK

Where restricted building work (RBW) forms part of the contract works, workers, or supervisors of that work must be licensed building practitioners (LBP) holding current licenses for the particular restricted building work.

For rare instances where non-RBW also requires an LBP refer to individual work sections for details.

1.34 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – MANUFACTURER / SUPPLIER REQUIREMENTS

Where required by a manufacturer or supplier, workers must be specifically trained /approved / accredited / registered / licensed / certified by them. Refer to individual work sections for details.

1.35 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – LICENSED UNDER STATUTE

Where workers and / or supervisors of work are required to be licensed, registered or similar under legislation, they must have a current license before they start the work and maintain currency until their part of the work has been completed and all documentation that is required has been provided.

1.36 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – INDUSTRY QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Where workers and / or supervisors of work are required to be trained / licensed / certified or similar under industry rules or contractual requirements, they must have a current qualification before they start the work and maintain currency until their part of the work has been completed. Refer to individual work sections for details.

1.37 QUALIFICATIONS – PRODUCER STATEMENTS

Where producer statements are required for parts of the work, ensure that person is suitably qualified and authorized to issue such producer statements.

1.38 REPLACEMENT OF PERSON

Should it be necessary to replace a person, ensure that records of work, producer statements, warranties and the like required for the part of the work they have carried out are obtained.

Ensure that the replacement person takes responsibility for the work they carry out and that they are able to provide such records of work, producer statements, warranties and the like required as a condition of the contract and the building consent.

1.39 NEW PRODUCTS

Products to be new unless stated otherwise, of the specified standard, and complying with all cited documents.

1.40 COMPATIBILITY OF PRODUCTS

Ensure all parts of a construction or finish are compatible and their individual use approved by the manufacturers and suppliers of other parts of the system. Source all parts of a system from a single manufacturer or supplier.

1.41 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Protect products during transit and delivery on site and / or off site. Reject and replace goods that are defective or damaged or will not provide the required finish.

Handle products carefully to avoid damage and distortion and in accordance with codes of practice and the manufacturer's or supplier's requirements. Avoid any contact with potentially damaging surfaces or conditions.

Store products to avoid visual damage, environmental damage, mechanical damage and distortion. Store in accordance with codes of practice and the product manufacturer's or supplier's requirements. Maintain the proper condition of any protective packaging, wrapping and support.

Refer to individual work sections for any special requirements.

1.42 SUBSTRATE CONDITIONS

Ensure substrate conditions are within the manufacturer's or supplier's stated guidelines both before and during the installation of any material, product or system. Obtain written instructions on the necessary action to rectify unsatisfactory conditions.

1.43 INSTALLING PRODUCTS

Install in accordance with the manufacturer's or supplier's technical literature. Ensure that all installers are familiar with the required substrate conditions and the manufacturer's or supplier's specified preparation, fixing and finishing techniques.

1.44 COMPLY WITH STANDARDS

Comply with the relevant and/or cited Standard for any material or component. Obtain certificates of compliance when requested by the contract administrator.

1.45 CONDITION OF PRODUCTS

To be in perfect condition when incorporated into the work.

1.46 INCOMPATIBLE PRODUCTS

Separate incompatible materials and metals with separation layers, sleeves or gaskets of plastic film, bituminous felt or mastic or paint coatings, installed so that none are visible on exposed surfaces.

1.47 SPARES & MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

Collect, protect, package, label and store safely all spares and maintenance products specified in the work sections. Give the contract administrator an inventory of all spares and maintenance products.

If no instruction is given within a work section for the location of spares and maintenance products, then deliver to the owner.

If no instruction is given within a work section for timing in relation to the provision of spares and maintenance products, then provide at practical completion.

1.48 PERIODIC SITE CLEANING

Carry out periodic site cleaning during the contract period. Place waste material in appropriate storage pending removal from the site. Keep food waste separate from construction waste.

1.49 TRADE CLEANING

Keep the work area clean, remove of all debris, unused and temporary materials and elements from the site as work progresses and on completion. Refer to individual work sections for any specific requirements.

1.50 REMOVE PROTECTION

Remove all temporary markings, labels, packaging and coverings to products unless instructed otherwise, or where they are required for protection.

Maintain temporary protection until removal is required by the manufacturer/supplier, the execution of the work or the requirements of individual work sections. Re-establish protection as necessary.

Remove temporary protection and special protection immediately prior to practical completion or before when there is no further risk of damage.

Refer to individual work sections for any special removal requirements.

1.51 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Refer to individual work sections for any special completion requirements.

1.52 LEAVE WORK

Leave work to the standard required for the following procedures.

1.53 COMPLETION - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Carry out tests as detailed in the work sections. If testing identifies a failure to meet performance requirements, notify the contract administrator and any nominated recipient, identify and correct the cause of failure and repeat the test. Submit test results and certification documentation to the contract administrator and any nominated recipient.

1.54 REMOVE CONSTRUCTION WASTE

Remove all debris, unused materials and the like from the site. Arrange for material to be recycled to be collected or delivered to the recycler.

1.55 COMPLETE ALL SERVICES

Ensure all services are complete and operational, with all temporary labelling removed, required labelling fixed and service instructions provided.

1.56 CLEANING BY CONTRACTOR

Clear the contract works of all construction materials, waste, dirt and debris. Clean the contract works including:

- Wipe all surfaces to remove construction dust.
- Clean out service ducts and accessible concealed spaces.
- Clean out all gutters and rainwater heads.
- Wipe dust from both sides of glass. Take particular care when removing paint or cementitious materials to not damage the glass. Do not use metal scrapers that may damage the glass.
- Remove adhesive residue left by labels and other temporary protection/markings.
- Clean out the interior of all cabinetry.
- Wash down external concrete including driveways and concrete masonry. Take care when waterblasting to not cause damage to the surface or allow water to enter the building.
- Remove rubbish and building material from the area immediately adjacent to the contract works.

1.57 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Refer to individual work sections for any special commissioning requirements.

1.58 MOVING PARTS

Adjust, ease and lubricate all doors, windows, drawers, hardware, appliances, controls and all moving parts to give easy and efficient operation.

1.59 COMMISSIONING - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Carry out tests as detailed in the work sections. If testing identifies a failure to meet performance requirements, notify the contract administrator and any nominated recipient, identify and correct the cause of failure and repeat the test. Submit test results and certification documentation to the contract administrator and any nominated recipient.

1.60 INSTRUCTION AND DEMONSTRATION

Provide instruction and demonstration to the owner/occupier to the extent that is listed below and as required for them to reasonably occupy and use the building. This is to include at least the following:

- Location and isolation of all services connections.
- Operation of all emergency systems.
- Locking and security arrangements.
- Operation of basic building services including lighting, heating, mechanical ventilation, air conditioning and security.
- Special cleaning requirements and procedures.
- Any other features that the owner/occupier needs to know about.

1.61 SECURITY AT COMPLETION

Remove any temporary lock cylinders and complete final keying prior to handing over keys to the principal on completion of the works. Leave the works secure with all accesses locked. Account for all keys/cards/codes and hand to the principal along with an itemised schedule, retaining a duplicate schedule signed by the principal as a receipt.

1.62 ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL COMPLETION INFORMATION

In addition to requirements in the contract and contained elsewhere in the specification provide the following information submissions for practical completion:

- All documents which the contractor has obtained on behalf of the owner/occupier.
- Information required by the owner/occupier to be able to use the building.
- Advice that NUO accounts in the contractor's name have been closed and as appropriate changed to be in the name of the owner/occupier.
- A list of persons to be contacted to carry out any emergency or remedial work including 24 hour/7 day contact details.

1.63 DEFECTS REMEDIATION - SUBMISSIONS

Provide the following at periods required by the contract administrator, where no period is stated, provide this information monthly:

- A copy of the contractor's check list identifying remaining defects and omissions to be

completed recording progress made in completing and correcting the items.

- A copy of lists issued by the principal/employer identifying omissions and defects recording progress made in completing and correcting the items.
- A copy of lists issued by the contract administrator identifying omissions and minor defects recording progress made in completing and correcting the items.

1.64 FINAL COMPLETION - SUBMISSIONS

In addition to requirements in the contract and contained elsewhere in the specification provide:

- Contractors advice that all defects have been corrected and omissions and deferred work completed.
- All documents which the contractor has obtained on behalf of the owner/occupier.

2210 PREPARATION & GROUNDWORK

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the clearance, excavation and backfilling of the site area in preparation for:

- footings and floor slabs
- backfilling behind basement retaining walls

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

[NZS 3604](#) Timber-framed buildings
[WorkSafe](#) [Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#)

1.2 SITE SAFETY

Provide adequate support for all excavations. Cover holes and fence off open trenches and banks.

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY

If fossils, antiquities and other items of value are found refer to the general section 1220 PROJECT for actions to be taken with archaeological discovery.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 EXCAVATED CLEAN FILL

Clean, free of contamination, mineral soil from other formations in the excavation which may be selected and approved as suitable for filling by having grading and moisture content properties that will allow recompaction to 95% of maximum density.

2.2 ROCK FILL

Hard material comprising rock, broken stone, hard brick, concrete, run of pit scoria, or other comparable inert material capable of being placed and compacted as specified.

2.3 SAND FILL

Clean sand of such grading in particle size to achieve mechanical compaction to 90% maximum density.

2.4 HARD FILL

Scoria or crushed rock to GAP (General All Passing) 40 grading.

2.5 GRANULAR FILL

Approved screened crushed gravel or scoria, graded in size from 20mm to 7mm, clean. When tested with a standard sieve of 4.75 opening no material is to pass.

2.6 DRESSING COURSE

Scoria to GAP 20 grading, or "dirty footpath scoria", or equivalent "all in" graded crushed metal aggregate.

2.7 FREE-DRAINING AGGREGATE

Scoria or crushed gravel graded 50 to 14 clean.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 WASHOUT BAY FOR TRUCK

Provide a designated area for trucks to be washed down to avoid mud and dirt being carried off site.

3.2 EXCAVATION GENERALLY

Carry out excavation, using plant suitable for the purpose, to the guidelines set by the [WorkSafe](#), [Good Practice Guidelines - Excavation Safety](#).

3.3 BURNING OF MATERIALS

Burning of materials is not permitted on site.

3.4 PROTECT EXISTING WORK

Protect from damage existing buildings, structures, roads, paving and services nominated on the drawings as being retained.

3.5 EROSION CONTROL

Ensure measures are in place to contain silt dislodged as a result of water infiltration and to prevent it being carried off site with stormwater.

3.6 SURFACE PREPARATION

Comply with [NZS 3604](#), section 3.5, **Site preparation**. Remove all turf, vegetation, trees, topsoil, stumps, uncontrolled fill and rubbish from the area to be built on.

3.7 UNDERGROUND ELEMENTS AND SERVICES

Break out and remove old foundations, slabs, drainage pipes, manholes, tanks, cables and redundant services. Report for instructions when any unexpected voids, made-up ground or services are encountered. Seal off the ends of drains or remove to territorial authority approval.

3.8 STOCKPILE TOPSOIL

Stockpile excavated topsoil on site where directed. Keep separate from other excavated materials. Spread and level where directed before completion of the works.

3.9 GENERAL EXCAVATION

Trim ground to required profiles, batters, falls and levels. Remove loose material. Protect cut faces from collapse. Keep excavations free from water.

3.10 ROCK EXCAVATION

If rock is found at any level above the underside of the structural foundations, or above required base levels for site service trenches, immediately notify the owner. Obtain written instructions from the owner on the proposed approach to rock excavation, or consequent alterations to subgrade construction. Confirm any changes with the territorial authority.

3.11 FOUNDATION EXCAVATION

Take foundation excavations to depths shown. Keep trenches plumb and straight, bottoms level and free of soft spots, stepped as detailed and clean and free of water.

3.12 INADEQUATE BEARING

If localised bearing is not to [NZS 3604](#), 3.1.2 **Foundations** and 3.1.3 **Determination of good ground**, then excavate further and backfill with material as follows:

- Below slabs on grade: Hardfill compacted in 150mm layers
- Below footings: 10 MPa concrete

If excavation exceeds the required depths, backfill and compact to the correct level with material as listed.

Confirm any changes with the territorial authority.

For inadequate bearing or over excavation of service trenches, use hardfill compacted in 150mm layers.

3.13 STANDARD OF COMPACTION

Place fill in layers of not more than 150mm and compact to achieve 95% of maximum dry density. For granular fill material, the fill shall be compacted to 80% of saturated dry density.

3.14 GRANULAR BASE FOR SLABS

To conform to [NZS 3604](#), section 7.5.3, **Granular base**. Consolidate with a vibrating roller. Blind the surface with 20mm of coarse sand or sand/cement and roll ready to receive a damp-proof membrane.

3.15 GENERAL BACKFILLING

Obtain written confirmation from the owner before using any excavated material. Compact approved backfilling in 150mm layers with the last 200mm in clean topsoil, lightly compacted and neatly finished off.

3.16 RETAINING WALLS

Backfill behind retaining walls with free draining granular material and compact in 200mm layers. Ensure any tanking membranes, protection sheets, drain coil and damp-proofing are not damaged.

3.17 SURPLUS MATERIAL

Remove surplus and excavated material from the site.

2361 STRIP FOOTINGS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and installation of concrete strip footings of non-specific design to [NZS 3604](#) and [NZS 4229](#), including;

- formwork, reinforcement, concrete mixes and the placing of concrete

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3121	Water and aggregate for concrete
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
NZS 4431	Code of practice for earth fill for residential development
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
NZCMM	NZ Concrete Masonry Manual section 6.1 Masonry Retaining Walls

1.2 QUALIFICATIONS

Concrete workers to be experienced, competent and familiar in the fabrication and erection of formwork and with the materials and the techniques specified.

All work to be installed or supervised by a Registered Mason or licensed building practitioner (LBP): Licensed for Bricklaying and Blocklaying 2: Structural Masonry. RBW must be supervised by an LBP.

1.3 QUALITY RECORDS

Do not place concrete/grout until all excavations, formwork/blockwork and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete 17.5, 20 or 25 MPa grade (refer to SELECTIONS), maximum aggregate size 19mm ready-mixed to [NZS 3104](#). Retain delivery dockets listing mix and despatch details. Mass concrete 10 MPa grade.

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

To [AS/NZS 4671](#) Grade 300E deformed mild steel except for ties in plain round mild steel and as detailed.

2.3 TYING WIRE

Mild drawn steel wire not less than 1.2mm diameter.

2.4 WATER

To [NZS 3121](#). Water from a territorial authority/NUO water supply is acceptable.

2.5 SPACERS AND CHAIRS

Precast concrete or purpose made moulded PVC.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 STORAGE

Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat.

Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.2 SOIL BEARING

To [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#), Section 3, **Site Requirements**.

All soil bearing surfaces of footings shall be horizontal and may be stepped to accommodate variations in cleared ground level. Bearing shall be upon solid bottom in undisturbed good ground to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#), or firm fill with a "Statement Of Suitability...." to [NZS 4431](#).

3.3 DEPTH OF FOOTINGS

As shown on drawings with minimum depth of footings below cleared ground level, to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#), clause 3.4.2.

- 200mm.

3.4 STEPPED FOOTINGS

Footings can be stepped for uneven sites with the following requirements:

- minimum vertical step in footings 600mm
- stepped walls overlapped minimum 450mm vertically and horizontally

3.5 WIDTH OF FOOTINGS

Footing to be centred on foundation wall above. Refer to drawings or SELECTIONS for minimum dimensions.

3.6 REINFORCEMENT

Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#). Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

Longitudinal reinforcing and ties, refer to SELECTIONS for size and quantity.

Stepped footings to [NZS 4229](#), at least 50% of the lower footing reinforcement shall be turned up the step to a minimum of 450mm beyond the rebar intersection, and at least 50% of the upper footing reinforcement shall be carry on into the lower foundation wall to a minimum of 450mm (350 with hook) beyond the rebar intersection.

3.7 REINFORCING LAPS

To [NZS 3604](#), 6.11.7, **Foundation wall reinforcement**. Horizontal reinforcing bars lapped 500mm minimum.

To [NZS 4229](#), 6.6.3, 40 diameter laps for deformed bars.
Tie all lapping bars to each other.

3.8 STARTER BARS

Vertical starter reinforcement to [NZS 4229](#), to match vertical wall reinforcement in size, type, location and spacing. Starters to penetrate foundation wall by 600mm minimum, and in the footing to be bent through 90° and tied to longitudinal reinforcing.

3.9 COVER

Minimum cover 75mm.

3.10 OPENINGS

Footings to be continuous under openings unless shown otherwise.

3.11 PUMPING CONCRETE

Set up and supervise pump operation, placing and compaction of the mix to, [NZS 3109: 7.4 Handling and placing](#) and **7.6 Compaction**, advise the ready-mix supplier of the type of pump and the slump required, in addition to the concrete grade, strength and quantity.

3.12 PROGRESSIVE CLEANING

Clean off concrete spills as they occur, making good any damage at the same time.

3.13 FINAL CLEANING

Clean down exposed walls and remove waste material from adjoining surfaces at completion.

3.14 REMOVE

Remove from the site materials not used.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 CONCRETE

Normal concrete: 20 MPa

4.2 FOOTING SIZE AND REINFORCING

The following are minimum requirements.

Location: refer to the Engineers drawings S102

Footing width: 300 mm

Footing height/depth: 450 mm

Longitudinal steel: 4 / HD12

Stirrups: R6 ties @ 600mm centres minimum (to [NZS 4229](#) table 6.2)

3101 CONCRETE WORK - BASIC

1 GENERAL

This section relates to formwork, reinforcement, concrete mixes and the placing of concrete.

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

ACRS Australian Certification Authority for Reinforcing Steels - An independent certification scheme for reinforcing steel and structural steel, by product and manufacturer/processor. Certifies compliance with Australia/New Zealand Standards.

ACRS web site - www.steelcertification.com

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E2/AS3	External moisture
AS 1366.3	Rigid cellular plastics for thermal insulation - Rigid cellular polystyrene - Moulded (RC/PS - M)
NZS 3101.1	Concrete structures standard
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3114	Specification for concrete surface finishes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 4858	Wet area membranes
CCANZ CP 01	Code of practice for weathertight concrete and concrete masonry construction

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.4 STEEL REINFORCING COMPLIANCE

Steel reinforcing materials for concrete to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Steel to be manufactured in New Zealand, or by an overseas manufacturer holding a current valid (or equivalent) NZ S Mark or ACRS certificate for that type of steel. Confirm compliance and provide evidence if requested.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete 20 MPa grade, (refer to SELECTIONS), maximum aggregate size 19mm ready-mixed to [NZS 3104](#). Provide delivery dockets listing mix and despatch details.

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Bars to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Grade 300E deformed, other than for ties, stirrups and spirals, unless shown otherwise on the drawings. Welded reinforcing mesh Class E to [AS/NZS 4671](#), and 500E mesh to [AS/NZS 4671](#) as modified by NZS B1/VM1.

2.3 MESH FOR SLABS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For slabs on ground mesh to be welded reinforcing mesh to [AS/NZS 4671](#) as modified by NZS B1/VM1, Class E, minimum to B1/AS1 - Grade 500E, 2.27kg/m² (1.14kg/m² in each direction).

2.4 TYING WIRE

Mild drawn steel wire not less than 1.2mm diameter.

2.5 SPACERS AND CHAIRS

Precast concrete or purpose made moulded PVC to approval. Where concrete spacer blocks are used in exposed concrete work use blocks matching surrounding concrete.

2.6 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

0.25mm minimum polyethylene to [NZS 3604](#), 7.5.4, Damp-proof membrane.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 HANDLE AND STORE

Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat.

Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.2 FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

Use falsework and formwork of sufficient strength to retain and support the wet concrete to the required profiles and tolerances. Select formwork finish to produce the specified finished quality. Ensure timber or plywood used for formwork is non-staining to the set concrete.

Securely fix and brace formwork sufficiently to support loads and with joints and linings tight enough to prevent water loss. Do not use tie wires or rods unless approved in writing by the Contract Administrator. Unless detailed otherwise, provide a 19mm chamfer or fillet strip at all interior and exterior angles of beam and column forms. Mitre at intersections.

Water blast to clean formwork. Keep formwork wet before concrete is placed.

Unless detailed otherwise, set up soffit boxing for beams and slabs to provide a camber when forms are stripped, of 3mm rise for every 3 metres of total clear span.

3.3 INSTALL DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Apply polythene membrane to prepared basecourse with 150mm laps between sheets. Tape seal laps and penetrations with 50mm wide pressure sensitive plastic tape. Refer to drawings for perimeter details.

3.4 CUT AND BEND REINFORCEMENT

Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#): 3.3 Hooks and bends. Minimum radii of reinforcement bends to [NZS 3109](#), table 3.1, Minimum radii of reinforcement bends. Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

Use a purpose built tool for on site bending and to deal with minor adjustments to steel reinforcement.

3.6 TOLERANCES, BENDING

To [NZS 3109](#), 3.9, Tolerances for reinforcement.

3.7 SECURE REINFORCEMENT

Secure reinforcement adequately with tying wire and place, support and secure against displacement when concreting. Bend tying wire back well clear of the formwork. Spacing as dimensioned, or if not shown, to the clear distance minimums in [NZS 3109](#), 3.6, Spacing of reinforcement.

3.8 LAPPED SPLICES

Length of laps where not dimensioned on the drawings in accordance with the SELECTIONS.

Provide laps only where indicated on the drawings. Tie all lapping bars to each other. Plain bars lapped splices must be hooked.

Wire mesh laps to [NZS 3101](#).1, lap one mesh square plus 50mm minimum (do not count bar extension beyond the outermost wire).

3.9 MESH LAPS FOR SLABS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For slabs on ground the welded reinforcing mesh to be lapped such that the outermost wires overlap by the greater of:

- the spacing of the cross wires plus 50mm
- 150mm or

- manufacturer's requirements

Do not count bar extensions beyond the outermost cross wire.

3.10 REINFORCEMENT COVER TO NZS 3101.1

Minimum cover to all reinforcing bars, stirrups, ties and spirals, as shown on drawings. Where cover is not shown on drawings provide minimum cover to [NZS 3101.1](#), table 3.6, **Minimum required cover for a specified intended life of 50 years**. Sub-soil cover to [NZS 3101.1](#), to suit soil and groundwater conditions. Fix chairs for top reinforcement in slabs at 1.0 metre centres or to ensure adequate support. Cover tolerances to [NZS 3109](#), 3.9, Tolerances for reinforcement.

3.11 REINFORCEMENT COVER TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

For in-situ concrete, foundations and interior slabs on ground, to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#), the reinforcement and welded mesh cover to be:

Location, cover to	NZS 3604	NZS 4229
Footing, to earth	75mm	75mm
Footing, to DPM	75mm	50mm
Foundation, to edge	75mm	75mm
Slab, to slab top	30mm	30mm
Slab, to slab edge	50mm to 75mm	50mm to 75mm

3.12 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING REINFORCING

If it is a project requirement, ensure that reinforcing is electrically equipotential bonded (or at least conductor cable attached) before the concrete is poured. For bonded reinforcing ensure all reinforcing is interconnected with good contact at joints and tight conductive ties.

3.13 CASTING IN

Build in all grounds, bolts and fixings for wall plates and bracing elements, holding down bolts, pipes, sleeves and fixings as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings, prior to pouring the concrete.

Do not use grounds exceeding 100mm in length. Location and form of conduits to be approved in writing by the Contract Administrator. Minimum cover 40mm. Do not encase aluminium items in concrete. Do not paint steel embedded items more than 25mm into the concrete encasement. Cut back form ties to specified cover and fill the cavities with mortar.

Form all pockets, chases and flashing grooves as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings.

Wrap all pipes embedded in concrete with tape to break the bond and to accommodate expansion. Do not embed pipes for conveying liquids exceeding a temperature of 50°C in concrete.

3.14 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

Locate and construct as shown on the drawings or in accordance with [NZS 3109](#), 5.6, Type B.

3.15 PRE-PLACEMENT INSPECTION

Do not place concrete until all excavations, boxing and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

3.16 SURFACE FINISHES

To [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, as scheduled or as denoted on the drawings.

3.17 CONCRETE SURFACE TOLERANCES

To [NZS 3114](#), 104, Surface tolerances and [NZS 3114](#), 105, Specification of finishes, with the suggested tolerances becoming the required tolerances.

3.18 PUMPING CONCRETE

Set up and supervise pump operation, placing and compaction of the mix to [NZS 3109](#), 7.4, Handling and placing and [NZS 3109](#), 7.6, Compaction Advise the ready-mix supplier of the type of pump and the slump required, in addition to the concrete grade, strength and quantity.

3.19 COMPACTION

Use power operated vibrators on foundations, vertical constructions and beams.

3.20 FLOOR SLABS TO NZS 3604

Generally for slabs on ground to **NZS 3604** as modified by **NZBC B1/AS1** and **NZBC E2/AS3**. Construct to **NZS 3604**, 4.5 **Concrete and concrete masonry** and **NZS 3604**, 7.5, **Concrete slab-on-ground floors in timber buildings** as modified by **NZBC B1/AS1**, 3.0 **Timber**. Lay to true and straight surfaces, screeded, floated and steel (manual or power) trowelled finish. Tolerance on flatness: maximum 3mm gradual deviation over a 3 metre straight-edge, to **NZS 3114**, 304, **Surface tolerances**.

Allow for free joints maximum 24m centres to **NZBC B1/AS1**, 3.1.13 **NZS 3604 New clause**.

3.21 SAW CUTS TO NZS 3604 OR NZS 4229

Cut slabs where indicated on the drawings as required to control shrinkage cracking. Form by saw cutting the slab (blade width approximately 5 mm) to a quarter of the depth of the slab after it has hardened (saw cutting shall take place no later than 24 hours after initial set for average ambient temperatures above 20 °C, and 48 hours for average ambient temperatures below 20°C).

3.22 SAW CUTS

Cut slabs where indicated on the drawings and as required to control shrinkage cracking. Carry out cutting as soon as possible, without causing tear-out of aggregate and before shrinkage cracking has occurred, generally within 24 hours of pouring.

3.23 SPACING OF SAW CUTS

Spacing of sawcuts

Floor situation	Maximum spacing of sawcuts both ways
Industrial floor	5m
Architectural, exposed floor, thin finishes, rigid finishes	4m
Carpet on underlay flooring	6m

3.24 SURFACE DEFECTS

Make good surface defects immediately after forms are stripped. Make good hollows or bony areas with 1:2 mortar or plaster, finished to the same tolerances as the parent concrete. Fill any tie rod holes with 1:2 mortar.

3.25 CURING OF CONCRETE

Keep damp for not less than seven days. Ensure curing of slabs commences as soon as possible after final finishing, by the use of continuous water sprays, or ponding. Alternately, apply a curing membrane. Ensure any membrane used will not affect subsequent applied finishes.

3.26 STRIKE FORMWORK

Strike formwork without damaging or overloading structure. Do not remove formwork before the following minimum periods:

12 hours:	Sides of beams, walls and columns
4 days:	Slabs in beam and slab construction (leave props under slab spans over 2 metres)
10 days:	Props from under slab spans over 2 metres
18 days:	Beams, soffits and slab spans over 5 metres

3.27 CLEAN OUT

Clean out saw cuts. Fill with cement grout where the floor will be covered with carpet or vinyl.

3.28 REMOVE

Remove all unused materials and all concrete and reinforcing debris from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 DAMP-PROOF MEMBRANE

Brand/type: 0.25 mm polythene

4.2 REINFORCEMENT LAPS

Where reinforcement laps are not shown on the drawings, lap as follows:

Bar diameter	Grade 300E deformed
10mm	400mm
12mm	500mm

16mm	650mm
------	-------

4.3 NORMAL CONCRETE

Normal concrete:

25 MPa slab
20 MPa: foundations

4.4 SURFACE FINISHES FLOOR SLABS

Surface finish class to [NZS 3114](#): table 2, Classes of floor, exterior pavement and invert finishes.

Finish class	Location
U3	all

4.5 SURFACE FINISHES PAVEMENTS AND DRIVEWAYS

Surface finish class to [NZS 3114](#): table 2, Classes of floor, exterior pavement and invert finishes.

Finish class	Location
U2 wood float finish	verandah

3320 CONCRETE MASONRY

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and installation of hollow concrete masonry to [NZS 4229](#), as modified by [NZBC E2/AS3](#), including;

- concrete masonry, mortar, reinforcement and grouting
- self insulating concrete masonry

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following definitions apply specifically to this section:

ACRS Australian Certification Authority for Reinforcing Steels - An independent certification scheme for reinforcing steel and structural steel, by product and manufacturer/processor. Certifies compliance with Australia/New Zealand Standards.
ACRS Web site - www.steelcertification.com

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E2/AS3	External moisture
AS/NZS 2699	Built-in components for masonry
NZS 3103	Sands for mortars and plasters
NZS 3109	Concrete construction
NZS 3121	Water and aggregate for concrete
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4210	Masonry construction: Materials and workmanship
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
NZS 4230	Design of reinforced concrete masonry structures
AS/NZS 4455.1	Masonry units, pavers, flags, and segmental retaining wall units - Masonry units
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 4858	Wet area membranes
CCANZ CP 01	Code of practice for weathertight concrete and concrete masonry construction
NZCMM	NZ Concrete Masonry Manual section 6.1 Masonry Retaining Walls

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Carry out all masonry work with people competent and experienced in this type of work, under the supervision of a suitably qualified tradesperson as required in [NZS 4229](#) and [NZS 4210](#).

All work to be installed or supervised by a Registered Mason or licensed building practitioner (LBP): Licensed for Bricklaying and Blocklaying 2: Structural Masonry. RBW must be supervised by an LBP.

1.4 CONSTRUCTION CONTROL

Supervise masonry construction to [NZS 4230](#): table 3.1, Observation type B, admissible use and nominal strengths. Keep records of materials to [NZS 4210](#): 2.4.2.

1.5 CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION BY ENGINEER

Inspections shall confirm compliance with the design and the required standards of construction. Obtain from the engineer Producer Statements required relating to the masonry construction. Where required as a condition of the building consent, advise the engineer when inspections are required.

1.6 STEEL REINFORCING COMPLIANCE

Steel reinforcing materials for concrete to [AS/NZS 4671](#). Steel to be manufactured in New Zealand, or by an overseas manufacturer holding a current valid (or equivalent) NZ S Mark or ACRS certificate for that type of steel. Confirm compliance and provide evidence if requested.

1.7 TESTS

Carry out all required tests in accordance with [NZS 4210](#): appendix 2A, Compressive strength tests for mortar and grout.

1.8 QUALITY RECORDS

Keep accurate records relating to strength and quality of materials used in the construction, and make the information available to the Building Consent Authority inspector on request. Do not place grout until all blockwork and reinforcing have been inspected and passed by the Building Consent Authority.

The registered mason is to certify in writing that the masonry observation and work has been carried out in accordance with the relevant NZ Standards. Provide a Producer Statement - Construction (PS3).

1.9 DURABILITY

To [NZS 4210](#), Table 2.E1 - **Masonry durability requirements**. Refer to SELECTIONS.

EXPOSURE	DURABILITY REQUIREMENT		
NZS 3604 ZONES figure 4.2	MORTAR (Note 1)	BUILT IN COMPONENTS (Note 2)	MINIMUM COVER REINFORCEMENT (Note 3)
Zone D	M4	R4	30 (60)mm
Zone C	M4	R3	20 (50)mm
Zone B	M3	R3	15 (45)mm
Closed interiors	M2	R1	5 (35)mm
Walls against earth	M4	R4	30 (60)mm
Geothermal hotspots	M4	R5	Specific engineering design
Zone E (NZBC E2/AS1)	M4	R4	30 (60)mm

Notes

- 1. Mortar mixes to [NZS 4210](#), 2.2.2.1.
- 2. Classifications to the three parts of [AS/NZS 2699](#), R1 is light to heavy galvanised, R3 is heavy hot-dip galvanised, R4 is 316 stainless steel, R5 specific performance.
- 3. Cover is measured to [NZS 4210](#) from the inside face of the block cell (or in brackets to the outside face of the block, assuming 30mm shell thickness).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MASONRY UNITS

To [AS/NZS 4455.1](#).

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Grade 500E to [AS/NZS 4671](#) deformed mild steel except for ties in plain round mild steel and as detailed.

Refer to the Concrete section for reinforcing and mesh for slabs.

2.3 MORTAR

Sand to [NZS 3103](#). Chloride levels to not exceed 0.04% by dry weight of sand. Mortar to [NZS 4210](#): section 2.2, Mortar. Compressive strength minimum 12.5 MPa at 28 days

2.4 GROUT

To [NZS 4210](#): section 2.3, Grout, with minimum compressive strength of 17.5 MPa.

2.5 WATER

To [NZS 3121](#). Water from a territorial authority/NUO water supply is acceptable.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 MASONRY CONSTRUCTION GENERALLY

To [NZS 4210](#), [NZS 4229](#) as modified by [NZBC E2/AS3 \(CCANZ CP 01\)](#).

3.2 STORAGE

Store masonry units clear of the ground, under cover and well ventilated until placed in the work. Handle and store reinforcing steel and accessories without damage or contamination. Store on timber fillets on hard ground in a secure area clear of any building operation. Lay steel fabric flat. Ensure reinforcement is clean and remains clean so that at the time of placing concrete it is free of all loose mill scale, loose rust and any other contamination that may reduce bonding capacity.

3.3 MOISTURE CONTENT

Ensure masonry units are air dry prior to laying.

3.4 CHECK BASE CONCRETE

Ensure the base concrete is true to line and level, requiring a base mortar bed of 10mm (minimum) to 20mm (maximum). Ensure that all laitance, loose aggregate, or anything preventing bond is removed prior to laying masonry units.

3.5 STARTER POSITIONS

Before commencing laying masonry units, check the location of starter reinforcement by measure or by a dry trial lay up of the first course. Do not correct misplacement by cranking bars. Where misplacement exceeds the location tolerance, obtain written direction before proceeding.

3.6 REINFORCEMENT

Reinforcement to [NZS 4229](#) and [NZS 4210](#): 2.6, **Reinforcing details**. Cut and bend bars using proper bending tools to avoid notching and to the requirements of [NZS 3109](#). Do not rebend bars. Where rebending is approved, use a purpose built tool, proper preparation and preheating.

3.7 REINFORCEMENT LAPS

Tie all lapping bars to each other.

Minimum wall reinforcing laps schedule

BAR TYPE	LAP LENGTH
Deformed	40 diameters
Plain round (with hooks)	80 diameters

For shrinkage control joint reinforcing refer to clause VERTICAL CONTROL JOINTS.

3.8 COVER

Cover to [NZS 4210](#), Table 2.E1 - **Masonry durability requirements**, refer to DURABILITY clause in SELECTIONS.

3.9 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING REINFORCING

If it is a project requirement, ensure that reinforcing is electrically equipotential bonded (or at least conductor cable attached) before laying/grouting. For bonded reinforcing ensure all reinforcing is interconnected with good contact at joints and tight conductive ties.

3.10 TOLERANCES

Construct within the tolerances set out in [NZS 4210](#): clause 2.6.5, **Tolerances**, and clause 2.7.1, **General**. Lay masonry units with bedding of consistent thickness throughout. Reinforcement to [NZS 3109](#): 3.9 **Tolerances for reinforcement**.

3.11 PROTECTION

Protect fair-faced masonry walls, keeping them clear of mortar droppings, grout splashes, or stains of any kind.

3.12 LAY MASONRY UNITS

Ensure consistent, fully filled and tooled joints. Where walls are reinforced, prevent mortar droppings from entering the cells to be grouted. Provide clean out holes at base of wall, unless "low lift" ([NZS 4210](#)) grouting is used. Ensure reinforcement is accurately placed and tied. Lay in regular stretcher bond with all necessary special units and sill units. Cut masonry, if necessary, true and square without chipping.

3.13 MASONRY UNITS JOINTS

Not exceeding 10mm thick, or less than 8mm when the units are bedded in. Joints tooled concave, unless detailed otherwise.

3.14 VERTICAL CONTROL JOINTS

To [NZS 4229](#) 12.1 **Shrinkage control joints**.

Locate at major changes of wall height or thickness, at openings, at ground slab control joints, and at not more than 6m centres, or, as shown on the drawings. Where reinforcement passes through a control joint, provide for breaking bond using methods detailed on [NZS 4229](#) fig. 12.2, **Control joint detail...**, unless specifically detailed otherwise.

3.15 BRACING

Provide sufficient temporary lateral bracing to ensure stability until the final supporting construction is in place.

3.16 PRE-GROUTING INSPECTION

Inspect walls prior to grouting. Ensure cells are clean and reinforcement is correctly placed. Where "high lift" (to [NZS 4210](#)) grouting is used, seal the clean out holes and brace to prevent blow outs.

3.17 GROUT CELLS

Grout all masonry unit cells.

3.18 GROUTING PROCEDURE

Use procedures set out in [NZS 4210](#). Methods acceptable on this project are:

- high lift grouting with expansive admixture
- high lift grouting without expansive admixtures
- low lift grouting.

3.19 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

Form and treat construction joints between grout pours and between masonry walls and hardened concrete work to ensure bonding occurs. Comply with [NZS 4210](#): 2.16, **Horizontal construction joints**.

3.20 MORTAR-IN COMPONENTS

Mortar-in components such as sills, copings, lintels, and steps, as work proceeds.

3.21 BUILD-IN

Build-in plugs, bolts, ties, metal flashings, dowels, fastenings and fixings as required by all trades and as shown on the drawings.

3.22 PROGRESSIVE CLEANING

Clean off mortar splashes and grout spills as they occur, making good any damage at the same time.

3.23 FINAL CLEANING

Clean down masonry work and remove waste material from adjoining surfaces and floors at completion.

3.24 REMOVE

Remove from the site materials not used.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 MASONRY UNITS

Brand:	Firth
Width:	190 mm
Bond:	stretcher

4.2 GROUT

Design strength:	17.5 MPa at 28 days
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Aggregate size:	13.2mm maximum
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Note: if expansive agents are used the minimum strength must be 20 MPa or the design strength whichever is greater.

4.3 MORTAR JOINTS

Location:	exposed
Joint profile:	Concave
Mortar colour:	none

3820 CARPENTRY

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and erection of timber framing, as a framed structure, or as partitioning. It includes prefabricated timber and engineered wood.

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
AS/NZS 1328.1	Glued laminated structural timber - Performance requirements and minimum production requirements
AS/NZS 1604.1	Preservative-treated wood-based products - Part 1: Products and treatment
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3603	Timber structures standard
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 3622	Verification of timber properties
NZS 3640	Chemical preservation of round and sawn timber
AS/NZS 4357.0	Structural laminated veneer lumber - Specification
FTMA CoP	Frame and Truss Manufacturers Association Code of Practice
*A copy of NZS 3604 Timber-framed buildings, must be held on site.	

1.2 QUALIFICATIONS

Workers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.3 DIMENSIONS

All timber sizes except for battens are actual minimum dried sizes.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 TIMBER FRAMING, TREATED

Species, grade and in service moisture content to [NZS 3602](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#) and treatment to [NZS 3640](#), [NZBC B2/AS1](#). Structural grade (SG) to [NZS 3604](#), [NZS 3622](#) with properties to [NZS 3603](#).

2.2 TIMBER TRUSSES

To [FTMA CoP](#). Moisture content 16% at supply.

2.3 WALL DWANGS, NOGS AND BLOCKING

If dwangs, nogs or blocking is required for exterior insulated walls, ensure they are not full depth of framing. Install flush with face of wall required, leaving a minimum 20mm or 45mm preferable gap to the other face to [NZS 3604](#), 8.8. Dwangs and nogs if required to be at 1350mm centres maximum to [NZS 3604](#), 8.8.

2.4 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS - TIMBER - NON-STRUCTURAL

H3.1 or H3.2 Radiata pine battens, minimum 20mm thickness, width and height to match timber framing studs. Temporary fix battens before being fixed into the framing with the cladding fixings. To [NZS 3602](#), table 1, reference 1D.10, Requirements for wood-based building components to achieve a 50-year durability performance.

2.5 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS - PROPRIETARY - NON-STRUCTURAL

Extruded polypropylene battens, size approximately 45mm wide x 18mm thickness. Temporary fix battens before being fixed into the framing with the cladding fixings. To the scope limitations of [NZBC E2/AS1](#), and [NZS 3604](#) Building Wind Zones up to, and including "Extra High".

2.6 NAILS

Type to [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the size and number for each particular types of joint as laid down in the nailing schedules of [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10.

2.7 SCREWS

Wood screws to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), 2.4 Fastenings and Fabrication, and section 4, **Durability**, and of the type, number and form required for each screw application to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10.

2.8 BOLTS AND COACH SCREWS

Bolts and coach screws complete with washers, to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), clause 2.4.5 Bolts and Coach Screws, and section 4, **Durability**, and of the type, number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10.

2.9 NAIL PLATES

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6 - 10. Plates to the plate manufacturer's design for the particular locations as shown on the drawings.

2.10 CONNECTORS

Comply with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and form required for each particular junction to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10. Connectors and structural brackets to the connector manufacturer's design for particular locations shown on drawings.

2.11 CORROSION RISKS

For interior timber, treated with copper-based timber preservatives (H3.2 or higher), use a minimum of hot-dipped galvanized steel fixings and fasteners.

For exterior timber, timber in damp areas and timber subject to occasional wetting, use only stainless steel (or equivalent) fixings and connectors, when the timber is treated with; Copper Azole (CuAz, Preservative code 58), Alkaline Copper Quaternary (ACQ, Preservative code 90), Micronise Copper Azole (code 88) or Micronised Copper Quaternary (code 89).

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY

To [NZS 3604](#) except as varied in this specification. Execution to include those methods, practices and processes contained in the unit standards for the National Certificate in Carpentry and the National Certificate in Joinery (cabinetry, exterior joinery, stairs).

3.2 SEPARATION

Separate all timber framing timbers from concrete, masonry and brick by: -

- a full length bituminous damp-proof membrane overlapping timber by at least 6mm; or
- a 12mm minimum free draining air space

3.3 ATTENDANCE

Provide and fix blocks, nogs, openings and other items as required by other trades.

3.4 MOISTURE CONTENT

Maximum allowable equilibrium moisture content (EMC) for non air-conditioned or centrally heated buildings for framing to which linings are attached.

Framing at erection: 24% maximum

Framing at enclosure: 20% maximum

Framing at lining: 16% maximum

3.5 SET-OUT

Set out framing in accordance with the requirements of [NZS 3604](#) and as required to support sheet linings and claddings. When necessary provide framing to suit any required cladding/lining control joints and sheet joints.

3.6 FRAMING WALLS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with lintels, sills and nogs, all fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 8, **Walls**.

3.7 FRAMING ROOFS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with valley boards, ridge boards and purlins.

Design and fit roof trusses complete with anchorage. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 9, **Posts** and 10, **Roof framing**.

3.8 FRAMING CEILINGS

Frame to required loading and bracing complete with runners and battens set out to support ceiling lining. All fabricated and fastened to [NZS 3604](#), section 13, **Ceilings**. Trim for openings in ceilings and hatches to [NZS 3604](#) section 13.3, **Openings in ceilings**. Provide blocking for water tanks located in the ceiling space to [NZS 3604](#), section 13.4, **Water tanks in roof space**.

3.9 INSTALLING WALL UNDERLAYS

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC section

3.10 FIT CAVITY BATTENS

Fit and fix 20mm cavity battens over wall underlay or rigid air barrier, fully nail to timber studs to the requirements of the manufacturer or to [NZS 3604](#). Fit and fix related flashings. Make allowance for cladding control joints where required. Fit and fix cavity closers to base of walls, open horizontal (or raking) junctions and over openings (windows, meters etc.).

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 EXTERIOR WALL FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Exterior walls:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Nogs	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Wall battens (not cavity):	Radiata pine	Merch	H3.2

4.2 CAVITY BATTENS

Cavity battens	Species	Grade	Treatment
Timber - Non Structural:	Radiata pine	Merchantable	H3.1

4.3 ROOF FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Rafters:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Trusses:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Purlins:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Ceiling joists and battens:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Skillion roof framing:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2

4.4 INTERIOR FRAMING - RADIATA PINE

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Non structural walls:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2
Structural and braced walls:	Radiata pine	SG8	H1.2

4.5 EXTERIOR EXPOSED TIMBERS

Member	Species	Grade	Treatment
Posts:	Radiata pine	SG8	H3.2 CCA
Joists:	Radiata pine	SG8	H3.2 CCA
Exterior stairs and steps:	Radiata pine	SG8	H3.2 CCA
Pergola:	Radiata pine	SG8	H3.2 CCA
Ground contact members	Radiata pine	SG8	H5 CCA

Note all CCA to be preservative code 01 or 02

4121SB SIKA® BLACKSEAL® ELASTIC

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the application of the Sika® Blackseal® Elastic system, as a waterproof membrane behind retaining walls, and as a damp proof membrane for underground structures. Sika® Blackseal® Elastic will cover concrete, concrete block, brick, wood and metal.

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BCA	Building Consent Authority
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZS [ISO 9001](#) Registered Supplier

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer and supplier documents relating to this part of the work:

Sika® Blackseal® Elastic Product Data Sheet
[BRANZ Appraisal 770 - Sika Blackseal Elastic Damp Proof Membrane](#)

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company:	Sika (NZ) Ltd
Web:	www.sika.co.nz
Email:	info@nz.sika.com
Telephone:	0800 745 269
Facsimile:	0800 745 232

1.4 WARRANTY

Sika® Blackseal® Elastic warrant under normal conditions of use against product failure.
 10 years When applied in accordance with application and preparation procedures as specified in the Sika (NZ) Ltd product technical data sheets.

- Provide the warranty in the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

The applicator must be trained by and registered with Sika (NZ) Ltd. Applicators to be an LBP for restricted building work.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

1.7 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation: -

- Applicators approval certificate from the manufacturer / importer / distributor
- Manufacturer's, importer's or distributor's warranty
- Installer's / applicator's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SIKA® BLACKSEAL® ELASTIC

Water based bitumen emulsion modified with a styrene acrylic copolymer. A brush applied waterproof membrane. Manufactured under [ISO 9001](#).

2.2 SIKA® BLACKSEAL® -1

Bitumen based one-component joint sealant.

2.3 SIKA® BLACKSEAL® PROTECTION SHEET

High impact and abrasion resistant protective backing sheet.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

Take delivery of materials and goods and store on site and protect from damage. Store in a dry place below 35°C and away from frost.

3.2 WEATHER

Apply only in fair weather with ambient and substrate temperature above 10°C and below 30°C.

3.3 PREPARATION

Prepare surface to be treated as follows;

- Clean down surfaces to be treated by removing all dust, grease, laitance and foreign matter.
- Remove any form release agent residues and curing compounds by high pressure water blasting, grit blasting or mechanical wire brushing.
- Grind back to smooth any dags, sharp edges or ridges.
- Fill surface irregularities using appropriate Sika product.
- Form a cove where required in internal corners.
- Lightly dampen surface to be treated with water, but ensure that no free water remains.
- Stir Sika® Blackseal® Elastic thoroughly before use.

3.4 REMOVE OTHER FORMWORK

Ensure that formwork has been removed or partially removed from the other face(s) to the membrane face, to the extent that it allows moisture to escape from the concrete to ensure no vapour pressure develops beneath the membrane.

3.5 CONTROL JOINTS

Seal movement control joints in concrete or concrete masonry with Sika® Blackseal® -1 prior to applying Sika® Blackseal® Elastic.

3.6 PRIMING

Lightly dampen the surface to be treated but ensure that no free water remains. Apply primer coat consisting of 1 part Sika® Blackseal® Elastic and 1 part water.

3.7 APPLICATION

Apply 2 full undiluted coats of Sika® Blackseal® Elastic using a coarse whitewash brush. Allow each coat a minimum of 4 hours drying before re-coating. Apply the second coat in the opposite direction to the first coat. Terminate the membrane at ground level.

3.8 CURING

Full cure may take up to 24 hours depending on the conditions.

3.9 WALL PROTECTION

Protect Sika® Blackseal® Elastic immediately after curing using Sika® Blackseal® Protection Sheet for walls. Commence backfilling within 48 hours of application. Do not expose Sika® Blackseal® Elastic to sunlight or UV radiation.

3.10 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal of all debris, unused and temporary materials and elements from the site.

3.11 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.sika.co.nz

4.1 SIKA® BLACKSEAL® ELASTIC

Location: stepped slab retaining wall
Type/Brand: Sika® Blackseal® Elastic

4171IB IBS RIGIDRAP RIGID AIR BARRIER SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the use of **RigidRAP®** as a rigid air barrier system and bracing element in both residential and commercial timber framed buildings.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to the appropriate timber frame section for timber framing.

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Documents

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC B2/AS1	Durability
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3603	Timber Structures Standard
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
EN 300:2006	Oriented strand boards (OSB). Definitions, classifications and specifications

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

IBS RigidRAP Installation Details - dwg, pdf or jpg format
 IBS RigidRAP® Product Specification
 IBS RigidRAP® Maintenance & Warranty
 IBS RigidRAP® Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0)
 CodeMark™ Product Certificate CM70035
 IBS RigidRAP® PASS V1 (Product Assurance Supplier Statement)

Manufacturer/supplier contact details:

Company: Independent Building Supplies Limited
 Web: www.ibs.co.nz
 Email: info@ibs.co.nz
 Telephone: 0800 367 759

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:
 50 years For IBS RigidRAP®

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form (if unavailable, use the standard form in the general section 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT)
- Commence the warranty from the date of Practical Completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Installers to be experienced, competent trades people familiar with the **RigidRAP®** materials and techniques specified. Installation must be carried out, or supervised by, a Licensed Building Practitioner.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the **RigidRAP®** specified systems, components or associated products listed in this section.

1.8 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation:

- Manufacturer's / supplier's warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the applicator / installer
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

RigidRAP® installed as bracing

1.9 BRACING SYSTEM

Provide braced wall systems using the **RigidRAP®** bracing system to meet the requirements of [NZS 3604](#) Section 5, **Bracing design**. Refer to drawings and bracing ID schedule for location and type.

Building wind zone H (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

Earthquake zone: 1 (refer to [NZS 3604](#) figure 5.4)

Buildings or parts of buildings beyond the scope of [NZS 3604](#) must be to specific design - the **RigidRAP®** bracing system provides bracing resistance for walls and subfloor foundations for light timber framed buildings under wind and earthquake loading to [NZBC B1 Structure](#), and specifically designed to [NZS 3603 Timber Structures Standard](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 IBS RIGIDRAP®

Used as a rigid air panel (RAP), certified to CodeMark™ certificate CM70035, panels are faced with a BRANZ appraised laminated synthetic building wrap. Low formaldehyde emitting, 8mm thick, 3-layered, flat pressed panels of oriented strands (OSB3 micro veneers) are sourced from [PEFC/FSC](#) certified forests and bonded with synthetic resin. The OSB is manufactured by Swiss Krono to EN 300 and certified to EN 13986.

IBS **RigidRAP®** meets the requirements of [NZBC E2/AS1](#), Table 23.

Available in sheet sizes:

- 2440mm x 1196mm x 8mm
- 2745mm x 1196mm x 8mm
- 3050mm x 1196mm x 8mm

2.2 FIXINGS

To [NZS 3604](#), Table 4.3.

Application:	Zone:	Minimum nail length:
Rigid air barrier (not used as bracing)	Zone D & E	Type 304 Stainless Steel, Gauge 8 x 25mm Surefix screws or 45mm x 2.5mm stainless steel nails annular grooved

Application:	Zone:	Minimum nail length
Structural wall bracing	Zone D & E	Type 304 Stainless Steel, Gauge 8 x 25mm Surefix screws or 45mm x 2.5mm stainless steel nails annular grooved

2.3 PVC FLASHINGS

PVC horizontal and PVC cavity closure flashings or acceptable flashings to [NZS 3604](#) and IBS **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0). A proprietary 'Z' flashing must be installed at mid-floor level where **RigidRAP®** is used above a single storey.

2.4 FLEXIBLE SEALING TAPE

Self-adhesive joint sealing tape minimum of 50mm wide to be approved for use with IBS **RigidRAP®** and installed to tape manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions. If all joints are taped in accordance with IBS **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0), additional building wrap is not required.

IBS approved joint-sealing tapes:

- Marshall Innovations SUPER-STICK Building Tape®
- Pro ClimaTescon Extoria
- Techno Insulation FlameFlash™
- Techno Insulation Watertight®
- 3M™ All Weather Flashing Tape
- Masons 40 Below
- Dristud Cool Tape
- Frame Protection System Euroband S 60

2.5 BRACING HOLD-DOWN CONNECTORS

GIB HandiBrac® hold-down brackets manufactured by MiTek™ NZ complete with mechanical fastener with a minimum 15kN uplift capacity for concrete floors and 150mm x 12mm dia galvanized coach screw for timber floors.

2.6 BRACING STRAPS

Mild steel galvanized steel straps to suit application, 25mm x 1.0mm. Nail-on type to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, and of the number and type required for each particular application to [NZS 3604](#), sections 6-10.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store panels horizontally on squared bearers or gluts, at 800mm centres maximum. Do not store directly on the ground. Remove strapping and shrink wrap immediately upon arrival at the installer's storage area or on site.

Protect from direct exposure to the weather in a well ventilated area.

Reject and replace goods that are damaged or will not provide the required finish.

Provide a 48 hour acclimatisation period to adjust to site conditions before fixing.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to the general section 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check work previously carried out and confirm it is of the required standard for this part of the work.

Moisture content: 20% maximum in use

3.4 WALL FRAMING

Kiln dried timber framing (maximum moisture content 18%) sizes and set outs to [NZS 3604](#) with stud and nog centres and timber widths to **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0).

Treatment to [NZBC B2/AS1](#) and [NZS 3602](#).

3.5 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.6 FASTENERS

Fasten in accordance with CodeMark™ certificate CM70035 and **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0) -

- Bracing element - 150mm centres around perimeter and 300mm centres on intermediate supports of each sheet
- Rigid air barrier - 300mm centres around perimeter and 300mm centres on intermediate supports of each sheet.

3.7 SUPPORT EDGES AND JOINTS

Fully support edges and joints as per **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0).

3.8 PENETRATIONS AND FLASHINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.5 and 9.1.6.

Required preparatory work includes the following:

- Materials lapped in a way that water tracks down to the exterior face of the **RigidRAP®** rigid air barrier.
- Underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations.

3.9 CUT EDGES

Seal cut edges with tape or a waterproof product to prevent moisture ingress.

3.10 FIXING RIGIDRAP SHEETS - BRACING

Fix in accordance with [NZS 3604](#) and **RigidRAP®** Design & Installation Guide (Oct 2020 V2.0).

Ensure that:

- Required hold down, strapping, angles, or bolts are in place, and that framing centres are correct.

- GIB HandiBrac® hold-down connections are fixed at each end of bracing element. Refer to the installation instructions supplied with connectors for correct bolt types to be used for either concrete or timber floors.
- Within the length of the bracing element, bottom plates are fixed to the requirements of [NZS 3604](#).
- Bottom plate fixing - M12 hold down bolts with 50mm x 50mm x 3mm washers when using strap brace method. Hold down bolts provided with system when using GIB HandiBrac® method.

3.11 BRACING SYSTEM 1 - RIGIDRAP 300MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC®

Panel size - 300mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.12 BRACING SYSTEM 2 - RIGIDRAP 400MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC®

Panel size - 400mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.13 BRACING SYSTEM 3 - RIGIDRAP 600MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC®

Panel size - 600mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts, 8 x 25mm stainless steel Surefix screws or 45mm x 2.5mm stainless steel nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.14 BRACING SYSTEM 4 - RIGIDRAP 1200MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC®

Panel size - 1200mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.15 BRACING SYSTEM 5 - RIGIDRAP 2400MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC®

Panel size - 2400mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.16 BRACING SYSTEM 6 - RIGIDRAP 1200MM X 2400MM WALL

Panel size - 1200mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
No hold down brackets

3.17

BRACING SYSTEM 7 - RIGIDRAP 400MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC® AND GIB® BOARD

Panel size - 400mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
GIB® Standard 10mm board on inside face of stud framing
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.18

BRACING SYSTEM 8 - RIGIDRAP 600MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC® AND GIB® BOARD

Panel size - 600mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts, 8 x 25mm stainless steel Surefix screws or 45mm x 2.5mm stainless steel nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
GIB® Standard 10mm board on inside face of stud framing
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.19

BRACING SYSTEM 9 - RIGIDRAP 1200MM X 2400MM WALL USING GIB HANDIBRAC® AND GIB® BOARD

Panel size - 1200mm x 2400mm
Wall Construction:
90mm x 45mm MSG8 studs (600mm centres), plates
8mm RigidRAP® board one side, 30mm x 2.5mm dia galvanized clouts or 45mm x 2.5mm s/s annular grooved nails at 150mm centres around the perimeter
GIB HandiBrac® hold down brackets fixed to each end of studs and to bottom plate with concrete hold downs to manufacturer's specifications
GIB® Standard 10mm board on inside face of stud framing
Tested on a concrete floor with M12 hold down bolts

3.20 ROUTINE CLEANING

Carry out routine trade cleaning of this part of the work including periodic removal of all debris, unused and temporary materials and elements from the site.

3.21 DEFECTIVE OR DAMAGED WORK

Repair damaged or marked elements. Replace damaged or marked elements where repair is not possible or will not be acceptable. Leave work to the standard required for following procedures. Tape over any damage to the paper.

3.22 PROTECTION

Maximum exposure to weather prior to cladding installation - 90 days.

3.23 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and, if required, commissioning requirements.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.ibs.co.nz

Substitutions are not permitted to the following **RigidRAP®** product, or associated components, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 IBS RIGIDRAP BRACING

Location: Refer to the bracing plan
 Manufacturer: IBS RigidRAP®
 Thickness: 8mm
 Bracing System: 4 & 5

4.2 FIXINGS - STRUCTURAL

Type/size/material: Type 304 Stainless Steel, Gauge 8 x 25mm Surefix screws, or: 45mm x 2.5mm stainless steel nails annular grooved.

4.3 JOINT SEALING TAPE

IBS approved tapes: Marshall Innovations SUPER-STICK Building Tape
 Pro ClimaTescon Extoria
 Techno Insulation FlameFlash
 Techno Insulation Watertight
 3M All Weather Flashing Tape
 Masons 40 Below
 Drifted Cool Tape
 Frame Protection System Euroband S 60

4231HH JAMES HARDIE HARDIE™ FLEX SHEET CLADDING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet cladding systems.

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS/NZS 2908.2	Cellulose-cement products - Flat sheet
NZS 3602	Timber and wood-based products for use in building
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings

1.2 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

James Hardie documents relating to this part of the work:
Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification
James Hardie Fire and Acoustic Design Manual

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company:	James Hardie New Zealand Limited
Web:	www.jameshardie.co.nz
Email:	info@jameshardie.co.nz
Telephone:	Ask James Hardie™ on 0800 808 868.

1.3 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

15 years:	For James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet cladding (refer to James Hardie® product warranty)
15 year:	For accessories supplied by James Hardie (refer to James Hardie® product warranty)
From:	Date of purchase

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer's standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.4 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified system, or associated components and products.

1.5 SAFE WORKING

To James Hardie requirements for safe working practices with James Hardie® products, particularly with regards to cutting and drilling.

1.6 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Provide relevant James Hardie maintenance requirements at completion of the work.

1.7 PERFORMANCE - WIND

The design wind speeds/zones are to [NZS 3604](#), up to and including Extra High Wind Zone. James Hardie Technical Specifications are suitable for these conditions.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 HARDIE™ FLEX SHEET

James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet, medium density autoclaved sheet, 6mm thick manufactured from treated cellulose fibre, Portland cement, sand and water. Cured by high pressure autoclaving and manufactured to [AS/NZS 2908.2](#).

2.2 FASTENER TYPE

Fasteners to minimum durability requirements of the NZBC. Refer to [NZS 3604](#), section 4, **Durability**, for requirements for fixing's material to be used in relation to the exposure conditions.

Refer to [NZBC E2/AS1, Table 20](#), Material selection for fixing material, and [NZBC E2/AS1, Table 21](#), Compatibility of materials in contact, for selection of suitable fixing materials and their compatibility with other materials.

Zone	Fixings Material
Zone B, Zone C	Hot-dipped galvanized
Bracing - All zones	Grade 316 Stainless

Check against SED (specific engineering design) requirements for microclimate conditions.

2.3 GALVANIZED NAILS

Hot-dip galvanized Hardie™ Flex nails for Hardie™ Flex Sheet
60mm x 3.15mm diameter or 40mm x 2.8mm diameter.

2.4 STAINLESS STEEL NAILS

316 Stainless steel Hardie™ Flex nails for Hardie™ Flex Sheet fixing
60mm x 3.15mm diameter or 40mm x 2.8mm diameter.

2.5 JOINTERS AND CAPPING MOULDS

Extruded uPVC jointer, 2 way jointer, capping and scotia mould.

2.6 FLASHING TAPES

Inseal® 3259, 1.5mm thick x 48mm wide black compressible medium density closed cell foam tape.

2.7 SEALANT

Sika AT Facade sealant or similar. Refer to the sheet manufacturer's technical literature for selection and use requirements.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 STORAGE

Take delivery of products dry and undamaged on pallets, and keep on pallet. Protect edges and corners from damage and covered to keep dry until fixed.

3.2 HANDLING

Avoid distortion and contact with potentially damaging surfaces. Do not drag sheets across each other, or across other materials. Protect edges, corner and surface finish from damage.

3.3 SUBSTRATE

Do not commence work until the substrate is of the standard required for the specified finish; plumb, level and in true alignment. Moisture content of timber framing must not exceed the requirements specified by [NZS 3602](#) to minimise shrinkage and movement after sheets are fixed.

3.4 SEAL EDGES

Seal site cut sheet edges prior to installation. Seal sheet edges around window and door openings, meter boxes and at other penetrations.

3.5 FIRE RESISTANCE RATING, FIBRE CEMENT

Install mineral fibre insulation or glass fibre insulation fitted tightly in the timber framing cavity. Apply fire retardant wall underlay to the exterior face of the framing and fix fibre cement cladding and lining sheets, direct or on cavity. Refer to project drawings for FRR system construction details and James Hardie Fire and Acoustic Design Manual for further information.

3.6 BRACING SYSTEM

Fix sheets in accordance with James Hardie Bracing Design Manual.

3.7 PENETRATIONS AND FLASHINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- Wall underlay appropriately incorporated with penetration and junction flashings.
- Materials lapped in a way that water tracks down to the exterior face of the wall underlay.
- Wall underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations
- Required holes in cladding accurately formed and cut to James Hardie requirements, ensure

(if required) services penetration grommets/sleeves/seals/tapes are in place prior to cladding installation.

- Claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- Installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

3.8 SHEET LAYOUT

All sheet edges must be supported by the framing. Fix Hardie™ Flex Sheet vertically.

3.9 VERTICAL JOINT

Joint Hardie™ Flex Sheets to James Hardie® technical specification.

3.10 HORIZONTAL JOINT

Provide a horizontal joint at floor joist levels to accommodate the movement resulting from timber joist shrinkage and settlement.

For Hardie™ Flex Sheet use a James Hardie uPVC 'h' mould complete with 'h' mould jointer, or a purpose made 'z' flashing to form a horizontal joint.

3.11 INTERNAL CORNER JOINT

Internal corner mould

- Install James Hardie® internal corner mould for Hardie™ Flex Sheet. Fix sheets and mould to corner framing 12mm minimum from edge of Hardie™ Flex Sheet with Hardie™ Flex nails. Seal Hardie™ Flex Sheet edges before fixing. Refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

Tape/Underflashing

- Use 80mm wide Inseal tape or James Hardie uPVC corner underflashing to form a sealant filled internal corner. Refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

Timber battens

- Timber weather groove battens refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

3.12 EXTERNAL CORNER JOINT

External corner mould

- Install James Hardie® external corner mould for Hardie™ Flex Sheet. Fix sheets to corner framing 35mm minimum from corner in one direction and 40mm minimum from corner in the other direction with Hardie™ Flex nails. Seal Hardie™ Flex Sheet edges before fixing. Refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

Tape/Underflashing

- Use 80mm wide Inseal tape or James Hardie uPVC corner underflashing to form a sealant filled internal corner. Refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

Timber battens

- Timber weather groove battens refer to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

3.13 HORIZONTAL CONTROL JOINT

Install horizontal uPVC 'h' mould control joint flashing to Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification details.

3.14 FASTENER - SIZE AND LAYOUT

Fix Hardie™ Flex Sheet to framing using the fixings specified in James Hardie® Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification, Table 3 Sheet fixing, and in accordance with the following requirements:

- Nails must have a minimum clearance of 12mm from sheet edges and a minimum of 75mm vertically and 150mm horizontally from sheet corners.
- Nails must finish flush with sheet surface.

3.15 FIXING - DIRECT FIXED TO FRAME

Fix with 40mm x 2.8mm Hardie™ Flex nails. Fix sheet at 200mm centres at all sheet edges as well as all intermediate framing

3.16 GUN NAILING

Hardie™ Flex Sheet can be fixed using nail guns. The gun nails used must have a full round head to provide the required holding power. The length and gauge of nails must at a minimum be as specified in the James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet technical specification.

3.17 SEALANTS

Apply and use of sealants to manufacturer's instructions. Check with sealant manufacturer prior to coating over sealants.

3.18 PAINTING

Refer to painting section/s for protective coating system.

3.19 REPLACE

Replace all damaged or marked elements.

3.20 LEAVE

Leave work to the standard required for following procedures.

3.21 REMOVE

Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.jameshardie.co.nz.

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 JAMES HARDIE HARDIE™ FLEX SHEET CLADDING PANELS

Brand/type:	James Hardie Hardie™ Flex Sheet
Thickness:	6mm
Fastener type:	60 mm x 3.15 mm Hardie Flex nail
Fastener finish:	hot dipped galvanised
Vertical jointer:	uPVC
Horizontal jointer:	metal flashing

4.2 PAINTING

Refer to painting section/s for details.

4241S STEEL & TUBE PROFILED METAL WALL CLADDING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of **Steel & Tube** profiled metal wall cladding complete with accessories.

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BMT	Base metal thickness
NZMRM	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
AS/NZS 2728	Prefinished/pre painted sheet metal products for interior/exterior building applications - Performance requirements
AS 3566	Self-drilling screws for the building and construction industries
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZMRM CoP	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Code of Practice

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

Steel & Tube's literature, including:
 NZ Steel: Specifiers and Builders Guide
 NZ Steel: Installers Guide
 Product Technical Statements
 Design Solutions

Copies of the above literature are available from Steel & Tube

Web: www.steelandtube.co.nz
 Email: info@steelandtube.co.nz
 Telephone: Freephone 0800 333 247

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty in accordance with published supplier's guidance on materials, environments and building types:

15 years minimum	For perforation
15 years minimum	For coating

- Provide warranties on Steel & Tube's standard **Warranty Plus** format.
- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

5 years	Workmanship
From:	Date of installation

- Provide warranties on Steel & Tube's standard **Warranty Plus** warranty form
- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR for additional requirements.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified Steel & Tube products, or associated components and products.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Cladding Installers shall be experienced, competent installers familiar with Steel & Tube products. And for Restricted Building Work shall also be, an LBP or supervised by an LBP. Carry out work with experienced, competent installers familiar with the products being used and preferably with appropriate qualifications such as the National Certificate in Metal Roofing and Cladding.

1.8 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone High: 44 m/s ULS (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.4)

1.9 FIXINGS, WIND

Design and use the fixings/fixing pattern appropriate for the wind design parameters and [NZMRM CoP](#). Refer to Steel & Tube Roofing Solutions Product Guide for the selected profile. Allow for specific loadings at corners and the periphery of the cladding, where localised pressure factors apply. Fixing pattern to also take into account fixing method and girt/frame spacing.

1.10 CO-ORDINATE

Set cladding to vertical plumb lines and maintain verticality. Set all exposed fixings with horizontal string lines. Carefully set out sheets with side laps away from the main line of sight, and with the widths of end sheets the same. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and to keep fastenings in line.

1.11 SPREAD OF FIRE

To [NZBC C/AS1](#), 5.4 **Exterior surface finishes**, [NZBC C/AS2](#), 5.8 **External cladding systems** or [NZBC C/VM2](#).

1.12 PERFORMANCE

Install roofing material and associated flashings and accessories to form a weather tight and durable system.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRE-FINISHED ALUMINIUM/ZINC ALLOY COATED STEEL

Formability G550 steel sheet coated to [AS/NZS 2728](#).
Coating class: AZ 150

2.2 FASTENERS GENERALLY

Minimum Category 5 and durability not less than the roofing material being fixed. Screw fasteners to be head stamped identifying the manufacturer and class.

2.3 FIXING SCREWS

To AS 3566. Screws appropriate to the cladding material and the supporting structure, as required by **Steel & Tube** and with a durability no less than the material fixed. Screws into timber to penetrate by minimum 30mm.

2.4 RIVETS

Sealed aluminium, minimum diameter 4mm for use with zinc coated, zinc/aluminium coated or aluminium cladding.

2.5 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

Material, grade and colour as detailed and scheduled. Ensure that materials used for flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials and fixings. Where flashings are required but are not detailed, design to **Steel & Tube's** approved design solutions.

2.6 FLASHINGS

To [NZBC E2](#) /AS1, 4.0 **Flashings**.

Formable grade 0.55 BMT for galvanized, aluminium/zinc-coated and pre-painted steel, and 0.90 for aluminium (or 0.7mm for small aluminium flashings) to the same standards as the profiled sheets, notched where across profile or provided with a soft edge.

2.7 WALL AND PARAPET FLASHINGS

To [NZBC E2](#)/AS1, 4.0 **Flashings**.

Supplied by the cladding manufacturer to match or to suit the cladding.

2.8 EXTERIOR CAVITY WALL BATTENS

Refer to timber framing sections. For drained or non-drained cavities

2.9 EXTERIOR CAVITY CLOSER/VERMIN-PROOFING

Perforated uPVC or aluminium trays with upstands. Upstand one side 10mm and the other 75mm. Length and width to suit cavity.

Brand/Type: Vent Perf.

2.10 CLOSURE STRIPS

Non-bituminous compressible, profiled foam strips to fit the sheet profile, or pre notched perforated metal closures.

Brand/Type: Ecofoam

2.11 LAP SEALING TAPE

Closed cell self adhesive Trimseallap tape.

2.12 SEPARATION STRIP - TIMBER CAVITY BATTENS

PVC tape or similar as a separator between the timber battens and metal cladding. Ensure separator is slightly wider than the batten.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

Inspect the wall framing and supporting structure to ensure that it is complete and fully braced ready for cladding.

3.2 STORAGE

Stack cladding and accessories on clean, level areas of the site and protect from mechanical damage, wind damage and contamination. Loosely cover dry sheeting, with any wet sheeting fillet or cross stack to allow air to circulate. Remove strippable protective film, if applied, prior to prolonged exposure to sunlight.

3.3 FRAMING TIMBER MOISTURE

For transverse flashings the framing moisture content to be a maximum of 18%.. Transverse flashings can be temporarily tacked in place and final fixing done when moisture content is acceptable.

3.4 HANDLING

Avoid distortion and contact with damaging substances, including cement. Do not drag sheets across each other and other materials. Protect edges and surface finishes from damage.

3.5 SEPARATION

Isolate dissimilar materials in close proximity as necessary by painting the surfaces or fitting separator strips of compatible materials. Place isolators between metals and treated timber and cement based materials. Do not use unpainted lead sheet or copper in contact with or allow water run-off onto galvanized and aluminium/zinc-coated metals.

3.6 SET-OUT

Set cladding to vertical plumb lines and maintain verticality. Set all exposed fixings with horizontal string lines. Carefully set out sheets with side laps away from the main line of sight, and with the widths of end sheets the same. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and to keep fastenings in line.

3.7 AVOID END LAPS

End laps are not permitted, except where specifically detailed.

3.8 FIXING GENERALLY

Install and fix in accordance with the [NZMRM CoP](#). Use only screws as specified by **Steel & Tube**. Paint colour matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.9 FIX UNDERLAYS

Refer to 4161 UNDERLAYS, FOIL AND DPC.

3.10 INSTALL DRAINED CAVITY

Refer to timber framing sections for installation of drained cavities. Ensure horizontal battens are castellated or proprietary draining type like Cavibat. Install cavity closer/vermin proofing at base of wall, open horizontal (or raking) junctions and over openings (windows, meters etc).

3.11 PENETRATIONS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames and other penetrations through the cladding. Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall underlay to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames and other penetrations
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those required to be installed prior to installation of penetrating elements).

3.12 MARKING AND CUTTING

Cut only by shearing tools. Do not use black lead pencils for marking Zinalume®, galvanized, Colorsteel® or Colorcote® products.

3.13 FIX SHEETS

Fix sheets in place using the fastening system specified by **Steel & Tube** making due allowance for dynamic local wind pressures on the building and thermal movement in the sheet. Where battens are installed fasten cladding through battens to primary structure. Ensure fixings penetrate 30mm into primary timber structure.

3.14 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Flash to penetrations, cap corners and edges, using sealant and rivets to detail, to **Steel & Tube's** requirements and to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

3.15 COMPLETE

Ensure the work is complete with all flashings, finishing and trim properly installed so the cladding system is completely weathertight.

3.16 SEPARATION

Separate metal sheeting from CCA treated timber with wall underlay or other suitable isolation material.

3.17 REPLACE

Replace all damaged or marked elements.

3.18 LEAVE

Leave this work complete with all necessary flashings and capping all properly installed as the work proceeds so the finished cladding is completely weathertight.

3.19 REMOVE

Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.steelandtube.co.nz

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 COATING SYSTEM - EXPOSURE ZONE B-C (CAT 1-3)

Project Exposure Zone B-C to [NZS 3604](#), C 1-3 to ISO 9223.

Profile/location: Plumbdek

Base material: Zinalume on steel

Coating system: colorsteel Endura

Coating colour: Pioneer Red to match existing buildings

4.2 STEEL & TUBE - PLUMBDEK, LOW RIB TRAPEZOIDAL CLADDING

BMT/material: 0.55 mm Zinalume

Framing material: timber

Pan fixing: 12-11 x 50 Category 5 dual point with neos

4.3 FLASHINGS - GENERALLY

BMT/material:	Zincalume on steel
Coating system:	To match cladding
Paint colour:	To match cladding

4311SC STEEL & TUBE PROFILED METAL COMMERCIAL ROOFING

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and fixing of **Steel & Tube** profiled metal roofing for commercial and industrial buildings, complete with accessories.

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

BMT	Base metal thickness
NZMRM	New Zealand Metal Roofing Manufacturers Inc.
LBP	Licensed Building Practitioner

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC C/AS1, NZBC C/AS2	Protection from fire
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC G12/AS1	Water Supplies
AS 1397	Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
NZS 3403	Hot-dip galvanised corrugated steel sheet for building purposes
AS/NZS 2728	Pre-finished/pre-painted sheet metal products for interior/exterior building applications - Performance requirements
AS 3566	Self-drilling screws for the building and construction industries
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS/NZS 4200.1	Pliable building membranes and underlays - Materials
AS/NZS 4200.2	Pliable building membranes and underlays - Installation requirements
AS/NZS 4534	Zinc and zinc/aluminium-alloy coatings on steel wire
NZMRM CoP	NZ Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer and supplier documents related to this section are:

Steel & Tube literature, including:
Roofing Solutions Product Guide
Product Technical Statements

NZ Steel literature, including:
NZ Steel: Installers Guide

Copies of the above literature are available from **Steel & Tube**

Web: www.steelandtube.co.nz
Email: roofing@steelandtube.co.nz
Telephone: Freephone 0800 333 247

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty in accordance with published supplier's guidance on materials, environments and building types:

15 years minimum:	For perforation
15 years minimum:	For coatings

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:
Warrant this work under normal environmental and use conditions against weatherproofing failure.

2 years:	For workmanship
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- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard warranty form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of installation.

Include a copy of the maintenance requirements with the warranty.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR for additional requirements.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

Roof Installers shall be experienced and competent, familiar with the products being used, and preferably a member of RANZ with appropriate qualifications such as the National Certificate in Metal Roofing and Cladding. For restricted building work, installers to be an LBP or supervised by an LBP.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified **Steel & Tube** products, or associated components and products.

1.8 INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE

Provide the following compliance documentation:

- Manufacturer, importer, or distributor warranty
- Installer warranty
- Producer Statement - Construction from the installer
- Other information required by the BCA in the Building Consent Approval documents.

1.9 DESIGN PARAMETERS WIND - DESIGN BY CONTRACTOR

Design the installation to the manufacturer requirements and as appropriate for the project wind design stated in the general section 1220 PROJECT.

1.10 FIXINGS, WIND

Design and use the fixings/fixing pattern appropriate for the wind design parameters and [NZMRM CoP](#). Refer to **Steel & Tube** 'Product Technical Statements' for the selected profile. Allow for specific loadings at corners and the periphery of the roof, where localised pressure factors apply. Fixing pattern to also take into account fixing method and purlin spacing.

1.11 PERFORMANCE

Install roofing material and associated flashings and accessories in accordance with the [NZMRM CoP](#) to form a weather tight and durable roofing system, including all penetrations through the roof and junctions with walls and parapets.

1.12 DRINKING WATER

Roofing for collecting potable water to [NZBC G12/AS1](#).

1.13 CO-ORDINATE

Co-ordinate to ensure substrate and preparatory work is complete and other work programmed in the order required for access and completion of the roof. Ensure that all necessary members are positioned so that flashing can be fastened at both edges through the roof profile or cladding to the primary structure.

1.14 SPREAD OF FIRE FOR CLADDING

To [NZBC C/AS1](#), 5.4 **Exterior Surface Finishes**, [NZBC C/AS2](#), 5.8 **External cladding Systems** or [NZBC C/VM2](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRE-FINISHED ALUMINIUM/ZINC ALLOY COATED STEEL

Grade G550 steel sheet coated to [AS/NZS 2728](#)

Coating class: AZ 150 or AZ 200

2.2 FASTENERS GENERALLY

Minimum Category 4 and durability not less than the roofing material being fixed. Screw fasteners to be head stamped identifying the manufacturer and class.

2.3 FIXING SCREWS

To AS 3566. Screws appropriate to the roofing material and the supporting structure, as required by the roofing manufacturer and with a minimum Category 4 durability and not less than the material being fixed. Screws into timber to penetrate by minimum 30mm and 3 threads engagement for screws into steel.

2.4 RIVETS

Sealed aluminium, minimum diameter 4mm, for use with zinc coated, zinc/aluminium coated or aluminium roofing.

2.5 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.

Grade 0.55mm BMT for galvanized, aluminium/zinc-coated and pre-painted steel, and 0.90mm BMT for aluminium (or 0.70mm BMT for small aluminium flashings) to the same standards as the profiled sheets, notched where across profile or provided with a soft edge.

2.6 FLASHINGS TO VERGE, RIDGE AND HIP

To E2/AS1, 4.0, **Flashings**.

Supplied by the roofing manufacturer to match or to suit the roofing.

2.7 PIPE FLASHINGS

EPDM proprietary pipe flashing laid on 45° bias to roofing, with over-flashing or soaker flashing if required.

Pipe flashings should be positioned so that it dams a roofing pan no more than 50%, if this cannot be avoided use either an over-flashing back to the ridge, or a soaker flashing to which the pipe flashing is fixed.

2.8 SEALANT

Neutral curing silicone or MS polymer sealant.

2.9 VERMIN PROOFING

- PVC eaves comb
- Pre-notched perforated metal
- Compressible, profiled, closed cell foam strips (preferably perforated)

To fit the sheet profile.

2.10 LAP SEALING TAPE

Closed cell self-adhesive lap sealing tape.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

Stack roofing and accessories on clean, dry and level areas of the site and protect from mechanical damage, wind damage and contamination. Loosely cover dry sheeting. If any sheeting becomes wet, fillet or cross stack to allow air to circulate and dry the sheeting. Remove all strippable protective film, if applied, prior to prolonged exposure to sunlight.

Avoid distortion and contact with damaging substances, including but not limited to cement and sunscreen. Do not drag sheets across each other or other materials. Protect edges and surface finishes from damage. Use soft, flat soled shoes when fixing and for all other work on the roof.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Inspect the roof framing and supporting structure to ensure that it is complete and ready for roofing and free from any misalignments or protrusions that could adversely affect the roofing.

For transverse flashing the timber framing moisture content to be a maximum of 18%. Transverse flashing can be temporarily tacked in place and final fixing carried out when moisture content is acceptable.

3.4 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.5 SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

Ensure minimum 25mm air gap between insulation and roofing underlay.

3.6 FIX INSULATION

Refer to thermal insulation section(s).

3.7 LAY ROOF UNDERLAY

Fit and lap roofing underlay over the netting/mesh or use a self-supporting underlay. Lay underlay horizontally or vertically with a 150mm side lap, over-sailing the spouting and/or gutters by 10mm, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

3.8 SEPARATION

Place isolators between dissimilar metals and separate roofing from treated timber, cement-based and other incompatible materials, refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) Tables 21 and 22. Do not use unpainted lead sheet or copper in contact with, or allow water run-off onto, galvanized or Zincalume materials.

3.9 SET-OUT

Carefully set out with consideration of the position of side laps to take account of the line of sight. Ensure all sheets are square and over-sailing the gutter true to line. Check during fixing to eliminate creep or spread and string lines along purlin centres to keep fastenings in line.

3.10 END LAPS

End laps are not permitted, except where specifically detailed.

3.11 FIXING GENERALLY

Install and fix in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#), the [NZMRM CoP](#) requirements, and to **Steel & Tube's** recommendations. Paint colour matched fixings and accessories before installation.

3.12 MARKING AND CUTTING

Cut using shearing tools only. Do not use black lead pencils for marking aluminium/zinc coated products. Remove all cutting and drilling debris from the roof as work proceeds.

3.13 FIX SHEETS

Fix sheets in place using the fastening system required by **Steel & Tube** for specified profiles, making due allowance for dynamic local wind pressures on the building and thermal movement in the sheet.

3.14 THERMAL MOVEMENT

Roof fixing and jointing to conform to [NZMRM CoP](#) and **Steel & Tube** requirements. For thermal movement, refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 8.4.10 'Allowance for expansion', where required.

3.15 STOP ENDS AND DOWNTURNS

Form stop-ends at the upper end of sheets. The lower ends of trapezoidal and trough profile roofing shall be turned down at gutters, where the roof pitch is less than 10°. Form downturns at the gutter line where the roof pitch is less than 8 degrees. Form using purpose made tools.

3.16 FLASHING

Flash roof to parapets, walls and penetrations to detail. Where no detail is provided flash to [NZMRM CoP](#) recommendations and to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) requirements.

3.17 USE OF SEALANTS

Apply sealant in two narrow beads transversely across flashing intersections, close to the two edges, as detailed in the [NZMRM CoP](#). Avoid exposing sealant on outside surfaces.

3.18 FLASHING PENETRATIONS

Flash all penetrations through the roof. Fit pipe flashing with a proprietary collar flashing to manufacturer's requirements, where suitable, with other penetrations flashed as detailed to provide a weathertight installation. Ensure that all flashings are set to avoid any ponding of water.

3.19 INSTALL RIDGES

Install ridging by fastening to the purlins through the leading edge of the roofing. Do not fasten transverse flashing to timber with moisture content >18%.

3.20 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

3.21 REPLACE

Replace damaged or marked elements. Do not attempt to repair coatings by applying colour match paint to pre-finished surfaces.

3.22 LEAVE

Leave this work complete with all necessary valleys, ridges and hips all properly installed as the work proceeds so the finished roof is completely weathertight.

3.23 REMOVE

Remove trade rubbish and unused materials from the roof and surrounds daily during the work. Sweep down at the end of each day, and clean out spouting, gutters and rainwater pipes on completion of the roof. Remove debris, unused materials and components from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.steelandtube.co.nz

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 COATING SYSTEM - EXPOSURE ZONE B-C (CAT 1-3)

Project Exposure Zone B-C to [NZS 3604](#), C 1-3 to ISO 9223.

Profile/location: Plumbdek

Base material: Zinalume on steel

Coating system: Colorsteel Endura

Coating colour: Pioneer Red to match existing buildings

4.2 STEEL & TUBE - PLUMBDEK, LOW RIB TRAPEZOIDAL ROOFING

BMT/material: 0.55 mm Zinalume

Purlin material: timber

Fixing: 12g x 60 mm HWF class 4 dual point T17 with neoprene seals

Fixing pattern: Refer to Steel & Tube Plumbdek™ PTS for details

4.3 FLASHING - GENERALLY

Profile: refer to the drawings

BMT/material: Zinalume on steel

Coating system: To match roofing

Coating colour: To match roofing

4.4 FLEXIBLE PIPE FLASHING

Brand/Type: Dektite

4521AR APL RESIDENTIAL ALUMINIUM WINDOWS & DOORS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the fabrication, supply and installation of **APL Window Solutions** residential window and door systems manufactured by either **Altherm**, **First** or **Vantage**.

It includes:

- APL Architectural Series aluminium windows and doors
- Hardware and furniture
- Flashings and sealants

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS

SLS	Serviceability limit state
ULS	Ultimate limit state
WGanz	Window & Glass Association NZ
PQAS	Powder Coating Quality Assurance System

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F4/AS1	Safety from falling
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC H1/AS1-AS2	Energy efficiency
NZBC H1/VM1-VM2	Energy efficiency
AS/NZS 1170.2:2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
AS/NZS 1580.108.1	Methods of test for paints and related materials - Determination of dry film thickness on metallic substrates - Non destructive methods
AS/NZS 1734	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Flat sheet, coiled sheet and plate
AS/NZS 1866	Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Extruded rod, bar, solid and hollow shapes
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4211	Specification for performance of windows
NZS 4223.3	Glazing in buildings - Human impact safety requirements
NZS 4303	Ventilation for acceptable indoor air quality
AS/NZS 4680	Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles
BS EN 673	Glass in building - Determination of thermal transmittance (U-value) - Calculation method
AAMA 2603	Voluntary specification, performance requirements, and test procedures for pigmented organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels (with coil coating appendix)
AAMA 2604	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for high performance organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels
AAMA 2604.05	Performance requirements and test procedures for high performance organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels
AAMA 2605	Voluntary specification, performance requirements and test procedures for superior performing organic coatings on aluminium extrusions and panels
BS 3900	Methods of tests for paints, Part C5: Determination of film thickness
ISO 10077-1	Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters - Calculation of thermal transmittance - General
ISO 10077-2	Thermal performance of windows, doors and shutters - Calculation of thermal transmittance - Numerical method for frames
BRANZ BU 636	Protecting Glass From Damage

Window & Glass Association NZ (WGanz) documents:

Window Installation Guide	Guide to Window Installation as described in E2/AS1 Amendment 7
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PQAS
SFA 3503-03

Powder Coating Quality Assurance System
Anodic Oxide coatings on wrought aluminium for external architectural application (2005)

US Federal Specification:

TT-S-001543A Sealing compound, silicone rubber base (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)

TT-S-00230C Sealing compound, elastomeric type, single component (for caulking, sealing and glazing in buildings and other structures)

1.3 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents relating to this part of the work:

Altherm Specifier's Guide

First Specifier's Guide

Vantage Specifier's Guide

Vantage Guide to Fluoraset FP - Selling, Fabricating, Handling, Care and Maintenance

APL Guide to specifying powders and issuing/applying for warranties

APL Window Energy Efficiency Rating System (WEERS) Report Series

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: **APL Window Solutions**

Web: www.altherm.co.nz
www.firstwindows.co.nz
www.vantage.co.nz
www.aplnz.co.nz

Email: specifiersguide@aplnz.co.nz

Telephone:: 07 849 2113

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a material manufacturer/supplier warranty:

5 years:	For fabrication
2 years:	For hardware

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

5 years:	For installation
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- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified APL aluminium system, or associated components and products.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Work to be carried out by trades people experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified.

1.8 COMPLIANCE

Windows and doors to be manufactured and installed to [NZBC E2/AS1](#).

1.9 CERTIFICATION

Provide evidence of a certificate by a laboratory accredited by International Accreditation of New Zealand that the windows and doors offered comply with the requirements of [NZS 4211](#).

1.10 PERFORMANCE - WINDOWS AND DOORS

To [NZS 4211](#), including:

- deflection, opening sashes, air infiltration, water penetration, ultimate strength, torsional strength of sashes, marking.

Refer to SELECTIONS.

1.11 STRUCTURAL/WEATHER-TIGHTNESS

The structural and weather-tight performance of the completed joinery, the glazing and infill panels is the responsibility of the window fabricator.

1.12 PERFORMANCE - THERMAL, HOUSING ONLY

Thermal performance of windows & doors to [NZBC H1/AS1](#). The construction R-Value of windows & doors determined by Appendix E, Table E1.1.1 Construction R-values (R window) of selected generic windows and doors. Refer to SELECTIONS for construction R-values.

1.13 PERFORMANCE - THERMAL

Thermal performance of windows & doors to [NZBC H1/AS1-AS2](#) & [NZBC H1/VM1-VM2](#). The construction R-value of windows & doors determined in accordance with Appendix E, E1 Vertical windows and doors:

- Determine the thermal transmittance of window & doors in accordance with ISO 10077-1.
- Determine the thermal transmittance of framing in accordance with ISO 10077-2.
- Determine the thermal transmittance of glazing using BS EN 673.

Refer to SELECTIONS for construction R-values.

1.14 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Design the installation to the wind zone parameters of [NZS 3604](#), table 5.1.
Refer to SELECTIONS for wind zone.

1.15 CERTIFY COATINGS - POWDER COATING

Certify on request, compliance with this specification and support with control and sampling records. Test for film thickness to BS 3900, part C5, method No. 4, using method (b) or to AS/NZ 1580.108.1 for certifying thickness and method (a) where any dispute arises as to the thickness provided. The coating should be applied by an applicator who can certify that the coating has been applied in accordance with the specification.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 ALUMINIUM EXTRUSIONS

Alloy designation to comply with [AS/NZS 1866](#). Branded and extruded for anodising or powder coating.

2.2 ALUMINIUM SHEET AND STRIP

Complying with [AS/NZS 1734](#) of suitable thickness. Rolled for anodising or powder coating.
Alloy designation: 5251 - H16 or 5005 - H16

2.3 STAINLESS STEEL SHEET AND STRIP

Type: 316 austenitic steel
Finish grade: 2B (satin lustre)

2.4 GLASS

Refer to the glazing section for glass types and installation.

2.5 REVEALS - TIMBER PAINTED

Timber reveals for paint finish with all sides primed grooved for wall linings or flush finished for architraves.

2.6 FLASHINGS GENERALLY

To [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 9.1.10 **Windows and Doors**. Material, grade and colour of head flashings to match the window frames. Ensure that materials used for head, jamb and sill flashings are compatible with the window frame materials and fixings and cladding materials.

2.7 STANDARD CAVITY CLOSER

A device constructed from either aluminium or PVC to close the cavity above the window or door unit, between the cladding and head flashing, to provide ventilation in accordance with [NZBC E2/AS1](#) to the spaces above the window or door.

2.8 SUPPORT BAR

WGANZ extruded aluminium support bar with built in drainage and ventilation to **NZBC E2/AS1**, and support bar location bracket, to provide continuous support to the window unit. Size to suit cladding type.

2.9 GLAZING GASKETS

Thermoplastic rubber. Do not stretch glazing gaskets during installation. Measure and cut gaskets 5-10% over length before installation.

2.10 HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Hinges, stays, catches, fasteners, latches, locks and furniture as offered by the window and door manufacturer. Refer to SELECTIONS for type and finish. Key alike all lockable window hardware able to be keyed alike.

2.11 SAFETY STAYS

Stainless steel non releasable restrictors to limit window opening to **NZBC F4/AS1**, Section 2.0, **Opening windows**.

2.12 FIXING BRACKETS

Designed by manufacturer to specific design.

2.13 WEATHERING/INSTALLATION SEALANT

Building sealant used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for weather sealing aluminium frames to the cladding, complying with US Federal Specification TT-S-001543A, or a one-part polyurethane moisture curing, elastic joint sealant of medium modulus ($\pm 25\%$ movement) to US Federal Specification **TT-S-00230C**.

2.14 DURALLOY POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM

Polyester powder organic coating in accordance with **WGANZ PQAS** and AAMA 2603.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 DO NOT DELIVER**

Do not deliver to site any elements which cannot be unloaded immediately into suitable conditions of storage.

3.2 UNLOAD WINDOW JOINERY

Unload, handle and store elements in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 AVOID DISTORTION

Avoid distortion of elements during transit, storage and handling.

3.4 PREVENT DAMAGE

Store windows and doors on site in a clean and dry environment in such a manner as to prevent damage to prefinished surfaces. Stack the units in a vertical position resting on their sills, with layers interleaved between to prevent rubbing. Keep paper and cardboard wrappings dry.

3.5 PROPRIETARY ELEMENTS

Fix in accordance with the window manufacturer's requirements.

3.6 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings to BRANZ BU 636 and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades. Remove protection on completion.

3.7 ADDITIONAL PROTECTION

Supply and fix additional protection as necessary to prevent marking of surfaces which will be visible on completed work.

3.8 SUPPLY OF FIXINGS

Use only fixings and fastenings recommended by the manufacturer of the component being fixed and to comply with the ULS wind pressure stated in SELECTIONS. Ensure fixings and fastenings exposed to the weather are of aluminium, or Type 316 stainless steel or if not exposed to the weather may they be hot-dip galvanized steel with a coating weight of 610 g/m² complying with [AS/NZS 4680](#).

3.9 INSTALLATION FIXING

To [NZBC E2/AS1, 9.1.10.8](#), **Attachments for windows and doors**. Fix windows/doors through reveal to frame with a pair of 75 x 3.15mm minimum galvanised jolt head nails or a pair of 8 gauge x 65mm minimum stainless steel screws. Fix at a maximum of 450 centres along all reveals and a maximum of 150mm from reveal ends. Ensure fixings do not penetrate metal flashings. Install packers between reveals and framing at fixing points, except at the head.

3.10 FABRICATION

Fabricate frames as detailed on shop drawings. Install glazing, hinges, stays and running gear as scheduled. Provide temporary bracing and protection. Temporarily secure all opening elements for transportation.

3.11 TIMBER / PVC REVEALS

Before fixing to aluminium frames, ensure that timber reveals which are being painted have been primed on all surfaces. Securely fix reveals through aluminium fin.

3.12 HARDWARE GENERALLY

Factory fit all required and scheduled hardware. Account for all keys and deliver separately to the site manager.

3.13 SAFETY STAYS

Factory fit safety stays to all windows scheduled for safety stays and to all windows where safety stays are required to comply with [NZBC F4/AS1 4.0](#), Opening windows.

3.14 SUPPLY OF FIXINGS

Use only fixings and fastenings recommended by the manufacturer of the component being fixed and to comply with the ULS wind pressure stated in SELECTIONS.

3.15 EXPOSED FIXINGS AND FASTENINGS

Ensure fixings and fastenings exposed to the weather are of aluminium, or Type 304 stainless steel.

3.16 PROTECTED FIXINGS AND FASTENINGS

Fixings and fastenings not exposed to the weather may be hot-dip galvanized steel with a coating weight of 610 g/m² complying with [AS/NZS 4680](#).

3.17 CORROSION PROTECTION

Before fixing, apply suitable barriers of bituminous coatings, stops or underlays between dissimilar metals in contact, or between aluminium in contact with concrete.

3.18 CONFIRM PREPARATION OF EXTERIOR WALL OPENINGS

Confirm that exterior wall openings have been prepared ready for the installation of all window and door frames. Do not proceed with the window and door installation until required preparatory work has been completed.

Required preparatory work includes the following:

- wall cladding underlay/building wrap to openings finished and dressed off ready for the installation of window and door frames to [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.5](#) **Wall underlays to wall openings**.
- Full height 20mm jamb battens to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) figure 72A (direct fix only)
- claddings neatly finished off to all sides of openings
- installation of flashings (those which are required to be installed prior to frames).
- application of waterproof sealer to all door and window sills in concrete floor or concrete sill situations. To door sills only, apply a suitable membrane over the sealer
- all in accordance with the shop drawings, where applicable.

3.19 INSTALLATION

Fix to comply with the reviewed shop drawings and installation details including flashings and bedding compounds, pointing sealants and weathering sealants.

3.20 INSTALLATION CAVITY CONSTRUCTION

Install to [WGANZ Window Installation Guide](#) details and drawings including [WGANZ](#) sill support bars.

For thresholds with support bars fixed through membranes, pre-fill support bar screw holes with silicone sealant to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), figure 62(d).

3.21 INSTALL FLASHINGS

Install flashings to heads, jambs and sills of frames as supplied and required by the window manufacturer and as detailed on the drawings. Finish head flashings to match window finish.

Place all flashings so that the head flashing weathers the jamb flashings, which in turn weathers over the upstand of the sill flashing. Ensure that sill flashings drain to the outside air.

Except where window/door frames are recessed, ensure that head flashings over-sail unit by 20mm plus any jamb scribe width at each end.

3.22 COMPLETE AIR SEAL

To [NZBC E2/AS1:9.1.6 Air seals](#). Form an air-tight seal by means of proprietary expanding foam or sealants used with PEF backing rods, applied between the window / door reveal and structural framing to a depth of 10 - 20mm, to provide a continuous air tight seal to the perimeter of the window or door.

3.23 FIX HARDWARE

Fix all sash and door hardware and furniture as scheduled.

3.24 SEAL FRAMES ON SITE

Seal frames to each other and to adjoining structure and finishes, all as required by the window and sealant manufacturer and to make the installation weathertight.. In very high and extra high or greater wind zones, seal between the window head and the head flashing. Do not seal the junction between the sill member and the cladding or sill flashing which must remain open.

3.25 PREPARE JOINTS

Ensure joints are dry. Remove loose material, dust and grease. Prepare joints in accordance with the sealant manufacturer's requirements, using required solvents and primers where necessary. Mask adjoining surfaces which would be difficult to clean if smeared with sealant.

3.26 BACK UP

When using back-up materials do not reduce depth of joint for sealant to less than the minimum required by the manufacturer of the sealant. Insert polyethylene rod or tape back-up behind joints being pointed with sealant.

3.27 SEALANT FINISH

Tool sealant to form a smooth fillet with a profile and dimensions required by the sealant manufacturer. Remove excess sealant from adjoining surfaces, using the cleaning materials nominated by the sealant manufacturer and leave clean.

3.28 REMOVE TRADE DEBRIS

Remove trade debris by appropriate means on a floor by floor basis as each floor is completed and again before any work is covered up by others. Arrange for general removal.

3.29 TRADE CLEAN

Trade clean window frames, operable windows and doors, glass and other related surfaces inside and out at the time of installation to remove marks, dust and dirt, to enable a visual inspection of all surfaces.

3.30 PROTECTIVE COVERINGS

Retain protective coverings and coatings and keep in place during the fixing process. Provide protective coverings and coatings where required to prevent marking of surfaces visible in the completed work and to protect aluminium joinery from following trades. Anodised finishes should be protected from cement products and require immediate clean-up of cement splashes. Only use tapes that have passed [WGANZ](#) testing on powder coated products. Remove protection on completion.

3.31 REPLACE

Replace damaged, cracked or marked elements.

3.32 PROTECTION

Protect finishes against damage from adjacent and following work.

3.33 IN-SITU TOUCH-UP TO POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM

In situ touch-up of polyester or fluoropolymer coated aluminium is only permitted to minor surface scratching. Otherwise replace all damaged material.

3.34 SAFETY

Indicate the presence of transparent glasses for the remainder of the contract period, with whiting, tape or signs compatible with the glass type. Indicators other than whiting must not be applied to the glass surface. Masking tape must not be used for this purpose.

3.35 MANIFESTATIONS

To [NZS 4223.3](#), 2.2 Manifestation (making glass visible).

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.aplnz.co.nz.

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 SUPPLY AND INSTALLATION

Supply and installation of the specified APL aluminium joinery.

Supply: By fabricator

Installation: By contractor

Performance

4.2 THERMAL PERFORMANCE - VERTICAL WINDOWS & DOORS

Window /Door Number:	Construction R-value:
all	R 0.33

4.3 DESIGN PARAMETERS - NON SPECIFIC DESIGN

Building wind zone High (refer to [NZS 3604](#), table 5.1)

4.4 DURALLOY - POWDER COATING FINISH

Type: Polyester organic powder coating

System integrity: 10 years film integrity, 10 years colour integrity

Colour: to be advised

4.5 GLASS

Type/thickness: Refer to glazing section/s for type and thickness.

4.6 WINDOW HARDWARE

Window fastener: Urbo

4.7 DOOR HARDWARE

Locks & handles: Urbo

4.8 HARDWARE FINISH

Finish: Powder coat

Colour: Black

4.9 MANIFESTATIONS

Location: refer to the drawings

4.10 FLASHINGS

Material/type: powder coated aluminium to match joinery

Pattern: Formed to suit details provided

4.11 WEATHERING SEALANT

Type: 1-part polyurethane moisture curing, elastic joint sealant

4.12 TIMBER JAMB REVEALS

Timber species: pinus radiata
 Grade/treatment: finger jointed / H3.1
 Thickness: 19 mm
 Reveals: square dressed for architraves
 Finish: paint

4.13 APL ARCHITECTURAL SERIES AWNING WINDOWS

Brand/type: APL Architectural Series by Altherm, First or Vantage
 Window No.: refer to the drawings

4.14 APL ARCHITECTURAL SERIES SLIDING DOORS

Brand/type: APL Architectural Series by Altherm, First or Vantage
 Door No.: refer to the drawings

4.15 APL ARCHITECTURAL SERIES HINGED DOORS

Brand/type: Altherm, First or Vantage APL Architectural Series
 Door No.: refer to the drawings

4555 GARAGE DOORS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the manufacture, supply and installation of garage door systems including required opening/operating systems.

1.1 DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO

Documents referred to in this section are:

AS/NZS 1170	Structural design actions
AS/NZS 1170.2: 2011	Structural design actions - Wind actions
NZS 1170.5	Structural design actions - Earthquake actions - New Zealand
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
AS/NZS 4505	Garage doors and other large access doors

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.2 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Provide operating instructions for the garage doors and associated opening equipment. Provide a list of all components requiring regular maintenance.

1.3 DESIGN PARAMETERS WIND

Design the installation to the manufacturers requirements and as appropriate for the project wind design stated in the general section 1220 PROJECT.

1.4 LOADS - NON - SPECIFIC DESIGN - DOORS UP TO 3.0M HIGH

Garage doors complete with hinges, roller assemblies and fasteners to comply with wind performance requirements to [NZS 3604](#).

1.5 RESPONSIBILITY FOR PERFORMANCE

Accept responsibility for the structural and weathertight performance of the completed garage door installation.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GARAGE DOOR

Manufacture to [AS/NZS 4505](#) complete with a compliance label.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION

Check that the trimmed and lined openings are formed and constructed to suit the required door units. Do not proceed until openings are properly formed.

3.2 MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENT FOR INSTALLATION

Install door, track and operating equipment complete with all specified and necessary accessories and hardware to the manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 START UP

Carry out start up procedures and verify proper performance of the doors.

3.4 ADJUSTMENT

Lubricate bearings and sliding parts and adjust doors to operate easily, free of warp, twist or distortion with a weathertight fit round the entire perimeter.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

Carry out start up procedures and verify proper performance of the door. Demonstrate the operation of the door to the principal/principal's representative. Set security features to principal's requirements. Reset security features at practical completion of the contract works.

3.6 ENSURE

Ensure all elements are free of marks or blemishes, with all moving parts working fully and freely.

3.7 REPLACE

Replace damaged, cracked or marked elements.

3.8 LEAVE

Leave work to the standard required by following procedures.

3.9 REMOVE

Remove all debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 GARAGE DOOR - ROLLER SHUTTER DOOR

Location: refer to the drawings

Type: manual

Finish: colorsteel endura to match cladding

4.2 GARAGE DOOR FITTINGS AND HARDWARE

Lock and handle: standard

5113 PLASTERBOARD LININGS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply, fixing and jointing of gypsum plasterboard sheets and accessories to timber and steel framed walls and ceilings to form:

- standard systems
- wet area systems
- bracing systems
- fire rating

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used throughout this part of the specification:

AWCINZ Association of Wall and Ceiling Industries New Zealand

1.2 DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO

Documents referred to in this section are:

[NZBC C/AS1, C/AS2](#) Protection from fire
[NZBC E2/AS1](#) External moisture
 AS 1397 Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium
[AS/NZS 2588](#) Gypsum plasterboard
[AS/NZS 2589](#) Gypsum linings - Application and finishing
[NZS 3602](#) Timber and wood based products for use in building
[NZS 3603](#) Timber structures standard
[NZS 3604](#) Timber-framed buildings
[AS/NZS 4600:2005](#) Cold-formed steel structures
 ASTM C630/C630M-96a Water-resistant gypsum backing board
 BRANZ Technical Paper P21: A wall bracing test and evaluation procedure (2010)
[NASH Standard Part 2](#): Light steel framed buildings

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications. Plasterboard fixers and stoppers to be experienced competent workers, familiar with materials and techniques specified.

Submit evidence of experience on request. For example:

- National Certificate of Interior Systems; or
- Certified Business member of AWCINZ.

1.4 INSPECTIONS AND ACCEPTANCE

Inspect the finished surface of the installed plasterboard:

- before applying sealer and
- before applying finish coatings or decorative papers,

so that after assessment of the type and/or angle of illumination and its effect on the completed decorative treatment, group approval and acceptance of the surface can be given.

1.5 SOUND AND FIRE RATING REQUIREMENTS

Provide systems listed in SELECTIONS.

1.6 SURFACE FIRE PROPERTIES

Group Number to [NZBC C/AS2](#), table 4.3. Unfinished gypsum plasterboard has a group number of 2-S when complying with parameters of [NZBC C/AS2](#) Table C1.2

1.7 BRACING REQUIREMENTS

Provide braced wall systems using bracing rated plasterboard sheet to meet the requirements of [NZS 3604](#), section 5, **Bracing design**, when tested in accordance with BRANZ Technical Paper P21.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 GYPSUM PLASTERBOARD
Gypsum plaster core encased in a durable face and backing paper formed for standard use to [AS/NZS 2588](#).
- 2.2 GYPSUM PLASTERBOARD, WATER RESISTANT SYSTEMS
Gypsum plaster core containing a wax emulsion encased in a durable face and backing paper formed for standard and fire rated use to [AS/NZS 2588](#) and for water resistance use to ASTM C630/C630M-96a.
- 2.3 GYPSUM PLASTERBOARD, WALL BRACING SYSTEMS
Gypsum plaster core encased in a durable face and backing paper bracing rated sheet to [AS/NZS 2588](#).
- 2.4 CEILING BATTENS, TIMBER
H1.2 treated battens. Species, in service moisture content as set out in [NZS 3602](#).
- 2.5 SCREWS, TIMBER FRAME
10mm plasterboard: Type S gypsum screws 25mm x 6 gauge
13mm plasterboard: Type S gypsum screws 32mm x 6 gauge

Screws for fire rated and sound rated systems as required by the sheet manufacturer's approved specification.
- 2.6 NAILS, TIMBER FRAME
10mm plasterboard: 30mm x 2.5mm galvanized drywall clouts
13mm plasterboard: 40mm x 2.5mm galvanized drywall clouts

Nails for fire rated and sound rated systems as required by the sheet manufacturer's approved specification.
Nails for perimeter nailing for bracing systems complete with 15mm galvanized steel washers as required by the sheet manufacturer's approved specification.
- 2.7 SECTIONS AND TRIM MATERIAL
Form from galvanized steel of a coating class not less than ZM275 to AS 1397 and fix with 30mm x 2.5mm galvanized clouts.
- 2.8 EXTERNAL ANGLE
Perforated.
- 2.9 INTERNAL REINFORCING ANGLE
Perforated.
- 2.10 CASING BEAD
To suit sheet thickness.
- 2.11 J MOULD
Extruded uPVC dimensioned to suit the sheet thickness and fixed with 25mm x 1.6mm nickel panel pins.
- 2.12 TAPE ON EDGE TRIMS
Tape-on paper tape and galvanized steel trims and edges.
- 2.13 EDGE PROFILES
Pre-formed aluminium profiles, with perforated edge trims.
- 2.14 ADHESIVE
Multi-purpose water based wallboard adhesive.
- 2.15 JOINTING COMPOUNDS
System match bedding compound and finishing compound. Refer to the sheet manufacturer's literature and follow their requirements on which compounds to use with which accessory and in which location, to achieve the required level of finish.
- 2.16 JOINTING TAPE
System match reinforcing tape.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

Check work previously carried out and confirm it is of the required standard for this part of the work. Do not commence work until the substrate is plumb, level and to the standard required by [AS/NZS 2589](#) and the sheet manufacturer's requirements.

Do not begin installation until the building is closed in, fully glazed, the roof watertight and the atmospheric conditions within the plasterboard manufacturer guidelines.

3.4 PRE-INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS - TIMBER FRAMING

Ensure that the timber framing to which plasterboard lining is fixed, shall comply with [NZS 3602](#), [NZS 3603](#) & [NZS 3604](#). Where adhesion of gypsum linings is required, surfaces shall be free of oil, grease, dust and other foreign materials.

Maximum allowable moisture content to [AS/NZS 2589](#) for timber framing at lining: 18% or less for plasterboard linings. Refer to [NZBC E2/AS1](#), 10.0 Construction Moisture.

3.5 LEVELS OF PLASTERBOARD FINISH

Provide the selected plasterboard surfaces to the pre decorative levels of finish specified in [AS/NZS 2589](#).

3.6 CONFIRM LEVELS OF PLASTERBOARD FINISH ACCEPTANCE

Before commencing work, agree in writing upon the surface finish assessment procedure towards ensuring that the quality of finish expectations are reasonable and are subsequently obtained and acceptable.

Do not apply decorative treatment until it is agreed in writing by the contractor, subcontractors and decorator that the specified plasterboard Level of Finish has been achieved.

"Levels of plasterboard finish" is a tool for specifying the required quality of finish when installing and flush stopping plasterboard prior to the application of a range of decorative finishes under various lighting conditions. Refer to [AS/NZS 2589](#).

3.7 PROTECTION

Protect surfaces, cabinetwork, fittings, equipment and finishes already in place from the possibility of water staining and stopping damage.

3.8 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Leave a 10mm gap at floor level. Do not break the face paper. Position sheets to a "touch fit" with no forcing or springing into place. Run sheets over doors and under and over window openings.

Apply adhesive in daubs 25mm diameter and 10mm thick. Do not place daubs at sheet perimeters or under nail and screw fixings.

3.9 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.

3.10 INSTALL CEILING BATTENS

Install in accordance with the batten manufacturer's requirements.

3.11 LINE CEILINGS AND WALLS

Line ceilings and walls with the various sheets and fix to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements, using tapered edge joints as far as possible.

3.12 BOARD ORIENTATION

Minimise joints by careful sheet layout using the largest sheet sizes possible, and generally fixing horizontally. Where part sheets are required for various stud heights they should be positioned so the cut sheet is as low as possible to keep joints below eye level.

3.13 END BUTT JOINTS

When end butt joints are unavoidable, locate staggered off the framing, back block, fix and stop to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.14 LINE BRACING WALLS

Line walls with high density plasterboard sheet to form panels or systems, clout-washer and clout fixed to the sheet manufacturer's details. Do not fix bracing sheets until steel bracing and/or straps are in place.

3.15 LINE WET AREA WALLS

Line walls in accordance with the sheet manufacturer's requirements.

3.16 FIX EXTERNAL ANGLE

Fix full length to external corners with clouts at 100mm centres each side staggered to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.17 FIX INTERNAL REINFORCING ANGLE

Fix full length to internal corners with clouts at 100mm centres each side staggered to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.18 FIX CASING BEAD

Fix between dissimilar materials and caulk with sound rated sealant to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.19 FIX J MOULD

Fix between dissimilar materials and caulk with sound rated sealant to the drawings supplied.

3.20 FORM SQUARE STOPPED CORNERS

Form taped reinforced square stopped ceiling-to-wall angles to the sheet manufacturer's requirements.

3.21 INSTALL TAPE-ON TRIMS

Install in accordance with the trim manufacturer's requirements.

3.22 INSTALL SPECIAL EDGES AND BANDS

Install in accordance with the edging manufacturer's requirements.

3.23 FORM JOINTS

Fill recess with bedding compound, centre the reinforcing tape, apply a second coat of bedding compound followed by a coat of finishing compound. Allow to dry and lightly sand off, to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.24 STOPPING NAILS AND SCREWS

Apply two successive coats of bedding compound and a coat of finishing compound to the sheet manufacturer's requirements.

3.25 SQUARE STOPPED CORNERS

Fill with bedding compound, centre reinforcing tape into internal angle and apply a coat of finishing compound and complete to the sheet manufacturer's details and requirements.

3.26 EXTERNAL ANGLES

Apply two coats of bedding compound followed by a coat of finishing compound to the sheet manufacturer's requirements.

3.27 END BUTT JOINTS

Fill, tape and coat as for tapered edge joints except that each stage is doubled in width.

3.28 COMPLETION MATTERS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for completion requirements and if required commissioning requirements.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 PLASTERBOARD LININGS - STANDARD SYSTEMS - WALLS

Location: refer to the plans
Type/thickness: standard/water resistant/braceline/10mm
Finish: Level 4

4.2 PLASTERBOARD LININGS - STANDARD SYSTEMS - CEILINGS

Location: refer to the plans
Type/thickness: standard/water resistant
Finish: Level 4

4.3 PLASTERBOARD LININGS - FIRE RATED SYSTEMS

Location: Shed 2 south wall refer to the plans
FRR: GBUW 120, 120/120/120
Finish: Level 4

4.4 PLASTERBOARD LININGS - BRACING SYSTEMS

For bracing element location refer to drawn documentation.

4.5 CEILING BATTENS

Brand/type: 70 mm x 35 mm H1.2 kiln dried timber battens

6221M MAPEI® TILING SOLUTIONS

1 GENERAL

1.1 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC D1/AS1	Access routes
NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC E3/AS1	Internal moisture
AS 3740	Waterproofing of wet areas within residential buildings
AS 3958.1	Ceramic tiles - Guide to the installation of ceramic tiles
NZS 4121	Design for access and mobility - Buildings and associated facilities
BRANZ	Good practice guide: Tiling

1.2 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

MBP (NZ) Ltd. documents relating to this part of the work:

Mapei® catalogue - Products for Ceramics and Stone Products

Mapei® product Technical Data Sheets

[BRANZ Appraisal 484](#) - Mapegum WPS, Mapelastic, Mapelastic Smart, Mapelastic Turbo and Mapelastic AquaDefense Wet Area Membranes

[BRANZ Appraisal 485](#) - Mapelastic, Mapelastic Smart and Mapelastic Turbo External Waterproofing Membranes

Manufacturer/supplier contact details

Company: MBP (NZ) Ltd.

Web: www.mbpltd.co.nz

Email: enquiries@mbpltd.co.nz

Telephone: 09 921 1994

1.3 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a tile manufacturer/supplier warranty:

2 years: For tiling products

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.4 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Provide a Mapei® products manufacturer/supplier warranty:

15 years: For Mapelastic AquaDefense, Mapelastic Smart and Mapegum WPS

10 years: For other Mapei® tiling products

- Provide this warranty on the manufacturer/supplier standard form.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.5 WARRANTY - INSTALLER/APPLICATOR

Provide an installer/applicator warranty:

2 years: For workmanship

- Provide this warranty on the installer/applicator standard form.
- Commence the warranty from the date of practical completion of the contract works.

Refer to the general section 1237 WARRANTIES for additional requirements.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – MANUFACTURER / SUPPLIER REQUIREMENTS

Workers to be approved MBP (NZ) Ltd. applicators. Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for additional requirements relating to qualifications.

1.7 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any of the specified Mapei® systems, components and associated products listed in this section.

1.8 DEFLECTION CRITERIA FOR SUSPENDED FLOORS

Check that the floor is rigid enough for the tiling. Deflection of suspended floors should not exceed 1/360th of the span under dead load and live load.

1.9 INTERNAL / EXTERNAL MOISTURE

Wet area membranes under tiled areas to AS 3740, [NZBC E2/AS1](#), [NZBC E3/AS1](#) and to BRANZ Good Tiling Practice.

2 PRODUCTS**2.1 TILES**

Refer to SELECTIONS for option.

2.2 INTERIOR WET AREA PRIMER

Primer S, a waterproofing primer in water dispersion.

2.3 CEMENT BASED POWDER ADHESIVE AND ADDITIVE

Kerabond Plus, a cement based powder mixed with Isolastic, a latex additive to impart elasticity.

2.4 WATERPROOFING TAPE - MAPEBAND SA

Mapeband SA, an alkali resistant butyl self-adhesive waterproof tape.

2.5 WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE SYSTEM - INTERIOR USE

Mapegum WPS, a fast drying, synthetic resin-based liquid elastic membrane for interior waterproofing. To waterproof edges and expansion joints use Mapeband Easy, Mapeband Blue or Mapeband SA

2.6 GROUT & TILE CLEANING AGENT

Keranet, an acid-based general tile cleaner.

2.7 CLEANER

Kerapoxy Cleaner, a high performance cleaner for epoxy grout.

2.8 SOLVENT GEL

Pulicol 2000, a solvent based gel for removing old natural and synthetic resin-based adhesives, paint and grouts/grout residue.

2.9 STRIPS AND WEATHERBARS

Unless otherwise specified edge strips, floor finish divider strips and weather bars shall be aluminium.

3 EXECUTION**3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS**

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.
Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES

Refer to the general section 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general requirements.
Check that maximum variation in the plane of the substrate is no greater than ±4mm in 2 linear metres before commencing tiling.

3.4 CHECK TILES

Check tiles to ensure that they are as specified, from the same batch, of a consistent colour and pattern and sufficient to complete the work. Reject tiles that vary widely in colour or pattern. Reject tiles that are damaged.

3.5 CONFIRM LAYOUT

Before commencing work confirm the proposed layout of tiles and expansion joints and other visual considerations of the finished work.

3.6 BACKGROUND MATERIALS

Ensure that the installation of background materials and substrate materials meets relevant standards and the manufacturer's instructions. Inspect background and substrate materials for any conditions unsuitable for tiling over. Do not commence work until the affected area is rectified. Confirm any specific preparation required for the adhesive being used.

3.7 PREPARATION OF BACKGROUNDS

Prepare backgrounds in accordance with AS 3958.1, section 4 and in accordance with the Mapei® instructions for the selected substrate.

3.8 FALLS

Form screeds in areas where water is used in significant amounts with a deviation from plane of not more than 5mm over 3 metres. Unless otherwise specified form screeds with the following falls:

Unless stated otherwise provide minimum fall gradients to BRANZ Good Practice Guide - Tiling, clause 6.6 Falls in floors.

1 : 60 minimum	For paving over ground
1 : 50 minimum	For unenclosed shower bases (to NZBC E3/AS1 , 3.3.5)
1 : 60 minimum	For enclosed shower bases
1 : 50 minimum	For shower bases for people with disabilities (to NZS 4121 , 10.5.11.3 (b).)

3.9 WATERPROOFING WET AREAS

Areas to be waterproofed shall be in accordance with [NZBC E3/AS1](#), AS 3740 and BRANZ Good Practice Guide -Tiling Section 7: Waterproofing interior wet areas, as shown on the drawings or stated in SELECTIONS.

3.10 SERVICES AND ACCESSORIES

Ensure that all services and accessories are in place and located to suit the tile layout, and that the substrate, background and adjoining surfaces (with the preparation called for in this section) are of the quality necessary to allow tiling of the required standard.

3.11 DO NOT START

Do not start laying tiles until concrete floors are cured, moisture content of floors is such that shrinkage is complete, thermal movement has been accommodated and the levels and surface finish will allow for tile laying of the required standard.

3.12 SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE

Do not carry out tiling where the substrate temperature is below 5°C or above 40°C.

3.13 MOISTURE CONTENT

Ensure the floor is dry and if in doubt check for moisture content by hygrometer. Do not proceed with tiling work until readings for the whole area show 75% relative humidity or less.

3.14 APPLICATION GENERALLY

Prepare backgrounds as described in AS 3958.1, Section 4. Suitably prepare backgrounds and substrates in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions to receive the bedded finish. Remove all dirt, dust, grease, oil, loose particles and any other form of contamination or deleterious material. Ensure that substrates are sound and dry.

Installation to be in accordance with AS 3958.1, Section 5, including setting out, fitting, movement joints, sealants, tile finish and joints, and grouting.

Application of primers/ sealers, undertile membranes, waterproofing, adhesives grouts and sealants to comply with MAPEI® technical data sheets and application details for specific products.

3.15 SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

Refer to 6192 FLOORING SUBSTRATE PREPARATION for preparation of substrates for laying of ceramic tiles and natural stone.

3.16 PRIMERS/SEALERS

Apply primers to MAPEI® technical data sheets and application details for specific product.

3.17 WET AREA MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING

Apply wet area waterproofing systems in accordance with MAPEI® technical data sheets and requirements.

3.18 SETTING OUT

Setting out, cutting and fitting of tiles to be as described in AS 3958.1, clauses 5.4.2 and 5.4.3. Set out tiling as shown on the drawings. Confirm bond and pattern before installing. Provide even and correct falls to floor tiles where required, including falls to floor wastes. Ensure that a level finish is provided at wall lines. Where falls are not required ensure that the tiles are laid level.

3.19 TILE FINISH AND JOINTS

Provide tile finish and joints, including tolerances, as described in AS 3958.1, clause 5.4.6. Joint widths to be suited to tile and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

3.20 APPLY ADHESIVE

Apply and float thick or thin bed of cement based adhesive to 6mm maximum and 3mm minimum bed thickness to the tile manufacturer's requirements. Rib surface with a notched trowel, press tiles and place with 3mm grout joints and to obtain adequate coverage by adhesive on the back of each tile to AS 3958.1.

3.21 GROUTING

Apply grout to tiling in accordance with Mapei® technical data sheets and application details for specific product and as described in AS 3958.1, clause 5.7.

3.22 SEALING

Apply sealants to tiling in accordance with Mapei® technical data sheets and application details for specific product.

3.23 CLEAN TILES

Upon completion of setting and grouting, thoroughly sponge and wash the tiles to leave them completely clean and without blemish. Use Mapei Keranet to clean tiles of cementitious residue as necessary and Mapei Kerapoxy Cleaner to remove residues of epoxy grout from tile surfaces. Finally polish glazed tiles with a clean dry cloth.

4 SELECTIONS

For further details on selections go to www.mbpltd.co.nz.

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 CERAMIC TILES

Location: refer to the drawings

Pattern/colour: to be advised

4.2 MAPEI® PRIMERS/SEALERS

Type: Mapei® Primer S

4.3 MAPEI® ADHESIVES

Type: Mapei® Kerabond Plus

4.4 MAPEI® WATERPROOFING TAPE

Type: Mapeband SA

4.5 MAPEI® GROUT

Type: Mapei® Ultracolor Plus
Colour: to be advised

4.6 MAPEI® SEALANT

Type: Mapei® Mapesil AC
Colour: to match grout

4.7 MAPEI® - MAPEGUM WPS WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE SYSTEMS

Membrane: Mapegum WPS

6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the general matters related to **Resene** painting work.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR
Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR

1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

MPNZA	Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc.
SIPDS	Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets

1.3 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

Health and Safety at Work Act

[AS/NZS 5131](#) Structural steelwork - Fabrication and erection

[AS/NZS ISO 9001](#) Quality management systems - Requirements

MPNZA Health and Safety Programme

1.4 MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER DOCUMENTS

Manufacturer's and supplier's documents related to this section are:

Resene	Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets (SIPDS) (hard copy or at www.resene.co.nz)
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Resene	Product Data Sheets (hard copy or at www.resene.co.nz)
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Resene	Putting your safety first
---------------	---------------------------

Copies of the above literature are available from **Resene**

Telephone: 0800 RESENE (0800 737 363)

1.5 WARRANTY - MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Warrant this work under normal conditions of use against failure referring to the **Resene** Promise of Quality in the **Resene** One-Line specifications and product data manual.

Requirements

This painting specification is written based on information available at the time of writing.

1.6 NO SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to any specified **Resene** coating system, or associated components and products. Do not combine paints from different manufacturers in a paint system.

If in the applicator's own expertise and judgement an amendment to this specification is required, or where a substrate preparation, or required painting system is not covered in this specification, this shall be brought to the attention of the contract administrator and any amendment agreed before work proceeds any further.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS

Painters to be experienced competent workers, familiar with the materials and the techniques specified and with the **Resene** coating systems and be members of the Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc.

The applicator is to have the necessary skill, experience and equipment to undertake the work. The applicator remains responsible for ensuring proper completion of the work.

Painters to be selected from the **Resene** Eco Decorator programme. The **Resene** Eco Decorator programme is designed to recognise a nationwide network of environmentally responsible, quality focussed painting contractors.

Refer to www.resene.co.nz/ecodecorator.htm for a list of Eco Decorators in your area.

1.8 PRIOR TO WORK COMMENCING

Before any work commences painters should verify, with Architects or specifying authority, that their paint matches a previously supplied standard card or panel. Differently coloured paints will vary in price, opacity and durability. **Resene** normally only specify two coats of colour but with certain colours, such as yellows and oranges, three coats may be needed. Refer to SELECTIONS for location and type.

1.9 INFORMATION FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Refer to the general section 1239 OPERATION & MAINTENANCE for provision of the following general operation and maintenance information as electronic PDF format documents:
Maintenance guide for **Resene** paint finishes www.resene.co.nz/comn/services/maintenance.htm.
Provide this information prior to practical completion.

1.10 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Refer to and comply with the requirements of the [Health and Safety at Work Act 2015](#) including the obligation to:

- Eliminate hazards and if hazards cannot be eliminated or isolated, then minimise the hazards in this work by using the proper equipment and techniques as required by the MPNZA Health and Safety Programme.
- Supply protective clothing and equipment.
- Inform the contractor as well as the employees and others on site of those hazards and put in place procedures for dealing with emergencies.

1.11 SAFETY DATA SHEETS

Obtain from **Resene** (phone 0800 RESENE, or www.resene.co.nz) the safety data sheet for each product used and comply with the required safety procedures. Keep sheets on site.

1.12 RESENE INSPECTION

Permit representatives of **Resene** to inspect the work in progress and to take samples of their products from site if requested. **Resene** will take care when inspecting the work, but does not accept any responsibility for the proper completion of the work before or after such inspection.

1.13 INSPECTION OF THE WORK

Inspection of the whole of the work at each of the stages set out in SELECTIONS may be made. Agree on a programme that will facilitate such inspection, including notification when each part and stage of the work is ready for inspection.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS GENERALLY

Do not combine paints from different manufacturers in a paint system.

Use only **Resene** products (which are guaranteed for consistency and performance under [AS/NZS ISO 9001](#) and APAS) prepared, mixed and applied as directed in the **Resene** One-Line Specifications and Product Data Manual. This specification has been written using where practical and available both low/no VOC and Environmental Choice approved products.

2.2 DARK COLOURS

Darker colours in areas of high sun exposure place significant stress on the coating and substrate. **Resene** 'CoolColour' technology reduces heat absorption of a wide range of colours. Contact your local **Resene** Representative or visit www.resene.co.nz for more information or visit www.resene.co.nz/coolcolour. View a list of **Resene** colours that can be made using **Resene** CoolColour technology at www.resene.co.nz/colourlibrary.

2.3 THINNERS/ADDITIVES

Use only if and when expressly directed by **Resene** for their particular product in a particular application. Always wear gloves when handling any solvents including turpentine as harmful chemicals may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

To conform to required trade practice, which shall be deemed to include those methods, practices and techniques contained in the Master Painters New Zealand Association Inc. Specification manual.

3.2 TREATED SURFACES

Where surfaces have been treated with preservatives or fire retardants, check with the treatment manufacturer that coating materials are compatible with the treatment and do not inhibit its performance. If they are not compatible, obtain instructions before proceeding.

3.3 BACK PAINTING

Co-ordinate with cladding and/or lining installer as to who will do the work and timing.

Exterior

For exterior cladding and trim that require on site finishing, paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the cladding (generally, bottom plate overhang and horizontal flashings) to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed.

Refer to appropriate exterior paint sections SELECTION clauses for claddings to be back painted.

Interior

For lining and trim that require on site finishing and/or back painting (usually wet areas), paint the back and exposed bottom edges at the base of the lining, to the manufacturer's requirements, but at least to 150mm up from base. Coating to match front finish, generally apply 2 coats or 1 coat if pre-primed, or if no front finish, seal to manufacturer's requirements.

Refer to appropriate interior paint sections SELECTION clauses for linings to be back painted.

3.4 ANCILLARY SURFACES

The descriptions of areas in schedules and elsewhere are of necessity simplified. Coat ancillary exposed surfaces to match similar or adjacent materials or areas, except where a fair-faced natural finish is required or items are completely prefinished. In cases of doubt obtain written instructions before proceeding.

3.5 HARDWARE

Do not paint hinges or hardware that cannot be removed. Before commencing work carefully remove hardware, fixtures and fittings, set aside where they cannot be damaged or misplaced and replace on completion. Refer to SELECTIONS for hardware, fixtures and fittings for removal.

3.6 PROTECTION

Supply, lay and fix drop sheets, coverings and masking necessary to protect adjoining, fixtures, fittings and spaces from paint drops, spots, spray and damage.

3.7 SURFACE PREPARATION

Refer to the **Resene** Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets (SIPDS) and product data manual for surface preparation sheets (or obtain them by phoning 0800 RESENE, or at www.resene.co.nz) listed in the materials systems schedule clauses. Carry out the preparatory work required by them for each of the substrates.

3.8 SHARP EDGES, CRACKS AND HOLES

Remove and/or repair sharp edges, cracks and holes if present, as outlined in the preamble of the **Resene** One-Line specifications and product data manual.

Elastomeric sealants, if used, should not be painted. The paint film will not match the flexibility of the sealant and may severely limit its effectiveness.

3.9 REMEDIAL WORK

If any substrate or surface, that even with the preparation work called for in this section, cannot be brought up to a standard that will allow painting or clear finishing of the required standard then do not proceed until remedial work is carried out.

3.10 GAP FILLING

Make good cracks, holes, indented and damaged surfaces. Use suitable gap fillers to match the surface being prepared. Any special priming requirements of the fillers must be satisfied. Allow to dry or set before sanding back level with the surface. Prime or seal timber before using putty.

Exterior and wet areas: Use only Portland cement base or water-insoluble organic base gap fillers.

3.11 OFF-SITE WORK

Carry out this work under cover in a suitable environment with suitable lighting. Store items, both before and after coating, in a clean, dry area protected from the weather and mechanical damage, properly stacked and spaced to allow air circulation and to prevent sticking. Specific instructions for transport to site to avoid damage to the factory applied paint system may be required particularly for metallic top coat paints.

3.12 PRIMING JOINERY

Pre-treat any cut surfaces of preservative treated timber before priming. Ensure L.O.S.P treated joinery has dried sufficiently to lose solvent odour. Pre-treat bare timber with **Resene TimberLock** (see Data Sheet D48) to improve the durability of subsequent coats.

Liberal coat end grain, allow to soak in and then recoat.

3.13 CONCEALED JOINERY SURFACES

Where off-site coatings are specified they must be applied to surfaces including those concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.14 CONCEALED METAL SURFACES

Apply primer to suit the coating system to surfaces which will be concealed when incorporated into the building.

3.15 EXTERNAL DOORS

Prime or seal and paint bottom edges before hanging.

3.16 BEAD GLAZING

Stained, varnished, or painted joinery to have the first two coats of a suitable primer and one undercoat, applied to rebates and beads before glazing.

3.17 PUTTY FRONTING - LINSEED GLAZING PUTTIES

According to the putty manufacturer's instructions allow putty to set, then prime with **Resene Wood Primer** (see Data Sheet D40) or **Resene Enamel Undercoat** (see Data Sheet D44). Fully protect the putty by completing the **Resene** coating system as soon as it is sufficiently firm. Glazing putties not based on linseed oil to be over coated according to the putty manufacturer's instruction.

3.18 PAINTING GENERALLY

Comply with the **Resene** SIPDS Surface Information & Preparation Data Sheets or **Resene** One-Line specifications and product data manual data sheets and the additional requirements of this work section.

Ensure large wall areas that require more than one container of paint per coat, have enough paint boxed (mixed) together to complete the final coat. This will not apply if a single factory batch of paint, rather than shop tinted paint, is applied.

3.19 MIXING

Although generally supplied ready to use, all paints must be thoroughly mixed to lift any settled pigment and ensure the paint is homogeneous.

3.20 ENVIRONMENT

Defer painting of exterior surfaces until weather conditions are favourable - warm dry days without frost or heavy dews. Avoid painting in direct sunlight any surfaces that absorb heat excessively. As far as possible apply paint in the temperature range 15°C to 25°C. If temperatures fall outside the range of 10°C and 35°C do not paint unless paints with the necessary temperature tolerance have been specified. **Resene Hot Weather Additive** can be added to most **Resene** waterborne top coats to extend open time when application is undertaken at elevated temperatures or conditions that will cause rapid loss of water from the applied wet film. Do not apply solvent borne paint if moisture is present on the surface.

3.21 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

Painting work to generally follow the following sequences:

- Back painting and pre-installation painting, then post-installation exposed-face painting
- Complete surface preparation before commencing painting.
- Apply primers, sealers, stains, undercoats, paints and clear coatings in the sequences laid

down by **Resene**.

- Allow the full drying time between coats laid down by **Resene**.
- Do not expose primers, undercoats and intermediate coats beyond **Resene** recommendations before applying the next coat.
- Finish broad areas before painting trim.
- Ensure batch numbers of tins are matched for whole areas.
- Internally, paint ceilings before walls and walls before joinery, trim and other items.

3.22 APPLICATION

Select brush, roller, or pad and apply coatings to the requirements of **Resene** to obtain a smooth, even coating of the specified thickness, uniform gloss and colour.

3.23 LIGHTLY SAND

Lightly sand primers, sealers, undercoats and intermediate coats to remove dust pick-up, protruding fibres and coarse particles. A more thorough sanding to provide a mechanical key for the new paint system may be required depending upon the condition or age of the existing paint system..

3.24 DEFECTIVE WORK

Correct defective work immediately and recoat as required, following precisely the **Resene** system being applied. The same applies to transportation damage to site of factory painted items.

3.25 EACH COAT

Each coat of paint and the completed paint system to have the following qualities and properties:

- Uniform finish, colour, texture, sheen and hiding power and the proper number of coats applied.
- No blemishes such as runs, sags, crinkling, fat edges, entrained paint skins, hairs, dust, bare or starved patches, cracks, significant brush marks, ladder marks and blistering.
- Proper covering of corners, crannies, thin edges, cracks, end grain and other difficult places of application.

3.26 CLEAN

Clean adjoining surfaces, glass and fittings of any paint contamination. Clean off glass indicators at the completion of the building works. Clean glass inside and out to a shining finish. Use the **Resene Washwise** on site 'paint equipment clean-up water' reclamation system to minimise the environmental impact of cleaning paint application tools.

3.27 LEAVE

Leave the whole of this work uniform in gloss and colour, of correct thickness, free from painting defects, clean and unmarked and to the standard required by following procedures.

3.28 REMOVE

Remove drop sheets, coverings and masking to leave surrounding surfaces and areas clean, tidy and undamaged. Remove debris, unused materials and elements from the site.

3.29 REPLACE

Replace hardware without damage to it or the adjoining surface and leave hardware properly fitted and in working order.

3.30 DISPOSAL OF PAINTS AND THINNERS

Note: The use and disposal of paint and thinners represents a significant environmental hazard. Ensure all paint and thinners are disposed of in the following manner:

- When requested hand over part used paint containers to client for maintenance touch ups.
- Recycle leftover paint at a **Resene ColorShop** as part of the **Resene "Paintwise programme"**. Contact your local **Resene ColorShop** for details or view information online at www.resene.co.nz/paintwise.htm.
- Donate left over paint to local community groups.
- Solvent based paints, paint thinners, turpentine, mineral spirits and solvents require special disposal procedures. Do not pour down sewer or stormwater drains, sinks or into the ground. If they cannot be recycled they must be disposed of in a refuse dump licensed to take toxic waste.

3.31 MAINTENANCE

Good maintenance of coating systems involves a routine of regular cleaning as well as regular inspections. Regular inspections of the coating systems are recommended to identify breakdown, accidental damage to or undesirable deterioration of the paint.

Wash down of exterior coatings should be undertaken on an annual basis using **Resene Paint Prep** and **Housewash** (see Data Sheet D812).

Refer the **Resene** Caring for your paint finish brochure and the **Resene** website, www.resene.co.nz/comn/services/maintenance.htm.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 SELECTIONS

Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR and 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR for selections.

6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the surface preparation, painting and clear finishing of new and existing exterior substrates using **Resene** architectural and decorative coating systems.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for general matters related to painting work.
Refer to 6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR for interior paint systems.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PAINT TYPES GENERALLY/ THINNERS AND ADDITIVES

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 RESENE NEW EXTERIOR TIMBER, PLYWOOD, WEATHERBOARDS - UNPRIMED

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 1/1
1st coat:	Resene Quick Dry D45, Waterborne Acrylic Primer Undercoat
2nd coat:	Resene Sonyx 101 D30, Semi-Gloss Acrylic
3rd coat:	Resene Sonyx 101 D30, Semi-Gloss Acrylic

4.2 RESENE NEW EXTERIOR FIBRE CEMENT SOFFITS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No3 and Spec Sheet 3: 4/1
1st coat:	Resene Concrete Primer D405, Acrylic Concrete Primer
2nd coat:	Resene Sonyx 101 D30, Semi-Gloss Acrylic
3rd coat:	Resene Sonyx 101 D30, Semi-Gloss Acrylic

4.3 RESENE NEW EXTERIOR GALVANIZED/ZINC COATED STEEL

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No4 and Spec Sheet 4: 2/1
1st coat	Resene GP Metal Primer D411, Solvent borne Modified Alkyd (NEC)
2nd coat:	Resene Summit Roof Semi-Gloss D315s, Acrylic
3rd coat:	Resene Summit Roof Semi-Gloss D315s, Acrylic

6721R RESENE PAINTING INTERIOR

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the surface preparation, painting and clear finishing of new and existing interior substrates using **Resene** architectural and decorative coating systems.

1.1 RELATED WORK

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for general matters related to painting work.
Refer to 6711R RESENE PAINTING EXTERIOR for exterior paint systems.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PAINT TYPES GENERALLY/ THINNERS AND ADDITIVES

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for product clauses.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION

Refer to 6700R RESENE PAINTING GENERAL for execution clauses.

4 SELECTIONS

Substitutions are not permitted to the following, unless stated otherwise.

4.1 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, WALLS - DRY AREAS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1: 1/1
Fire rating:	Group 1-S. Test Report FH4967
1st coat:	Resene Broadwall D403, Waterborne Wallboard Sealer
2nd coat:	Resene Zylone Sheen D302, Waterborne Low Sheen
3rd coat:	Resene Zylone Sheen D302, Waterborne Low Sheen

4.2 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, WALLS - WET AREAS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1A: 1/1
Fire rating:	Group 1-S. Test Report 7-593235-CO
1st coat:	Resene Sureseal D42, solvent-borne Pigmented Sealer (NEC)
2nd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Low Sheen Kitchen & Bathroom D311K Waterborne Enamel
3rd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Low Sheen Kitchen & Bathroom D311K Waterborne Enamel

4.3 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, CEILINGS - DRY AREAS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1: 1/1
Fire rating:	Group 1-S, Test Report FH4967
1st coat:	Resene Broadwall D403, Waterborne Wallboard Sealer
2nd coat:	Resene Ceiling Paint D305, Waterborne Flat
3rd coat:	Resene Ceiling Paint D305, Waterborne Flat

4.4 RESENE NEW INTERIOR PLASTERBOARD, CEILINGS - WET AREAS

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No1 and Spec Sheet 1A: 1/1
Fire rating:	Group 1-S, Test Report 7-593235-CO
1st coat:	Resene Sureseal D42, solvent-borne Pigmented Sealer (NEC)
2nd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Flat Kitchen & Bathroom D314K, Waterborne Enamel
3rd coat:	Resene SpaceCote Flat Kitchen & Bathroom D314K, Waterborne Enamel

4.5 RESENE NEW INTERIOR TIMBER DOORS, JOINERY, SKIRTING

Surface Prep:	Resene SIPDS No2 and Spec Sheet 2: 9/1
1st coat:	Resene Quick Dry D45, Waterborne Acrylic Primer Undercoat
2nd coat:	Resene Lustacryl D310, Waterborne Enamel

3rd coat: Resene Lustacryl D310, Waterborne Enamel

7420 SANITARY SYSTEMS

1 GENERAL

This section relates to above ground gravity flow sanitary systems;

- for foul water
- from sanitary fixtures to first underground drain connection
- including system wastes, floor wastes, floor waste gullies, traps, vents and valves
- with associated components and accessories to make the system work

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

Refer to 7430 DRAINAGE for underground drains.

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Documents referred to in this section are:

NZBC G1/AS1	Personal hygiene
NZBC G12/AS1	Water supplies
NZBC G13/AS1	Foul water - Sanitary plumbing
NZBC G13/AS3	Foul water - Sanitary plumbing and drainage
AS 2887	Plastic waste fittings
AS/NZS 1260	PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent applications
AS/NZS 2032	Installation of PVC pipe systems
AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - Sanitary plumbing and drainage
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying plumber under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PVC-U WASTE, DISCHARGE AND VENT PIPES

PVC-U pipe to [AS/NZS 1260](#) complete with fittings brand-matched to the pipe manufacturer's requirements.

2.2 EXPOSED PIPES AND TRAPS

Chrome plate on copper pipes and associated copper and brass fittings.
White polybutylene or PVC, including all associated fittings.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXECUTION GENERALLY - AS/NZS 3500.2

Carry out this work to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#), and complete all tests to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 15 **Testing of Sanitary Plumbing and Sanitary Drainage Installations**.

3.2 ELECTROLYTIC ACTION

Avoid electrolytic action by eliminating actual contact or continuity of water between dissimilar metals.

3.3 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING METALLIC WASTE PIPES

If it is an electrical requirement, before enclosing, ensure metallic waste pipes connected to metallic drains and attached metallic sanitary fixtures are equipotential bonded (or at least conductor cable attached) similar to [NZBC G12/AS1](#), 9.0.

3.4 INSTALL TRAPS, WASTE AND VENT PIPES - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Connect waste outlets to traps and run waste pipes and back vents concealed, sized and fixed to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#), and jointing to [AS/NZS 2032](#). Discharge wastes into the drainage system stack, soil pipe, or gully trap as shown. Bird proof mesh to all roof vents and vermin proof mesh to all untrapped waste pipes.

3.5 PENETRATIONS

At penetrations through constructions provide and fit collars and escutcheon plates to match pipework.

3.6 TEST

Confirm timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and apparatus needed. Test to [NZBC G13/AS1](#) or [AS/NZS 3500.2](#): 2018, 15 as required. Carry out and record a visual inspection that each joint showed no evidence of leaks.

3.7 CLEAN UP

Remove labels and clean fittings. Remove unused materials from the site.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 PVC-U WASTE, DISCHARGE AND VENT PIPES

Brand/type: uPVC

7430 DRAINAGE

1 GENERAL

This section relates to the supply and laying of gravity foul water (sewage), stormwater and groundwater drainage.

1.1 DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO

Documents referred to in this section are:

NZBC B1/AS1	Structure
NZBC E1/AS1	Surface water
NZBC E1/AS2	Surface water
NZBC E1/VM1	Surface water
NZBC G1/AS1	Personal hygiene
NZBC G13/AS1	Foul water - sanitary plumbing
NZBC G13/AS2	Foul water - drainage
NZBC G13/AS3	Foul water - sanitary plumbing and drainage
AS/NZS 1254	PVC-U pipes and fittings for Stormwater and Surface Water applications
AS/NZS 1260	PVC-U pipes and fittings for drain, waste and vent applications
AS/NZS 2032	Installation of PVC pipe systems
AS/NZS 2033	Installation of polyethylene pipe systems
AS 2439.1	Perforated Plastics Drainage and Effluent Pipes and Fittings - Perforated drainage pipe and associated fittings
AS/NZS 2566.1	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Structural Design
AS/NZS 2566.2	Buried Flexible Pipelines - Installation
AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - Stormwater drainage
NZS 3104	Specification for concrete production
NZS 3111	Method of test for water and aggregate for concrete
AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018	Plumbing and drainage - sanitary plumbing and drainage
NZS 3604	Timber-framed buildings
NZS 4229	Concrete masonry buildings not requiring specific engineering design
NZS 4402 (set)	Method of testing soils for civil engineering purposes
AS/NZS 4671	Steel reinforcing materials
AS/NZS 5065	Polyethylene and polypropylene pipes and fittings for drainage and sewerage applications
NZCMM	NZ Concrete Masonry Manual section 6.1 Masonry Retaining Walls
NZTA F2	Specification for pipe subsoil drain construction
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006	

1.2 AS BUILT DOCUMENTS

Supply a 1:100 scale as-built drawing of drains and fittings to the territorial authority and to the owner on completion.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

Drainlayers to be experienced, competent and familiar with the materials and techniques specified. Carry out all work under the direct supervision of a certifying drainlayer under the [Plumbers, Gasfitters and Drainlayers Act 2006](#).

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE

17.5 MPa prescribed mix to [NZS 3104](#).

2.2 REINFORCEMENT

Plain round and/or deformed steel bars, Grade 300 to [AS/NZS 4671](#).

2.3 PVC-U PIPES

PVC-U pipes bends, junctions, fittings and joints to [AS/NZS 1254](#) and [AS/NZS 1260](#). Underground PVC-U pipe to be classified as follows:

Classification:	Use:
SN4 - SN6	Domestic & light load areas
SN8 - SN10	Commercial & Industrial medium load areas
SN16	Public roads & high load areas

2.4 PERFORATED PIPE - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Perforated corrugated coil high density polyethylene subsoil drainage pipe to AS 2439.1 with polypropylene filter sock over, for groundwater drainage.

2.5 GULLY TRAPS - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Gully traps complete with grating to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 4.6 Gullies, as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#).

2.6 SURFACE WATER SUMP GRATINGS

Cast iron frame with lift-up grating.

2.7 STRIP DRAIN CHANNEL

Proprietary, modular, variable invert, plastic, steel (various types), or polymer concrete drainage channel sections and drainage sump, embedded in site concrete and fitted with selected metal gratings.

2.8 TRENCH BACKFILLING MATERIAL, FOUL WATER - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Bedding and backfilling material to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 5.4, **Bedding of drains**, and for concrete, if required, [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 5.3 **Concrete Support**.

2.9 DRAINAGE MATERIAL - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Free draining crushed stone, 7 mm to 20 mm in size.

2.10 FILTER FABRIC

Polymeric fabric formed from a plastic yarn or a long chain synthetic polymer composed of at least 85% by weight of propylene, ethylene, amide, ester or vinylidene chloride. Fibres to be rot proof, chemically stable and have low water absorbency. The filter network, (woven or non-woven) must be dimensionally stable and resistant to delamination.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATE

Excavate for drains to a firm even base with correct gradients set in straight runs. Trenches running parallel, below and close to foundations of buildings to [NZS 3604](#) or [NZS 4229](#) to be separated to:

- [NZBC E1/AS1](#), 3.9.7, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for stormwater and subsoil drains.
- [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), 6.2.8, **Installation near and under buildings**, as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#).
- [NZBC G13/AS2](#), 5.6, **Proximity of Trench to Building**, for foul water drains.

3.2 MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS

All drainage installations to the pipe and fitting manufacturer's requirements.

3.3 FOUL WATER DRAINAGE GENERALLY - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Carry out this work to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#) and complete all tests to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 15 Testing of Sanitary Plumbing and Sanitary Drainage Installations.

Lay uPVC pipe systems to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2032](#), [AS/NZS 2566.1](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.2](#). Lay polyethylene pipes and fittings to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2033](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.1](#).

3.4 SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE GENERALLY - E1/AS1

Carry out stormwater drainage work to [NZBC E1/AS1](#), and complete all tests to [NZBC E1/VM1](#), 8.0 Drain Leakage Tests.

Lay uPVC pipe systems to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2032](#), [AS/NZS 2566.1](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.2](#). Lay polyethylene pipes and fittings to relevant sections of [AS/NZS 2033](#) and [AS/NZS 2566.1](#).

3.5 LAY FOUL WATER DRAINS

Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients, to discharge into the network utility operator's sewer. Set inspection fittings on a concrete base.

3.6 CONSTRUCT GULLY TRAPS - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Set in a minimum 100mm thick concrete with top surround 25mm above paving and 75mm above other surfaces, to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), section 4.6, Gullies.

3.7 LAY STORMWATER DRAINS

Confirm the required location of downpipes and finished ground levels before commencing pipework. Set downpipe bends in concrete with the concrete brought up to protect the top of the bend from damage. Lay drains in straight runs to correct gradients to discharge into the network utility operator's stormwater system.

3.8 INSTALL STRIP DRAIN CHANNEL

Excavate trench and form site concrete base to fall. Set interlocking channel sections, sumps and accessories in place, all in accordance with the channel manufacturer's requirements. Check falls and install gratings and covers.

3.9 INSTALL SURFACE WATER SUMP

To [NZBC E1/AS1](#) or to [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#) section 7 as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#), complete with ceramic half-siphon pipe and cast iron frame with a lift out grating.

3.10 SOAKHOLES OR TRENCHES

Dispose of stormwater on site as shown on the drawings, by soakage, to suit local geology and soil structure; all as directed by the territorial authority.

3.11 TESTING - FOUL WATER

Confirm timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and apparatus needed. Test to [NZBC G13/AS1](#) or [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018](#), 15 as required. Carry out and record a visual inspection that each joint showed no evidence of leaks.

3.12 TESTING - SURFACE WATER

Confirm timing before carrying out any tests. Supply potable water and apparatus needed. Test to [NZBC E1/VM1](#), 8.0 Drain Leakage Tests or [AS/NZS 3500.3: 2018](#), section 9, as modified by [NZBC E1/AS2](#) as required. Carry out and record a visual inspection that each joint showed no evidence of leaks.

3.13 CONCRETE ENCASEMENT

Concrete encase shallow drains and drains under driveways, on a 100mm deep 17.5 MPa concrete bed reinforced with three 10mm mild steel bars. Surround pipes with a polythene membrane to allow movement and encase in 100mm 17.5 MPa concrete.

3.14 TRENCH BACKFILLING GENERALLY - FOUL WATER

Granular bedding and selected fill shall be placed in layers no greater than 100 mm loose thickness and compacted. Base bedding (beneath the pipe) shall be placed and compacted before pipes are laid. Up to 300mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by tamping by hand tool over the entire surface of each layer to produce a compact layer without obvious voids, without disturbing or distorting the drain. Run marker tape along line of the pipe on top of the bedding.

Up to 300mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by tamping by hand using a rod with a pad foot (having an area of 75 ± 25 mm by 75 ± 25 mm) over the entire surface of each layer to produce a compact layer without obvious voids, without disturbing the drains.

More than 300 mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by at least four passes of a mechanical tamping foot compactor (whacker type) with a minimum weight of 75 kg. For plastic based pipes, ensure care taken to avoid impact loading of the pipe.

3.15 TRENCH BACKFILLING GENERALLY - SURFACE WATER - NZBC E1/AS1

Granular bedding and selected fill shall be placed in layers no greater than 100 mm loose thickness and compacted. Base bedding (beneath the pipe) shall be placed and compacted before pipes are laid. Up to 300mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by tamping by hand tool over the entire surface of each layer to produce a compact layer without obvious voids, without disturbing or distorting the drain. Run marker tape along line of the pipe on top of the bedding.

More than 300 mm above the pipe, compaction shall be by at least four passes of a mechanical tamping foot compactor (whacker type) with a minimum weight of 75 kg. For plastic based pipes, ensure care taken to avoid impact loading of the pipe.

3.16 FOUL WATER TRENCH BACKFILLING - AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018

Carry out foul water trench backfilling to [AS/NZS 3500.2: 2018, 5.1, 5.2 and 5.5](#) as modified by [NZBC G13/AS3](#).

PVC-U pipe to [AS/NZS 2032](#) and polyethylene pipes to [AS/NZS 2033](#).

3.17 SURFACE WATER TRENCH BACKFILLING - NZBC E1/AS1

Carry out surface water trench backfilling to [NZBC E1, 3.9.6](#) and fig. 13.

PVC-U pipe to [AS/NZS 2032](#) and polyethylene pipes to [AS/NZS 2033](#).

3.18 FILTER FABRIC TO DRAINAGE MATERIAL - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Where details require drainage material to be encapsulated in filter fabric to prevent fines from blocking the aggregate. Place fabric and carefully hold in place by pinning and/or by controlled use of aggregate as ballast. After drain installation and required backfilling, complete encapsulation with fabric. Ensure filter fabric is correctly placed, sufficiently overlapped and pinned and/or secured.

3.19 LAY PERFORATED PIPING TO BASEMENT WALLS - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Ensure any required waterproofing and protection sheets are in place before starting work.

Lay perforated groundwater drainage piping with filter sock, firmly on a bed of drainage material screeded to the required gradient. The pipe must not excessively elongate during installation. Lay in straight runs to 1:150 gradients with invert of the highest horizontal point 50 mm minimum below floor slab level, discharging into surface water drainage system. Carry drainage material up and over the pipes without disturbing them. Fill with drainage material to full height of wall. Carry the high end of all lines up to the surface in capped, solid pipe to provide for flushing out.

3.20 CLEAN OUT SUBSOIL DRAIN INSTALLATION

Clean and flush out the whole subsoil drain installation and remove silt and debris before handing over.

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 PVC-U PIPES

Brand/type: uPVC

4.2 STRIP DRAIN

Location: refer to the drawings

Brand/type: Allproof Perimeter Drain PC180LHCI

Size: reduce to 130 mm x 180 mm

Grate: cast iron

4.3 PERFORATED DRAINAGE PIPING - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Pipe brand/type: nova-coil

Diameter: 110mm

Sock brand/type: pre fitted filter sock

4.4 DRAINAGE MATERIAL - SUBSOIL DRAINAGE

Location: refer to the drawings

Type: free draining crushed stone 7 mm to 20 mm

7701 ELECTRICAL BASIC

1 GENERAL

1.1 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Refer to the general section 1232 INTERPRETATION & DEFINITIONS for abbreviations and definitions used throughout the specification.

The following abbreviations apply specifically to this section:

AFDD	Arc Fault Detection Device
ELV	Extra Low Voltage
GLS	general lighting service
IP	international (ingress) protection classification
NUO	Network Utility Operator
PCB	printed circuit board
PIR	passive infrared
SIA	security integration architecture
TPS	tough plastic sheathed
TCF	Telecommunications Carriers' Forum

1.2 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the general section 1233 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS. The following documents are specifically referred to in this section:

NZBC E2/AS1	External moisture
NZBC F6/AS1	Visibility in escape routes
NZBC F7/AS1	Warning systems
NZBC G4/AS1	Ventilation
NZBC G9/AS1	Electricity
AS/NZS 1125	Conductors in insulated electric cables and flexible cord
AS/NZS 1768	Lightning protection
AS/NZS 2201.1	Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance
AS 2293.1:2005	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - System design, installation and operation
AS 2293.3:2005	Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings - Emergency escape luminaires and exit signs
AS/NZS 3000	Electrical installations (known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules)
AS/NZS 3008.1.2	Electrical installations - Selection of cables - Cables for alternating voltages up to and including 0.6/1 kV - Typical New Zealand installation conditions
AS/NZS 3100	Approval and test specification-general requirements for electrical equipment
AS/NZS 3112	Approval and test specification - Plugs and socket-outlets
AS/NZS 3113	Approval and test specification - Ceiling roses
AS/NZS 3190	Approval and test specification - Residual current devices (current-operated earth-leakage devices)
AS/NZS 3439.3	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Particular requirements for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies intended to be installed in places where unskilled persons have access for their use - Distribution boards
AS 3786	Smoke alarms using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization
NZS 4514:2009	Interconnected smoke alarms for houses
NZS 4246	Energy Efficiency - Installing bulk thermal insulation in residential buildings
AS/NZS 5000.2	Electric cables - Polymeric insulated - for working voltages up to and including 450/750v
AS/NZS 60335.1	Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - General requirements
AS/NZS 60695.11.5	Fire hazard testing - Test flames - Needle-flame test method - Apparatus, conformity test arrangement and guidance.

AS/NZS 61439.3 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO).

IEC 61643 Components for low voltage surge protection devices

[Electricity \(Safety\) Regulations 2010](#) (Reprint as at 21 January 2019).

[TCF Premises Wiring Cable Installers Guidelines for Telecommunication Services](#)

Documents listed above and cited in the clauses that follow are part of this specification. However, this specification takes precedence in the event of it being at variance with the cited document.

1.3 WARRANTY

Warrant the complete electrical installation under normal environmental and use conditions against failure of materials and execution.

1 year: Warranty period

Refer to the general section for the required form of 1237WA WARRANTY AGREEMENT and details of when completed warranty must be submitted.

1.4 COMPLY

Comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, [AS/NZS 3000](#), [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#), and [TCF Premises Wiring Cable Installers Guidelines for Telecommunication Services](#) for listed and prescribed work and with the utility network operator's requirements. Apply for the service connection. Arrange for the required inspections of listed work. Pay all fees.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS GENERALLY

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to qualifications.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS WORKERS – LICENSED UNDER STATUTE

Workers and supervisors to be appropriately qualified to applicable legislative requirements. Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for additional requirements relating to qualifications.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS - SECURITY SYSTEM

Installation by an installer licensed under the Private Investigators and Security Guards Act.

Installation of all security equipment to comply with [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance.

1.8 SAFETY OF INSTALLATION - DESIGN BY ELECTRICIAN

Before installation work commences provide a Certified Design. The Certified Design is to comply with the Electricity (Safety) Regulations (2010), regulations 58. It must be signed by the designer of the installation.

1.9 ELECTRICAL CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Supply a certificate of compliance (CoC) to the owner, and if required the NUO, as required by the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, prior to connection.

- Arrange for the NUO to inspect before the meter installation, listed work inspection, polarity check and supply becoming live.
- Arrange for an inspector to inspect high risk electrical work as required by regulation 70.

1.10 ELECTRICAL SAFETY CERTIFICATE

Provide an Electrical Safety Certificate (ESC), as required by the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010, Reg 74A, to the owner and when required the BCA. To be provided no later than 20 working days after connection and prior to Practical Completion.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MAINS SUPPLY

Tough plastic sheathed neutral screened cable to [AS/NZS 5000.2](#) and [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#), with a minimum rating of 60 amps per phase. Include pilot cable where required by network utility company.

2.2 CABLES

Tough plastic sheathed copper conductors to [AS/NZS 5000.2](#), stranded above 1.0mm², and to [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#). Minimum sizes as below. Increase sizes if the method of installation, thermal insulation, cable length or load will reduce the cable rating below that of the MCB rating, or produce an excessive voltage drop.

Lighting circuits:	Domestic: 1.5mm ² on 10 amp MCBs
Lighting circuits:	Commercial: 1.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs
Power circuits:	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for domestic and unenclosed or unfilled cavity construction
	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for domestic insulated construction, or filled cavity
	2.5mm ² on 20 amp MCBs for unenclosed or unfilled cavity construction
	2.5mm ² on 16 amp MCBs for insulated construction, or filled cavity, or lengths over 30 metres
Hot water cylinder circuits:	Single phase: 2.5mm ² on 20 amp MCBs
Range/oven/hob circuits:	Single phase: 6mm ² high temperature cable on 32 amp MCBs

Heat resistant cable for final connections to all heated appliances, and high temperature cable in ambient conditions that may be above 35°C (roof spaces above insulation etc).

2.3 METER BOX

Proprietary manufactured, zinc plated powder coated metal case, or ABS plastic, with glazed panel door, weatherproof where mounted outdoors, and complete with meter mounting, main switch and fuse.

2.4 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Flush surface mount boards manufactured to [AS/NZS 3439.3](#), or AS/NZS 61439.3, and installed in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). Manufactured from engineering grade resin with a glow wire rating of 850°C, complete with neutral and earth busbars, and insulated comb phase bar. Distribution boards to have 20% spare capacity for future additions and alterations.

2.5 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

General requirements including main switch 63A or 100A. Residual current protection 30mA, ensure RCCBs' meet Type A and comply with [AS/NZS 3190](#). MCBs to 4.5kA or 6kA rated.

2.6 SURGE PROTECTION

Protection for the homes appliances with IEC 61643 Class II surge protection devices fitted to the switchboard. For variable electronic equipment fit IEC 61643 Class III surge protection to switched socket outlets.

2.7 WALL BOXES

Standard grid size or equivalent to be manufactured from plastic or metal, with 2 or more gang size to be metal with steel inserts for accessory securing screws. Screw fixed.

2.8 SWITCH UNITS

Single pole switches to be 16 amp minimum rated, double pole or intermediate to be 16 amp minimum rated. All switches to be 230 volt a.c. polycarbonate flushplate units. Label all switch units that control electrical equipment or special lighting circuits by proprietary engraved switch mechanisms where applicable. Refer to drawings/schedules for number of switches per unit, dimmer units, neon (indicator or toggle) units and 2 way units. Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.9 SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS

10 amp, 230 volt flat 3 pin socket outlets fitted with safety shutters and manufactured to [AS/NZS 3100](#), [AS/NZS 3112](#) and [AS/NZS 3113](#), single or multi gang as detailed.

2.10 SWITCH UNITS - PERSON WITH DISABILITIES

In addition to clause SWITCH UNITS above, units shall comply with [NZBC G9/AS1](#), 2.0.1.b) and d). Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.11 CEILING ROSES

White plastic mounting base with screwed cover, manufactured to [AS/NZS 3113](#). Terminal type. Suspended fittings to have sheathed round flexible cord to [AS/NZS 3008.1.2](#). Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.12 HOT WATER SYSTEM SWITCH

One way 20 amp switch complete with cable clamp for flexible PVC conduit to element enclosure.

2.13 BATTEN HOLDERS

Standard white plastic bayonet cap, with cap angled where wall mounted. Brass liners.

2.14 LIGHT FITTINGS

Fluorescent and High Intensity Discharge fittings with low loss control gear and power factor corrected to 0.95 minimum. Control gear suitable for dimming if this is required. All fittings complete with lamps; Incandescent GLS lamps pearl, coiled-coil 230v rated, bayonet cap; Fluorescent triphosphor 2700K; CFL; halogen ELV 12v dichroic reflector with cover glass unless detailed otherwise; integral/non-integral LEDs, reflectors, lenses, heatsinks and drivers - 3,000K to 4,000K, CRI >80, L70.

2.15 RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS - NON-RESIDENTIAL

Non-residential recessed light fittings to [AS/NZS 3000](#), 4.5.2.3.5:

- Existing fittings or retrofit situations, fittings maybe unmarked.
- New fittings can only be labelled - NON-IC, Do-not Cover, CA 80, CA 90, CA 135, IC, IC-4, and IC-F.

Refer to clause INSULATION & GENERAL CLEARANCES for clearances from insulation and other elements.

2.16 EMERGENCY LIGHT FITTINGS

Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings to AS 2293.3. Exit, recessed, ceiling or wall mounted. Refer to SELECTIONS.

2.17 EXTERIOR SWITCHES AND SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS

Using materials with superior UV protection, impact strength, and addition chemical resistance when compared with interior polycarbonate fittings. Weather protected, switches and sockets to IP56 minimum. Sockets fitted with safety shutters behind socket pins, and all products able to be padlocked off or on.

2.18 EXTERIOR LIGHT FITTINGS

Using materials with superior UV protection, impact strength, and addition chemical resistance. Weather protection minimums:

- IP54 for protected areas under eaves or verandahs etc.
- IP55 for exposed areas not subject to pressurised water (hoses).
- IP66 for areas subject to pressurised water or major splashing.
- IP67 for inground lights
- IP68 for submerged pool fittings

2.19 CONTROL PANEL

Control panel system with a minimum of one installer code, one master code, 6 zones minimum and 6 user codes. The installer to select codes to suit installation.

2.20 DETECTORS

There are two main types of detectors:

- Standard passive infrared sensors: Install in stable environments with no wind flow and no direct bright sunlight.
- Passive infrared/ microwave sensors: Install in area where environmental stability is an issue.

2.21 AUDIBLE DEVICES

Internal sirens can be either a 12V Piezo Siren or a Horn speaker with a sound pressure level of no less than 95dB.

External siren can be either a stainless steel design or have hardened plastic casing. Both designs to be fully weatherproof but not limited to IP66 Rating. The siren box to contain a strobe diffuser in either blue or red. The siren shall contain a horn speaker, 12v speaker or an electronic siren. The external siren box to have both a cover and rear wall tamper mechanism.

2.22 CABLING

Security alarm wiring to NZS/AS 1125 for cables.

Security alarm wiring to be multi stranded and not single stranded, minimum 0.5mm².

2.23 PERIPHERALS

Fit anti-tamper devices to detectors, control panels and equipment housings, programmed to give a tamper indication when the system is unset and a tamper alarm when the system is set.

Standard keypad manufactured of moulded hardened plastic with either a LED or LCD screen, to match the style of the wiring accessories in diameter, colour and aesthetics.

2.24 COMMUNICATIONS

Digital dialler to be built into the PCB of all control panels, with the options for both monitoring and remote dial in windows based software. Digital dialler to comply with all the industry standard communication formats including contact I.D and SIA, and NZ Telepermit certification. Remote software able to upload / download programming changes and or history events and change status of the security alarm with the ability to be turned off if required.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING OF PRODUCTS

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to delivery, storage and handling of products.

3.2 ROUTINE MATTERS

Refer to 1250 TEMPORARY WORKS & SERVICES for protection requirements.
Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for requirements relating to defective or damaged work, removal of protection and cleaning.

3.3 MAIN SUPPLY

Lay underground mains to the NUO requirements. Excavate trench, install cable and marker tape and backfill.

3.4 METER BOX

Fit to meter box manufacturer and Electricity Retailer requirements. Recess into external wall in sheltered area and flash to weatherproof to [NZBC E2/AS1](#) fig 69. Arrange for meter installation and connection.

3.5 DISTRIBUTION BOARD

Fit to [AS/NZS 3000](#) and board manufacturer requirements. Recess into wall or surface mount and ensure fire containment properties of the enclosure are maintained.

3.6 CIRCUIT PROTECTION

Install MCBs at distribution board to [AS/NZS 3000](#) to protect each final sub circuit.

3.7 EARTHING CONDUCTIVE STRUCTURE & MATERIALS

Earth all at risk structural metalwork and conductive building materials to [AS/NZS 3000](#), 5.4.6, and the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010.

If they form part of the building, this includes:

- Structural steel frames or members
- Light steel framing
- Exposed conductive materials, like metal sink/tub or vanity benches etc, with attached electrical units or equipment

3.8 EQUIPOTENTIAL BONDING

Equipotential Bond extraneous conductive parts together and to the electrical installation earthing system to [AS/NZS 3000](#), 5.6, and the Electricity (Safety) Regulations 2010 and the fitting manufacturer requirements.

If they form part of the building, this includes:

- Conductive water piping (including tap etc) and exposed related connected conductive surfaces (like metal sink benches or metal cladding etc). Not required where isolated by non-conductors (plastic pipe etc) from the mass of earth.
- Other conductive piping (not earthed by other means) and exposed related connected conductive surfaces.
- Concrete reinforcing - for floor or wall forming part of a room with a shower or bath, or the shell and surround of a swimming/spa pool
- Built-in Swimming pool and spa pool - exposed conductive parts of electrical equipment, as well as exposed conductive, fixtures, fittings and pool structures within 1.25m of pool edge

3.9 MAIN EARTH

Provide a plastic toby box to contain and protect the earth electrode. Fix the connecting earth wiring closely and securely against wall surfaces.

3.10 ARC FAULT DETECTION DEVICE (AFDD)

To [AS/NZS 3000](#) clause 2.9, AFDD on all final sub-circuits not exceeding 20A.

3.11 EARTH LEAKAGE PROTECTION

Install RCD protection to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.12 SURGE PROTECTION

Install surge protection devices to manufacturer requirements and in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and AS/NZS 1768. When fitting IEC 61643 Class II protection at the switchboard, protect the device by a dedicated MCB.

3.13 RCD - NON-RESIDENTIAL INSTALLATIONS

Install 30mA RCD Type II protection at the switchboard to suit location and use, to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.14 RCD - AFDD COMBINED - NON-RESIDENTIAL INSTALLATIONS

Install a 30mA RCD - AFDD combined device (RCD Type II) at the switchboard for all final sub-circuits not exceeding 20A, to suit location and use, to [AS/NZS 3000](#), (2018, 2.6 & 2.9). Protect over 20A to 32A final sub-circuits with separate RCD and to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.15 RCD - SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS

Install fixed wired RCD protected outlets (SRCD) in the following higher risk areas:

- Wet areas: bathrooms, laundries, kitchens.
- Near pools and water features.
- Where intended for use with cleaning equipment.
- Hand-held tools subject to movement in use, i.e. work-shops, garages.

3.16 SET-OUT

The position of outlets and equipment shown on drawings is indicative of requirements. Confirm documents and site conditions are not in conflict with other services or features. Resolve conflicts and discrepancies before proceeding with work affected. Confirm on site the exact location, disposition and mounting heights of all outlets, fittings, equipment, penetrations, and use of exposed wiring. Fix outlet items level, plumb and in line.

3.17 CABLING

Install wiring systems to [AS/NZS 3000](#). All cabling run concealed. No TPS cable laid directly in concrete. Locate holes in timber framing for the passage of cables at the centre line of the timber member. Install cable in conduits where required to pass through concrete or underground. In walls run cabling horizontally and vertically in straight lines. In ceilings either run cabling along ceiling framing or attached to catenary wires. Clip cabling to ceiling framing/catenary wires.

3.18 CABLING CIRCUITS

Install all circuits with the appropriately rated cable and circuit protection. Install with a maximum of 8 light switch units or 4 double or single switched socket units on any circuit. Minimum 2 lighting circuits per floor. Separate circuits for all electric heating appliances. Kitchen sockets to be on at least two different circuits.

3.19 WALL BOXES

Mount flush in cavity construction size to fit products selected. Fix vertically mounted wall boxes to studs. Screw fix horizontally mounted switched socket outlet wall boxes to solid blocking or noggs. Fix switch panel wall boxes to solid blocking.

3.20 SWITCHES AND SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS

Fit all switch units and socket units to the manufacturers requirements with heights and mounting directions as indicated in SELECTIONS.

3.21 SWITCHES AND SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS - FOR PERSON WITH DISABILITIES

Fit all switch units and socket units to the manufacturers requirements with heights (& mounting direction) and location to [NZBC G9/AS1](#) and SELECTIONS.

3.22 ISOLATING SWITCHES

Locate isolating switches in positions as confirmed by the owner, when not specifically shown on the drawings.

3.23 LIGHT FITTINGS

Install light fittings in locations and at heights specified and confirmed by the owner, in accordance with the fitting manufacturer requirements.

3.24 EXTRA LOW VOLTAGE LIGHTING

Use electronic, transformers (halogen) or drivers (LED) for ELV lamps, one transformer/driver per lamp. Locate to manufacturer requirements and as close as practicable to the lamp. Ensure transformers/drivers and rear of light fittings are adequately ventilated and appropriately clear of any building elements, to [AS/NZS 3000](#).

3.25 INSULATION & GENERAL CLEARANCES

Some electrical and mechanical services, and equipment may need to have a gap to insulation and some building elements. The gaps should be to the [NZS 4246](#) based tables below or to the equipment manufacturers requirements if they require larger gaps. Smaller gaps to manufacturers requirements can be used for equipment specifically manufactured with heat shielding or similar (excludes light fittings).

Installed gap not to be more than 50mm bigger than the required gap.

The following tables are subject to:

- The requirements of [NZS 4246](#) for insulation.
- The insulation is exposed to the source of heat or equipment etc.
- Insulation, has passed the needle flame test to [AS/NZS 60695.11.5](#) and/or is non-combustible.
- Gaps to hot surfaces may have to be increased with non-compliant insulation and plastic/polymeric type insulation (EPS, XPS, PIR, etc), check with insulation manufacturer.
- Gaps to hot surfaces may be able to be reduced with non-combustible insulation, check with equipment manufacturer.
- "Secure insulation" if required means, glue, mechanical fix, or provide fixed barriers at gap edge of insulation to hold in place. Rigid or semi rigid insulation may only need a firm friction fit (secure loose pieces).
- Loose fill insulation will require fixed barriers to [NZS 4246](#) to maintain gaps.

3.26 LIGHT FITTINGS TO INSULATION

Type of fitting	Minimum insulation clearance	Comments
Recessed, CA 80, CA 90, or CA 135.	Abut fittings	To NZS 4246 . Do not cover the fittings.
Recessed, IC, IC-F, or IC-4.	Abut & cover fittings.	To NZS 4246 . Ensure insulation complies.
Recessed, marked Do-Not-Cover	Manufacturer clearances	To NZS 4246 . Do not cover the fittings.
Independent control gear	Place on top of insulation & 50mm from fittings	To NZS 4246 . If not on top allow 50mm clearance to insulation, do not cover. Includes, transformers, ballasts & drivers etc.
Surface fittings not exposed to insulation	Nil	To NZS 4246 . Where surface fittings are isolated from insulation by appropriate linings. Excludes high heat fittings.
Surface fittings & exposed insulation	200mm	To NZS 4246 . This is exposed insulation to any part of the exposed fitting & bulb/tube (e.g. exposed light in an unlined basement). Insulation to be secured.

3.27 RECESSED LIGHT FITTINGS TO COMBUSTIBLE BUILDING ELEMENTS

Type of recessed fitting	Minimum building element clearance **	Comments
CA 80, CA 90 or CA 135	100mm, vertical & horizontal	To AS/NZS 3000:2018
IC, IC-F or IC-4	100mm, horizontal NA, vertical	To AS/NZS 3000:2018 To be NA vertical, fitting must be covered by insulation. If not covered use 100mm clearance.
Marked Do-Not-Cover	100mm, vertical & horizontal	To AS/NZS 3000:2018 . Manufacturer clearances if greater than 100mm

** Combustible building elements exclude metal elements, but include timber framing or other timber based elements, and normal linings etc. Highly flammable materials & those likely to melt will need more clearance.

3.28 EMERGENCY LIGHTING

Emergency escape lighting and exit signs for buildings to AS 2293.1 and [NZBC F6/AS1](#). Fit emergency light fittings to manufacturer specifications. Refer to plans for position of fittings.

3.29 ELECTRIC HOT WATER SYSTEM

For storage heaters, wire as a separate circuit through a wall-mounted isolating switch, with the cable from switch to element encased in flexible PVC conduit, clamp fixed at each end. Hot water cylinders, thermostats and 3000 watt element supplied and fitted under the hot and cold water system section.

3.30 ELECTRIC POWERED FITTINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Install and wire fittings and equipment to individual fittings and equipment manufacturer requirements. Refer to the drawings for required layouts and locations for equipment. Refer to SELECTIONS for schedules of fittings.

3.31 OUTDOOR/EXTERIOR SERVICES

Install all wiring systems in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#) and in accordance with the manufacturer recommendations:

Provide circuits and connections for exterior installations, including ELV 12/24 Volt path lighting and electronic irrigation systems. Refer to drawings for connection points. Where underground, ensure appropriate protection, such as thickness of sheathing, conduit, depth of cabling, and proximity to other services.

Use the appropriate rated fittings for power control and power supply. Weather protected switches and sockets to IP56. Install to manufacturer specifications using recommended fittings and sealants to maintain the products integrity.

Earth leakage protection to be provided for in areas where there is increased risk to human safety in the form of either RCDs at the distribution board, or socket outlet. RCDs are recommended for visible awareness of protection.

3.32 LABELLING

Include label under each controller, switch and circuit breaker on distribution boards. Include a warning notice if light dimmers are used in the installation. List the rating of each circuit.

3.33 SECURITY SYSTEM

Install to the system manufacturer requirements, control panel, detectors and associated equipment fitted neatly and without damage to surrounding finishes. Installation of security equipment to [AS/NZS 2201.1](#) Intruder alarm systems - Client's premises - Design, installation, commissioning and maintenance. All 230v mains power connections to the security panel are to be in accordance with [AS/NZS 3000](#). The 230V power is to be switched using a dedicated single gang Isolator switch or similar.

3.34 COMPLETION - TESTS & CERTIFICATION

Refer to 1270 CONSTRUCTION for general test and certification requirements at completion

4 SELECTIONS

4.1 SELECTIONS - FITTINGS AND HARDWARE

Confirm selections of all outlet fittings and hardware with the owner in writing before ordering.

4.2 INTERIOR SWITCHES AND SWITCHED SOCKET UNITS - PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

In addition to clause INTERIOR OUTLETS, unit set out shall comply with [NZBC G9/AS1](#), 2.0.1.

Item	Height to centre of unit	Orientation	Location
Switch	1000mm above FFL	vertical	Refer to drawings
Switch narrow	1000mm above FFL	vertical	Refer to drawings
Socket outlet	300mm above FFL	horizontal	Refer to drawings

Note:

- Light switches to be horizontally aligned with door handles.
- Socket outlets shall be at least 500mm from internal corners.

4.3 ELECTRICAL ITEMS

Item	Brand / type
hot water cylinder:	Rheem 31202519V